# Exp. no 3 Title: Face Recognition Using CNN

### Aim:

To build, train, and evaluate a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model for recognizing faces using a labeled dataset.

### **Procedure:**

- 1. Install Required Libraries:
  - Install TensorFlow, Keras, OpenCV (optional for face image processing).
- 2. Import Required Libraries:
  - Import necessary libraries for model building, training, and evaluation.
- 3. Prepare the Dataset:
  - Use a public dataset like LFW (Labeled Faces in the Wild) or a custom dataset of face images.
  - Preprocess the images: resize, normalize, and split into training/testing sets.
- 4. Build the CNN Model:
  - Design a CNN architecture suitable for image classification.
  - Use layers like Convolution, MaxPooling, Flatten, and Dense.
- 5. Compile the Model:
  - Specify the loss function, optimizer, and metrics.
- 6. Train the Model:

• Fit the model to the training dataset and validate it.

#### 7. Evaluate the Model:

Test the model on unseen images and calculate accuracy.

#### 8. Make Predictions:

• Use the trained model to predict new face images.

## Code:

```
# Step 1: Install necessary packages (if not already installed)
!pip install tensorflow
!pip install scikit-learn

# Step 2: Import Libraries
import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

# Step 3: Load and preprocess dataset
```

```
# (Assuming you have a folder structure like:
dataset/person_name/image.jpg)
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255, validation_split=0.2)
train_data = datagen.flow_from_directory(
    'path_to_face_dataset/',  # Replace with your dataset path
    target_size=(64, 64),
    batch_size=32,
    class_mode='categorical',
    subset='training'
)
val_data = datagen.flow_from_directory(
    'path_to_face_dataset/',
    target_size=(64, 64),
    batch_size=32,
    class_mode='categorical',
    subset='validation'
)
# Step 4: Build the CNN Model
model = models.Sequential([
```

```
layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(64, 64,
3)),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
    layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
    layers.Conv2D(128, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    layers.MaxPooling2D((2,2)),
    layers.Flatten(),
    layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    layers.Dropout(0.5),
    layers.Dense(train_data.num_classes, activation='softmax') #
Output layer
])
# Step 5: Compile the Model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
# Step 6: Train the Model
```

```
history = model.fit(
    train_data,
    epochs=10,
    validation_data=val_data
)
# Step 7: Evaluate the Model
loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(val_data)
print(f"Validation Accuracy: {accuracy*100:.2f}%")
# Step 8: Plot Training History
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='train accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='validation accuracy')
plt.title('Model Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
# Optional: Save the Model
model.save('face_recognition_cnn_model.h5')
```

## **Expected Output:**



## **Result:**

The CNN model was successfully built and trained for face recognition.

The model demonstrated high accuracy in recognizing different faces and is capable of generalizing well to new unseen images.