

TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM

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SUMMARY: Objective Function: Minimize $TC = 622x_{11} + 614x_{12} + 630x_{13} + 641x_{21} + 645x_{22} + 649x_{23}$

Subject to Constraints[Supply]: $x_{11} + x_{12} + x_{13} \geq 100$ $x_{21} + x_{22} + x_{23} \geq 120$ [Demand]: $x_{11} + x_{21} \geq 80$
 $x_{12} + x_{22} \geq 60$ $x_{13} + x_{23} \geq 70$

Now, Subject to Non-Negativity Constraints: $x_{ij} = 0$, where $i = 1, 2$ and $j = 1, 2, 3$

#Loading Packages

```
library(Matrix, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
library(lpSolve, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
```

#Building the matrix of the given problem

```
transmatrix <- matrix(c(22,14,30,600,100,
                        16,20,24,625,120,
                        80,60,70,"-", "210/220"), ncol=5, nrow=3, byrow = TRUE)
colnames(transmatrix) <- c("Warehouse1", "Warehouse2", "Warehouse3",
                           "Production Cost", "Production Capacity")
rownames(transmatrix) <- c("PlantA", "PlantB", "Monthly Demand")
transmatrix <- as.table(transmatrix)
transmatrix
```

	Warehouse1	Warehouse2	Warehouse3	Production Cost
PlantA	22	14	30	600
PlantB	16	20	24	625
Monthly Demand	80	60	70	-
	Production Capacity			
PlantA	100			
PlantB	120			
Monthly Demand	210/220			

```
new.transmatrix <- matrix(c(622,614,630,0,100,
                           641,645,649,0,120,
                           80,60,70,10,220), ncol=5, nrow=3, byrow=TRUE)
colnames(new.transmatrix) <- c("Warehouse1", "Warehouse2", "Warehouse3",
```

```

                                "Dummy","Production Capacity")
rownames(new.transmatrix) <- c("PlantA","PlantB","Monthly Demand")
transmatrix <- as.table(new.transmatrix)
transmatrix

```

```

##           Warehouse1 Warehouse2 Warehouse3 Dummy Production Capacity
## PlantA           622         614         630      0              100
## PlantB           641         645         649      0              120
## Monthly Demand      80          60          70     10              220

```

#The balanced values of the problem will be satisfied by this relation. The cost Matrix which we have created is shown below:

```

costs<-matrix(c(622,614,630,0,
                641,645,649,0),nrow = 2, byrow = TRUE)
costs

```

```

##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]  622  614  630    0
## [2,]  641  645  649    0

```

#The values of the matrix of the row's Production Capacity side are as follows:

```

row.rhs<-c(100,120)
row.signs<-rep("<=",2)

```

#Here, we used the double variable 10 at the end to determines the dummy variable and also we used the values of the matrix from column's side Production Capacity are as follows:

```

col.rhs<-c(80,60,70,10)
col.signs<-rep(">=",4)

```

#In this chunk, we are going to use the LP Transport Command to run the code

```

lptrans<-lp.transport(costs,"min",row.signs,row.rhs,col.signs,col.rhs )
lptrans$solution

```

```

##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
## [1,]    0   60   40    0
## [2,]   80    0   30   10

```

```

lptrans$objval

```

```

## [1] 132790

```

Conclusion: From the Above Code, we can conclude that our result is $Z=132790$. The result for each variable of both plants are as follows: 60x12 which is warehouse2 from plantA 40x13 which is warehouse3 from plantA 80x21 which is warehouse1 from plantB 30x23 which is warehouse3 from plantB 10x24 which is the 4th variable is called as the "throw away variable".