## Homework #5

## (Digital Image Processing)

Due 06/01/2020 (Monday) at midnight Submitted to <a href="mailto:yschoe@yonsei.ac.kr">yschoe@yonsei.ac.kr</a>

Topic: Intensity Processing

Purpose: Understanding on Intensity Processing

Tools: Gamma Correction, Histogram Equalization, RGB Color system, YCrCb Color system.

## Project:

1. On two given images attached below, take Gamma Corrections with  $\gamma = 0.45$  and 2.2, and print the corrected images.

- For Gamma Correction, use following function. Notice that it takes same Gamma corrections to R, G, B each and get result color image by combining corrected R, G, B together.

$$I_c{'}=I_c^{rac{1}{\gamma}}$$

where,  $I_c$  is Gamma corrected image,  $I_c$  is input image, and c is one of R, G, B.

2. On above two original color images, take Histogram Equalization each, and print the result images. (Here, please get the contrast enhanced images by taking Histogram Equalizations on R, G, B separately and combining together.)

- Example of Histogram Equalization (6x6 sized image with maximum intensity 5)

intensity of input image	No. of pixels	Cumulative No. of pixels	Normalized value X maximum intensity	Equalized intensity values
0	10	10	(10/36) x 5	1
1	7	17	(17/36) x 5	2
2	7	24	(24/36) x 5	3
3	2	26	(26/36) x 5	4
4	6	32	(32/36) x 5	4
5	4	36	(36/36) x 5	5

3. Transform above two RGB color images to YCrCb color images by using following formula. Then, take Histogram Equalization on only Y (not on Cr, Cb), and take inverse transform to get new RGB, and print the result images. (That is, take Histogram Equalization on only Y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} Y \\ Cb \\ Cr \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.299 & 0.587 & 0.114 \\ -0.168736 - 0.331264 & 0.5 \\ 0.5 & -0.418688 - 0.081312 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} R \\ G \\ B \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 128 \\ 128 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. Look through the results from above 2, 3 parts. What are the differences? Discuss on those.