

### **WORKSHEET 2**

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**Cyber Security and Digital Forensics** 

GitHub Link:

https://github.com/Sandhyaaaa1/Cpp\_Worksheet

# Task 1: Basic student grading system prototype using classes and objects.

# [30 Marks]

Write a program that manages a simple student grade calculator with the following requirements. Create a Student class that has:

- 1. Student name (string)
- 2. Three subject marks (integers)
- 3. A basic member function to calculate average

#include <iostream></iostream>	
#include <string></string>	
using namespace std;	
class Student	
{	
private:	
string name;	
int marks[3];	
public:	

```
void input_Details()
{
  cout << "Enter the name of students: ";</pre>
  cin >> name;
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
    {
     cout << "Enter marks of subject " << i + 1 << ": ";
      cin >> marks[i];
      while (marks[i] < 0 || marks[i] > 100)
    {
      cout << "Your input is Invalid! The marks must be between 0 and 100. Please re-enter: ";
      cin >> marks[i];
   }
 }
}
```

```
int calculate_Total()
 {
   return marks[0] + marks[1] + marks[2];
 }
double calculate_Average()
 {
   return static_cast<double>(calculate_Total()) / 3;
 }
char calculate_Grade()
 {
   double average = calculate_Average();
   if (average >= 90)
     {
       return 'A';
     }
 else if (average >= 80)
```

```
{
    return 'B';
   }
 else if (average >= 70)
  {
    return 'C';
   }
 else if (average >= 60)
  {
   return 'D';
   }
 else
  {
    return 'F';
}
```

}

```
void display_Results()
 {
    cout << "\nStudent Name: " << name << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Total Marks: " << calculate_Total() << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Average Marks: " << calculate_Average() << "%" << endl;</pre>
    cout << "Grade: " << calculate_Grade() << endl;</pre>
 }
};
void Student_Grading()
  Student s1;
  s1.input_Details();
  s1.display_Results();
int main()
  Student_Grading();
```

{

}

{

```
return 0;
```

```
Enter student's name: SANDHYA
Enter marks for subject 1: 89
Enter marks for subject 2: 85
Enter marks for subject 3: 90

Student Name: SANDHYA
Total Marks: 264
Average Marks: 88%
Grade: B

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 17.801 s
Press any key to continue.
```

#### The program should:

- 1. Accept student details (name and marks) from user input
- 2. Calculate and display:
  - 1. Total marks
  - 2. Average marks
  - 3. Grade (A for ≥90%, B for ≥80%, C for ≥70%, D for ≥60%, F for <60%)

```
Student Name: SANDHYA
Total Marks: 256
Average Marks: 85.3333%
Grade: B

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 11.415 s
Press any key to continue.
```

3. Display a message if any mark is below 0 or above 100

```
Enter marks for subject 3: 110
Invalid input! Marks must be between 0 and 100. Please re-enter:
```

# Task 2: Programming assignments: All questions are mandatory

- 1. Write a program with a class Circle having:
  - 1. Private member: radius (float)
  - 2. A constructor to initialize radius
  - 3. A friend function compareTwoCircles that takes two Circle objects and prints which circle has the larger area

```
#include <cmath>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;

class Circle;

void compareTwoCircles(Circle &c1, Circle &c2);

class Circle

{
    private:
        float radius;

public:
        Circle(float r)
        {
```

```
radius = r;
 }
 float area()
 {
    return M_PI * radius * radius;
  }
  friend void compareTwoCircles(Circle &c1, Circle &c2);
};
void compareTwoCircles(Circle &c1, Circle &c2)
{
  float area1 = c1.area();
  float area2 = c2.area();
  cout << "Area of Circle 1: " << area1 << endl;
  cout << "Area of Circle 2: " << area2 << endl;
  if (area1 > area2)
```

```
{
    cout << "Circle 1 has the larger area." << endl;</pre>
    }
  else if (area1 < area2)
    {
    cout << "Circle 2 has the larger area." << endl;</pre>
    }
  else
    {
    cout << "Both circles have the same area." << endl;</pre>
    }
}
int main()
{
  float radius1, radius2;
  cout << "Enter radius of Circle 1: ";</pre>
  cin >> radius1;
  cout << "Enter radius of Circle 2: ";</pre>
  cin >> radius2;
  Circle circle1(radius1);
  Circle circle2(radius2);
  compareTwoCircles(circle1, circle2);
```

```
return 0;
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
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Enter radius of Circle 1: 35

Enter radius of Circle 2: 47

Area of Circle 1: 3848.45

Area of Circle 2: 6939.78

Circle 2 has the larger area.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 25.107 s

Press any key to continue.
```

- 2. Create a program with these overloaded functions named findMax:
  - 1. One that finds maximum between two integers
  - 2. One that finds maximum between two floating-point numbers
  - 3. One that finds maximum among three integers
  - 4. One that finds maximum between an integer and a float

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Maximum

```
{
public:
  int findMax(int a, int b)
  {
    return (a > b) ? a : b;
  }
  float findMax(float a, float b)
  {
    return (a > b) ? a : b;
  }
  int findMax(int a, int b, int c)
  {
    return (a > b) ? ((a > c) ? a : c) : ((b > c) ? b : c);
  }
```

```
float findMax(int a, float b)
 {
    return (a > b) ? a : b;
 }
};
int main()
{
  Maximum maximum;
  int int1, int2, int3;
  float float1, float2;
  cout << "Enter two integers: ";</pre>
  cin >> int1 >> int2;
  cout << "Enter two floating-point numbers: ";</pre>
  cin >> float1 >> float2;
  cout << "Enter three integers: ";</pre>
```

```
cin >> int1 >> int2 >> int3;

cout << "Maximum between two integers: " << maximum.findMax(int1, int2) << endl;

cout << "Maximum between two floating-point numbers: " << maximum.findMax(float1, float2) << endl;

cout << "Maximum among three integers: " << maximum.findMax(int1, int2, int3) << endl;

cout << "Maximum between an integer and a float: " << maximum.findMax(int1, float1) << endl;

return 0;
}</pre>
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
Enter two integers: 22 11

Enter two floating-point numbers: 3.5 7.9

Enter three integers: 444 71 7

Maximum between two integers: 444

Maximum between two floating-point numbers: 7.9

Maximum among three integers: 444

Maximum between an integer and a float: 444

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 19.206 s

Press any key to continue.
```

### **Task 3: Basics of File Handling**

Write a program that reads the titles of 10 books (use an array of 150 characters) and writes them in a binary file selected by the user. The program should read a title and display a message to indicate if it is contained in the file or not.

#include <iostream>

#include <fstream>

```
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <limits>
#include <stdexcept>
using namespace std;
const int MAX_BOOKS = 10;
const int MAX_TITLE_LENGTH = 150;
void writeBookTitles(const string& filename, char books[][MAX_TITLE_LENGTH])
{
 ofstream outFile(filename, ios::binary);
 if (!outFile)
   {
     cout << "Error opening file for writing.\n";</pre>
     return;
   }
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < MAX_BOOKS; ++i)
   {
     outFile.write(books[i], MAX_TITLE_LENGTH);
    }
    outFile.close();
}
bool searchBookTitle(const string& filename, const string& title)
 {
    ifstream inFile(filename, ios::binary);
    if (!inFile)
     {
       cout << "Error opening file for reading.\n";</pre>
       return false;
     }
    char buffer[MAX_TITLE_LENGTH];
    while (inFile.read(buffer, MAX_TITLE_LENGTH))
     {
```

```
if (title == buffer)
       {
         return true;
   }
 }
 inFile.close();
  return false;
}
struct Student
{
 int roll;
  string name;
 float marks;
};
void readStudentsFromFile(const string& filename, vector<Student>& students)
{
```

```
ifstream inFile(filename);
  if (!inFile) {
    cout << "Student file not found. A new one will be created.\n";</pre>
    return;
  }
  Student s;
  while (in
File >> s.roll >> ws && getline
(in
File, s.name, ',') && in
File >> s.marks) {
    if (s.marks < 0 || s.marks > 100)
      throw out_of_range("Invalid marks found in file.");
    students.push_back(s);
  }
 inFile.close();
void addStudentRecord(vector<Student>& students) {
  Student s;
  cout << "\nEnter new student details:\n";</pre>
  cout << "Roll: ";
```

}

```
cin >> s.roll;
 cin.ignore();
 cout << "Name: ";
 getline(cin, s.name);
 cout << "Marks: ";
 cin >> s.marks;
 if (s.marks < 0 || s.marks > 100)
   throw out_of_range("Marks must be between 0 and 100.");
 students.push_back(s);
void saveStudentsToFile(const string& filename, const vector<Student>& students)
{
 ofstream outFile(filename);
 if (!outFile)
   {
```

}

```
cerr << "Failed to save students.\n";
    return;
 }
  for (const auto& s : students)
   {
    outFile << s.roll << " " << s.name << "," << s.marks << endl;
 }
 outFile.close();
}
int main()
{
  char books[MAX_BOOKS][MAX_TITLE_LENGTH];
  string bookFile;
  cout << "Enter binary filename to store book titles: ";</pre>
  getline(cin, bookFile);
  cout << "Enter 10 book titles:\n";</pre>
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < MAX_BOOKS; ++i)
 {
  cout << "Book " << i + 1 << ": ";
  cin.getline(books[i], MAX_TITLE_LENGTH);
}
writeBookTitles(bookFile, books);
string searchTitle;
cout << "\nEnter book title to search: ";</pre>
getline(cin, searchTitle);
if (searchBookTitle(bookFile, searchTitle))
  cout << "The book \"" << search
Title << "\" is in the file.\n";
else
  cout << "The book \"" << searchTitle << "\" is not in the file.\n";</pre>
vector<Student> students;
string studentFile = "students.txt";
```

```
try
{
  read Students From File (student File, students);\\
}
catch (const exception& e)
{
  cerr << "Exception while reading students: " << e.what() << endl;</pre>
}
char choice;
cout << "\nDo you want to add a new student record? (y/n): ";</pre>
cin >> choice;
if (choice == 'y' || choice == 'Y') {
  try
  {
   addStudentRecord(students);
    save Students To File (student File, students);\\
```

```
cout << "Student record added and saved successfully.\n";
}

catch (const exception& e) {
   cerr << "Error adding student: " << e.what() << endl;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
©:\ C:\Users\acer\Desktop\works| × + \
Enter binary filename to store book titles: ACADEMICS
Enter 10 book titles:
Book 1: PHYSICS
Book 2: MATHS
Book 3: CHEMISTRY
Book 4: COMPUTER
Book 5: BIOLOGY
Book 6: NEPALI
Book 7: ENGLISH
Book 8: ECONOMICS
Book 9: GEOGRAPHY
Book 10: SOCIOLOGY
Enter book title to search: DRAWING The book "DRAWING" is not in the file.
Do you want to add a new student record? (y/n): Y
Enter new student details:
Roll: 9
Name: SANDHYA
Marks: 98
Student record added and saved successfully.
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                                 execution time : 166.999 s
Press any key to continue.
```

### Create a program that:

- 1. Reads student records (roll, name, marks) from a text file
- 2. Throws an exception if marks are not between 0 and 100

# 3. Allows adding new records with proper validation

# 4. Saves modified records back to file

#include <iostream></iostream>
#include <fstream></fstream>
#include <string></string>
#include <vector></vector>
#include <stdexcept></stdexcept>
using namespace std;
class Student
{
private:
int roll;
string name;
int marks;
public:
Student(int r, const string& n, int m) : roll(r), name(n), marks(m) {}

```
int getRoll() const
{
  return roll;
}
string getName() const
{
  return name;
}
int getMarks() const
{
  return marks;
}
static void validateMarks(int marks)
{
  if (marks < 0 || marks > 100)
```

```
{
       throw out_of_range("Marks must be between 0 and 100.");
     }
 }
 void display() const
   {
     cout << "Roll Number: " << roll << ", Name: " << name << ", Marks: " << marks << endl;
   }
};
class StudentManager
 {
private:
 vector<Student> students;
 string filename;
public:
 StudentManager(const string& file): filename(file)
     {
       readStudentRecords();
     }
   void readStudentRecords()
```

```
{
    ifstream file(filename);
if (!file)
  {
    {\tt cerr} {\it <<} {\tt "Error opening file for reading."} {\it <<} {\tt endl};
    return;
  }
int roll, marks;
string name;
while (file >> roll)
  {
    file.ignore();
    getline(file, name);
    file>> marks;
    file.ignore();
    students.push_back(Student(roll, name, marks));
```

```
}
      file.close();
}
void addStudentRecord()
{
  int roll, marks;
  string name;
  cout << "Enter student roll number: ";</pre>
  cin >> roll;
  cin.ignore();
  cout << "Enter student name: ";</pre>
  getline(cin, name);
  cout << "Enter student marks: ";</pre>
  cin >> marks;
  try
  {
    Student::validateMarks(marks);
```

```
students.push_back(Student(roll, name, marks));
    cout << "New student record added successfully!" << endl;</pre>
  }
  catch (const out_of_range& e)
  {
    cout << "Error: " << e.what() << endl;
 }
}
void displayStudentRecords() const
{
  if (students.empty())
      {
        cout << "No records available." << endl;</pre>
        return;
      }
        cout << "\nStudent Records:\n";</pre>
```

```
for (const auto& student : students)
     {
        student.display();
      }
}
void saveStudentRecords() const
  {
    ofstream file(filename);
    if (!file)
    {
      cerr << "Error opening file for writing." << endl;</pre>
      return;
  }
  for (const auto& student : students)
    {
      file << student.getRoll() << endl;
      file << student.getName() << endl;
```

```
file << student.getMarks() << endl;
     }
        file.close();
 }
};
int main()
 {
    string filename = "students.txt";
    StudentManager manager(filename);
  int choice;
  bool running = true;
  while (running)
    {
    cout << "\nMenu:\n";
    cout << "1. Show student records\n";</pre>
    cout << "2. Add new student record\n";</pre>
    cout << "3. Exit\n";
    cout << "Enter your choice (1-3): ";</pre>
```

```
cin >> choice;
switch (choice)
{
 case 1:
   manager.displayStudentRecords();
   break;
  case 2:
   manager.addStudentRecord();
   break;
  case 3:
   manager.saveStudentRecords();
   cout << "Exiting program...\n";</pre>
   running = false;
   break;
 default:
```

```
cout << "Invalid choice, please try again.\n";

break;
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
Menu:
1. Show student records
2. Add new student record
3. Exit
Enter student name: SANDHYA
Enter student marks: 85
New student record added successfully!

Menu:
1. Show student record added successfully!

Menu:
1. Show student records
2. Add new student record
3. Exit
Enter your choice (1-3): 1

Student Records:
Roll Number: 9, Name: SANDHYA, 98, Marks: 15406976
Roll Number: 21, Name: SANDHYA, Marks: 85

Menu:
1. Show student records
2. Add new student record
3. Exit
Enter your choice (1-3): 3
Exiting program...

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 38.723 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Enter student marks: 110 Error: Marks must be between 0 and 100.