**VIDEO 1: KENYA IS VERY KEEN ON INFRASTRUCTURE AND INDUSTRIALIZATION AGENDA**

The video outlines the extensive plan that was initiated by former President Uhuru Kenyatta and the current President, DR. William Ruto, which includes the completion of road construction and the establishment of the Standard Gauge Railway (SGR). Their goal is to encourage industrialization through manufacturing, value addition, and agro-processing so that the country may export finished goods rather than raw materials and grow its economy. The manifesto tries to encourage farmers to produce more food by lowering the cost of production. The manifesto also calls for the construction of 57 mega-dams across the nation to enhance irrigation. Generally, the plan aims to boost industrialization, increase agricultural output, and support infrastructure development in order to contribute to the economy and development of the nation.

**VIDEO 2: EXPLAINING INDUSTRY, INFRASTRUCTURE, AND INNOVATION**

SDG 9, which stands for Sustainable Development Goal 9, is part of a set of 17 Sustainable Development Goals that were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in 2015. SDG 9 focuses on "industry, innovation, and infrastructure," and it aims to accomplish a number of goals. First and foremost, SDG 9 seeks to encourage the development of sustainable and resilient infrastructure. It also aims to promote inclusive and sustainable innovation and industrialization. This objective is crucial because innovations can spur growth, which can lead to the creation of more employment opportunities and increased incomes. However, developing countries face challenges in industry innovation due to lower education levels and a lack of resources, making it difficult for individuals to find employment and earn income. As a result, SDG 9 emphasizes the importance of domestic technology development, research, and innovation in less developed countries. The overarching goal is to reduce the environmental impact of industries while promoting innovation that can benefit both developed and developing nations. Ultimately, the aim is to create a more equitable and sustainable global economy.