### In [4]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import preprocessing, svm
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

#### In [2]:

dt=pd.read\_csv(r"C:\Users\HP\Downloads\fiat500\_VehicleSelection\_Dataset (2).csv")
dt

### Out[2]:

	ID	model	engine_power	age_in_days	km	previous_owners	lat	<u>l</u> i
0	1	lounge	51	882	25000	1	44.907242	8.6115
1	2	pop	51	1186	32500	1	45.666359	12.2418
2	3	sport	74	4658	142228	1	45.503300	11.4178
3	4	lounge	51	2739	160000	1	40.633171	17.6346
4	5	pop	73	3074	106880	1	41.903221	12.4956
1533	1534	sport	51	3712	115280	1	45.069679	7.7049
1534	1535	lounge	74	3835	112000	1	45.845692	8.6668
1535	1536	pop	51	2223	60457	1	45.481541	9.4134
1536	1537	lounge	51	2557	80750	1	45.000702	7.6822
1537	1538	рор	51	1766	54276	1	40.323410	17.5682

1538 rows × 9 columns

### In [3]:

```
dt=dt[['engine_power','price']]
dt.columns=['Engine','Price']
```

# In [5]:

dt.head(10)

# Out[5]:

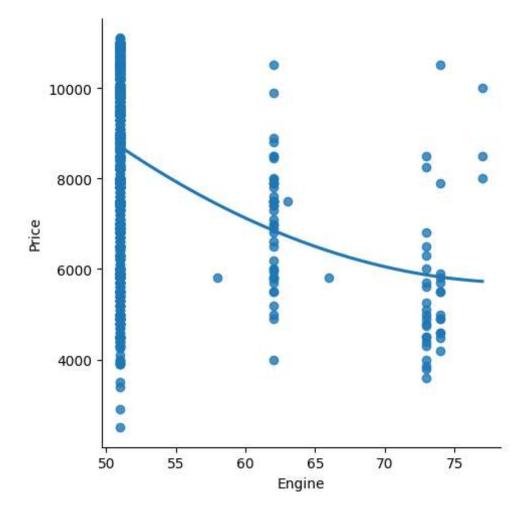
	Engine	Price
0	51	8900
1	51	8800
2	74	4200
3	51	6000
4	73	5700
5	74	7900
6	51	10750
7	51	9190
8	73	5600
9	51	6000

# In [6]:

sns.lmplot(x='Engine',y='Price',data=dt,order=2,ci=None)

# Out[6]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x168635e8610>



# In [7]:

```
dt.info()
```

### In [8]:

dt.describe()

### Out[8]:

	Engine	Price
count	1538.000000	1538.000000
mean	51.904421	8576.003901
std	3.988023	1939.958641
min	51.000000	2500.000000
25%	51.000000	7122.500000
50%	51.000000	9000.000000
75%	51.000000	10000.000000
max	77.000000	11100.000000

#### In [9]:

```
dt.fillna(method='ffill')
```

#### Out[9]:

	Engine	Price
0	51	8900
1	51	8800
2	74	4200
3	51	6000
4	73	5700
1533	51	5200
1534	74	4600
1535	51	7500
1536	51	5990
1537	51	7900

1538 rows × 2 columns

#### In [10]:

```
x=np.array(dt['Engine']).reshape(-1,1)
y=np.array(dt['Price']).reshape(-1,1)
```

#### In [11]:

```
dt.dropna(inplace=True)
```

C:\Users\HP\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12764\735218168.py:1: SettingWith
CopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)

dt.dropna(inplace=True)

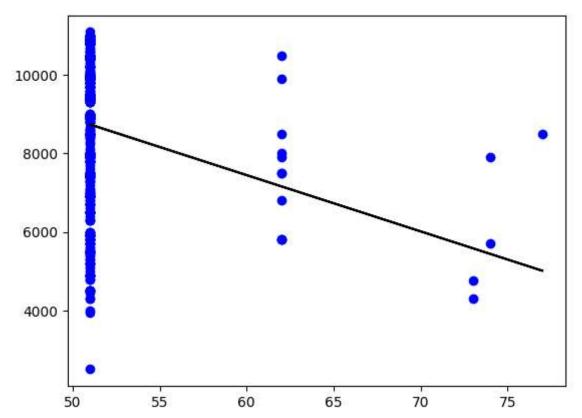
#### In [12]:

```
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.25)
reg=LinearRegression()
reg.fit(X_train,y_train)
print(reg.score(X_test,y_test))
```

0.013142897223752281

# In [13]:

```
y_pred=reg.predict(X_test)
plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color='b')
plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='k')
plt.show()
```

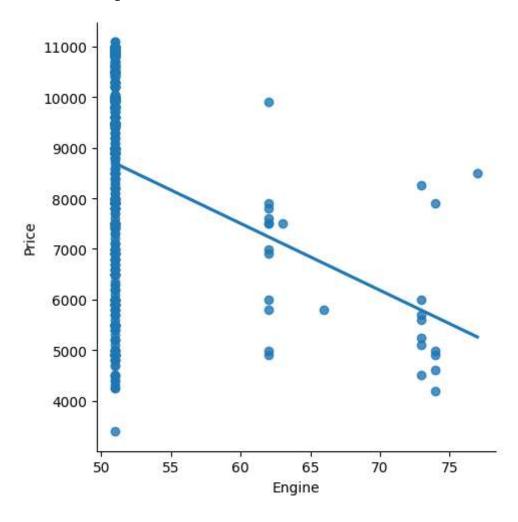


# In [15]:

```
dt500=dt[:][:500]
sns.lmplot(x="Engine",y="Price",data=dt500,order=1,ci=None)
```

# Out[15]:

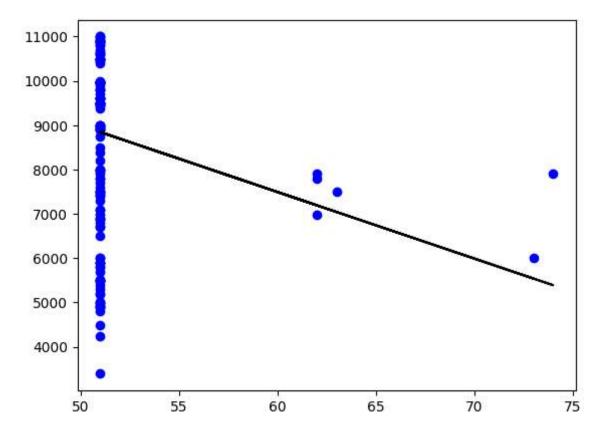
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x168576d6450>



#### In [16]:

```
dt500.fillna(method='ffill',inplace=True)
X=np.array(dt500['Engine']).reshape(-1,1)
y=np.array(dt500['Price']).reshape(-1,1)
dt500.dropna(inplace=True)
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.25)
reg=LinearRegression()
reg.fit(X_train,y_train)
print("Regression:",reg.score(X_test,y_test))
y_pred=reg.predict(X_test)
plt.scatter(X_test,y_test,color="b")
plt.plot(X_test,y_pred,color='k')
plt.show()
```

Regression: -0.09106412023607957



#### In [17]:

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
mode1=LinearRegression()
mode1.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred=mode1.predict(X_test)
r2=r2_score(y_test,y_pred)
print("R2 score:",r2)
```

R2 score: -0.09106412023607957

#### In [ ]: