

DATE:-22/09/22

COURSE NAME:-DATA STRUCTURES FOR EXPRESSION EVALUATION

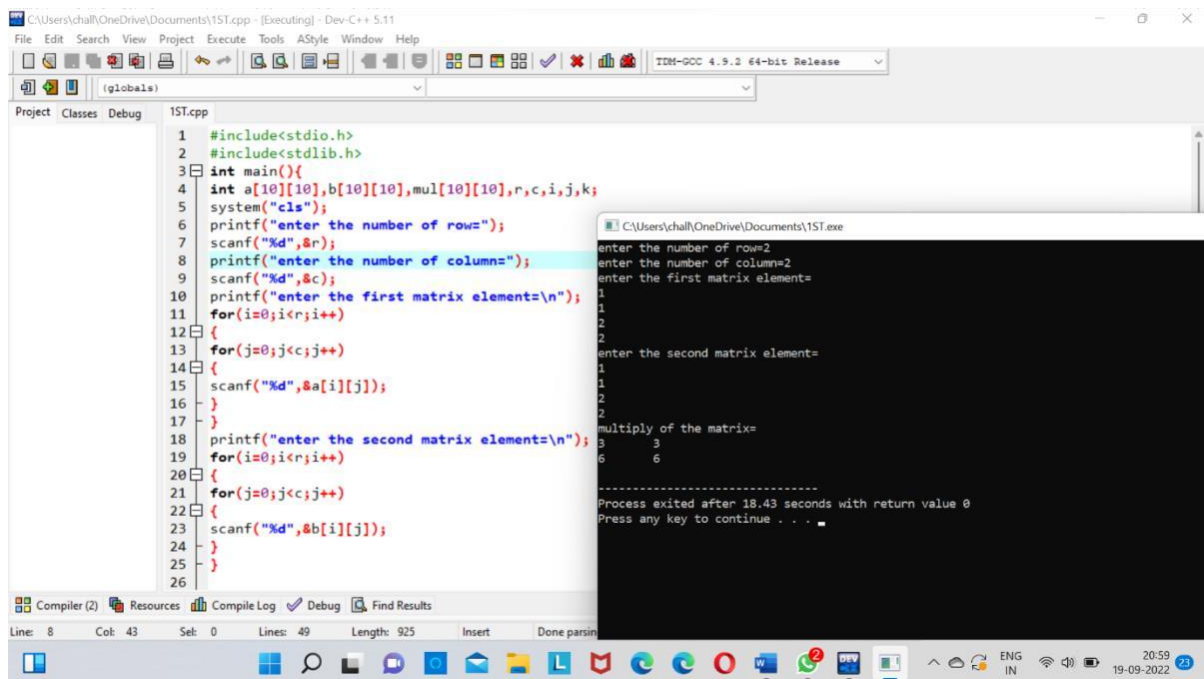
COURSE CODE:-CSA0374

NAME OF THE STUDENT:-

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EXPERIMENT:-1(MATRIX OUT PUT)

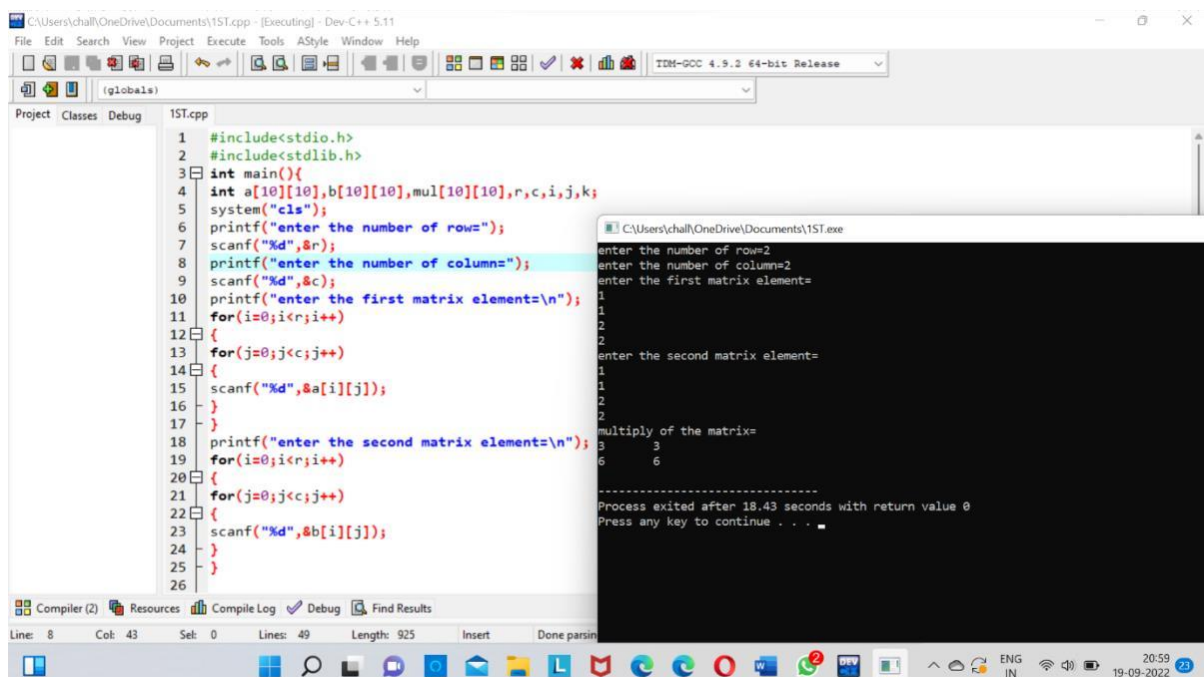


```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3 int main(){
4     int a[10][10],b[10][10],mul[10][10],r,c,i,j,k;
5     system("cls");
6     printf("enter the number of row=");
7     scanf("%d",&r);
8     printf("enter the number of column=");
9     scanf("%d",&c);
10    printf("enter the first matrix element=\n");
11    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
12    {
13        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
14        {
15            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
16        }
17    }
18    printf("enter the second matrix element=\n");
19    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
20    {
21        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
22        {
23            scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
24        }
25    }
26 }
```

enter the number of row=2
enter the number of column=2
enter the first matrix element=
1
1
2
2
enter the second matrix element=
1
1
2
2
multiply of the matrix=
3 3
6 6

Process exited after 18.43 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

EXPERIMENT:-2(EVEN ODD OUTPUT)



```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3 int main(){
4     int a[10][10],b[10][10],mul[10][10],r,c,i,j,k;
5     system("cls");
6     printf("enter the number of row=");
7     scanf("%d",&r);
8     printf("enter the number of column=");
9     scanf("%d",&c);
10    printf("enter the first matrix element=\n");
11    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
12    {
13        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
14        {
15            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
16        }
17    }
18    printf("enter the second matrix element=\n");
19    for(i=0;i<r;i++)
20    {
21        for(j=0;j<c;j++)
22        {
23            scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);
24        }
25    }
26 }
```

enter the number of row=2
enter the number of column=2
enter the first matrix element=
1
1
2
2
enter the second matrix element=
1
1
2
2
multiply of the matrix=
3 3
6 6

Process exited after 18.43 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

EXPERIMENT:-3(FACTORIAL WITHOUT OUTPUT)

The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ IDE with a project named 'factorial.cpp'. The code is as follows:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main() {
3     int n, i;
4     unsigned long long fact = 1;
5     printf("Enter an integer: ");
6     scanf("%d", &n);
7
8     // shows error if the user enters a negative integer
9     if (n < 0)
10        printf("Error! Factorial of a negative number doesn't exist.");
11    else {
12        for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
13            fact *= i;
14        }
15        printf("Factorial of %d = %llu", n, fact);
16    }
17    return 0;
18 }
```

The execution window shows the following output:

```
Enter an integer: 5
Factorial of 5 = 120
Process exited after 5.622 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:4(FIBINOCCHI WITHOUT OUTPUT)

The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ IDE with a project named 'using fac.cpp'. The code is as follows:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n1=0,n2=1,n3,i,number;
5     printf("Enter the number of elements:");
6     scanf("%d",&number);
7     printf("\n%d %d",n1,n2);//printing 0 and 1
8     for(i=2;i<number;++i)//Loop starts from 2 because 0 and 1 are already printed
9     {
10        n3=n1+n2;
11        printf(" %d",n3);
12        n1=n2;
13        n2=n3;
14    }
15    return 0;
16 }
```

The execution window shows the following output:

```
Enter the number of elements:3
0 1 1
Process exited after 6.864 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:5(FACTORIAL USING OUTPUT)

The screenshot shows a C++ IDE with a project named 'using fac.cpp'. The code defines a recursive function `multiplyNumbers` to calculate the factorial of a number `n`. The `main` function prompts the user to enter a positive integer, reads the input, and prints the factorial result.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 long int multiplyNumbers(int n);
3 int main() {
4     int n;
5     printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
6     scanf("%d",&n);
7     printf("Factorial of %d = %ld", n, multiplyNumbers(n));
8     return 0;
9 }
10
11 long int multiplyNumbers(int n) {
12     if (n>=1)
13         return n*multiplyNumbers(n-1);
14     else
15         return 1;
16 }
```

The execution window shows the output: "Enter a positive integer: 8" and "Factorial of 8 = 40320". The process exited after 3.288 seconds with a return value of 0.

EXPERIMENT:6(FIBINOCCHI USING OUTPUT)

The screenshot shows a C++ IDE with a project named 'using fac.cpp'. The code defines a recursive function `printfibonacci` to print the Fibonacci series up to `n` elements. The `main` function prompts the user to enter the number of elements, reads the input, and prints the series.

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void printfibonacci(int n){
3     static int n1=0,n2=1,n3;
4     if(n>0){
5         n3 = n1 + n2;
6         n1 = n2;
7         n2 = n3;
8         printf("%d ",n3);
9         printfibonacci(n-1);
10    }
11 }
12
13 int main(){
14     int n;
15     printf("enter the number of elements: ");
16     scanf("%d",&n);
17     printf("fibonacci series: ");
18     printf("%d %d ",0,1);
19     printfibonacci(n-2); //n-2 because 2 numbers are already printed
20     return 0;
21 }
```

The execution window shows the output: "enter the number of elements: 10" and "fibonacci series: 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34". The process exited after 6.394 seconds with a return value of 0.

EXPERIMENT:-7 (ARRAY OUTPUT)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int findelement(int a[],int n,int key){
3     int i;
4     for( i=0;i<n;++i)
5     {
6         if (a[i]==key)
7             return i;
8     }
9     return -1;
10 }
11 int main(){
12     int a[]={3,5,7,9,8,22};
13     int n=sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
14     int key=9;
15     int position=findelement(a,n,key);
16     if(position== -1)
17     {
18         printf("elements %d notfound",key);
19     }
20     else
21     {
22         printf("position of %d:%d",key,position+9);
23     }
24     return 0;
25 }
26
```

position of 9:12
Process exited after 0.06801 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

ARRAY INSERTION(OUTPUT)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int position,c,n,value,array[50];
5     printf("enter the number if values in an array");
6     scanf("%d",&n);
7     printf("enter the values of %d\n",n);
8     for(c=0;c<n;c++)
9     {
10         scanf("%d",&array[c]);
11         printf("enter the location");
12         scanf("%d",&position);
13         printf("enter the value");
14         scanf("%d",&value);
15         for(c=n-1;c>=position-1;c--)
16             array[c+1]=array[c];
17         array[position-1]=value;
18         printf("resultant array is");
19         for(r=0;r<=n;r++)
20
```

enter the number if values in an array3
enter the values of 3
5
6
9
enter the location2
enter the value9
resultant array is6
9
8
9
Process exited after 18.26 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

Compilation results...
- Errors: 0
- Warnings: 0
- Output Filename: C:\Users\chall\OneDrive\Documents\array insert.exe
- Output Size: 128.6015625 KiB
- Compilation Time: 0.25s

ARRAY DELETION(OUTPUT)

The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ IDE with the file `array insert.cpp` open. The code implements an array insertion function. It prompts the user to enter the number of elements in an array (5) and the position where to insert (2). It then displays the resulting array: `arr[0] = 5, arr[1] = 8, arr[2] = 9, arr[3] = 2`. The output window shows the execution details, including the time taken (31.25 seconds) and the return value (0).

```
10 for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
11 { printf (" arr[%d] = ", i);
12   scanf ("%d", &arr[i]);
13 }
14 printf (" Define the position of the array element where you want to insert: ");
15 scanf ("%d", &pos);
16 if (pos >= num+1)
17 { printf (" \n Deletion is not possible in the array.");
18 }
19 else
20 {
21   for (i = pos - 1; i < num - 1; i++)
22   { arr[i] = arr[i+1];
23   }
24   printf (" \n The resultant array is: \n");
25   for (i = 0; i < num - 1; i++)
26   { printf (" arr[%d] = ", i);
27     printf (" %d \n", arr[i]);
28   }
29 }
30 return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of elements in an array: 5
Define the position of the array element where you want to insert: 2
The resultant array is:
arr[0] = 5
arr[1] = 8
arr[2] = 9
arr[3] = 2
Process exited after 31.25 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

ARRAY DISPLAY(OUTPUT)

The screenshot shows the Dev-C++ IDE with the file `array display.cpp` open. The code implements a display function for an array. It prompts the user to enter the number of elements in an array (5) and the position where to display (2). It then displays the resulting array: `arr[0] = 5, arr[1] = 8, arr[2] = 9, arr[3] = 2`. The output window shows the execution details, including the time taken (0.04579 seconds) and the return value (0).

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void display(int age1, int age2) {
3   printf ("%d\n", age1);
4   printf ("%d\n", age2);
5 }
6 int main() {
7   int ageArray[] = {2, 8, 4, 12};
8   display(ageArray[1], ageArray[2]);
9   return 0;
10 }
```

Output:

```
Process exited after 0.04579 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:-8(LINEARSEARCH(OUTPUT))


```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int linearsearch(int a[],int n,int val){
3     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
4         if (a[i]==val)
5             return i+1;
6     }
7     return -1;
8 }
9
10 int main(){
11     int a[]={3,5,7,9,8,22};
12     int val=21;
13     int n=sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
14     int res=linearsearch(a,n,val);
15     printf("the elements of the array are:");
16     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
17         printf("%d",a[i]);
18         printf("\nelements to be searched is-%d",val);
19         if(res==-1)
20             printf("\nelements is not present in the array:");
21         else
22             printf("\nelements is presents at %d position of array",res);
23     }
24     return 0;
25 }
26
```

the elements of the array are:3579822
elements to be searched is-21
elements is not present in the array:
.....
Process exited after 0.08195 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

EXPERIMENT:9(BINARYSEARCH(OUTPUT))

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int binarySearch(int array[], int x, int low, int high) {
3     // Repeat until the pointers low and high meet each other
4     while (low <= high) {
5         int mid = low + (high - low) / 2;
6         if (array[mid] == x)
7             return mid;
8         if (array[mid] < x)
9             low = mid + 1;
10        else
11            high = mid - 1;
12    }
13    return -1;
14 }
15 int main(void) {
16     int array[] = {3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9};
17     int n = sizeof(array) / sizeof(array[0]);
18     int x = 4;
19     int result = binarySearch(array, x, 0, n - 1);
20     if (result == -1)
21         printf("Not found");
22     else
23         printf("Element is found at index %d", result);
24     return 0;
25 }
26
```

Element is found at index 1
.....
Process exited after 0.06617 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

EXPERIMENT:10(LINKED LIST(OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\chall\OneDrive\Documents\array insert.cpp - Dev-C++ 5.11
File Edit Search View Project Execute Tools AStyle Window Help
(globals)
Project Classes Debug
[*] array insert.cpp
79 void printList(struct Node* node) {
80     while (node != NULL) {
81         printf(" %d ", node->data);
82         node = node->next;
83     }
84 }
85 int main() {
86     struct Node* head = NULL;
87     insertAtEnd(&head, 1);
88     insertAtBeginning(&head, 2);
89     insertAtBeginning(&head, 3);
90     insertAtEnd(&head, 4);
91     insertAfter(head->next, 5);
92     printf("Linked list: ");
93     printList(head);
94     printf("\nAfter deleting an element: ");
95     deleteNode(&head, 3);
96     printList(head);
97     int item_to_find = 3;
98     if (searchNode(&head, item_to_find)) {
99         printf("\n%d is found", item_to_find);
100     } else {
101         printf("\n%d is not found", item_to_find);
102     }
103     sortLinkedList(&head);
104     printf("\nSorted List: ");
105 }
Compiler Resources Compile Log Debug Find Results
Line: 79 Col: 3 Sel: 0 Lines: 106 Length: 2754 Insert Done parsing
90°F Mostly cloudy
16:50 20-09-2022
```

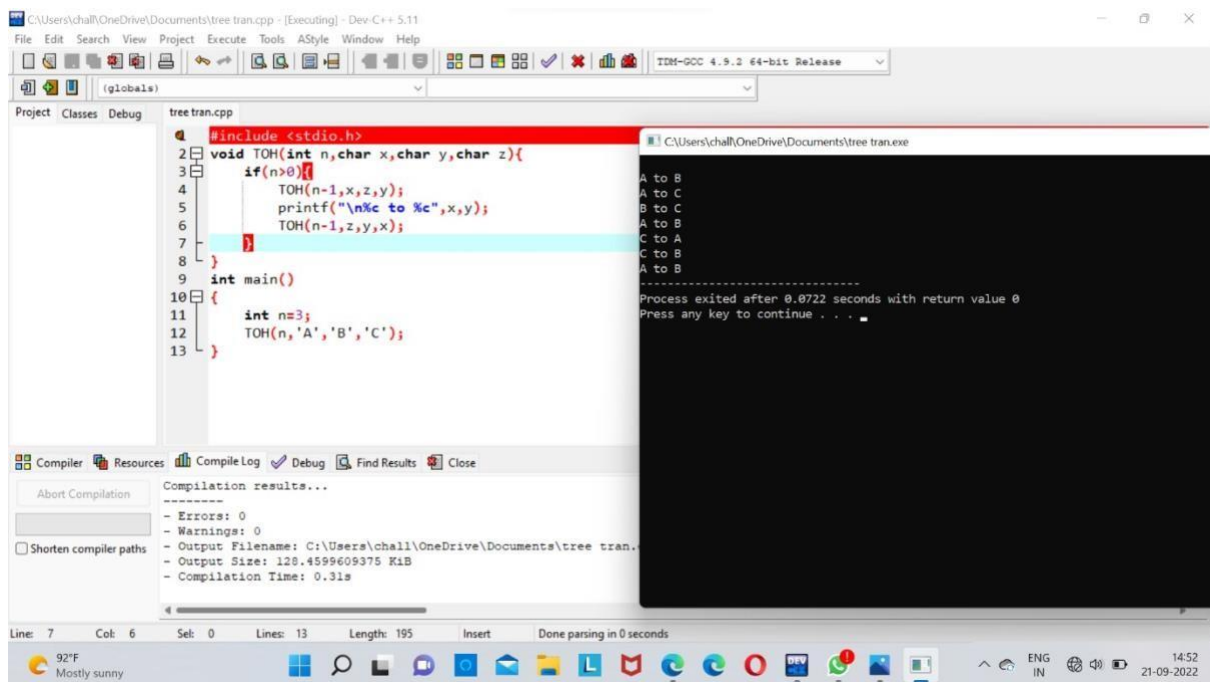
```
C:\Users\chall\OneDrive\Documents\array insert.exe
Linked list: 3 2 5 1 4
After deleting an element: 2 5 1 4
3 is not found
Sorted list: 1 2 4 5
-----
Process exited after 0.05659 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:11(STACK OPERATIONS(OUTPUT))

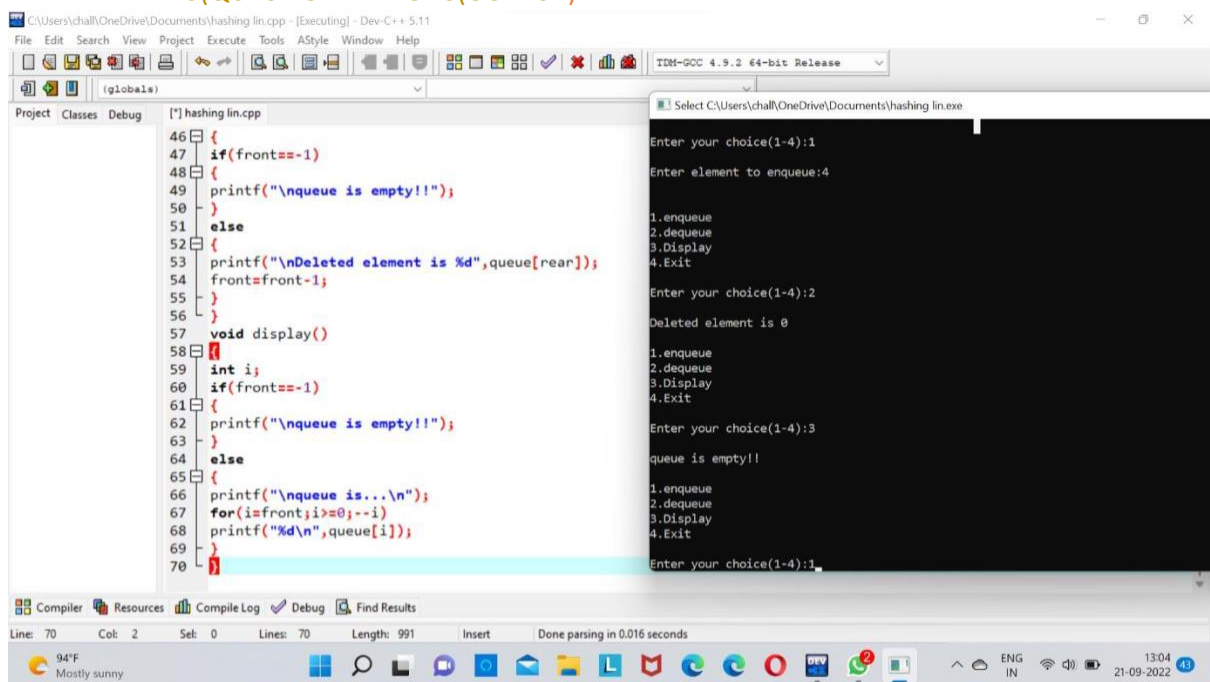
```
C:\Users\chall\OneDrive\Documents\tree tran.cpp - [Executing] - Dev-C++ 5.11
File Edit Search View Project Execute Tools AStyle Window Help
(globals)
Project Classes Debug
tree tran.cpp
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void TOH(int n,char x,char y,char z){
3     if(n>0){
4         TOH(n-1,x,z,y);
5         printf("\n%c to %c",x,y);
6         TOH(n-1,z,y,x);
7     }
8 }
9 int main()
10 {
11     int n=3;
12     TOH(n,'A','B','C');
13 }
Compiler Resources Compile Log Debug Find Results Close
Compilation results...
- Errors: 0
- Warnings: 0
- Output Filename: C:\Users\chall\OneDrive\Documents\tree tran.
- Output Size: 128.4599609375 KiB
- Compilation Time: 0.31s
Line: 7 Col: 6 Sel: 0 Lines: 13 Length: 195 Insert Done parsing in 0 seconds
92°F Mostly sunny
14:52 21-09-2022
```

```
C:\Users\chall\OneDrive\Documents\tree tran.exe
A to B
A to C
B to C
A to B
C to A
C to B
A to B
-----
Process exited after 0.0722 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:12(STACK APPLICATION)



EXPERIMENT:13(QUEUE OPERATIONS(OUTPUT))



EXPERIMENT:14(TREE TRANSVERSAL(OUTPUT))


```
27 void printInorder(struct node* node)
28 {
29     if (node == NULL)
30         return;
31     printInorder(node->left);
32     printf("%d ", node->data);
33     printInorder(node->right);
34 }
35 void printPreorder(struct node* node)
36 {
37     if (node == NULL)
38         return;
39     printf("%d ", node->data);
40     printPreorder(node->left);
41     printPreorder(node->right);
42 }
43 int main()
44 {
45     struct node *root = newNode(1);
46     root->left = newNode(2);
47     root->right = newNode(3);
48     root->left->left = newNode(4);
49     root->left->right = newNode(5);
50
51     printf("\nPreorder traversal of binary tree is \n");
52     printPreorder(root);
53 }
```

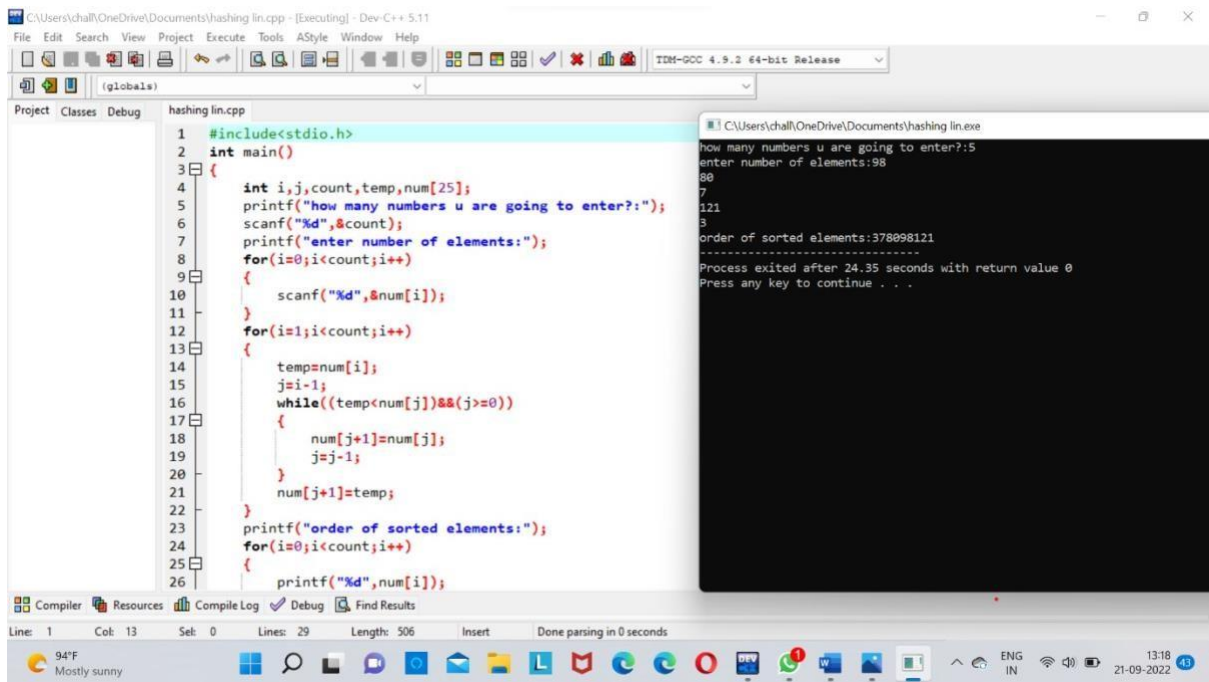
Preorder traversal of binary tree is
1 2 4 5 3

EXPERIMENT:-15(HASH USING LINEAR PROBING(OUTPUT))

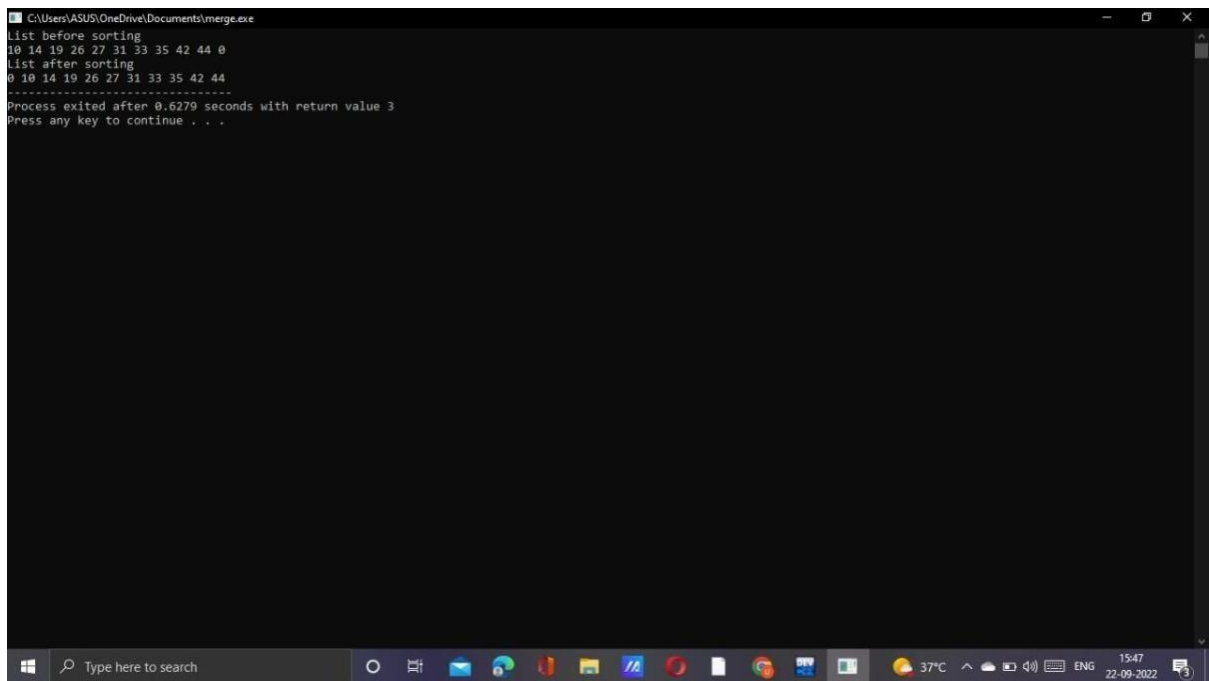
```
27 scanf("%d",&key);
28 hkey=key%TABLE_SIZE;
29 for(i=0;i<TABLE_SIZE; i++)
30 {
31     index=(hkey+i)%TABLE_SIZE;
32     if(h[index]==key)
33     {
34         printf("value is found at index %d",index);
35         break;
36     }
37 }
38 if(i == TABLE_SIZE)
39     printf("\n value is not found\n");
40 }
41 void display()
42 {
43     int i;
44     printf("\nelements in the hash table are \n");
45     for(i=0;i< TABLE_SIZE; ++i)
46         printf("\nat index %d \t value = %d",i,h[i]);
47 }
48 main()
49 {
50     int opt,i;
51     while(1)
52     {
```

1
enter a value to insert into hash table
22
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search 4.Exit
2
elements in the hash table are
at index 0 value = 0
at index 1 value = 0
at index 2 value = 22
at index 3 value = 0
at index 4 value = 0
at index 5 value = 0
at index 6 value = 0
at index 7 value = 0
at index 8 value = 8
at index 9 value = 0
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search 4.Exit
3
enter search element
42
value is not found
Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search 4.Exit

EXPERIMENT:16(INSERTION SORTING(OUTPUT))



EXPERIMENT:17(MERGE SORTING)



EXPERIMENT:-18(QUICK SORT(OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\Quick.exe
Enter total no.of elements: 7
Enter the elements: 10
5
25
48
68
98
100
Sorted Array: 5 10 25 28 48 68 100
-----
Process exited after 18.39 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:-19(HEAP SORT (OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\heap.exe
Before sorting array elements are -
48 10 23 43 26 1
After sorting array elements are -
1 10 23 26 28 43 48
-----
Process exited after 0.7099 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:20(AVL OPERATIONS(OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\AVL trees.exe
4 2 1 3 7 5 8
After deletion: 4 2 1 7 5 8
-----
Process exited after 0.61 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:21(BFS(OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\Breadth.exe

Enter the number of vertices:4

Enter graph data in matrix form:
1 1 1 1
0 1 0 0
0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1

Enter the starting vertex:1

The node which are reachable are:
1 2 3 4
-----
Process exited after 26.89 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:22(DFS(OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\Depth.exe
Enter no. of vertices:4
Enter the adjacency matrix:
1 1 1 1
1 0 1 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1
Enter the starting node:1
Distance of node0=1
Path=0<-1
Distance of node2=1
Path=2<-1
Distance of node3=2
Path=3<-0<-1
-----
Process exited after 35.38 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:23(DIJKSTRA ALGORITHM(OUTPUT))

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\Dijkstra's.exe
Distance from source to 1: 3
Distance from source to 2: 1
Distance from source to 3: 2
Distance from source to 4: 4
Distance from source to 5: 4
Distance from source to 6: 3
-----
Process exited after 0.5575 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:24(PRIM'S ALGORITHM(OUTPUT))


```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\Prim's.exe

Edge      Weight
3 <-> 1    4
0 <-> 2    3
2 <-> 3    2
3 <-> 4    1

-----
Process exited after 0.6292 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

EXPERIMENT:25(KRUKAL ALGORITHM(OUTPUT)

```
C:\Users\ASUS\OneDrive\Documents\Kruskal.exe

2 - 1 : 2
5 - 2 : 2
3 - 2 : 3
4 - 3 : 3
1 - 0 : 4
Spanning tree cost: 14
-----
Process exited after 0.9241 seconds with return value 23
Press any key to continue . . .
```