In [2]: import pickle
 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 import pandas as pd
 import numpy as np
 import seaborn as sns
 from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
 from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression
 from sklearn.svm import SVC
 from sklearn.metrics import ConfusionMatrixDisplay , classification\_report
 from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

Out[4]:		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
	battery_power	842.0	1021.0	563.0	615.0	1821.0	1859.0	1821.0	1954.0	1445.0	509.0	
	blue	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	
	clock_speed	2.2	0.5	0.5	2.5	1.2	0.5	1.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	
	dual_sim	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	
	fc	1.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	13.0	3.0	4.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	
	four_g	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	
	int_memory	7.0	53.0	41.0	10.0	44.0	22.0	10.0	24.0	53.0	9.0	
	m_dep	0.6	0.7	0.9	8.0	0.6	0.7	0.8	8.0	0.7	0.1	
	mobile_wt	188.0	136.0	145.0	131.0	141.0	164.0	139.0	187.0	174.0	93.0	
	n_cores	2.0	3.0	5.0	6.0	2.0	1.0	8.0	4.0	7.0	5.0	
	рс	2.0	6.0	6.0	9.0	14.0	7.0	10.0	0.0	14.0	15.0	
	px_height	20.0	905.0	1263.0	1216.0	1208.0	1004.0	381.0	512.0	386.0	1137.0	
	px_width	756.0	1988.0	1716.0	1786.0	1212.0	1654.0	1018.0	1149.0	836.0	1224.0	
	ram	2549.0	2631.0	2603.0	2769.0	1411.0	1067.0	3220.0	700.0	1099.0	513.0	
	sc_h	9.0	17.0	11.0	16.0	8.0	17.0	13.0	16.0	17.0	19.0	
	sc_w	7.0	3.0	2.0	8.0	2.0	1.0	8.0	3.0	1.0	10.0	
	talk_time	19.0	7.0	9.0	11.0	15.0	10.0	18.0	5.0	20.0	12.0	
	three_g	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	touch_screen	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
	wifi	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	
	price_range	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

21 rows × 2000 columns

## In [5]: df\_train.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2000 entries, 0 to 1999
Data columns (total 21 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	battery_power	2000 non-null	int64
1	blue	2000 non-null	int64
2	clock_speed	2000 non-null	float64
3	dual_sim	2000 non-null	int64
4	fc	2000 non-null	int64
5	four_g	2000 non-null	int64
6	int_memory	2000 non-null	int64
7	m_dep	2000 non-null	float64
8	<pre>mobile_wt</pre>	2000 non-null	int64
9	n_cores	2000 non-null	int64
10	рс	2000 non-null	int64
11	px_height	2000 non-null	int64
12	px_width	2000 non-null	int64
13	ram	2000 non-null	int64
14	sc_h	2000 non-null	int64
15	SC_W	2000 non-null	int64
16	talk_time	2000 non-null	int64
17	three_g	2000 non-null	int64
18	touch_screen	2000 non-null	int64
19	wifi	2000 non-null	int64
20	price_range	2000 non-null	int64
d+vn	oc. float(1/2)	in+61/10)	

dtypes: float64(2), int64(19)

memory usage: 328.3 KB

In [8]: df\_train.describe()

## Out[8]:

	battery_power	blue	clock_speed	dual_sim	fc	four_g	int_memo
count	2000.000000	2000.0000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.000000	2000.00000
mean	1238.518500	0.4950	1.522250	0.509500	4.309500	0.521500	32.04650
std	439.418206	0.5001	0.816004	0.500035	4.341444	0.499662	18.14571
min	501.000000	0.0000	0.500000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2.00000
25%	851.750000	0.0000	0.700000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	16.00000
50%	1226.000000	0.0000	1.500000	1.000000	3.000000	1.000000	32.00000
75%	1615.250000	1.0000	2.200000	1.000000	7.000000	1.000000	48.00000
max	1998.000000	1.0000	3.000000	1.000000	19.000000	1.000000	64.00000

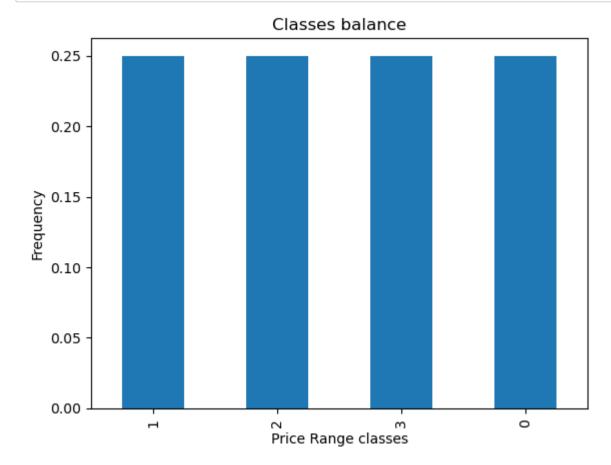
8 rows × 21 columns

4

## In [9]: df\_train.nunique()

Out[9]:	<pre>battery_power blue</pre>	1094 2
	clock_speed	26
	dual_sim	2
	fc	20
		20
	four_g	
	int_memory	63
	m_dep	10
	mobile_wt	121
	n_cores	8
	рс	21
	px_height	1137
	px_width	1109
	ram	1562
	sc_h	15
	SC_W	19
	talk_time	19
	three_g	2
	touch_screen	2
	wifi	2
	price_range	4
	dtype: int64	

```
In [11]: df_train['price_range'].value_counts(normalize=True).plot(kind = 'bar')
    plt.xlabel("Price Range classes")
    plt.ylabel("Frequency")
    plt.title("Classes balance");
```



```
In [14]: sns.boxplot(x= 'price_range', y='ram', data=df_train)
plt.xlabel("Price Range classes")
plt.ylabel("Ram")
plt.title("Distribution of Ram Ratio, by Class")

Out[14]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Distribution of Ram Ratio, by Class')

Distribution of Ram Ratio, by Class

4000

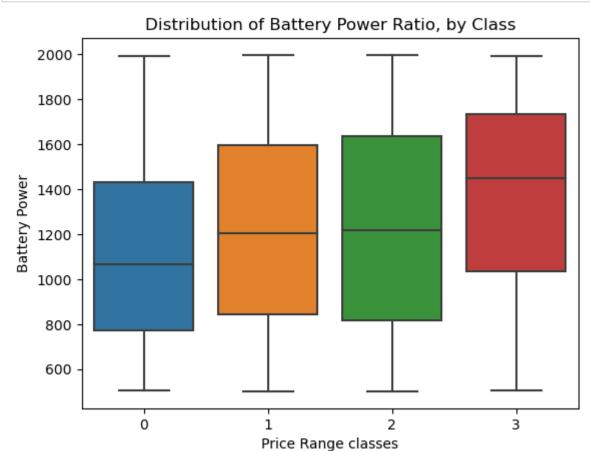
3500

2500

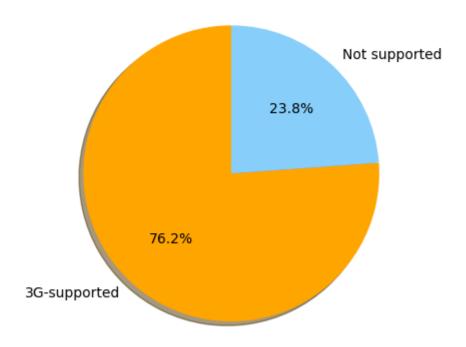
2500

1500
```

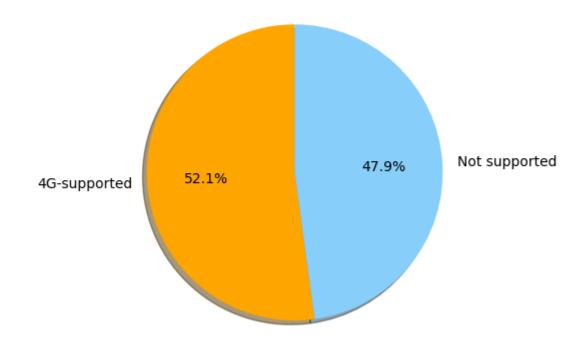
```
In [16]: sns.boxplot(x= 'price_range', y='battery_power', data=df_train)
    plt.xlabel("Price Range classes")
    plt.ylabel("Battery Power")
    plt.title("Distribution of Battery Power Ratio, by Class");
```



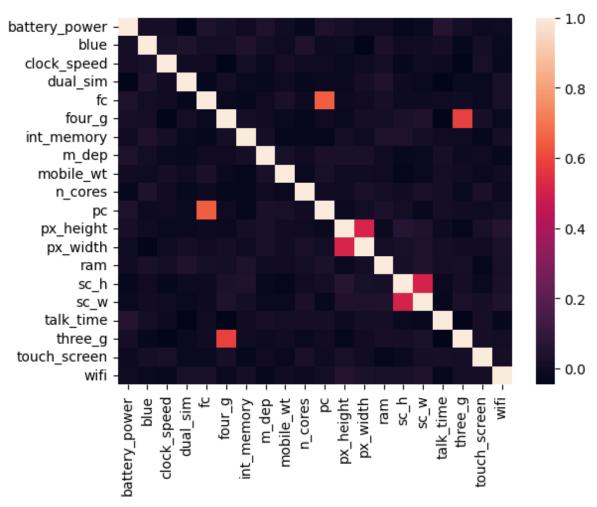
```
In [20]: labels = ["3G-supported",'Not supported']
  values = df_train['three_g'].value_counts().values
  fig, ax = plt.subplots()
  colors = ['orange', 'lightskyblue']
  ax.pie(values, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%',shadow=True,startangle=90,color
  plt.show();
```



```
In [21]: labels = ["4G-supported",'Not supported']
  values = df_train['four_g'].value_counts().values
  fig1, ax1 = plt.subplots()
  colors = ['orange', 'lightskyblue']
  ax1.pie(values, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%',shadow=True,startangle=90,coloplt.show();
```



```
In [22]: corr = df_train.drop(columns='price_range').corr()
sns.heatmap(corr);
```



```
In [23]: target = 'price_range'
    X = df_train.drop(columns=[target])
    y = df_train[target]
    print(f"X shape {X.shape}")
    print(f"y Shape {y.shape}")

    X shape (2000, 20)
    y Shape (2000,)

In [25]: scalar = MinMaxScaler()

In [26]: features = X.columns
    X = scalar.fit_transform(X)
```

```
In [27]: print(X)
          [[0.22778891 0.
                                  0.68
                                                                         1.
                                              ... 0.
                                                             0.
          [0.34736139 1.
                                  0.
                                                             1.
                                                                         0.
                                              ... 1.
           [0.04141617 1.
                                  0.
                                              ... 1.
                                                             1.
                                                                         0.
                                                                                   ]
                                  0.16
                                              ... 1.
                                                             1.
                                                                         0.
           [0.94188377 0.
           [0.6753507 0.
                                  0.16
                                              ... 1.
                                                             1.
                                                                         1.
           [0.00601202 1.
                                  0.6
                                              ... 1.
                                                             1.
                                                                         1.
                                                                                   ]]
In [28]: X_train , X_test , y_train , y_test = train_test_split(X, y , test_size=0.2 ,
In [29]:
         print("X_train shape:", X_train.shape)
         print("y_train shape:", y_train.shape)
         print("X_test shape :" , X_test.shape)
         print("y_test shape:", y_test.shape)
         X_train shape: (1600, 20)
         y_train shape: (1600,)
         X test shape: (400, 20)
         y_test shape: (400,)
In [30]: | model lr = LogisticRegression(max iter=1000)
In [31]: model_lr.fit(X_train,y_train)
Out[31]: LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000)
```

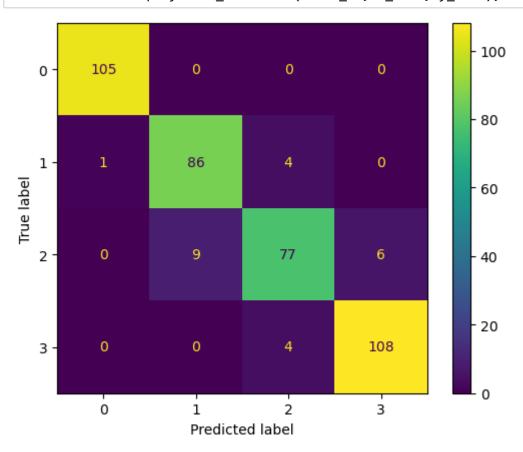
In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
In [32]: training_acc_lr= model_lr.score(X_train , y_train)
print(f"Training accuracy: {training_acc_lr}")
```

Training accuracy: 0.938125

In [33]: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from\_estimator(model\_lr, X\_test, y\_test);



```
In [34]: model_svc= SVC()
```

In [36]: model\_svc.fit(X\_train, y\_train)

Out[36]: SVC()

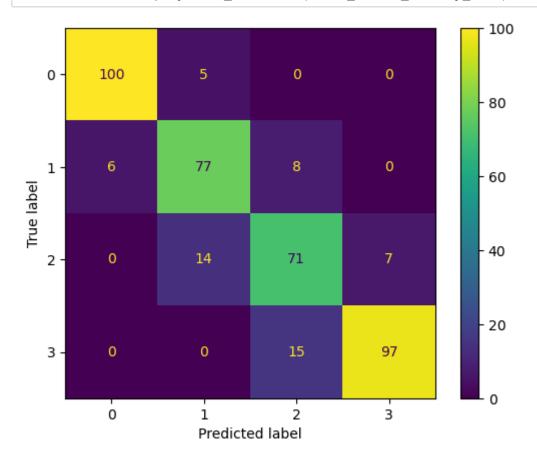
In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page with nbviewer.org.

```
In [37]: training_acc_svc = model_svc.score(X_train , y_train)
    print(f"Testing accuracy: {training_acc_svc}")
```

Testing accuracy: 0.969375

```
In [38]: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_estimator(model_svc, X_test, y_test);
```



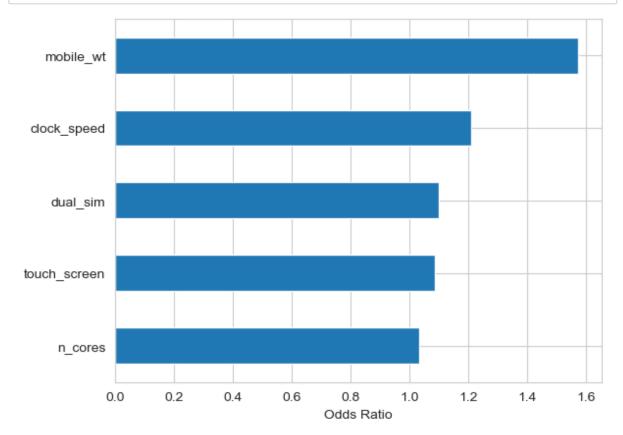
```
Out[51]: Models Score

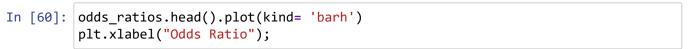
1 SVM testing_acc_svc

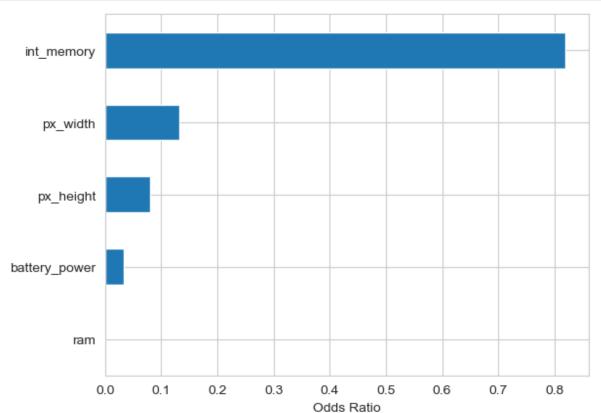
0 Logestic Regression testing_acc_lr
```

```
Out[58]: ram 7.023289e-07
battery_power 3.356091e-02
px_height 7.997938e-02
px_width 1.317819e-01
int_memory 8.198506e-01
dtype: float64
```









## Thanks!