# Lab 3 – Week 3 (Single-Line Functions)

## DUE: Friday, Week 3, midnight

This week’s lab continues using the SELECT command and learning the interfaces for both SQL Developer and SQL\*PLUS and introduces the use of single-line functions.

## Getting Started

***Your submission will be a single text-based SQL file with appropriate header and commenting. Please ensure your file runs when the entire file is executed in SQL Developer.***

Create a new Worksheet in SQL Developer. Save the file as L3\_ID#\_LASTNAME.sql

Your submission needs to be commented and include the question, the solutions, and the results. An example is provided!

## Tasks

1. Write a query to display the tomorrow’s date in the following format:  
    September 28th of year 2016  
   Your result will depend on the day when you RUN/EXECUTE this query. Label the column Tomorrow.  
     
   *Advanced Option*: Define an SQL variable called “tomorrow”, assign it a value of tomorrow’s date, use it in an SQL statement. Don’t forget to undefine it!
2. For each employee in departments 20, 50 and 60 display last name, first name, salary, and salary increased by 5% and expressed as a whole number. Label the column Good Salary.   
   Also add a column that subtracts the old salary from the new salary and multiplies by 12. Label the column "Annual Pay Increase".
3. Write a query that displays the employee’s Full Name and Job Title in the following format:  
    DAVIES, CURTIS is ST\_CLERK   
   Only employees whose last name ends with S and first name starts with C or K. Give this column an appropriate label like Person and Job. Sort the result by the employees’ last names.
4. For each employee hired before 1992, display the employee’s last name, hire date and calculate the number of YEARS between TODAY and the date the employee was hired.
   1. Label the column Years worked.
   2. Order your results by the number of years employed. Round the number of years employed up to the closest whole number.
5. Create a query that displays the city names, country codes and state province names, but only for those cities that starts with S and has at least 8 characters in their name. If city does not have a province name assigned, then put Unknown Province. Be cautious of case sensitivity!
6. Display each employee’s last name, hire date, and salary review date, which is the first Thursday after a year of service, but only for those hired after 1997.
   1. Label the column REVIEW DAY.
   2. Format the dates to appear in the format like:  
       THURSDAY, August the Thirty-First of year 1998
   3. Sort by review date

## Example Submission

-- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*  
-- Name: Your Name  
-- ID: #########  
-- Date: The current date  
-- Purpose: Lab 3 DBS301  
-- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*  
  
-- Question 1 – write a brief note about what the question is asking  
-- Q1 SOLUTION --  
  
SELECT \* FROM TABLE;  
  
-- Question 2 – blah blah blah