

Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

B.Sc. Degree in Information Technology

Mid-Term Examination Year 1, Semester 1 (2015)

Introduction to Programming (C / C++) (N102)

Duration: 1 Hour

Instructions to Candidates:

- ◆ This is a closed book examination.
- ◆ This paper contains 2 questions on 2 pages without the cover page.
- ♦ Answer all questions on the WORKBOOK provided.
- ◆ Read all questions before answering.
- ◆ The total marks obtainable for this examination is 30.



QUESTION ONE (Total: 18 marks)

- (a) What is the importance of having the main method in a C programme? (1 mark)
- (b) List operators and operands in the following expressions.
 - 1. no++;
 - 2. no1=a%b;
 - 3. flag=!(age>20);

(3 marks)

(c) Evaluate each of the following expressions and list the final value of variable x.

1.
$$x = 9 \% 3 - 4 * 3 / (2 - 6) \% 3$$
;
2. $x = 2 / 8 + 2 * 8 / 5 \% 2 * 2$;
3. $x = (5 \% 2 * 9 + (3 + ((9 - 4) / 2 * 3 + 6 / (8 \% 3))))$;
4. $x = 3 \% 5 * 3 \% 3 + 2$; (4 marks)

- (d) Determine the output of part a and b when;
 - 1. x is 5 and y is 4
 - 2. x is **11** and y is **9**

- (e) State whether the following statements are *true* or *false*.
 - 1. In C language lowercase letters are significant.
 - 2. main () is where the program begins its execution.
 - 3. Logical errors will be detected by the compiler
 - 4. Int is a keyword.

(2 marks)

(f) Rewrite each of the following statements without using logical operators. You should use nested if statements to rewrite.

[4 marks]

```
    if ((rate = = 0)&& (no1 > 5 || no2 < 10))
        printf("done");
        else
        printf("Enter again");</li>
```

2. if
$$((r1 < 60) \parallel (M2 < 60 \&\& T1 > 200) \parallel (M2 < 60 \&\& T2 < 200))$$

 $y = 1;$
else
 $y = 0;$

QUESTION TWO (Total: 12 marks)

(a) Write a C program to accept a 5 digit integer, count number of digit "0" it has and print the total number of "0" digits. The program also prints "None", when there are no "0" digits.

Example 1:

Enter a value: 10506 Number of "0" digits: 2

Example 2:

Enter a value: 87653

Number of "0" digits: None

(4 marks)

- (b) Write only the loop statements to print the following sequences:
 - 1. 13579
 - 2. 149 16 25 36
 - 3. 1 3 6 10 15 21
 - 4. 888 777 666 555 444 333

(4 marks)

(c) Write a C program that accepts two integers as number 1 and number 2 from the user and then prints common factors between them.

Hint: Factors that two numbers can be divisible and have in common are called the common factors of those numbers.

Example 1:

Enter number 1: 10 Enter number 2: 15 Common Factors: 1, 2, 5

(4 marks)

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