Network Traffic Capture and Protocol Analysis

This report documents the capture and analysis of live network traffic using Wireshark. It identifies key protocols observed during the capture and provides packet-level observations that demonstrate typical network behavior.

Tools & Resources Used

- Wireshark (for capturing and analyzing network packets).
- Active Ethernet/Wi
 Fi network adapter to monitor traffic.
- Internet connection used to generate live traffic during capture.

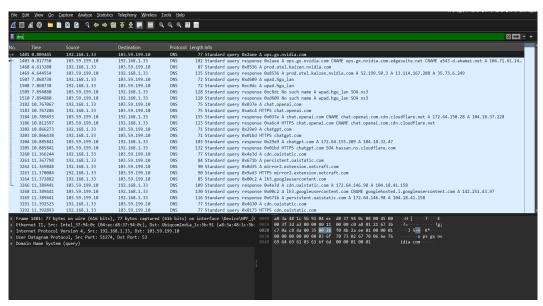
Procedure

- 1. Installed and launched Wireshark with necessary privileges.
- 2. Selected the active network interface and started packet capture.
- 3. Generated traffic by browsing and pinging external servers for ~1 minute.
- 4. Stopped the capture and applied filters (tcp, udp, dns) to focus analysis.
- 5. Saved the capture as a .pcap file for submission.

Findings & Analysis

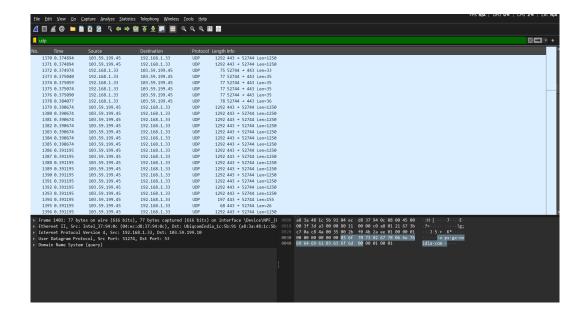
TCP (Transmission Control Protocol)

TCP is a connection-oriented protocol that ensures reliable data delivery. Observed a TLSv1.2 session over TCP between the local host (192.168.1.33) and a remote server (163.70.143.60) on port 443. The capture shows the expected three-way handshake (SYN, SYN-ACK, ACK) and subsequent encrypted application data frames.



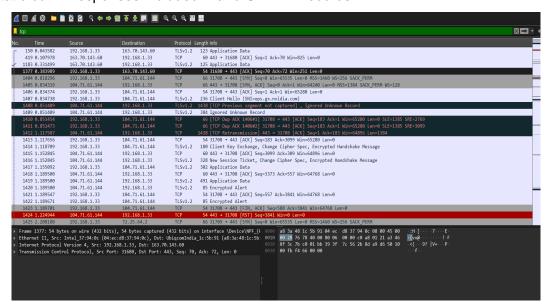
UDP (User Datagram Protocol)

UDP is a connectionless protocol used for low-latency transmissions. The capture includes repetitive UDP packets between the remote host 103.59.199.45 and the local machine 192.168.1.33, some of which are related to quick query/response traffic.



DNS (Domain Name System)

DNS resolves domain names to IP addresses. The capture shows queries from 192.168.1.33 to a DNS resolver (103.59.199.10) for domains such as chat.openai.com, ops.gx.nvidia.com, and cdn.oai-static.com. Responses included A and CNAME records.



Conclusion

The capture demonstrates how TCP, UDP, and DNS operate together during normal internet activity: DNS resolves names, UDP handles lightweight/fast exchanges, and TCP carries reliable, often encrypted, sessions. The .pcap file captures these interactions and can be reviewed for deeper packet-level analysis.