Homework 4 • Graded

Student

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**Total Points** 

2 / 2 pts

**Autograder Score** 

2.0 / 2.0

## **Autograder Results**

```
______
Assignment: Homework 4
OK, version v1.18.1
______
Scoring tests
Doctests for differences
>>> from hw04 import *
>>> d = differences(iter([5, 2, -100, 103]))
>>> [next(d) for _ in range(3)]
[-3, -102, 203]
>>> list(differences([1]))
[]
Score: 1.0/1
Doctests for merge
>>> from hw04 import *
>>> def sequence(start, step):
... while True:
... yield start
... start += step
>>> x = sequence(2, 3) # 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, ...
>>> y = sequence(3, 2) # 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...
>>> result = merge(x, y) # 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15
>>> [next(result) for _ in range(10)]
[2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15]
Score: 1.0/1
Doctests for perms
>>> from hw04 import *
>>> p = perms([100])
```

```
>>> type(p)
>>> next(p)
[100]
>>> try: # Prints "No more permutations!" if calling next would cause an error
... next(p)
... except StopIteration:
... print('No more permutations!')
No more permutations!
>>> sorted(perms([1, 2, 3])) # Returns a sorted list containing elements of the generator
[[1, 2, 3], [1, 3, 2], [2, 1, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2], [3, 2, 1]]
>>> sorted(perms((10, 20, 30)))
[[10, 20, 30], [10, 30, 20], [20, 10, 30], [20, 30, 10], [30, 10, 20], [30, 20, 10]]
>>> sorted(perms("ab"))
[['a', 'b'], ['b', 'a']]
Score: 1.0/1
Doctests for yield_paths
>>> from hw04 import *
>>> t1 = tree(1, [tree(2, [tree(3), tree(4, [tree(6)]), tree(5)]), tree(5)])
>>> print_tree(t1)
1
2
3
4
6
5
5
>>> next(yield_paths(t1, 6))
[1, 2, 4, 6]
>>> path_to_5 = yield_paths(t1, 5)
>>> sorted(list(path_to_5))
[[1, 2, 5], [1, 5]]
>>> t2 = tree(0, [tree(2, [t1])])
>>> print_tree(t2)
0
2
1
2
3
4
6
5
>>> path_to_2 = yield_paths(t2, 2)
>>> sorted(list(path_to_2))
[[0, 2], [0, 2, 1, 2]]
Score: 1.0/1
Point breakdown
```

differences: 1.0/1 merge: 1.0/1 perms: 1.0/1 yield\_paths: 1.0/1

Score: Total: 4.0

Cannot backup when running ok with --local.

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Final Score:2.0

## **Submitted Files**

→ hw04.py **L** Download

```
def differences(it):
1
2
3
        Yields the differences between successive terms of iterable IT.
4
5
        >>> d = differences(iter([5, 2, -100, 103]))
6
        >>> [next(d) for _ in range(3)]
7
        [-3, -102, 203]
8
        >>> list(differences([1]))
9
        .....
10
11
        it = iter(it)
12
        first = next(it, None)
        second = next(it, None)
13
14
       if first == None:
15
          return
16
       if second == None:
17
          return
18
        yield second - first
19
        for curr in it:
20
          yield curr - second
21
          second = curr
22
23
     def merge(x, y):
24
25
        >>> def sequence(start, step):
26
             while True:
27
               yield start
28
               start += step
29
        >>> x = sequence(2, 3) # 2, 5, 8, 11, 14, ...
30
        >>> y = sequence(3, 2) # 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, ...
31
        >>> result = merge(x, y) # 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15
32
        >>> [next(result) for _ in range(10)]
33
        [2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15]
34
35
        list_x = next(x)
36
        list_y = next(y)
37
        while True:
38
         if list_x < list_y:
39
           yield list_x
40
           list_x = next(x)
41
         if list_y < list_x:</pre>
42
           yield list_y
43
           list_y = next(y)
44
         else:
45
            yield list_x
46
            list_x = next(x)
47
            list_y = next(y)
48
49
```

```
def perms(seq):
50
        """Generates all permutations of the given sequence. Each permutation is a
51
        list of the elements in SEQ in a different order. The permutations may be
52
        yielded in any order.
53
54
55
        >> p = perms([100])
56
        >>> type(p)
57
        <class 'generator'>
        >>> next(p)
58
59
        [100]
60
        >>> try: # Prints "No more permutations!" if calling next would cause an error
             next(p)
61
62
        ... except StopIteration:
63
             print('No more permutations!')
64
        No more permutations!
65
        >>> sorted(perms([1, 2, 3])) # Returns a sorted list containing elements of the generator
        [[1, 2, 3], [1, 3, 2], [2, 1, 3], [2, 3, 1], [3, 1, 2], [3, 2, 1]]
66
67
        >>> sorted(perms((10, 20, 30)))
        [[10, 20, 30], [10, 30, 20], [20, 10, 30], [20, 30, 10], [30, 10, 20], [30, 20, 10]]
68
69
        >>> sorted(perms("ab"))
70
        [['a', 'b'], ['b', 'a']]
71
72
        if len(seq) == 1:
73
           yield list(seq)
74
        elif len(seq) == 2:
75
           yield list(seq)
76
           yield list(seq[::-1])
77
           for i in range(len(seq)):
78
79
             next_seq = seq[:i] + seq[i+1:]
80
             all_p = perms(next_seq)
81
             for a in all_p:
82
                new_p = [seq[i]] + list(a)
83
               yield new_p
84
85
      def yield_paths(t, value):
        """Yields all possible paths from the root of t to a node with the label
86
87
        value as a list.
88
89
        >>> t1 = tree(1, [tree(2, [tree(3), tree(4, [tree(6)]), tree(5)]), tree(5)])
90
        >>> print_tree(t1)
91
        1
92
         2
93
           3
           4
94
95
            6
96
           5
97
        >>> next(yield_paths(t1, 6))
98
99
        [1, 2, 4, 6]
        >>> path_to_5 = yield_paths(t1, 5)
100
        >>> sorted(list(path_to_5))
101
```

```
102
       [[1, 2, 5], [1, 5]]
103
104
       >> t2 = tree(0, [tree(2, [t1])])
105
       >>> print_tree(t2)
106
       0
107
         2
108
          1
           2
109
110
            3
            4
111
112
             6
113
            5
114
           5
115
       >>> path_to_2 = yield_paths(t2, 2)
116
       >>> sorted(list(path_to_2))
117
       [[0, 2], [0, 2, 1, 2]]
118
119
       if label(t) == value:
120
          yield [label(t)]
121
       for b in branches(t):
122
          for path in yield_paths(b, value):
123
            yield [label(t)] + path
124
125
126
     def remainders_generator(m):
127
128
       Yields m generators. The ith yielded generator yields natural numbers whose
129
       remainder is i when divided by m.
130
131
       >>> import types
132
       >>> [isinstance(gen, types.GeneratorType) for gen in remainders_generator(5)]
133
       [True, True, True, True, True]
       >>> remainders_four = remainders_generator(4)
134
135
       >>> for i in range(4):
            print("First 3 natural numbers with remainder {0} when divided by 4:".format(i))
136
137
            gen = next(remainders_four)
138
            for _ in range(3):
139
               print(next(gen))
140
       First 3 natural numbers with remainder 0 when divided by 4:
141
       8
142
143
144
       First 3 natural numbers with remainder 1 when divided by 4:
145
       1
146
       5
147
148
       First 3 natural numbers with remainder 2 when divided by 4:
149
       2
150
       6
151
       10
152
       First 3 natural numbers with remainder 3 when divided by 4:
153
       3
```

```
154
        7
155
        11
156
157
        "*** YOUR CODE HERE ***"
158
159
160
     # Tree ADT
161
162
     def tree(label, branches=[]):
163
        """Construct a tree with the given label value and a list of branches."""
164
        for branch in branches:
165
          assert is_tree(branch), 'branches must be trees'
166
        return [label] + list(branches)
167
168
169
     def label(tree):
170
        """Return the label value of a tree."""
171
        return tree[0]
172
173
174
     def branches(tree):
175
        """Return the list of branches of the given tree."""
176
        return tree[1:]
177
178
179
     def is_tree(tree):
        """Returns True if the given tree is a tree, and False otherwise."""
180
181
        if type(tree) != list or len(tree) < 1:
182
          return False
183
       for branch in branches(tree):
184
          if not is_tree(branch):
185
             return False
186
       return True
187
188
189
     def is_leaf(tree):
190
        """Returns True if the given tree's list of branches is empty, and False
191
        otherwise.
192
193
       return not branches(tree)
194
195
196
     def print_tree(t, indent=0):
197
        """Print a representation of this tree in which each node is
198
        indented by two spaces times its depth from the root.
199
200
        >>> print_tree(tree(1))
201
202
        >>> print_tree(tree(1, [tree(2)]))
203
        1
204
         2
205
        >>> numbers = tree(1, [tree(2), tree(3, [tree(4), tree(5)]), tree(6, [tree(7)])])
```

```
206
       >>> print_tree(numbers)
207
        1
208
        2
209
         3
210
         4
211
          5
212
         6
213
          7
214
215
       print(' ' * indent + str(label(t)))
216
       for b in branches(t):
217
          print_tree(b, indent + 1)
218
219
220
     def copy_tree(t):
        """Returns a copy of t. Only for testing purposes.
221
222
223
       >>> t = tree(5)
224
       >>> copy = copy_tree(t)
225
       >> t = tree(6)
226
       >>> print_tree(copy)
227
       .....
228
229
       return tree(label(t), [copy_tree(b) for b in branches(t)])
230
231
232
     def naturals():
233
       """A generator function that yields the infinite sequence of natural
234
       numbers, starting at 1.
235
236
       >>> m = naturals()
237
       >>> type(m)
238
       <class 'generator'>
239
       >>> [next(m) for _ in range(10)]
240
       [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
       000
241
242
       i = 1
243
       while True:
244
          yield i
245
          i += 1
246
```