protection

Fraud Detection

FRAUD

Cybersecurity

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Identity

Agenda

Project Overview

Why Fraud Detection

Data Schema

Tasks

Identify Challenges

Expected Insights



Project Overview

- Large amount of transactions, some of which are fraudulent
- Use features to predict fraud based on transaction data
- Focus on getting a strong predictive model while trying to capture as many fraudulent cases as possible



Why Fraud Detection?

- Perceive and block fraudulent proactively
- Protect clients from credit card fraud
- Prevent global payment companies from money laundering

Influences:

- Improve banks' reputation and customer loyalty
- Decrease risks and improve profitability

Data Schema

The dataset contains approximately 6,353,307 of financial records divided into the 5 types of categories: Cash-in, Cash-out, Debit, Payment and Transfer.

Kaggle link: https://www.kaggle.com/ntnu-testimon/paysim1



Variable	Description					
step	Maps a unit of time in real world (1 step is 1 hour of time)					
type	Types of Transactions					
amount	Amount of the transaction in local currency					
nameOrig	Customer who started the transaction					
oldbalance	Orginal balance before the transaction					
newbalance	Original customer's balance after the transaction.					
nameDest	Recipient ID of the transaction.					
oldbalanceDest	Initial recipient balance before the transaction					
newbalanceDest	Recipient's balance after the transaction					
isFraud	Identifies a fraudulent transaction (1) and non fraudulent (0)					
isFlaggedFraud	Flags illegal attempts to transfer more than 200.000 in a single transaction.					

Initial Dataset

s	tep	type	amount	nameOrig	old balance Org	${\it newbalance Orig}$	nameDest	old balance Dest	newbalance Dest	isFraud	isFlaggedFraud
0	1	PAYMENT	9839.64	C1231006815	170136.00	160296.36	M1979787155	0.0	0.00	0	0
1	1	PAYMENT	1864.28	C1666544295	21249.00	19384.72	M2044282225	0.0	0.00	0	0
2	1	TRANSFER	181.00	C1305486145	181.00	0.00	C553264065	0.0	0.00	1	0
3	1	CASH_OUT	181.00	C840083671	181.00	0.00	C38997010	21182.0	0.00	1	0
4	1	PAYMENT	11668.14	C2048537720	41554.00	29885.86	M1230701703	0.0	0.00	0	0
5	1	PAYMENT	7817.71	C90045638	53860.00	46042.29	M573487274	0.0	0.00	0	0
6	1	PAYMENT	7107.77	C154988899	183195.00	176087.23	M408069119	0.0	0.00	0	0
7	1	PAYMENT	7861.64	C1912850431	176087.23	168225.59	M633326333	0.0	0.00	0	0
8	1	PAYMENT	4024.36	C1265012928	2671.00	0.00	M1176932104	0.0	0.00	0	0
9	1	DEBIT	5337.77	C712410124	41720.00	36382.23	C195600860	41898.0	40348.79	0	0

Tasks



Classification

Build classification models to predict whether a transaction shows fraudulent.

OR

Clustering

Cluster transactions into various aggregations by characteristics.

Identify Challenges

Highly imbalanced data

Feature selection

Model selection

```
|isFraud|
               count
                                    type
                                              count
                8213
                               TRANSFER | 532909 |
           0 | 6354407 |
                                CASH_IN|1399284|
                               CASH OUT | 2237500 |
                                PAYMENT | 2151495 |
                                   DEBIT| 41432|
data.describe('amount').show()
summarv
                  amount
  count
                 6362620
   mean | 179861.90354913412
 stddev | 603858.2314629498 |
                                                  step
            9.244551664E7
                                countl
                                                6362620
                                 mean 243.39724563151657
                               stddev 142.33197104912588
                                 minl
                                 max
                                                   743
```

Expected Insights

- Identify the key features of fraudulent transactions

- Use the model on future data to predict fraudulent activity



Thank you!