Uber Price Prediction

In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from datetime import datetime
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

In [14]:

```
data = pd.read_csv("uber.csv")
```

In [15]:

```
#Create a data copy
df = data.copy()
```

In [16]:

```
df.head
```

Out[16]:

<pre><bound method="" ndframe.head="" of<="" th=""><th>ke</th></bound></pre>							ke
0	24238194		7 19:52:06.00		7.5		
1	27835199		7 20:04:56.00		7.7		
2	44984355 25894730		21:45:00.000 6 08:22:21.00		12.9 5.3		
4	17610152		17:47:00.0000		16.0		
199995	42598914		10:49:00.000		3.0		
199996	16382965		.4 01:09:00.00		7.5		
199997 199998	27804658 20259894		00:42:00.000 0 14:56:25.00		30.9 14.5		
199999	11951496		04:08:00.000		14.1		
		kup_datetime			<pre>pickup_latitude</pre>	\	
0		19:52:06 UTC		99817	40.738354		
1		20:04:56 UTC		94355	40.728225		
2		21:45:00 UTC		05043	40.740770		
3 4		08:22:21 UTC 17:47:00 UTC		76124 25023	40.790844 40.744085		
	2014-00-20	17.47.00 010					
199995	2012-10-28	10:49:00 UTC		87042	40.739367		
199996		01:09:00 UTC		84722	40.736837		
199997		00:42:00 UTC		86017	40.756487		
199998	2015-05-20	14:56:25 UTC		97124	40.725452		
199999	2010-05-15	04:08:00 UTC	-73.9	84395	40.720077		
	dranaff lan	aituda dran	off latitude	2266	ngor count		
0		.999512	40.723217	passe	nger_count 1		
1		994710	40.750325		1		
2		962565	40.772647		1		
3		965316	40.803349		3		
4		973082	40.761247		5		
199995		986525	40.740297		1		
199996		006672	40.739620		1		
199997		858957	40.692588		2		
199998		983215	40.695415		1		
199999	-/3.	985508	40.768793		1		

[200000 rows x 9 columns]>

Data Preprocessing

```
In [17]:
```

```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 200000 entries, 0 to 199999
Data columns (total 9 columns):
                         Non-Null Count
     Column
 #
                                          Dtype
                                          int64
 0
     Unnamed: 0
                         200000 non-null
 1
                         200000 non-null
                                          object
     key
 2
     fare amount
                         200000 non-null
                                          float64
 3
     pickup datetime
                         200000 non-null
                                          object
     pickup_longitude
                         200000 non-null
                                          float64
 5
     pickup_latitude
                         200000 non-null
                                          float64
     dropoff_longitude
 6
                         199999 non-null
                                          float64
     dropoff_latitude
 7
                         199999 non-null
                                          float64
     passenger_count
                         200000 non-null
 8
                                          int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(2)
memory usage: 13.7+ MB
In [18]:
```

In [19]:

#pickup datetime is not in required data format

df["pickup_datetime"] = pd.to_datetime(df["pickup_datetime"])

```
#Statistics of data df.describe()
```

Out[19]:

	Unnamed: 0	fare_amount	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	dropoff_longitude	$dropoff_latitude$	ı
count	2.000000e+05	200000.000000	200000.000000	200000.000000	199999.000000	199999.000000	
mean	2.771250e+07	11.359955	-72.527638	39.935885	-72.525292	39.923890	
std	1.601382e+07	9.901776	11.437787	7.720539	13.117408	6.794829	
min	1.000000e+00	-52.000000	-1340.648410	-74.015515	-3356.666300	-881.985513	
25%	1.382535e+07	6.000000	-73.992065	40.734796	-73.991407	40.733823	
50%	2.774550e+07	8.500000	-73.981823	40.752592	-73.980093	40.753042	
75%	4.155530e+07	12.500000	-73.967154	40.767158	-73.963658	40.768001	
max	5.542357e+07	499.000000	57.418457	1644.421482	1153.572603	872.697628	
4							•

In [20]:

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[20]:

```
Unnamed: 0
                      0
key
                      0
fare amount
                      0
                      0
pickup_datetime
pickup_longitude
                      0
pickup_latitude
                      0
dropoff longitude
                      1
                      1
dropoff latitude
passenger count
                      0
dtype: int64
```

In [21]:

```
#Drop the rows with missing values
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

In [22]:

```
# (3)Correlation
df.corr()
```

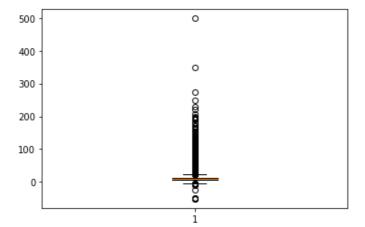
Out[22]:

	Unnamed: 0	fare_amount	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	dropoff_longitude	dropoff_lati
Unnamed: 0	1.000000	0.000587	0.000230	-0.000341	0.000270	0.00
fare_amount	0.000587	1.000000	0.010458	-0.008482	0.008986	-0.01
pickup_longitude	0.000230	0.010458	1.000000	-0.816461	0.833026	-0.84
pickup_latitude	-0.000341	-0.008482	-0.816461	1.000000	-0.774787	0.70
dropoff_longitude	0.000270	0.008986	0.833026	-0.774787	1.000000	-0.91
dropoff_latitude	0.000271	-0.011014	-0.846324	0.702367	-0.917010	1.00
passenger_count	0.002259	0.010158	-0.000415	-0.001559	0.000033	-0.00
4						+

In [23]:

```
plt.boxplot(df['fare_amount'])
```

Out[23]:



```
In [24]:
```

```
#Remove Outliers
q_low = df["fare_amount"].quantile(0.01)
q_hi = df["fare_amount"].quantile(0.99)

df = df[(df["fare_amount"] < q_hi) & (df["fare_amount"] > q_low)]
```

In [25]:

```
#Check the missing values now df.isnull().sum()
```

Out[25]:

```
Unnamed: 0
                         0
key
fare_amount
                         0
                         0
pickup_datetime
pickup_longitude
                         0
pickup latitude
                         0
dropoff_longitude
dropoff_latitude
                         0
                         0
passenger count
                         0
dtype: int64
```

In [26]:

```
#Time to apply learning models
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

In [27]:

```
#Take x as predictor variable
x = df.drop("fare_amount", axis = 1)
#And y as target variable
y = df['fare_amount']
```

In [28]:

```
#Necessary to apply model
x['pickup_datetime'] = pd.to_numeric(pd.to_datetime(x['pickup_datetime']))
x = x.loc[:, x.columns.str.contains('^Unnamed')]
```

In [29]:

```
x_{train}, x_{train}, y_{train}, y_{test} = train_{test}, train_{t
```

In [30]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
from math import sqrt
```

In [32]:

```
from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [33]:
```

```
lrmodel = LinearRegression()
lrmodel.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

Out[33]:

LinearRegression()

In [34]:

```
#Prediction
predict = lrmodel.predict(x_test)
```

In [35]:

```
#Check Error
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
lrmodelrmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(predict, y_test))
print("RMSE error for the model is ", lrmodelrmse)
```

RMSE error for the model is 8.063863046328835

In [36]:

```
#Let's Apply Random Forest Regressor
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
rfrmodel = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators = 100, random_state = 101)
```

In [39]:

```
#Fit the Forest
rfrmodel.fit(x_train, y_train)
rfrmodel_pred = rfrmodel.predict(x_test)
```

In [40]:

```
#Errors for the forest
rfrmodel_rmse = np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(rfrmodel_pred, y_test))
print("RMSE value for Random Forest is:",rfrmodel_rmse)
```

RMSE value for Random Forest is: 9.757713738069647