

Лабораторная работа 4

Двумерная начально-краевая задача для дифференциального уравнения параболического типа.

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In [1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
```

Начальные условия

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In [2]: ap = 1
X_MAX = np.pi / 4
Y_MAX = np.log(2)
T_MAX = 10

def ux0(y, t):
    return np.cosh(y) * np.exp(-3*ap*t)

def uxl(y, t):
    return 0

def uy0(x, t):
    return np.cos(2*x) * np.exp(-3*ap*t)

def uyl(x, t):
    return 1.25 * np.cos(2*x) * np.exp(-3*ap*t)

def psi(x, y):
    return np.cos(2*x) * np.cosh(y)

def U(x, y, t):
    return np.cos(2*x) * np.cosh(y) * np.exp(-3*ap*t)
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In [3]: # Метод прогонки
def equation_solve(a, b, c, d):
    size = len(a)
    p = np.zeros(size)
    q = np.zeros(size)
    p[0] = -c[0] / b[0]
    q[0] = d[0] / b[0]
    for i in range(1, size):
        p[i] = -c[i] / (b[i] + a[i] * p[i - 1])
        q[i] = (d[i] - a[i] * q[i - 1]) / (b[i] + a[i] * p[i - 1])
    x = np.zeros(size)
    x[-1] = q[-1]
    for i in range(size - 2, -1, -1):
        x[i] = p[i] * x[i + 1] + q[i]
    return x

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In [4]: def alternating_directions(hx, hy, tau):
    x = np.arange(0, X_MAX, hx)
    y = np.arange(0, Y_MAX, hy)
    t = np.arange(0, T_MAX, tau)
    u = np.zeros((t.size, x.size, y.size))
    u[0] = np.array([psi(xi, yj) for yj in y] for xi in x])
    u[:,0,:] = np.array([ux0(yj, tk) for yj in y] for tk in t])
    u[:,-1,:] = np.array([uxl(yj, tk) for yj in y] for tk in t])
    u[:, :, 0] = np.array([uy0(xi, tk) for xi in x] for tk in t])
    u[:, :, -1] = np.array([uyl(xi, tk) for xi in x] for tk in t])
    for k in range(1, t.size):
        k_half = np.zeros((x.size, y.size))
        for i in range(1, x.size - 1):
            a = np.zeros_like(y)
            b = np.zeros_like(y)
            c = np.zeros_like(y)
            d = np.zeros_like(y)

            s = (ap * tau) / (hx**2**2 * 2)
            for j in range(1, y.size - 1):
                a[j] = s
                b[j] = -2*s - 1
                c[j] = s
                d[j] = (-ap * tau / (hy**2 * 2)) * (u[k-1][i][j+1]

            alpha = 0
            betta = 1
            gamma = 1
            delta = 0
            b[0] = betta - alpha / hy
            c[0] = alpha / hy
            d[0] = uy0(x[i], t[k] - tau/2)
            a[-1] = -gamma / hy
            b[-1] = delta + gamma / hy
            d[-1] = uyl(x[i], t[k] - tau/2)
            k_half[i] = equation_solve(a, b, c, d)
            k_half[0] = ux0(v, t[k] - tau/2)

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k_half[-1] = ux_l(y, t[k] - tau/2)

for j in range(1, y.size - 1):
    a = np.zeros_like(x)
    b = np.zeros_like(x)
    c = np.zeros_like(x)
    d = np.zeros_like(x)
    s = (ap * tau) / (hx**2 * 2)
    for i in range(1, x.size - 1):
        a[i] = s
        b[i] = -2*s - 1
        c[i] = s
        d[i] = (-ap * tau / (hy**2 * 2)) * (k_half[i][j+1]

    alpha = 0
    betta = 1
    gamma = 0
    delta = 1
    b[0] = betta - alpha / hx
    c[0] = alpha / hx
    d[0] = ux0(y[j], t[k])
    a[-1] = -gamma / hx
    b[-1] = delta + gamma / hx
    d[-1] = ux_l(y[j], t[k])

    ans = equation_solve(a, b, c, d)
    for i in range(ans.size):
        u[k][i][j] = ans[i]
    for j in range(y.size):
        u[k][0][j] = ux0(y[j], t[k])
        u[k][-1][j] = ux_l(y[j], t[k])

    for i in range(x.size):
        u[k][i][0] = uy0(x[i], t[k])
        u[k][i][-1] = uy_l(x[i], t[k])

for j in range(len(y)):
    u[-1][0][j] = ux0(y[j], t[-1])
    u[-1][-1][j] = ux_l(y[j], t[-1])

for i in range(len(x)):
    u[-1][i][0] = uy0(x[i], t[-1])
    u[-1][i][-1] = uy_l(x[i], t[-1])

return u

```

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In [5]: def fractional_steps(hx, hy, tau):
    x = np.arange(0, X_MAX, hx)
    y = np.arange(0, Y_MAX, hy)
    t = np.arange(0, T_MAX, tau)
    u = np.zeros((t.size, x.size, y.size))
    u[0] = np.array([psi(xi, yj) for xi in x for yj in y])
    u[:,0,:] = np.array([ux0(yj, tk) for yj in y for tk in t])
    u[:, -1, :] = np.array([ux_l(yj, tk) for yj in y for tk in t])

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u[:, :, 0] = np.array([[uy0(x1, tk) for x1 in x] for tk in t])
u[:, :, -1] = np.array([[uyl(xi, tk) for xi in x] for tk in t])
for k in range(1, t.size):
    k_half = u[k].copy()
    for j in range(1, y.size - 1):
        a = np.zeros_like(x)
        b = np.zeros_like(x)
        c = np.zeros_like(x)
        d = np.zeros_like(x)

        s = ap * tau / hx**2
        for i in range(1, x.size - 1):
            a[i] = s
            b[i] = -2*s - 1
            c[i] = s
            d[i] = -u[k - 1][i][j]

        alpha = 1
        betta = 1
        gamma = 0
        delta = 1
        b[0] = betta - alpha / hx
        c[0] = alpha / hx
        d[0] = ux0(y[j], t[k] - tau / 2)

        a[-1] = - gamma / hx
        b[-1] = delta + gamma / hx
        d[-1] = uxl(y[j], t[k] - tau / 2)

        ans = equation_solve(a, b, c, d)
        for i in range(1, x.size - 1):
            k_half[i] = ans[i]

    for j in range(y.size):
        k_half[0][j] = ux0(y[j], t[k] - tau / 2)
        k_half[-1][j] = uxl(y[j], t[k] - tau / 2)

    for i in range(1, x.size):
        a = np.zeros_like(y)
        b = np.zeros_like(y)
        c = np.zeros_like(y)
        d = np.zeros_like(y)

        tmp = ap * tau / hy**2
        for j in range(1, y.size - 1):
            a[j] = s
            b[j] = -2*s - 1
            c[j] = s
            d[j] = -k_half[i][j]

        alpha = 0
        betta = 1
        gamma = 1
        delta = 0

```

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d[0] = beta - alpha / ny
c[0] = alpha / hy
d[0] = uy0(x[i], t[k])

a[-1] = -gamma / hy
b[-1] = delta + gamma / hy
d[-1] = uyl(x[i], t[k])

ans = equation_solve(a, b, c, d)
for j in range(y.size):
    u[k][i][j] = ans[j]
for i in range(len(x)):
    u[k][i][0] = uy0(x[i], t[k])
    u[k][i][-1] = uyl(x[i], t[k])

return u

```

```

In [6]: def analitic(nx, ny, nt):
x = np.arange(0, X_MAX, hx)
y = np.arange(0, Y_MAX, hy)
t = np.arange(0, T_MAX, tau)
return np.array([U(xi, yi, ti) for xi in x] for yi in y] for

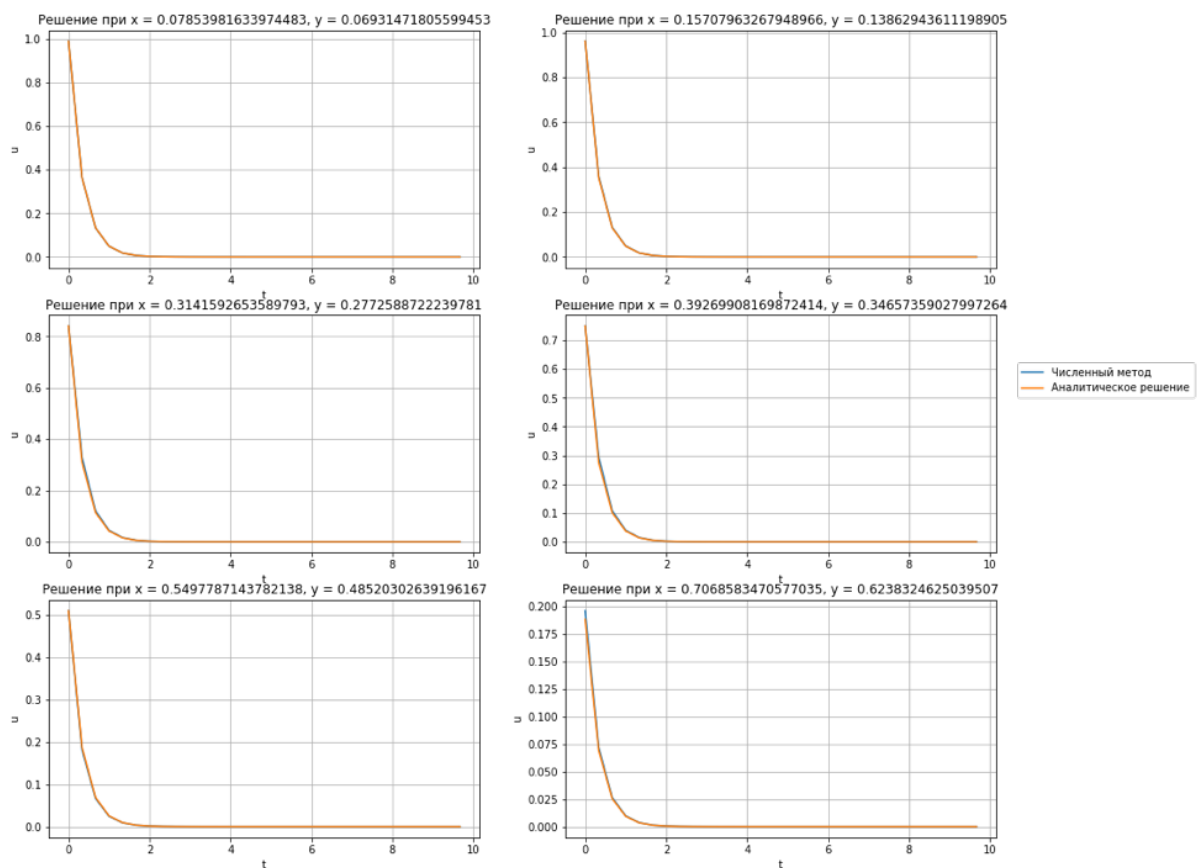
def plot_sols(nx, ny, nt, u):
s = analitic(nx, ny, nt)
n = 6
x = np.arange(0, X_MAX, hx)
y = np.arange(0, Y_MAX, hy)
t = np.arange(0, T_MAX, tau)
px = np.linspace(x.size//nx, nx-1, n, dtype=np.int32)
py = np.linspace(y.size//ny, ny-1, n, dtype=np.int32)
pt = np.linspace(t.size//nt, nt-1, n, dtype=np.int32)
xy = np.array(list(zip(px, py)))
xt = np.array(list(zip(px, pt)))
yt = np.array(list(zip(py, pt)))
fig, ax = plt.subplots(3, 2)
fig.suptitle('Сравнение решений в плоскости x,y')
fig.set_figheight(14)
fig.set_figwidth(16)
k = 0
for i in range(3):
    for j in range(2):
        ax[i][j].set_title(f'Решение при x = {x[xy[k][0]]}, y =
ax[i][j].plot(t, u[:,xy[k][0],xy[k][1]], label='Численн
ax[i][j].plot(t, s[:,xy[k][0],xy[k][1]], label='Аналити
ax[i][j].grid(True)
ax[i][j].set_xlabel('t')
ax[i][j].set_ylabel('u')
k += 1
plt.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 2), loc='upper left', borderax

```

```
In [7]: nx = 10
ny = 10
nt = 30
hx = X_MAX / nx
hy = Y_MAX / ny
tau = T_MAX / nt
res = alternating_directions(hx, hy, tau)
```

```
In [8]: x = np.arange(0, X_MAX, hx)
y = np.arange(0, Y_MAX, hy)
t = np.arange(0, T_MAX, tau)
sol = np.array([[U(xi, yi, ti) for yi in y] for xi in x] for ti in t)
plot_sols(nx, ny, nt, res)
```

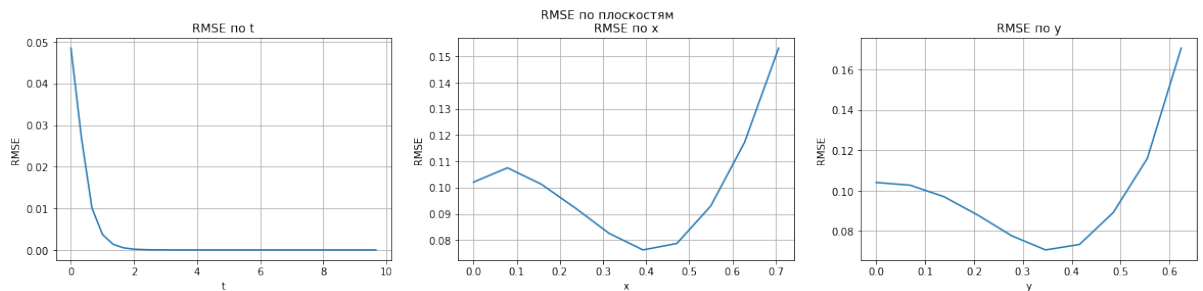
Сравнение решений в плоскости x,y



```

In [9]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,3)
fig.suptitle('RMSE по плоскостям')
fig.set_figheight(4)
fig.set_figwidth(20)
ax[0].set_title(f'RMSE по t')
ax[1].set_title(f'RMSE по x')
ax[2].set_title(f'RMSE по y')
ax[0].set_xlabel('t')
ax[1].set_xlabel('x')
ax[2].set_xlabel('y')
ax[0].set_ylabel('RMSE')
ax[1].set_ylabel('RMSE')
ax[2].set_ylabel('RMSE')
ax[0].plot(t, [np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(sol[i], res[i])) for i in
ax[1].plot(x, [np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(sol[:,i], res[:,i])) fo
ax[2].plot(y, [np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(sol[:,i], res[:,i]))
ax[0].grid(True)
ax[1].grid(True)
ax[2].grid(True)

```



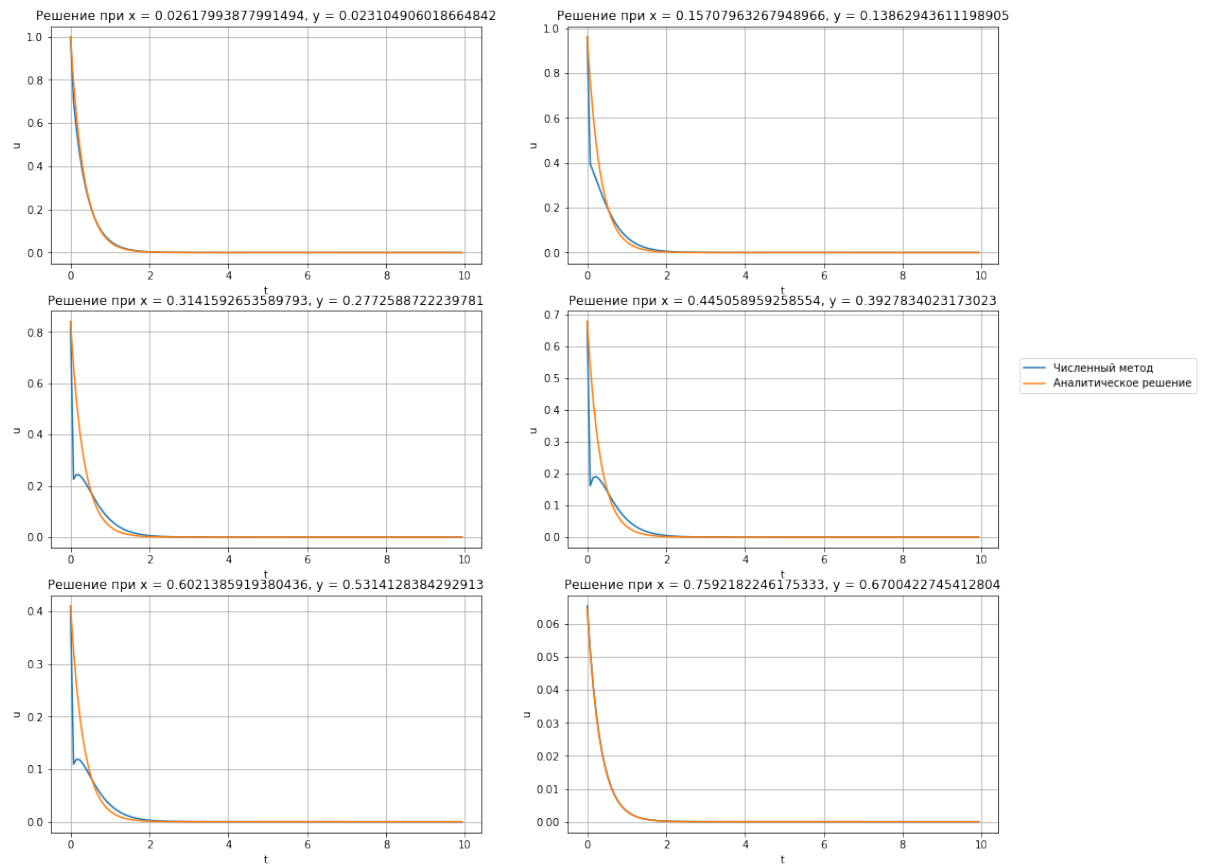
```

In [10]: nx = 30
ny = 30
nt = 130
hx = X_MAX / nx
hy = Y_MAX / ny
tau = T_MAX / nt
res = fractional_steps(hx, hy, tau)

```

```
In [11]: x = np.arange(0, X_MAX, hx)
y = np.arange(0, Y_MAX, hy)
t = np.arange(0, T_MAX, tau)
sol = np.array([[[U(xi, yi, ti) for yi in y] for xi in x] for ti in
plot_sols(nx, ny, nt, res)
```

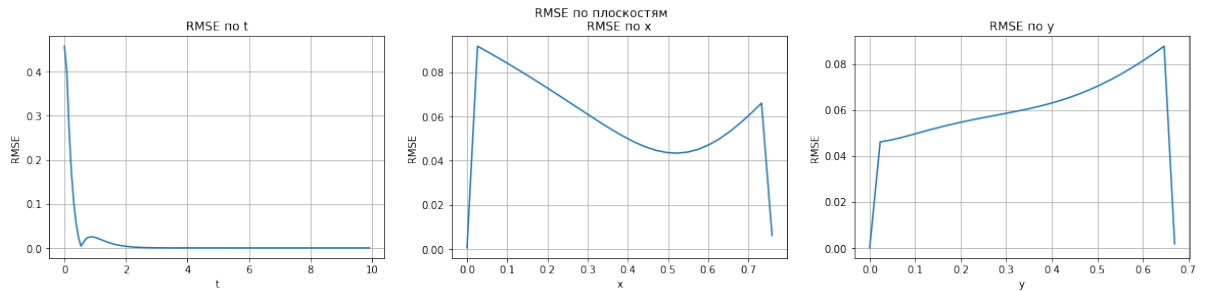
Сравнение решений в плоскости x,y




```

In [12]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,3)
fig.suptitle('RMSE по плоскостям')
fig.set_figheight(4)
fig.set_figwidth(20)
ax[0].set_title(f'RMSE по t')
ax[1].set_title(f'RMSE по x')
ax[2].set_title(f'RMSE по y')
ax[0].set_xlabel('t')
ax[1].set_xlabel('x')
ax[2].set_xlabel('y')
ax[0].set_ylabel('RMSE')
ax[1].set_ylabel('RMSE')
ax[2].set_ylabel('RMSE')
ax[0].plot(t, [np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(sol[i], res[i])) for i in
ax[1].plot(x, [np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(sol[:,i], res[:,i])) for
ax[2].plot(y, [np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(sol[:, :,i], res[:, :,i]))
ax[0].grid(True)
ax[1].grid(True)
ax[2].grid(True)

```



In []: