

Assignment_12

Saturday, November 13, 2021 12:06 AM



Assignmen...

Homework Assignment 12 [30 points]

STAT430 Unsupervised Learning - Fall 2021

Due: Friday, November 19 on Compass at 11:59pm CST.

Case Study 1 and 2: See Jupyter notebooks.

Parts 3 and 4: See this pdf.

Problem	Points
Case Study 1	
1.1	1
1.2	0.75
1.3	1
1.4	1.5
1.5	1
1.6	1
1.7	1.5
2.1	2
2.2	0.5
Case Study 2	
1	0.25
2.1	0.5
2.2	0.75
3.1	0.75
3.2	0.25
3.3	1
3.4.1	0.5
3.4.2	0.75
3.5	0.5
3.6	2
Part 3	
3.1	4
3.2	1
Part 4	
4.1	2
4.2	1.5
4.3	2
4.4	2

Part 3: Mini-Batch k-Means Clustering (“By Hand”)

Basic Parameters

We would like to cluster the following full dataset below using Mini-Batch k-Means:

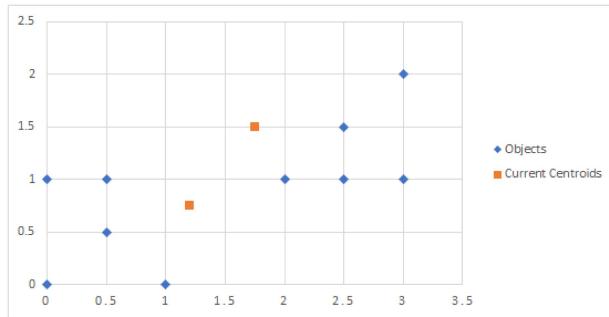
- into k=2 clusters,
- using random batches of size 3.

Centroid Reassignment Subroutine

We would also like to use the version of Mini-Batch k-Means that uses the centroid reassignment subroutine.

- We are using a reassignment ratio of 1/3.
- If this subroutine is activated for a given centroid, then you should “randomly” re-assign that centroid to one of the objects in the current batch and reset the centroid counter $v[c_k]$ for that centroid to be 0.
- *For the purpose of this assignment, if you have to “randomly” re-assign a centroid, then you should assign it to first object in the current random batch (ie. the object with the lowest index).*

	Dataset	
	x	y
Object 1	0	0
Object 2	0	1
Object 3	0.5	0.5
Object 4	0.5	1
Object 5	1	0
Object 6	2	1
Object 7	2.5	1
Object 8	2.5	1.5
Object 9	3	1
Object 10	3	2



We have already run several iterations (ie. random batches) of the algorithm. The current values of the following objects in the algorithm are given below.

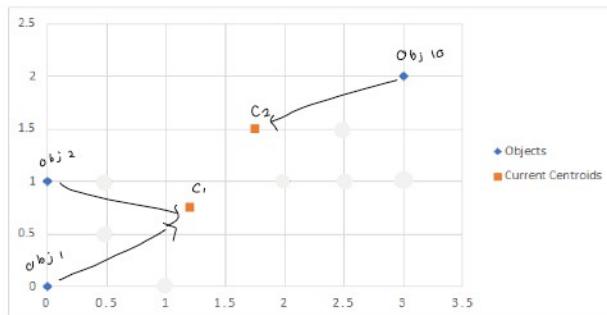
- a) **Centroids:**
 - $c_1 = (1.2, 0.75)$
 - $c_2 = (1.75, 1.5)$
- b) **Centroid Counters:**
 - $v[c_1] = 70$
 - $v[c_2] = 20$

- #3.1. Suppose we have now just begun the *last* iteration of the algorithm. Our final random batch is comprised of objects 1, 2, and 10. Complete the rest of this iteration and give:
- the final location of the two centroids c_1 and c_2 and
 - the final centroid counter values $v[c_1]$ and $v[c_2]$.

- **Random Batch Selection**

- Object 1: (0,0)
- Object 2: (0,1)
- Object 10: (3,2)

- **Batch Cluster Assignment Step**



- **Centroid Reassignment Subroutine**

- Because...
 - $v[c_2] < (1/3) * \max\{v[c_1], v[c_2]\}$
 - $20 < (1/3) * \max\{70, 20\}$
- ... we will "randomly" reassign centroid c_2 to one of the objects in the current batch. We will also reset $v[c_2]=0$.
- We will "randomly" reassign centroid c_2 to object 1 (0,0).

- **Centroid Update Step**

- Object 1: (0,0)
 - This object was assigned to c_1 .
 - $v[c_1] = 70+1 = 71$
 - $\gamma = 1/v[c_1] = 1/71 = 0.0141$
 - $c_1 = (1-\gamma)*c_1 + \gamma*(0,0)$
 - $c_1 = (1-0.0141)*(1.2, 0.75) + 0.0141*(0,0) = (1.18, 0.74)$
- Object 2: (0,1)
 - This object was assigned to c_1 .
 - $v[c_1] = 71+1 = 72$
 - $\gamma = 1/v[c_1] = 1/72 = 0.0139$
 - $c_1 = (1-\gamma)*c_1 + \gamma*(0,1)$
 - $c_1 = (1-0.0139)*(1.18, 0.74) + 0.0139*(0,1) = (1.16, 0.744)$

- Object 10: (3,2)
 - This object was assigned to c_2 .
 - $v[c_2] = 0+1 = 1$
 - $\gamma = 1/v[c_2] = 1/1 = 1$
 - $c_2 = (1-\gamma)*c_1 + \gamma*(3,2)$
 - $c_2 = (1-1)*(1.16, 0.744) + 1*(3,2) = (3,2)$

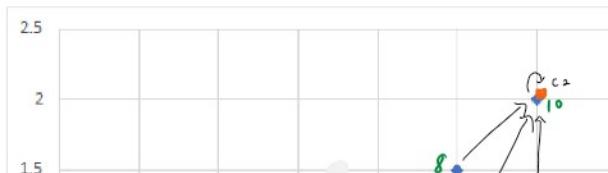
Final Centroids

- $c_1 = (1.16, 0.744)$
- $c_2 = (3, 2)$

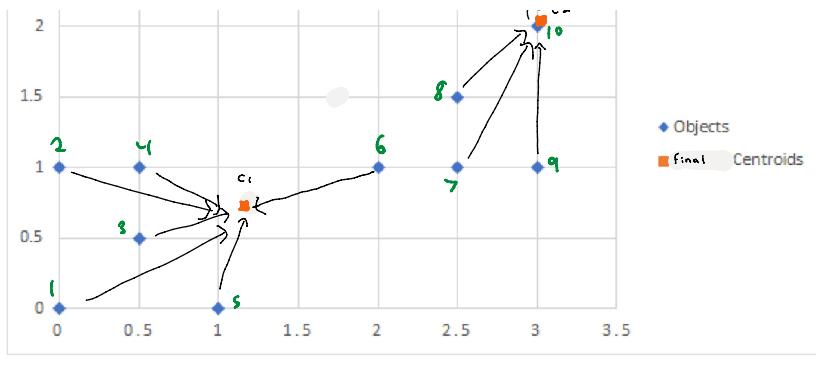
Final Centroid Counters

- $v[c_1]=72$
- $v[c_2]=1$

- #3.2. Now that we have completed the final iteration of the Mini-Batch k-Means algorithm, we would like to read in ALL of the objects from the dataset one final time and give each of these objects a final cluster label using the method that we described in class. Give the final cluster labels for each of the 10 objects below.



	Dataset	
	x	y
Object 1	0	0
Object 2	0	1
Object 3	0.5	0.5

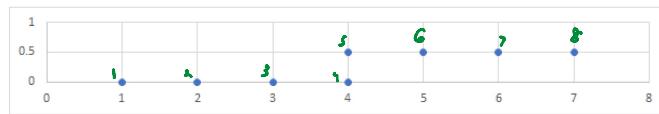


Object	Initial Position (x, y)	Final Position (x, y)
Object 1	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 2	(0, 0)	(0, 1)
Object 3	(0, 0)	(0, 0.5)
Object 4	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 5	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 6	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 7	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 8	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 9	(0, 0)	(0, 0)
Object 10	(0, 0)	(0, 0)

Part 4: Spectral Clustering (“By Hand”)

We would like to cluster the following dataset below using spectral clustering methods.

	Dataset	
	x	y
Object 1	1	0
Object 2	2	0
Object 3	3	0
Object 4	4	0
Object 5	4	0.5
Object 6	5	0.5
Object 7	6	0.5
Object 8	7	0.5



First, we would like to cluster this dataset, by using an affinity matrix generated using the 0/1 KNN approach.

#4.1. First, create an affinity matrix from this numerical dataset using the 0/1 KNN approach with k=3. After you have created this affinity matrix, force it to be symmetric using the method that we described in class. This *symmetric* affinity matrix will be the one that we use for the rest of part 2.1.

Initial Non-Symmetric 0/1 KNN Affinity Matrix

	Obj 1	Obj 2	Obj 3	Obj 4	Obj 5	Obj 6	Obj 7	Obj 8
Obj 1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Obj 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Obj 3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Obj 4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Obj 5	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Obj 6	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Obj 7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Obj 8	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

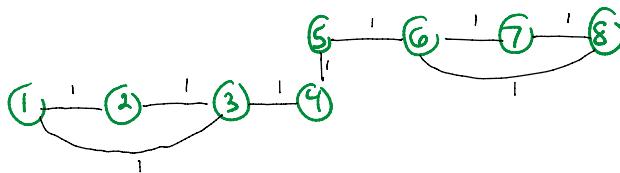
Replace non-symmetric values with the maximum of the two values.



Final Symmetric 0/1 KNN Affinity Matrix

	Obj 1	Obj 2	Obj 3	Obj 4	Obj 5	Obj 6	Obj 7	Obj 8
Obj 1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Obj 2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Obj 3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Obj 4	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Obj 5	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Obj 6	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Obj 7	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Obj 8	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

#4.2. Represent this symmetric affinity matrix from 2.1.1 as a weighted complete graph, where only the edges with non-zero edge weights are visualized. Next to each of the non-zero edge weights write down the corresponding edge weight.



#4.3. Given the graph in 4.2, out of all possible bi-partitions of the 8 objects that you could make (ie. all possible clusterings with 2 clusters), what bi-partition will create the minimum normalized cut? What is this minimum normalized cut value?

Partition: {A={1,2,3,4}, B={5,6,7,8}}

- Cut(A,B) = 1
 - Ass(A,V) = 1+1+1+1+1 = 5
 - Ass(B,V) = 1+1+1+1+1=5
 - Normalized Cut = 1/5 +1/5 = 0.4

#4.4. Calculate the normalized Laplacian of the affinity matrix from 4.2.

L =

I

1

D-12

W

$$P^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$