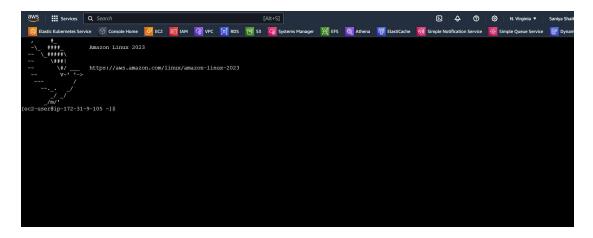
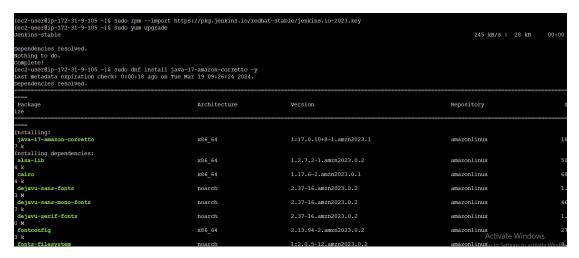
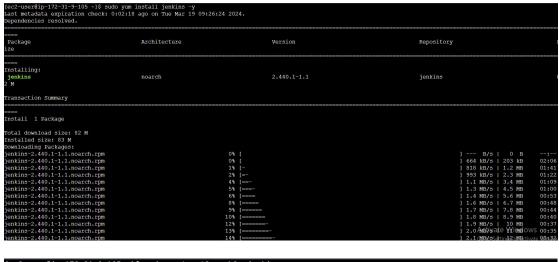
Jenkins_Assigment_01

1. Install Jenkins on one of the server on your setup (Local VM / Ec2 / WSL). Once Jenkins is installed, try install plugins with and without restart option. Please verify plugins installed successfully.









[ec2-user@ip-172-31-9-105 ~]\$ sudo systemctl enable jenkins Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/jenkins.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service. [ec2-user@ip-172-31-9-105 ~]\$ sudo systemctl start jenkin

```
[cc2-user8ip-172-31-9-105 -]5 sudo systemct1 start jenkins
[cc2-user8ip-172-31-9-105 -]5 sudo systemct1 start jenkins
[cc2-user8ip-172-31-9-105 -]5 sudo systemct1 start jenkins

[cc2-user8ip-172-31-9-105 -]5 sudo systemct1 start jenkins

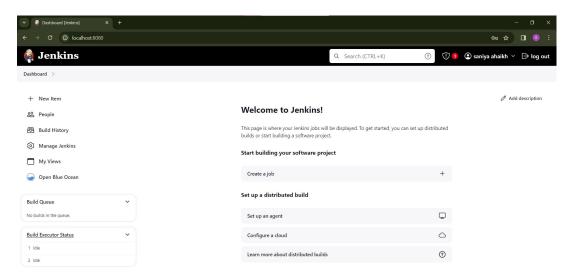
[cc2-user8ip-172-31-9-105 -]5 sudo systemct] sprkins

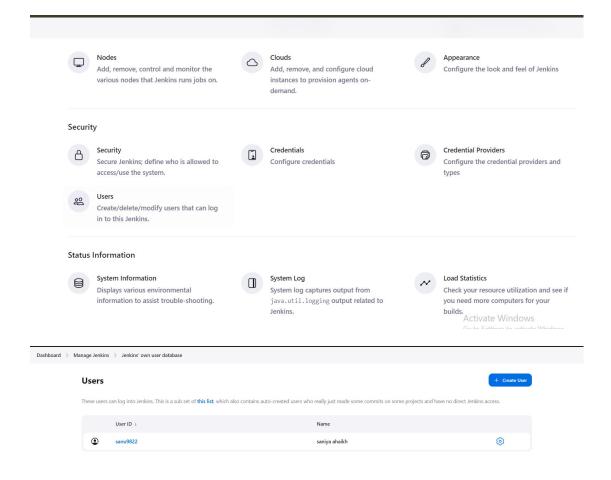
[cc2-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-172-31-9-user8ip-
```

2. Create any 4 local Jenkins users on your Jenkins server. Also create 2 Jenkins roles named developers & delivery.

Once roles are created, assign developers role to 3 users and delivery role to project Manager user.

Please take screenshots and prepare well formatted document of your understanding.





First User

Create User

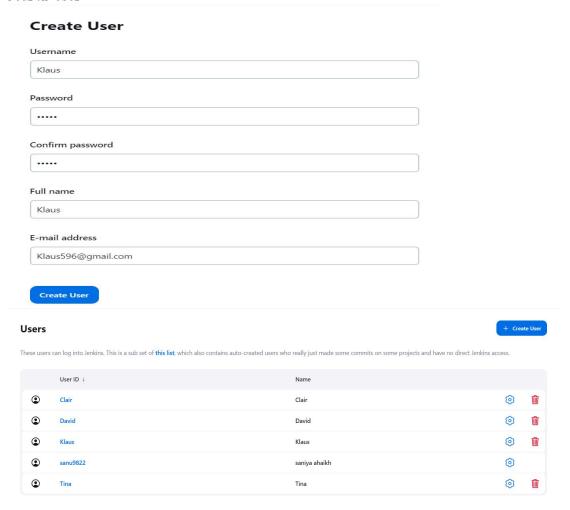
Clair		
Password		
••••		
Confirm password		
•••••		
Full name		
Clair		

Create User

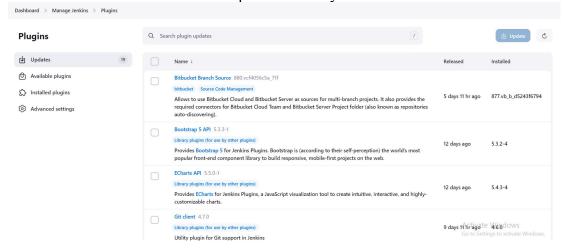
Second User **Create User** Username David Password •••• Confirm password Full name David E-mail address David456@gmail.com Create User Third User **Create User**

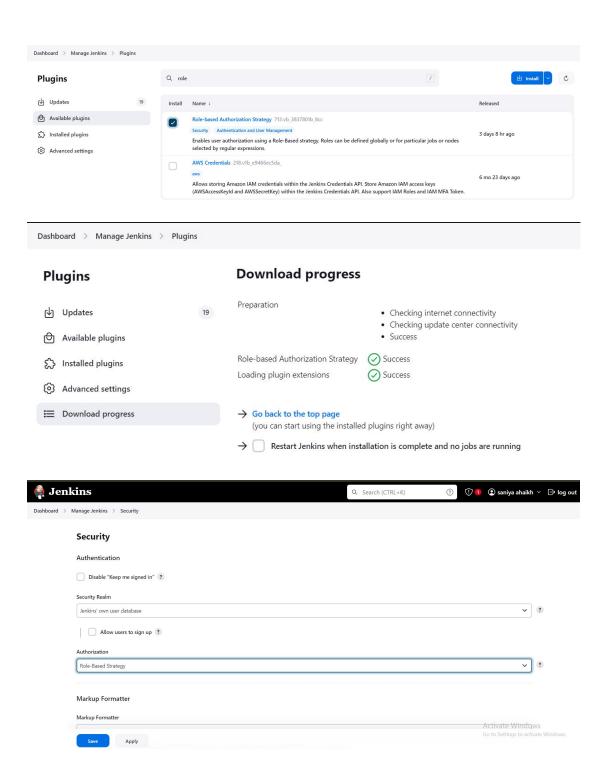
Tina	
Password	
Password	
••••	
••••	
Full name	
Full name Tina	
Transport	

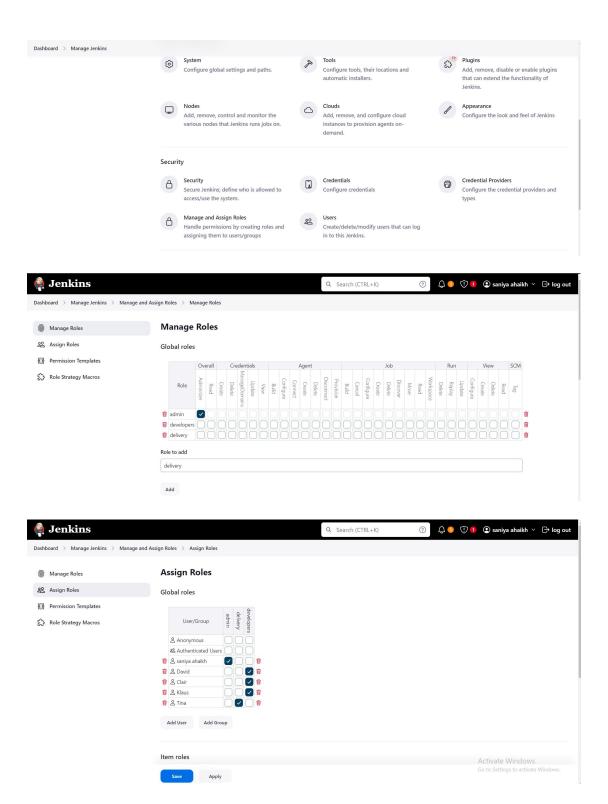
Fourth User



create 2 Jenkins roles named developers & delivery





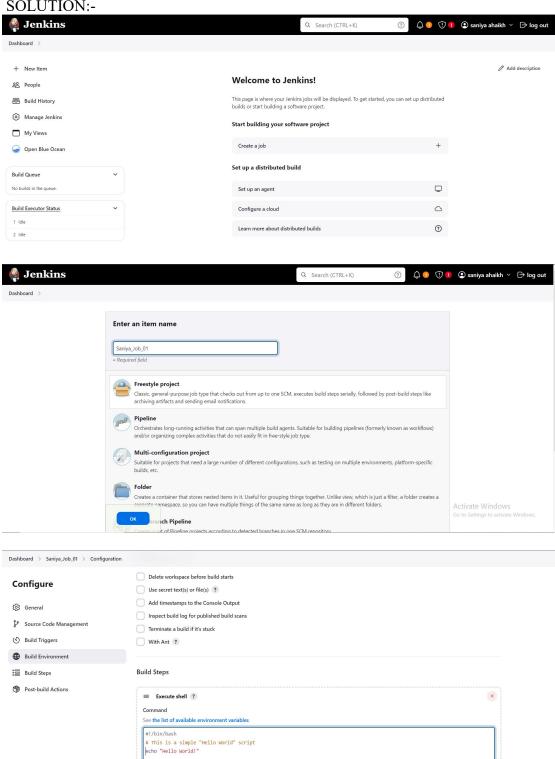


3. Create a Jenkins job named YOURNAME_Job_01 on a Jenkins Server. This job should run below given shell script in the job. Please check the console output of job and make sure it is successful.

#!/bin/bash
This is a simple "Hello World" script
echo "Hello World!"

Prepare well formatted document with screenshots.

SOLUTION:-



Save Apply



4. Create a Jenkins job named YOURNAME_Job_02 that runs a shell script on a local server Jenkins.

The script should take in two parameters, e.g. num1, num2 from Jenkins.

This shell is taking 2 command line arguments as numbers.

Try to execute script locally to understand it more.

```
# sh your_script_name.sh 11 12
```

```
#] vim your_script_name.sh
```

#!/bin/bash

#Define a variable named "name" name="John Doe"

#Print the value of the variable echo "My name is \$name"

#except the value from the user for two numbers and store the values in variables

num1 = \$1num2 = \$2

#Use an if statement to check if the first number is greater than the second number

```
if [ $num1 -gt $num2 ]; then
   echo "$num1 is greater than $num2"
else
   echo "$num2 is greater than $num1"
fi
```

#Use a for loop to print the numbers from 1 to the value of the first number

```
for i in $(seq 1 $num1); do
echo $i
done
```

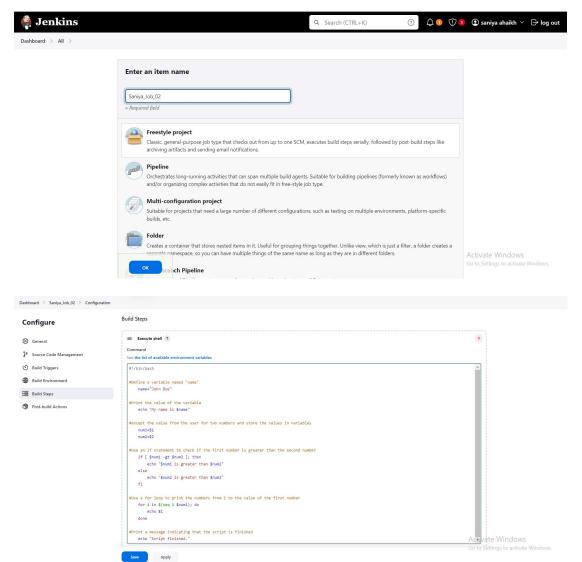
#Print a message indicating that the script is finished echo "Script finished."

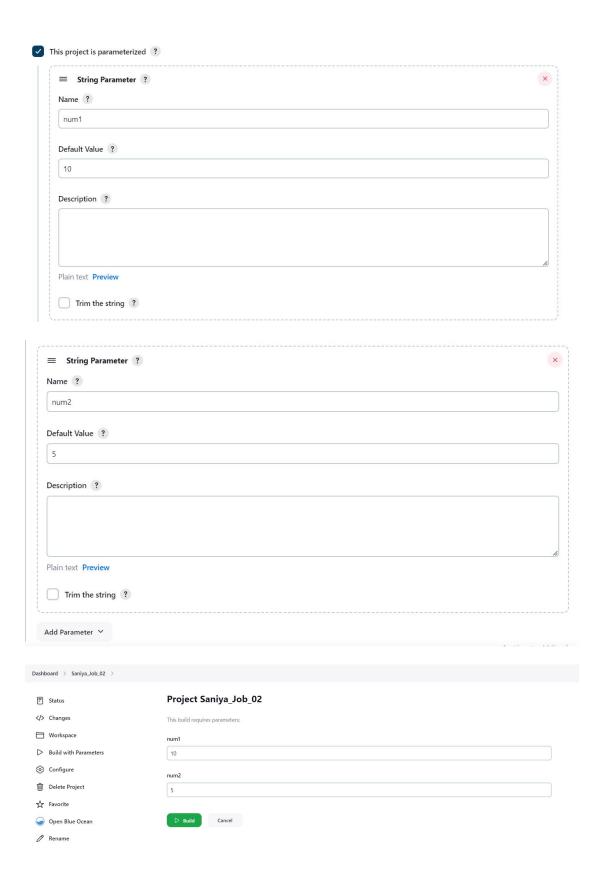
Once script is tested locally, create 2 parameters in Jenkins and pass those parameters to the shell script.

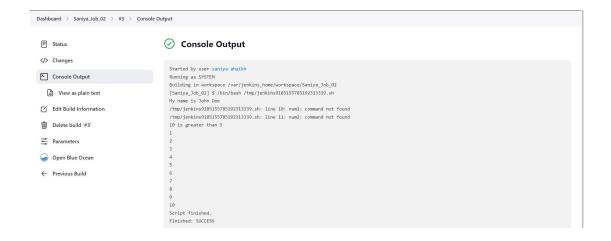
Run the Jenkins job and check the console out for detailed job logs.

```
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS# vim saniya.sh
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS#
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS# cat saniya.sh
#!/bin/bash
#Define a variable named "name"
       name="John Doe"
#Print the value of the variable
       echo "My name is $name"
#except the value from the user for two numbers and store the values in variables
num1=$1
num2=$2
#Use an if statement to check if the first number is greater than the second number if [ $num1 -gt $num2 ]; then echo "$num1 is greater than $num2"
       else
               echo "$num2 is greater than $num1"
       fi
done
```

```
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS# ./saniya.sh 10 5
My name is John Doe
10 is greater than 5
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
Script finished.
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS#
```







5. Create a Jenkins job named YOURNAME_Job_03 that runs a shell script on a local server using Jenkins parameters.

The script should take in three parameters, liKE NAME, LAST_NAME, SHOW. Print the NAME and LAST_NAME if value of SHOW is true.

```
#!/bin/bash
# Define a variable and except the value from the user and store the values in variables

NAME=$1

LAST_NAME=$2

SHOW=$3

# Use an if statement to check if the value SHOW is TRUE.

if [[ $SHOW == "true" ]]

then

echo " $NAME $LAST_NAME"

else

echo " Not allowed to show the Names "

fi

# Print a message indicating that the script is finished echo "Script finished."
```

root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS# chmod +x saniya.sh
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS# ./saniya.sh saniya shaikh true
saniya shaikh
Script finished.
root@DESKTOP-VIDGD8F:JENKINS#

