CSL 101 DISCRRETE MATHEMATICS

Dr. Barun Gorain
Department of CSE, IIT Bhilai
Email: barun@iitbhilai.ac.in

Graph Isomorphism

All that matters is the connections.

Graphs with the same connections are isomorphic.

Informally, two graphs are isomorphic if they are the same after renaming.

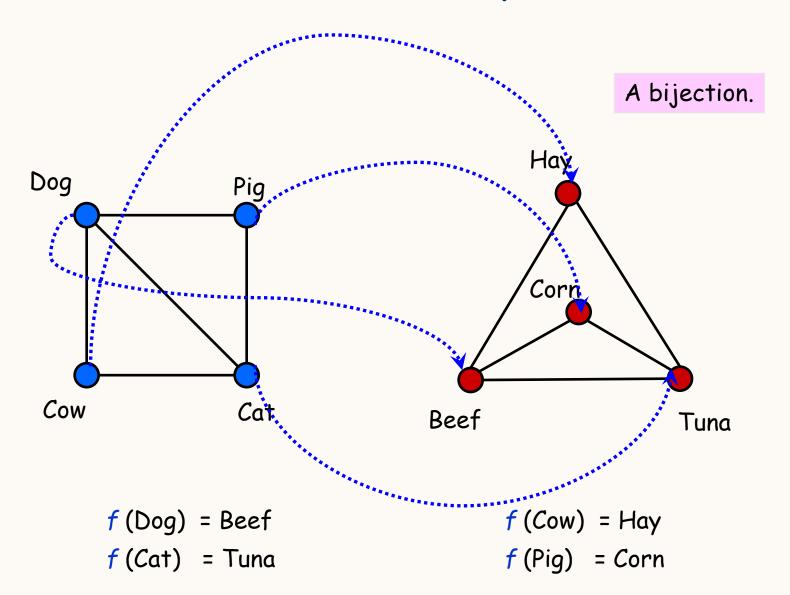
 G_1 isomorphic to G_2 means there is an edge-preserving vertex matching.

relation preserving

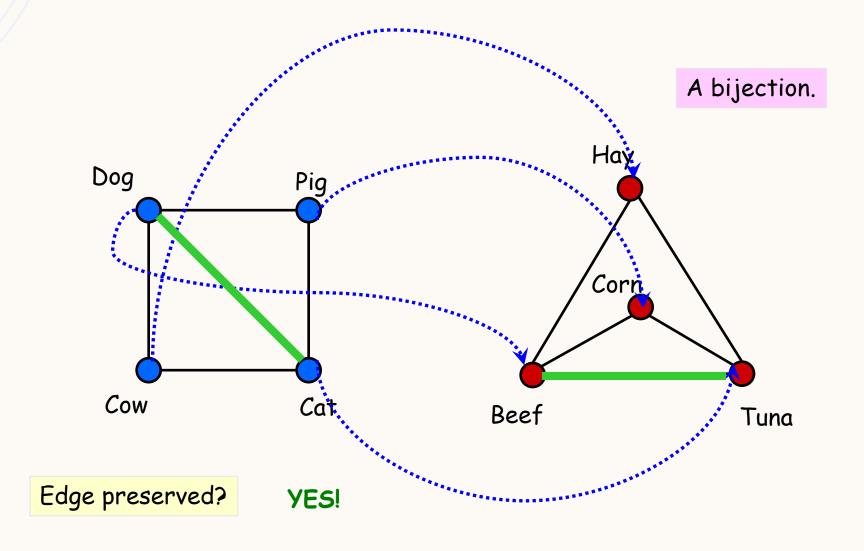
renaming function

Graph isomorphism has applications like checking fingerprint, testing molecules...

Are These Isomorphic?

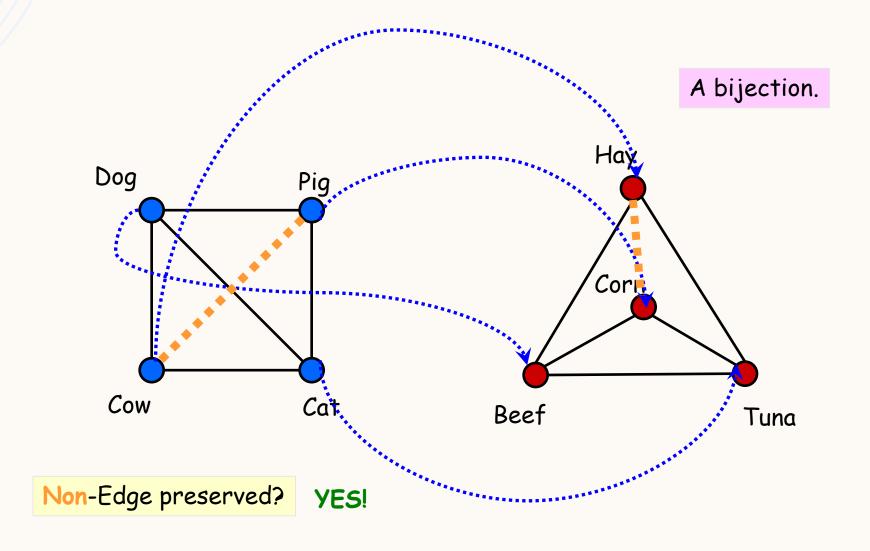


Are These Isomorphic?



If there is an edge in the original graph, there is an edge after the mapping.

Are These Isomorphic?



If there is no edge in the original graph, there is no edge after the mapping.

Graph Isomorphism

 G_1 isomorphic to G_2 means there is an edge-preserving vertex matching.

- If G1 and G2 are isomorphic, do they have the same number of vertices? YES
- If G1 and G2 are isomorphic, do they have the same number of edges? YES
- If G1 and G2 are isomorphic, do they have the same degree sequence? YES

NO

• If G1 and G2 have the same degree sequence, are they isomorphic?

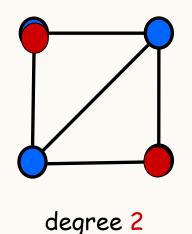
Exercise

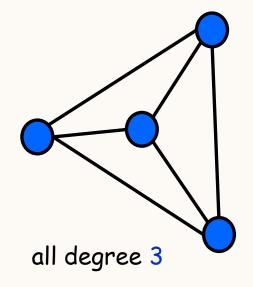
How to show two graphs are isomorphic?

Find a mapping and show that it is edge-preserving.

How to show two graphs are non-isomorphic?

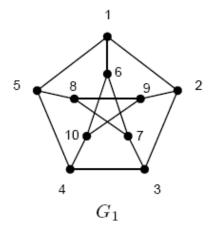
Find some isomorphic-preserving properties which is satisfied in one graph but not the other.

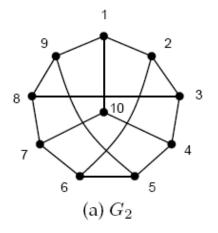


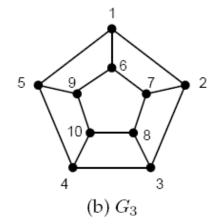


Non-isomorphic

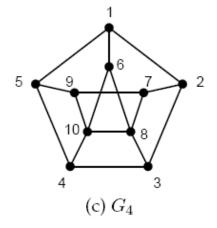
Exercise

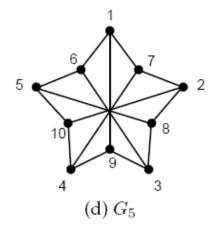






Which is isomorphic to G1?





Testing graph isomorphism is not easy -

No known general method to test graph-ismorphism which is much more efficient than checking all possibilities.