

Topic	AUTHENTICATION AND DB INTEGRATI	ON
Class Description	In this class, the students will implement user autiand integrate their app with Firebase.	nentication
Class	C85	
Class time	55 mins	
Goal	 Using Email/Password Authentication to auther users. Registering a new user. Integrating the Firebase database with the App 	
Resources Required	 Teacher Resources: Visual Studio Code Editor laptop with internet connectivity earphones with mic notebook and pen Student Resources: Visual Studio Code Editor laptop with internet connectivity earphones with mic notebook and pen 	
Class structure	Warm-Up Teacher-Student Collaborative Activity Wrap-Up *This class requires database configuration. Request students to live share VSC and perform activities to avoid writing the same code twice at both ends.	5 mins 45 mins 5 mins
Credit:	Code samples used for Firebase-Authentication are licensed under the <u>Apache 2.0 License</u> .	



Expo documentation used from - https://expo.io **WARM-UP SESSION - 5 mins Teacher starts slideshow** from slides 1 to 12 Refer to speaker notes and follow the instructions on each slide. Solution/Guidelines **Activity details** Run the presentation from slide 1 to slide 4. The following are the warm-up session deliverables: Revision Click on the slide show tab Warm-Up Quiz Session and present the slides. Continue the warm-up session **Activity details** Solution/Guidelines Run the presentation from slide 4 to slide 12 to set the Narrate the story by using problem statement. hand gestures and voice modulation methods to bring in more student interest. The following are the warm-up session deliverables: Introduce students to the coding environment -Workspace, blocks, and output. Steps to write and run the code. Introduce the concepts of Teacher-led Activity. Teacher ends slideshow **Teacher-Student Collaborative Activity - 45 mins Teacher Initiates Screen Share**

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CHALLENGE Login screen. Integrating the Firebase database to the App. Step 2: Since we already have learnt user Teacher-led authentication using email/password Activity in the wireless library app, we will (15 min) start with. (Ask the student to observe closely as all the changes should be made on both, the student's and teacher's codes.) (There are no separate Teacher and Student activities in this class.) Note - If the student and/or teacher is using the snack editor for these classes, please refer to the support document in Teacher Activity 6 Let's download the boilerplate code. Student refers to Student Activity 1 and clones the boilerplate code. The student uses live sharing in VSC to share the code with the teacher. Let's start by installing Firebase and @react-navigation/native npx expo install firebase@8.10.0



(Teacher helps the student install Firebase and react-navigation.)

The student installs Firebase and react-navigation.

Remember that up until this point, we have installed specific navigation - Tab, Drawer and Stack.

Now the idea for implementing Login is that we have 3 parts -

- The Login screen where the user will Login from.
- The register screen, if it's a new user.
- 3. The dashboard screen (or the Feed screen in our case) that the user will see once they are logged in.

For this, we will be using the Stack Navigator.

How many navigation methods have we implemented in our app so far?

We already have the code for this provided to us in the boilerplate code that we just coded. Let's quickly go through it.

Inside the file App.js -

ESR: 3 navigations - Stack, Drawer and Tab.



If you remember, we discussed that it is important to have our navigation in the <**NavigationContainer>** component. We had already added that in **App.js**

We also need to import **createStackNavigator** to implement login navigation. We will also import the **LoginScreen** and the **Register** screens here.

Now let's see in our screens folder. There should be 2 files, that we just discussed -

- 1. LoginScreen.js
- 2. Register.js

These 2 files have some boilerplate code added in them.

```
Import * as React from "react";
import { NavigationContainer } from '@react-navigation/native';

import { createStackNavigator } from "@react-navigation/stack";
import LoginScreen from "./screens/LoginScreen";
import RegisterScreen from "./screens/Register";

import DrawerNavigator from "./navigation/DrawerNavigator";
```

In the Stack Navigator, we will add **LoginScreen**, **RegisterScreen** and **DrawerNavigator**. Note that we don't have the complete screens yet, so we'll create them next.

Let's set up a new Firebase DB before we proceed with the next steps.

Teacher refers to <u>Teacher Activity 2</u> Teacher tells the student to open the Firebase console.

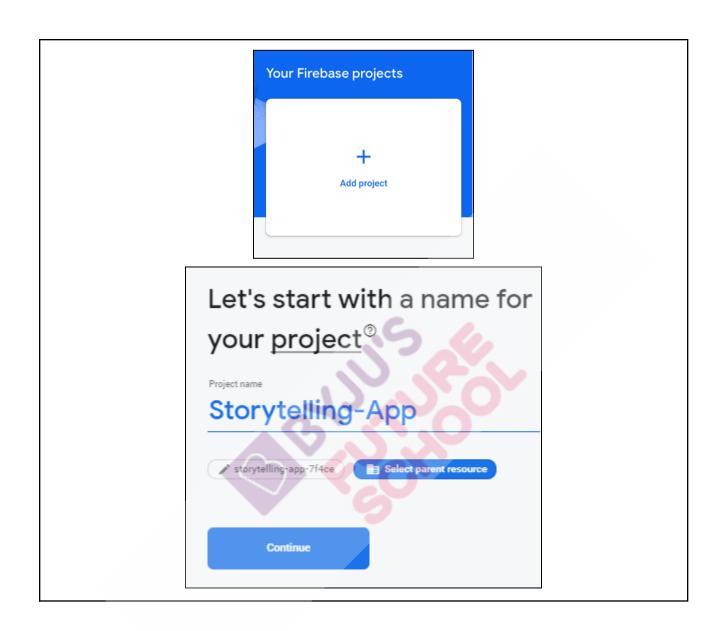
Here, let's create a new project by clicking on the **Add project** button.

Student refers to <u>Student</u> <u>Activity 2</u>.

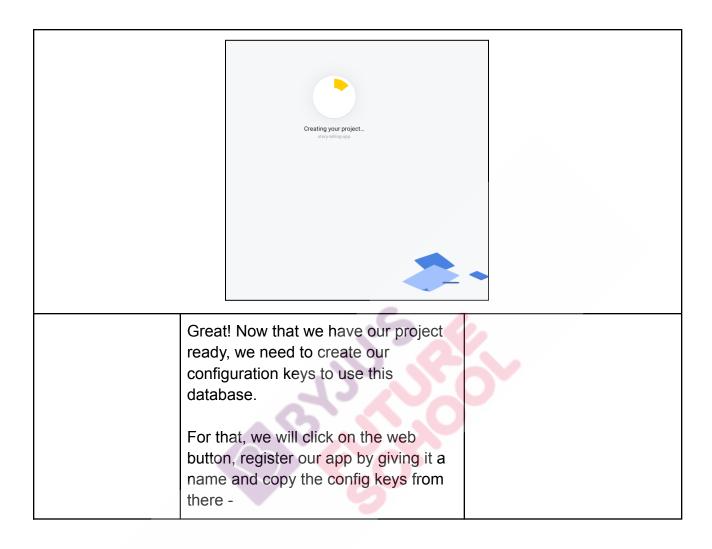
Student creates a new Firebase project.

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×	Add Firebase to your web app
	Register app
	App nickname ③ Storytelling-App
	☐ Also set up Firebase Hosting for this app. Learn more ☑ Hosting can also be set up later. It's free to get started anytime.
	Register app
	2 Add Firebase SDK

Copy the SDK code from step 2; (It will be visible once you click on Register App.)

Now, to save these config keys, let's create a new file *config.js* in our root folder of the project.

Also don't forget to enter the *config.js* file in *.gitignore*, or else your Firebase project will be blocked. It is a poor practice in software development to expose your authentication keys on github, and opens a door for hackers to access and view sensitive information from your database.

Teacher copies the config in **config.js** and adds the filename in **.gitignore**.

Student copies the config in config.js and adds the file name in .gitignore.







```
85t > .gitignore

4     *.jks
5     *.p8
6     *.p12
7     *.key
8     *.mobileprovision
9     *.orig.*
10     web-build/
11
12     # macOS
13     .DS_Store
14
15     config.js
16
```

Create config.js

```
export const firebaseConfig = {
    apiKey: "AIzaSyDce_gGywAiuJEftp4Ccbt9odCV5y7rZiI",
    authDomain: "storytelling-app-cab54.firebaseapp.com",
    projectId: "storytelling-app-cab54",
    storageBucket: "storytelling-app-cab54.appspot.com",
    messagingSenderId: "843153669971",
    appId: "1:843153669971:web:05101931886d9498266ba6"
};
```

Here, please note that we are using **export const** for our config keys, since we want to export it as a constant in our app.

Great! Now our Firebase database will be available to our app.



Now let's refer back to our App.js

We have to add a few lines of code in **App.js** to import Firebase.

```
S App.js > ...
     import * as React from "react";
     import { NavigationContainer } from '@react-navigation/native';
     import { createStackNavigator } from "@react-navigation/stack";
 4
     import LoginScreen from "./screens/LoginScreen";
 6
     import RegisterScreen from "./screens/Register";
     import DrawerNavigator from "./navigation/DrawerNavigator";
     import * as firebase from "firebase";
10
11
     import { firebaseConfig } from "./config";
12
13
     if (!firebase.apps.length) {
      firebase.initializeApp(firebaseConfig);
15
     } else {
17
       firebase.app();
```

We are importing the Firebase database and our config to **App.js**. Then, we are initializing the app with it. We have the **if-else** condition to check if we already have the Firebase app initialized. If not, we are initializing the Firebase app otherwise, we are using the already initialized app.

Now we are pretty much halfway through.	
Let's add the Stack Navigator in App.js which will hold our screens.	



```
import * as firebase from "firebase";
11
     import { firebaseConfig } from "./config";
12
13
14
     if (!firebase.apps.length) {
15
       firebase.initializeApp(firebaseConfig);
     } else {
17
       firebase.app();
18
19
20
     const Stack = createStackNavigator();
21
22
     const StackNav = () => {
23
       return(
24
       <Stack.Navigator initialRouteName="Login"</pre>
                                                     screenOptions={{
25
         headerShown: false,
         gestureEnabled: false
27
       }}>
         <Stack.Screen name="Login" component={LoginScreen} />
28
29
         <Stack.Screen name="RegisterScreen" component={RegisterScreen} />
         <Stack.Screen name="Dashboard" component={DrawerNavigator} />
31
       </Stack.Navigator>)
34
     export default function App() {
35
       return (
          <NavigationContainer>
37
            <StackNav/>
38
10
                 With this, we have a lot of our
                 functionality ready.
```

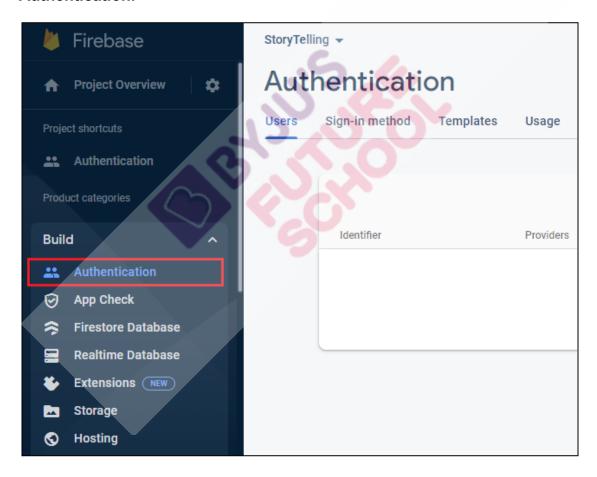


Now comes the part where we will be implementing our Login feature.

We have already done this in the Wily app.

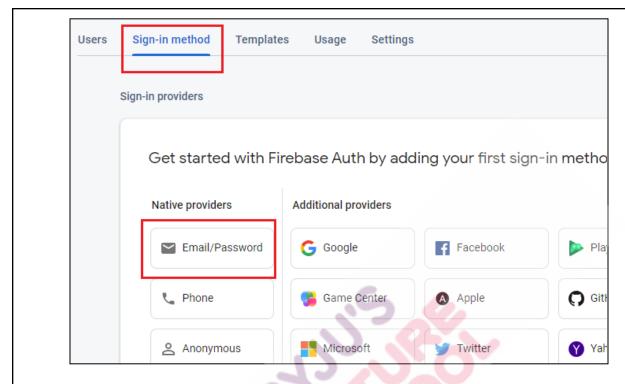
Teacher refers to <u>Teacher Activity 2</u>.

Go to the **StoryTelling** project that you just created in the <u>firebase console</u> → go to the left hand side of your screen and expand the <u>build</u> option → Click on **Authentication**.



2. Now, click on the **Sign-in method** tab → select **Email/Password**.





3. Enable the Email/Password option and click on Save.



Create a Realtime Database.

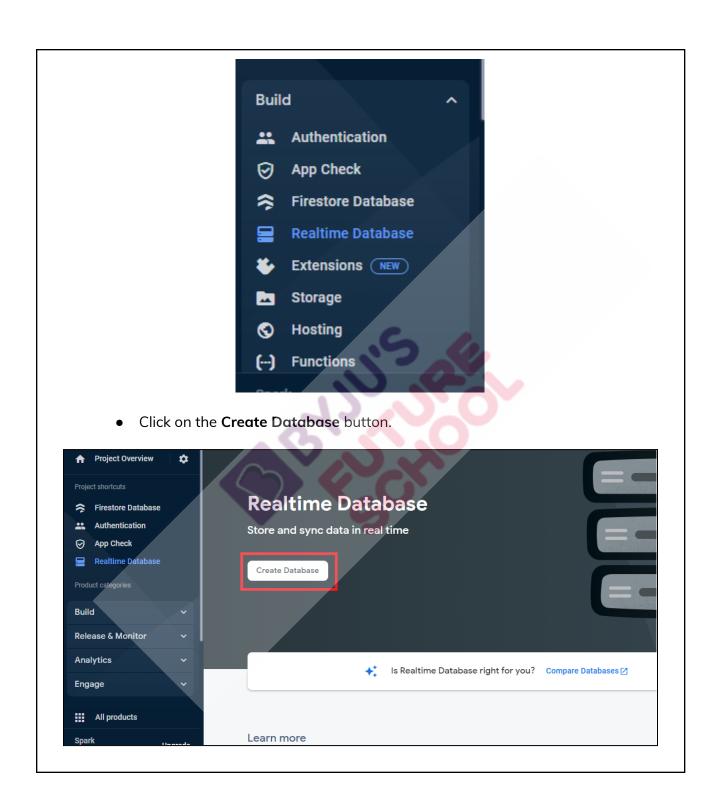
 \circ go to the left hand side of the screen and expand the **build** option \to Click on the **Realtime Database** option.

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Let's now go over the code in **LoginScreen.js** to understand what we have done there -

1. In the **LoginScreen.js**, we already have the code which creates the basic structure of the screen and styles.

<Teacher helps the student to understand the code>

2. Now, define the **signIn()** function which will help the user to sign in . We will use the **signInWithEmailAndPassword()** method to do this.

```
signIn = async (email, password) => {
  firebase
    .auth()
    .signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
    .then(() => {
      this.props.navigation.replace("Dashboard");
    })
    .catch(error => {
      Alert.alert(error.message);
    });
};
```

3. Notice that we have used the .replace() method instead of .navigate() method. This will make sure that once we login, we cannot go back to the login page by just clicking the back button.



```
signIn = async (email, password) => {
  firebase
    .auth()
    .signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
    .then(() => {
        this.props.navigation.replace("Dashboard");
        })
        .catch(error => {
            Alert.alert(error.message);
        });
    };
```

4. We have also added the .catch() function to return error messages.

```
signIn = async (email, password) => {
  firebase
    .auth()
    .signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
    .then(() => {
      this.props.navigation.replace("Dashboard");
    })
    .catch(error => {
      Alert.alert(error.message);
    });
};
```

5. Now, call the **signIn()** function when the login button is clicked.

```
<TouchableOpacity
style={[styles.button, { marginTop: 20 }]}
onPress={() => this.signIn(email, password)}

<Text style={styles.buttonText}>Login</Text>
</TouchableOpacity>
```

6. Let's add another **TouchableOpacity** which will let the user go to **RegisterScreen** when it's a new user.



1. In the **Register.js**, we already have some of the code which creates the basic structure of the screen and styles.

<Teacher helps the student to understand the code>

- 2. We already have states which store the email and password. We need to add three new states- first_name, last_name and confirm_password.
- 3. We already have two **TextInputs** which take the **email** and **password** as input. We need three more **TextInputs** to input the **first_name**, **last_name** and **confirm_password** for the registration process.

When we register on any app, we enter the password twice to make sure that the password is correct during the registration process.



```
style={styles.container}
<SafeAreaView style={styles.droidSafeArea} />
  <Text style={styles.appTitleText}>Register</Text>
  <TextInput
    style={styles.textinput}
    onChangeText={text => this.setState({ first_name: text })}
   placeholder={"First name"}
   placeholderTextColor={"#FFFFFF"}
  <TextInput
    style={styles.textinput}
   onChangeText={text => this.setState({ last_name: text })}
   placeholder={"Last name"}
   placeholderTextColor={"#FFFFFF"}
 <TextInput
    style={styles.textinput}
    onChangeText={text => this.setState({ email: text })}
    placeholder={"Enter Email"}
    placeholderTextColor={"#FFFFFF"}
```



```
<TextInput
  style={styles.textinput}
 onChangeText={text => this.setState({ email: text })}
 placeholder={"Enter Email"}
  placeholderTextColor={"#FFFFFF"}
<TextInput
  style={styles.textinput}
  onChangeText={text => this.setState({ password: text })}
  placeholder={"Enter Password"}
  placeholderTextColor={"#FFFFFF"}
  secureTextEntry
<TextInput
  style={styles.textinput}
 onChangeText={text => this.setState({ confirmPassword: text })}
  placeholder={"Re-enter Password"}
  placeholderTextColor={"#FFFFFF"}
  secureTextEntry
```

- 4. Write the code to register a user.
 - a. define a method named registerUser. It will have 5 parameters: email, password, confirm_password, first_name and last_name.

```
registerUser = (email, password,confirmPassword,first_name,last_name) => {
};
```

 Now, we will add a conditional statement which will check if the password and confirm_password matches or not.

```
registerUser = (email, password,confirmPassword,first_name,last_name) => {
  if(password==confirmPassword){
    }else{
      Alert.alert("Passwords don't match!");
    }
};
```



c. Then, if the password matches, we need to write the code to register the user with the firebase method **createUserWithEmailAndPassword()**

d. The above code will register the user with email and password. Everytime a new user is created, the new user is assigned a unique uid. We can fetch this uid -



```
registerUser = (email, password,confirmPassword,first_name,last_name) => {
  if(password==confirmPassword){
    firebase
        .auth()
        .createUserWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
        .then({userCredential} => {
            Alert.alert("User registered!!");
            console.log(userCredential.user.uid)
        })
        .catch(error => {
            Alert.alert(error.message);
        });
    }else{
        Alert.alert("Passwords don't match!");
    }
};
```

- e. We will use the **uid** to store our users data in the database. Here, we will store the:
 - i. Email ID
 - ii. First Name
 - iii. Last Name
 - iv. Current Theme



```
registerUser = (email, password,confirmPassword,first_name,last_name) => {
       if(password==confirmPassword){
         firebase
           .auth()
           .createUserWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
           .then((userCredential) => {
             Alert.alert("User registered!!");
             console.log(userCredential.user.uid)
             this.props.navigation.replace("Login");
             firebase.database().ref("/users/" + userCredential.user.uid)
                     .set({
                       email: userCredential.user.email,
                       first_name: first_name,
                       last name: last name,
                       current_theme: "dark
           .catch(error => {
             Alert.alert(error.message);
           });
         }else{
70
           Alert.alert("Passwords don't match!");
```

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this is how the database will look like, when a user registers -





5. After this is done, we will call the **registerUser** method in the **Register TouchableOpacity**.

```
<TouchableOpacity
style={{styles.button, { marginTop: 20 }}}
onPress={() => this.registerUser(email, password, confirmPassword,first_name,last_name)}

<Text style={styles.buttonText}>Register</Text>
</TouchableOpacity>
```

6. Let's add another TouchableOpacity which will take the user back to the **LoginScreen**.



We are ready. Let's test our app now by trying to Log In.

Run the following command-

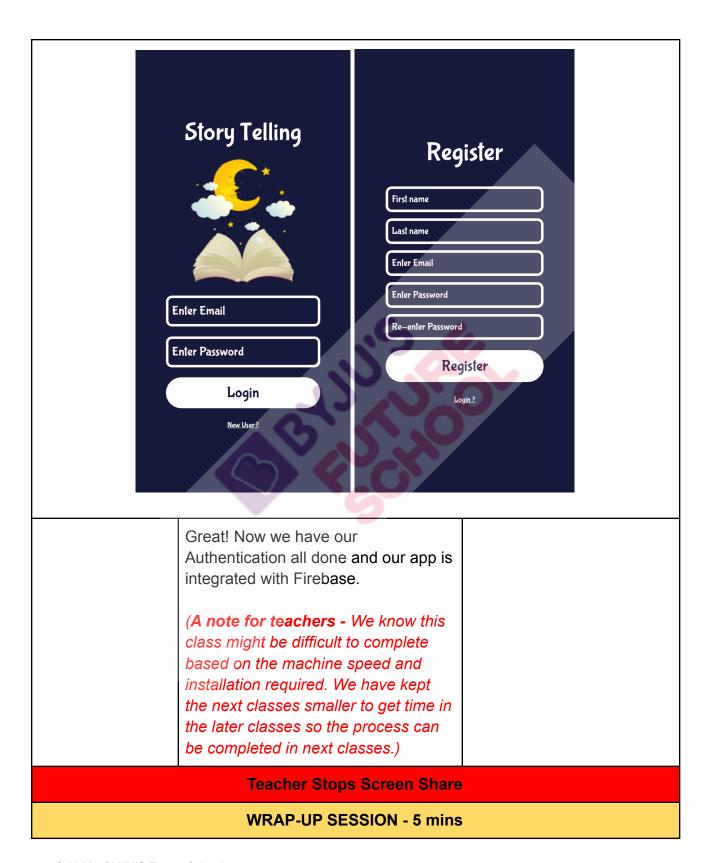
npx expo start --tunnel

(Teacher and student try to Login and see the Feed screen.)

If you check your Database, you will see that your email ID has been registered.

Reference Output:





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FEEDBACK

- Appreciate the student for their attentiveness in the class.
- Get them to play around with different ideas

Teacher can show slideshow



Refer to speaker notes and follow the instructions on each slide.

For the 'Wrap-Up' section, there will be slides on the panel as a visual aid to summarize what has been done in the class.

Activity details		Solution/Guidelines
	Amazing work today! You get a "hats-off". In the next class, we will add the logout feature and we will work on the profile screen. Alright. See you in the next class.	Make sure you have given at least 2 Hats Off during the class for: Creatively Solved Activities Great Question Strong Concentration Concentration Strong Concentration
Project Overview Teachers make sure to tell students to refer to documents used during class and Post class Summary to implement Authentication in the Project. Spectagram Stage - 5 Goal of the Project:		The students engage with the teacher over the project.

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In Class 85, we learned to implement Authentication and integrate the app with Firebase.

In this project, you will practice the concepts learned in the class and implement Authentication and integrate the Spectagram app with Firebase.

*This is a continuation project of 81, 82, 83 & 84; please make sure to finish that before attempting this one.

Story:

Jenny is a photographer. She wants to share pictures taken by her with others. At the same time, she wants to create a space for others to share their talent too. She has decided to create a social media app. She has asked for your help to create an app.

Guide Jenny to implement Authentication and integrate the app with Firebase.

Teacher ends slideshow



Teacher Clicks

★ End Class

Additional Activities

Encourage the student to write reflection notes in their reflection journal using markdown.

Use these as guiding questions:

What happened today?

The student uses the markdown editor to write their reflections in a reflection journal.

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 Describe what happened. The code I wrote. How did I feel after the class? What have I learned about programming and developing games? What aspects of the class helped me? What did I find difficult? 	
---	--

35.6			
Activity	Activity Name	Links	
Teacher Activity 1	Boilerplate code	https://github.com/pro-whitehatjr/PR O-C85-boilerplate	
Teacher Activity 2	Firebase Console	https://console.firebase.google.com/	
Teacher Activity 3	Authenticate with Firebase	https://firebase.google.com/docs/aut h/web/password-auth	
Teacher Reference 1	Reference Code	https://github.com/pro-whitehatjr/PR O-C85-solution	
Teacher Reference 2	Teacher Aid	https://drive.google.com/file/d/1WA1 BQff4dmgv5BInU3f_imk4vlpvAyMa/ view?usp=sharing	
Teacher Reference 3	Snack Support Document	https://docs.google.com/document/d /11vq49uJQCfdxaUUzOoY7A65aau 0kZqNMFhObZH-e71Y/edit?usp=sh aring	
Teacher Reference 4	Visual aid link	https://s3-whjr-curriculum-uploads.w hjr.online/1464af65-f3be-464f-b876-	



		<u>cb42e761b05d.html</u>
Teacher Reference 5	In-class quiz	https://s3-whjr-curriculum-uploads.w hjr.online/8ad7a8be-a409-45b7-b7e b-19a840477245.pdf
Student Activity 1	Boilerplate code	https://github.com/pro-whitehatjr/PR O-C85-boilerplate
Student Activity 2	Firebase Console	https://console.firebase.google.com/
Student Activity 3	Authenticate with Firebase	https://firebase.google.com/docs/aut h/web/password-auth