## Deploy-static-website-on-S3-bucket-and-configure-CloudFront-distribution

#### **Case Study Problem Statement:**

An organization requires a solution for hosting a static web page that ensures firewall protection, failover capabilities, geographical restrictions, and low latency access. The current infrastructure lacks the necessary security measures, redundancy, and global accessibility, leading to potential security breaches, downtime, and slow website performance. To address these concerns, the organization needs a comprehensive hosting solution that can provide robust firewall protection, automatic failover mechanisms, the ability to enforce geographical restrictions for access and ensure low latency access to the web page for users worldwide.

To address the challenges outlined in the problem statement, the following AWS services can be used to create a secure, resilient, and globally accessible hosting solution for a static web page:

**Amazon S3**: Hosts the static content of the web page and provides high durability and availability

**AWS WAF** (Web Application Firewall): To protect the web page from common web exploits. Protects against common web attacks by controlling incoming and outgoing traffic

**Amazon CloudFront:** To distribute the content globally, ensuring low latency and implementing geographical restrictions. A content delivery network (CDN) that caches content at edge locations, ensuring low latency access globally.

The key benefits of using Amazon S3, Amazon CloudFront, and AWS WAF for hosting a static web page include:

**Enhanced Security:** AWS WAF provides robust protection against web exploits and attacks, ensuring the integrity and confidentiality of the web page.

**Improved Performance:** CloudFront's global content delivery network ensures low latency and high transfer speeds for users around the world.

**Increased Reliability:** Amazon S3 offers high durability and availability for stored content, reducing the risk of data loss.

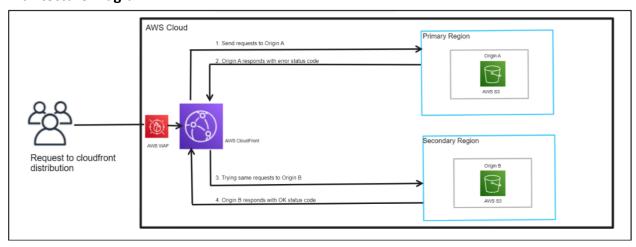
Cost savings are realized through:

**Pay-as-you-go Pricing:** You only pay for the services you use, without upfront costs, which can lead to significant savings.

**Reduced Bandwidth Costs:** CloudFront's data transfer efficiency can lower overall bandwidth costs.

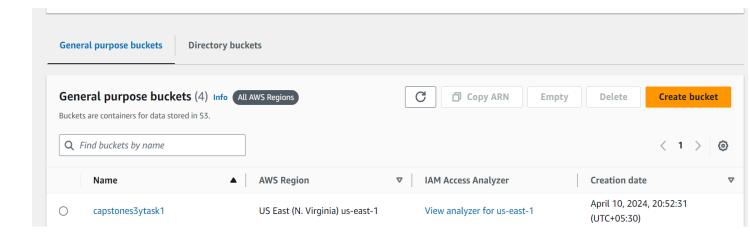
**No Need for Physical Infrastructure:** Eliminating the need to maintain physical servers reduces operational expenses.

### **Architecture Diagram:**

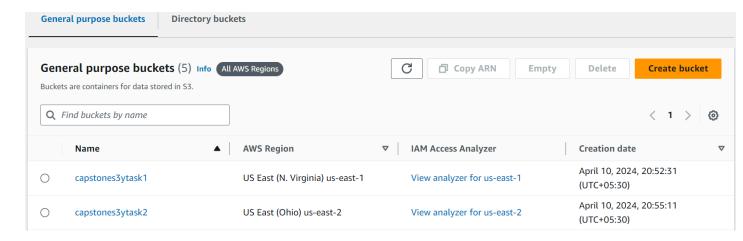


# Task 1 - Creating S3 buckets

- 1. Created two buckets in 2 different regions
- 2. Capstones3ytask1 Primary bucket in US East N.Virginia



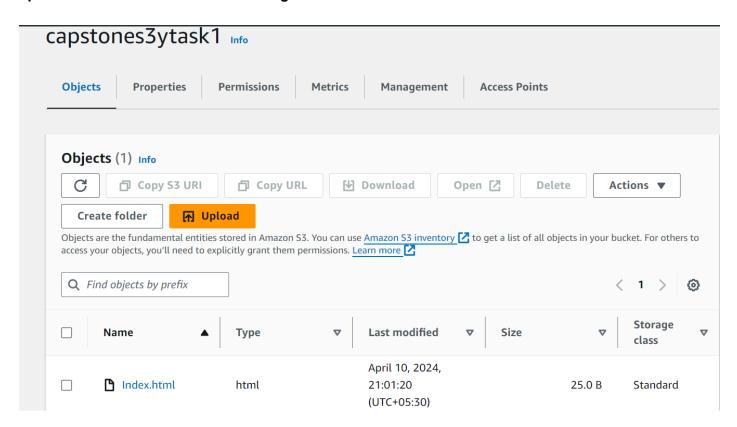
3. Capstones3ytask2 -Secondary bucket in US East Ohio

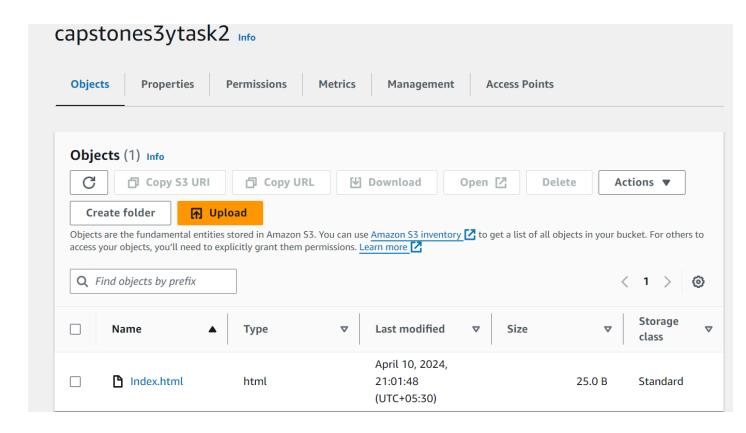


4. Created an index.html page for the static website and uploaded the same file in 2 buckets



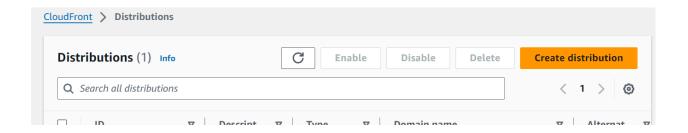
### Uploaded index.html in both the storage buckets



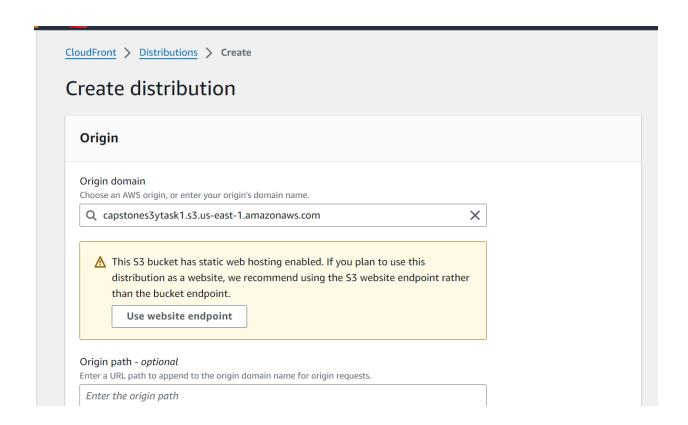


Task -2: Creating a Cloud Front distribution

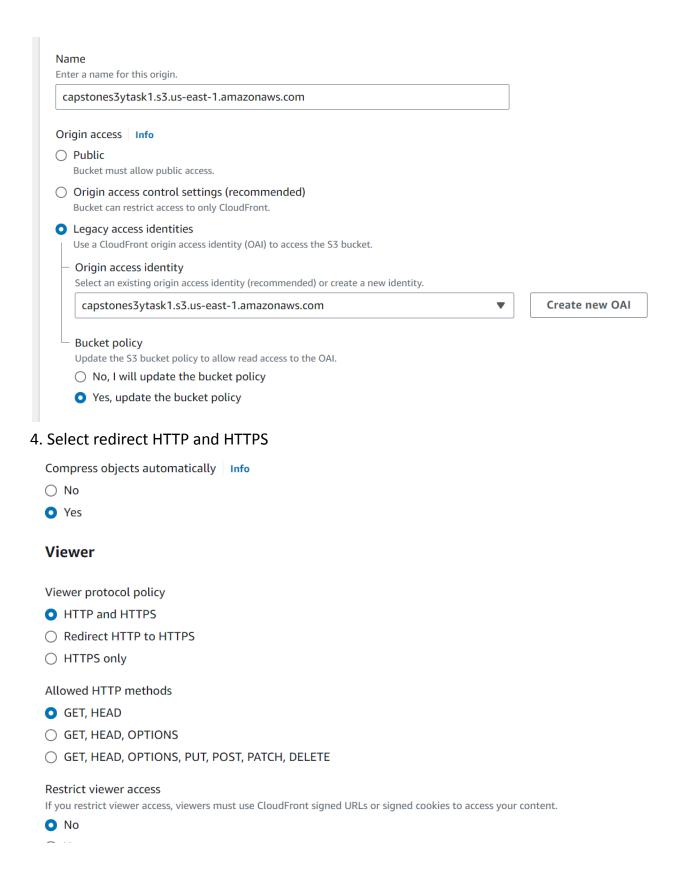
1. Create distribution



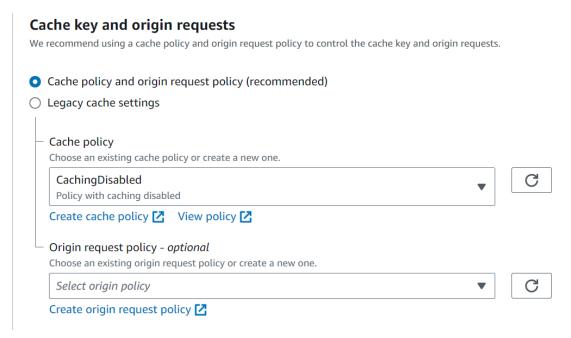
2. 2. Choose primary for the origin domain



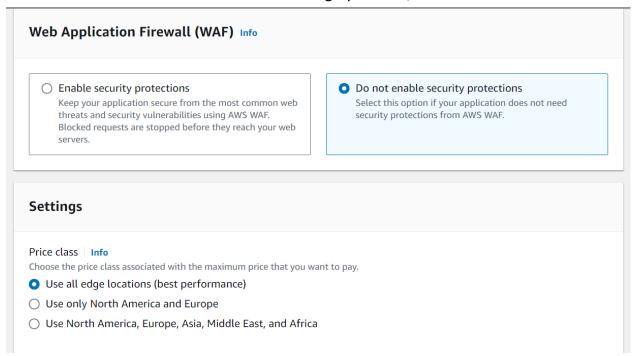
3. In Origin access, Select the OAI option and create a new OAI, Then select Yes, update bucket policy.



## 5. Change the cache policy to caching disabled

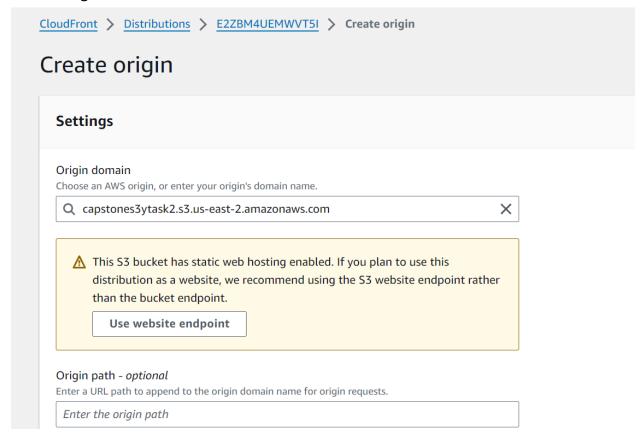


6. DO not enable WAF and leave the remaining by default, save.

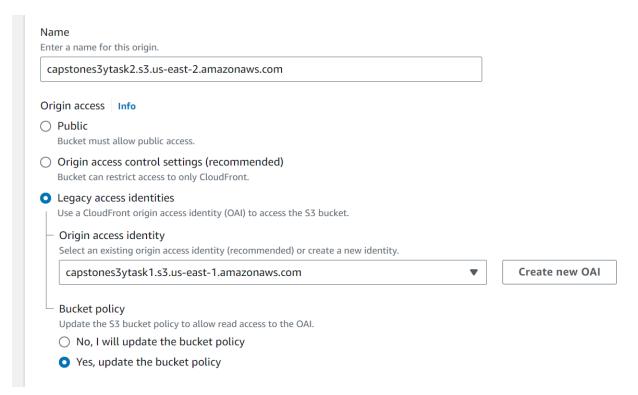


## Task 3 - Configuring CloudFront for failover

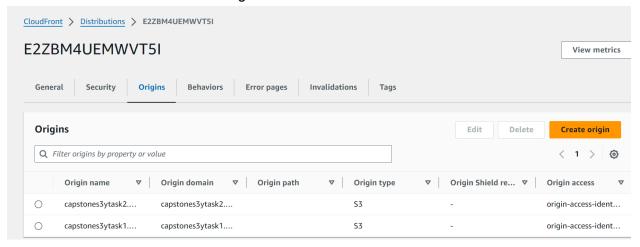
Create Origin



Select Secondary Bucket, select OAI, create OAIa nd yes, update policy

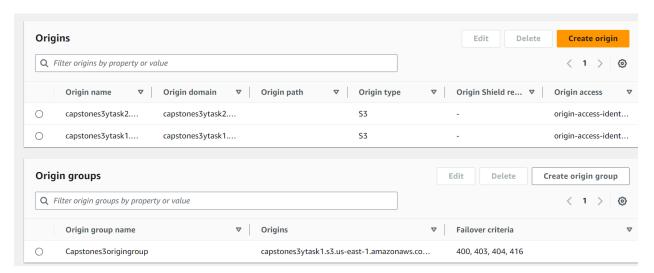


#### Leave rest as default and create Origin

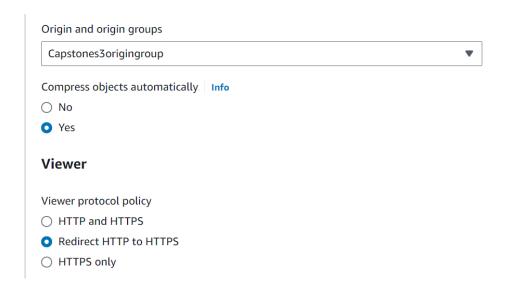


## **Create Origin Group**

Capstones3origingroup - Origin Group name

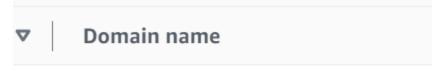


Edit the default behavior, choose the origin group name and save

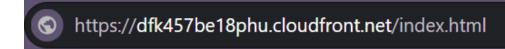


**Task 4: Testing Failover** 

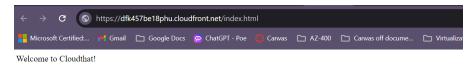
Go to Distribution, copy the Domain name



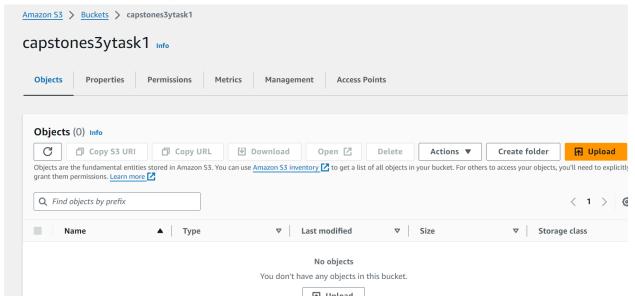
dfk457be18phu.cloudfront.net



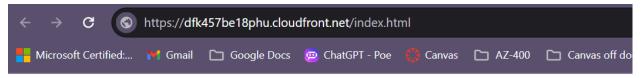
2. Paste domain name in browser and add /index.html in front of domain name. You will observe website



## Deleted index file in primary bucket



Try accessing the website again and see the results



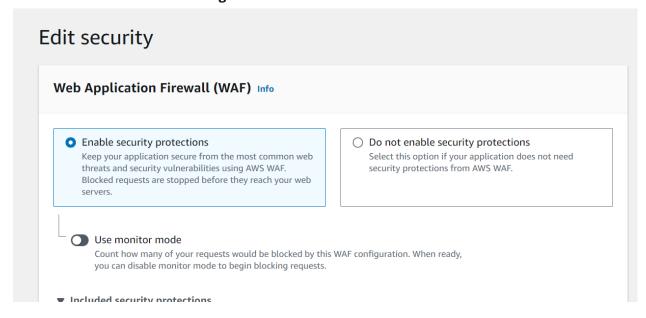
Welcome to Cloudthat!

## Task 5: Adding WAF to CloudFront

1. In your distribution -> go to the general tab -> In settings, click Edit.

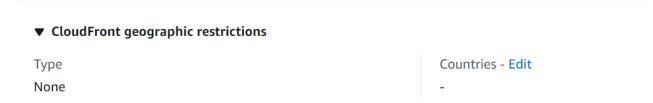


2. Enable WAF then Save changes.



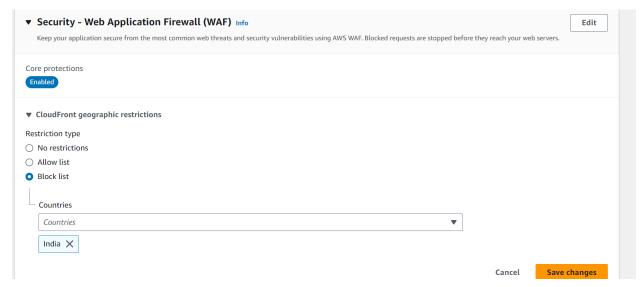
# **Task 6: Implementing Geo restriction**

1. In your distribution -> go to the geographic restriction tab -> click Edit.



2. Select the countries which you have to allow or block, -> Save changes. (In my case I have

blocked access from India)



3. Copy the distribution domain name and try to access it from a blocked location (You will get 403 error message)

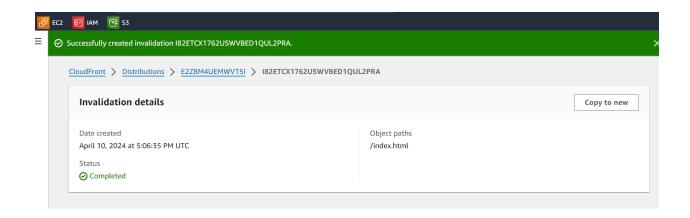
## **403 ERROR**

The request could not be satisfied.

The Amazon CloudFront distribution is configured to block access from your country. We can't connect to the server for this app or website at this time. There might be too much traffic or a configuration error. Try again later, or contact the app or website owner If you provide content to customers through CloudFront, you can find steps to troubleshoot and help prevent this error by reviewing the CloudFront documentation.

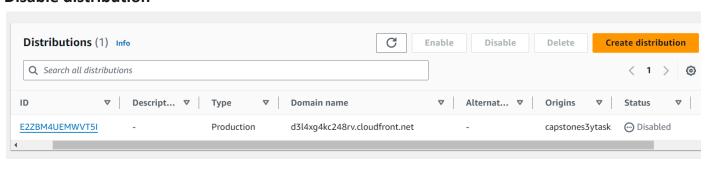
Generated by cloudfront (CloudFront)
Request ID: 1UCXhs11JmDwyYsJyuf4vUDQUSEavhkfsoq\_4xOrUOVK4df7sRWqPg==

# Task 7: Invalidating data in cache Created invalidation

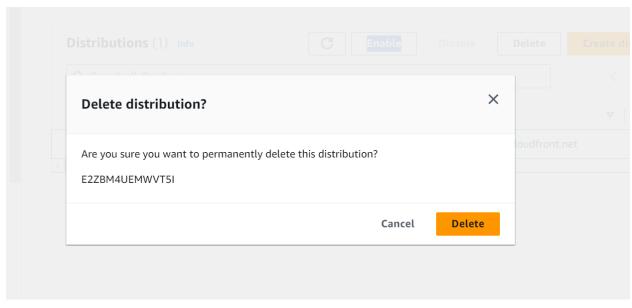


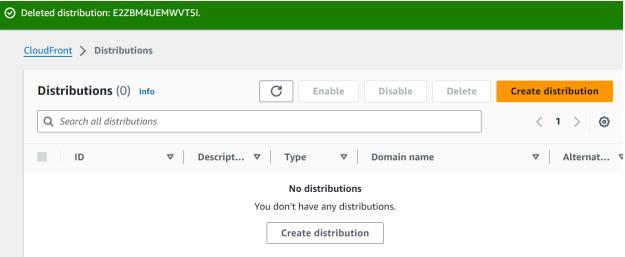
## **Task 8: Deleting resources:**

#### Disable distribution

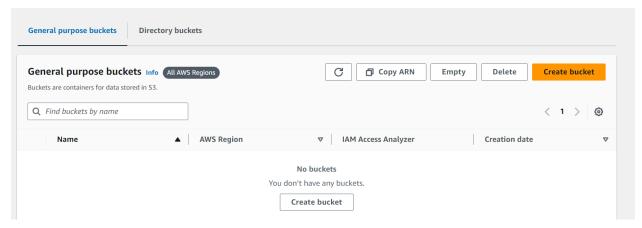


## **Deleted the distribution**





## Removed the buckets



# Conclusion:

By using Amazon S3 for hosting, Amazon CloudFront for fast content delivery, and AWS WAF for security, the organization has overcome its previous challenges with a secure, reliable, and efficient web hosting solution.