- 1. **Answer:**
- a) Logical address: 16 bitsb) Physical address: 18 bits
- 2. **Answer:**
- a) A frame has the same size as a page, 2^{10} bytes.
- b) There is one entry for each page in the logical address space. Therefore, there are 2^{16} entries.
- c) The number of bytes in the logical address space is $(2^{16} \text{ pages}) \times (2^{10} \text{ bytes/page}) = 2^{26} \text{ bytes}$.
- d) The number of frames needed to store the largest page table is $(2^{16} \text{ entries}) \times (2^2 \text{ bytes/entry}) / 2^{10} \text{ bytes/frame} = 2^8 \text{ frames}.$
- 3. **Answer:**
- a)

660+198=858

b)

222+156=378

c)

Invalid address because the length of segment 1 is 422 <530.

4. **Answer**:

Segmentation: might require relocation of the segment that needs to be extended since there is not enough space for the segment to grow its allocated memory space.

Paging: incremental allocation of new pages is possible without requiring relocation of the program's address space.

Self-test

- 1. D
- 2. B
- 3. B
- 4. B
- 5. C
- 6. A