Applying NetREm model on data where some gene expression nodes are NOT found in the input Protein-Protein Interaction (PPI) network

Understanding: overlapped_nodes_only parameter

By: Saniya Khullar

- Please note that in this notebook, we show how NetREm works on data where the gene
 expression data contains more nodes than those that are found in the input proteinprotein interaction (PPI) network.
- Please note that we remove any nodes in the PPI that are not found in the gene expression data because we need gene expression information for all of our predictors (to predict target gene (TG) expression).

Structure of this notebook:

- **Example 1**: We show how NetREm is applied with 6 Transcription Factors (TFs), 5 of which have PPI network input data (missing for TF_6). We will keep all 6 TFs (default: overlapped_nodes_only = False) and show how NetREm infers a model (adding default edges between TF_6 and the other 5 predictors).
- **Example 2**: We have the same data (for 6 TFs in gene expression data) as in *Example 1*, but we will instead opt to fit a model only for the 5 TFs (TF_1 to TF_5) found in our input PPI network (overlapped_nodes_only = True).
- **Example 3**: We have the gene expression data only for the 5 TFs (TF_1 to TF_5) and we will use overlapped_nodes_only = False.
- **Example 4**: We have the gene expression data only for the 5 TFs (TF_1 to TF_5) and we will use overlapped_nodes_only = True.

Please note: we expect to get the **same NetREm model results** (TF-TG regulatory networks given by coefficient c and TF-TF coordination networks of direct/indirect TF-TF interactions given by B) for **Examples 2 to 4**.

The goal is to build a machine learning model to predict the gene expression levels of our target gene (TG), y, based on the gene expression levels of N=6 candidate Transcription Factors (TF) predictors $[TF_1,TF_2,TF_3,TF_4,TF_5,TF_6]$ in a particular cell-type. Assume the gene expression values for each TF are $[X_1,X_2,X_3,X_4,X_5,X_6]$, respectively. We generate random samples (rows) of data where the Pearson correlations (r) between gene expression of each TF (X) with gene expression of TG as corrVals: $[cor(TF_1,y)=0.9,cor(TF_2,y)=0.5,cor(TF_3,y)=0.1,cor(TF_4,y)=-0.2,cor(TF_5,y)=-0.8,cor(TF_6,y)=-0.3]$.

The dimensions of X are therefore 100,000 rows by 6 columns (predictors).

```
from Netrem model builder import *
 3 import PriorGraphNetwork as graph
 4 import error_metrics as em
 5 import essential functions as ef
   import netrem evaluation functions as nm eval
 7
 8 # there are 6 entries for corrs list, corresponding to 6 TF predictors
   # correlations of each X predictor TF with y
 9
    corrs_list = [0.9, 0.5, 0.1, -0.2, -0.8, -0.3]
10
11
   dummy_data_large = generate_dummy_data(corrVals = corrs_list,
12
13
                                      num_samples_M = 100000,
14
                                      train data percent = 70)
15 | dummy_data_large
:) same_train_test_data = False
Generating predictors:
                                       | 0/6 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
                         0%|
Please note that since we hold out 30.0% of our 100000 samples for testin
g, we have:
X_train = 70000 rows (samples) and 6 columns (N = 6 predictors) for traini
X_{\text{test}} = 30000 \text{ rows (samples)} and 6 columns (N = 6 predictors) for testin
y_train = 70000 corresponding rows (samples) for training.
y_test = 30000 corresponding rows (samples) for testing.
  0%|
               | 0/6 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
  0%|
               | 0/6 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
  0% l
               | 0/6 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
```

1 | from DemoDataBuilderXandY import generate dummy data

In [12]:

Out[12]: <DemoDataBuilderXandY.DemoDataBuilderXandY at 0x235691771f0>

The X data should be in the form of a Pandas dataframe as below:

```
In [13]: 1 X_df_large = dummy_data_large.X_df
2 X_df_large.head()
```

```
        Out[13]:
        TF1
        TF2
        TF3
        TF4
        TF5
        TF6

        0
        0.069136
        1.154505
        0.342957
        -1.597101
        -0.829135
        1.394154

        1
        -0.020550
        0.199960
        1.378926
        -1.080837
        -1.329560
        -0.437410

        2
        -0.572949
        -1.228932
        -0.579102
        -0.155665
        2.412702
        2.493727

        3
        0.638589
        0.439648
        0.758285
        1.413038
        -0.739683
        1.054190

        4
        -1.244680
        -0.937870
        0.827576
        -1.245802
        0.536970
        -0.590952
```

The y data should be in the form of a Pandas dataframe as below:

```
In [14]:
            1 y_df = dummy_data_large.y_df
            2 y_df.head()
Out[14]:
              0.601721
             1.151619
            -1.359462
             0.222055
            -0.775868
In [15]:
           1 # 70,000 samples for training data
            2 # (used to train and fit NetREm model)
            3 X_train_large = dummy_data_large.view_X_train_df()
           4 y_train = dummy_data_large.view_y_train_df()
           5
            6 # 30,000 samples for testing data
           7 X_test_large = dummy_data_large.view_X_test_df()
            8 y_test = dummy_data_large.view_y_test_df()
In [16]:
           1 X_train_large.corr()
Out[16]:
                    TF1
                             TF2
                                      TF3
                                               TF4
                                                         TF5
                                                                  TF6
           TF1
               1.000000
                         0.452697
                                  0.096390 -0.185516 -0.717721 -0.265090
           TF2
               0.452697
                         1.000000
                                  0.052924 -0.102394 -0.401998 -0.148107
                                  1.000000 -0.019283 -0.081800 -0.026654
           TF3
               0.096390
                         0.052924
           TF4 -0.185516 -0.102394 -0.019283
                                           1.000000 0.159783
                                                              0.054849
           TF5 -0.717721 -0.401998 -0.081800
                                                    1.000000
                                           0.159783
                                                              0.233207
```

0.054849

0.233207

1.000000

TF6 -0.265090 -0.148107 -0.026654

```
In [17]:
             1 X_test_large.corr()
Out[17]:
                      TF1
                                TF2
                                           TF3
                                                     TF4
                                                                TF5
                                                                          TF6
            TF1
                  1.000000
                            0.449557
                                      0.091530 -0.191634
                                                          -0.722327 -0.268918
            TF2
                  0.449557
                            1.000000
                                      0.045767
                                                -0.102211 -0.404597 -0.154488
            TF3
                  0.091530
                            0.045767
                                      1.000000
                                                -0.028500
                                                          -0.083975 -0.023039
            TF4 -0.191634 -0.102211
                                     -0.028500
                                                 1.000000
                                                           0.166970
                                                                     0.067488
            TF5
                 -0.722327
                          -0.404597
                                      -0.083975
                                                 0.166970
                                                           1.000000
                                                                     0.232792
                -0.268918 -0.154488
                                     -0.023039
                                                 0.067488
                                                           0.232792
            TF6
                                                                     1.000000
In [18]:
             1
                training = X_train_large.copy()
                training["y"] = y_train
                training
Out[18]:
                        TF1
                                  TF2
                                             TF3
                                                       TF4
                                                                            TF6
                                                                  TF5
                                                                                         У
                0 -0.378744
                             -0.718500 -1.142852
                                                   0.743016 -0.539838 -0.414618 -0.781967
                                        -2.260161
                   -0.724085
                             -0.331387
                                                  -1.388135
                                                             0.051536
                                                                       2.044948 -0.098861
                   -1.979727
                             -0.145575
                                        0.164909
                                                   0.554979
                                                             2.047608
                                                                      -0.175427 -1.358759
                                                             0.448722
                   -0.597911
                             -0.765671
                                        -1.532276
                                                   0.112544
                                                                       1.451416 -1.201094
                    1.943481
                              1.064808
                                        0.075244
                                                   0.043482
                                                            -1 734901
                                                                      -1.169162
                                                                                  1.875530
                   -0.958685
            69995
                             -2.424530
                                        0.366898
                                                   0.097193
                                                             0.202771 -1.029451 -1.315468
            69996
                   0.218740
                              0.681286
                                        -1.003983
                                                   0.826079
                                                            -0.049931
                                                                       -0.178340
                                                                                  0.467944
            69997
                    0.696532
                             -0.570371
                                        -0.056986
                                                  -1.462359
                                                            -1.986719
                                                                      -0.342741
                                                                                  0.502006
            69998
                   -0.122729
                              1.336861
                                        -0.249281
                                                  -0.452302
                                                             0.484204
                                                                      -1.007878
                                                                                  0.277598
```

0.073979 -0.610930 -0.780004 -0.303070

0.541264

70000 rows × 7 columns

0.731626

0.054815

69999

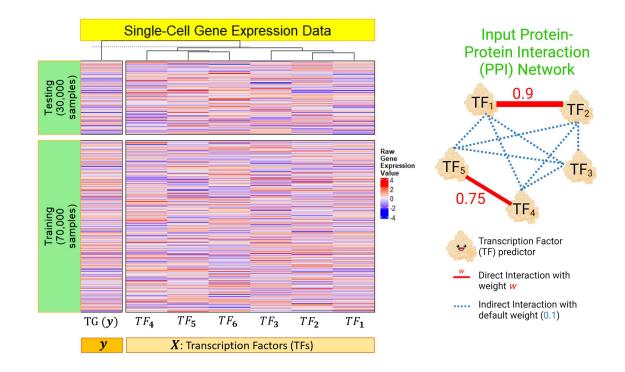
In [19]:

- 1 testing = X_test_large.copy()
 2 testing["y"] = y_test
- 3 testing

Out[19]:

	TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5	TF6	у
0	0.138026	-0.622089	0.158144	0.123349	0.605308	0.066693	-0.368128
1	1.773068	-0.110095	-0.242438	0.508154	-1.047717	-0.589866	2.152347
2	-0.641352	-0.734664	-0.592630	0.218673	0.723363	0.711673	-0.876180
3	1.829922	0.311367	1.729414	-0.052885	-1.052669	-0.389403	1.359079
4	-0.778609	-0.549280	0.796408	-2.338994	-0.597231	-0.991316	-0.450897
29995	-0.078725	-0.810705	1.036384	-0.544139	0.798243	-0.451409	0.202688
29996	0.798346	-0.445236	-0.064148	0.204764	-1.557834	-0.721080	1.287684
29997	-0.836698	-0.960167	-0.585407	0.205325	1.264368	0.843744	-0.436477
29998	1.385614	0.835561	0.226362	-1.234281	-3.250390	-1.230687	2.022050
29999	0.905795	0.531985	0.164423	-1.363756	-0.620555	-0.511984	0.297392

30000 rows × 7 columns



In [20]:	1 X_train_large						
Out[20]:		TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5	TF6
	0	-0.378744	-0.718500	-1.142852	0.743016	-0.539838	-0.414618
	1	-0.724085	-0.331387	-2.260161	-1.388135	0.051536	2.044948
	2	-1.979727	-0.145575	0.164909	0.554979	2.047608	-0.175427
	3	-0.597911	-0.765671	-1.532276	0.112544	0.448722	1.451416
	4	1.943481	1.064808	0.075244	0.043482	-1.734901	-1.169162
		•••					
	69995	-0.958685	-2.424530	0.366898	0.097193	0.202771	-1.029451
	69996	0.218740	0.681286	-1.003983	0.826079	-0.049931	-0.178340
	69997	0.696532	-0.570371	-0.056986	-1.462359	-1.986719	-0.342741
	69998	-0.122729	1.336861	-0.249281	-0.452302	0.484204	-1.007878
	69999	0.731626	0.054815	0.073979	-0.610930	-0.780004	-0.303070
	70000	rows × 6 co	olumns				
In [21]:		rows × 6 co _test_lar					
In [21]: Out[21]:				TF3	TF4	TF5	TF6
		_test_lar	ge	TF3 0.158144	TF4 0.123349	TF5 0.605308	TF6 0.066693
	1 X	_test_lar TF1	ge TF2			0.605308	
	1 X	_test_lar	TF2 -0.622089 -0.110095	0.158144	0.123349 0.508154	0.605308 -1.047717	0.066693 -0.589866
	1 X	_test_lar	TF2 -0.622089 -0.110095 -0.734664	0.158144	0.123349 0.508154 0.218673	0.605308 -1.047717 0.723363	0.066693 -0.589866 0.711673
	1 X	_test_lar	TF2 -0.622089 -0.110095 -0.734664 0.311367	0.158144 -0.242438 -0.592630 1.729414	0.123349 0.508154 0.218673 -0.052885	0.605308 -1.047717 0.723363 -1.052669	0.066693 -0.589866 0.711673 -0.389403
	1 X	_test_lar TF1 0.138026 1.773068 -0.641352 1.829922	TF2 -0.622089 -0.110095 -0.734664 0.311367 -0.549280	0.158144 -0.242438 -0.592630 1.729414	0.123349 0.508154 0.218673 -0.052885 -2.338994	0.605308 -1.047717 0.723363 -1.052669 -0.597231	0.066693 -0.589866 0.711673 -0.389403
	1 X	_test_lar TF1 0.138026 1.773068 -0.641352 1.829922 -0.778609	TF2 -0.622089 -0.110095 -0.734664 0.311367 -0.549280	0.158144 -0.242438 -0.592630 1.729414 0.796408	0.123349 0.508154 0.218673 -0.052885 -2.338994 	0.605308 -1.047717 0.723363 -1.052669 -0.597231	0.066693 -0.589866 0.711673 -0.389403 -0.991316
	0 1 2 3 4 29995	_test_lar TF1 0.138026 1.773068 -0.641352 1.829922 -0.778609	TF2 -0.622089 -0.110095 -0.734664 0.311367 -0.5492800.810705	0.158144 -0.242438 -0.592630 1.729414 0.796408 1.036384	0.123349 0.508154 0.218673 -0.052885 -2.338994 	0.605308 -1.047717 0.723363 -1.052669 -0.597231 0.798243	0.066693 -0.589866 0.711673 -0.389403 -0.9913160.451409

0.226362 -1.234281 -3.250390 -1.230687

0.164423 -1.363756 -0.620555 -0.511984

30000 rows × 6 columns

1.385614

0.905795

0.835561

0.531985

29998

29999

```
In [22]:
            1 edge_list = [["TF1", "TF2", 0.9], ["TF4", "TF5", 0.75],
                              ["TF1", "TF3"], ["TF1", "TF4"], ["TF1", "TF5"], ["TF2", "TF3"], ["TF2", "TF5"], ["TF3", "TF4"], ["TF3", "TF5"]]
            2
            3
            4
            5 beta_network_val = 1
In [50]:
            1 # for reference:
            2 # this is what the edge_list looks like, for only TFs 1 to 5.
            3 pd.DataFrame(edge_list)
            4 # data is missing for TF6 for this input Protein-Protein Interaction (P
Out[50]:
                0
                          2
                     1
           0 TF1 TF2 0.90
           1 TF4 TF5 0.75
           2 TF1 TF3 NaN
           3 TF1 TF4 NaN
           4 TF1 TF5 NaN
           5 TF2 TF3 NaN
           6 TF2 TF4 NaN
           7 TF2 TF5 NaN
```

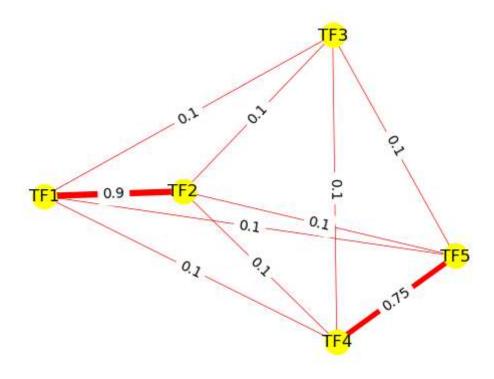
8 TF3 TF4 NaN9 TF3 TF5 NaN

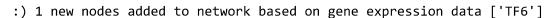
Example 1:

Include all 6 TFs found in the gene expression data (even though TF6 is not found in the input PPI). The default is that overlapped_nodes_only = False

```
In [8]:
          1 # Building the network regularized regression model:
          2 # Please note: To include nodes found in the gene expression data
          3 # that are not found in the PPI Network (e.g. TF6 in our case),
          4 # we use False for the overlapped nodes only argument (otherwise,
          5 # we would only use TFs 1 to 5).
          6 # By default, edges are constructed between all of the nodes;
          7 # nodes with a missing edge are assigned the default_edge_weight.
          8 # by default: overlapped_nodes_only = False, so we include ALL 6 TFs
          9 # found in the gene expression data
            netrem demo large = netrem(edge list = edge list,
         10
                          beta_net = beta_network_val,
         11
         12
                          model_type = "LassoCV",
         13
                          view_network = True)
         14
         15 # Fitting the NetREm model on training data: X_train and y_train:
         16 | netrem_demo_large.fit(X_train_large, y_train)
```

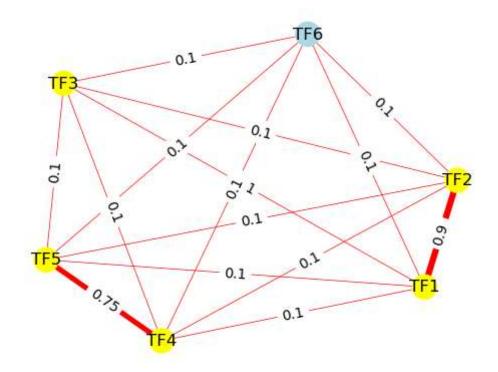
using beta_net default of 1
Please note that we need to update the network information





Out[8]: NetREmModel(verbose=False, overlapped_nodes_only=False, num_cv_folds=5, nu m_jobs=-1, all_pos_coefs=False, model_type=LassoCV, standardize_X=True, ce nter_y=True, use_network=True, y_intercept=False, max_lasso_iterations=100 00, view_network=True, tolerance=0.0001, lasso_selection=cyclic, lassocv_e ps=0.001, lassocv_n_alphas=100, lassocv_alphas=None, network=<PriorGraphNe twork.PriorGraphNetwork object at 0x000002863DBFFD60>, alpha_lasso=LassoCV finds optimal alpha)

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.



```
In [9]:
            1 # TF-TG regulatory network coefficients c
            2 netrem demo large.model coef df
 Out[9]:
              y_intercept
                             TF1
                                      TF2
                                               TF3
                                                         TF4
                                                                   TF5
                                                                            TF6
                   None 0.580109 0.132124 0.002992 -0.038524 -0.298227 0.001154
           0
               # TF-TF coordination network coordination scores B
In [10]:
            2 netrem demo large.B interaction df
Out[10]:
                     TF1
                              TF2
                                         TF3
                                                            TF5
                                                                      TF6
                                                  TF4
           TF1
                1.072150
                          0.402747
                                   -0.079204 -0.191066
                                                       -0.723271
                                                                 -0.440684
           TF2
                0.402747
                          1.072150 -0.122671 -0.107944 -0.407548
                                                                 -0.323701
           TF3 -0.079204 -0.122671 28.777778 -0.194877 -0.257394
                                                                 -5.582210
           TF4 -0.191066 -0.107944
                                   -0.194877
                                             1.063825
                                                        0.118158
                                                                 -0.120745
           TF5 -0.723271 -0.407548 -0.257394
                                              0.118158
                                                        1.063825
                                                                  0.057612
           TF6 -0.440684 -0.323701 -5.582210 -0.120745
                                                       0.057612 28.777778
In [11]:
            1 pred_y_test = netrem_demo_large.predict(X_test_large) # predicted value
            2 | mse test = netrem demo large.test mse(X test large, y test)
               print(f"The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is {mse_test}")
          The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is 0.13716012957807497
In [12]:
               netrem_demo_large.final_corr_vs_coef_df
Out[12]:
                                           TF1
                                                    TF2
                                                             TF3
                                                                       TF4
                                                                                 TF5
                                                                                          TF6
                       info input_data
                    network
           0
                  regression
                               X train 0.580109 0.132124 0.002992 -0.038524 -0.298227
                                                                                      0.001154
               coeff. with y: y
                                                                   -0.20339 -0.798606 -0.294202
              corr (r) with y: y
                               X train 0.900365
                                                 0.50225 0.102892
               Absolute Value
                    NetREm
                               X_train
                                             1
                                                               5
                                                                                   2
                                                                                            6
           0
                  Coefficient
                    Ranking
```

Example 2:

1.943481

1.064808

0.075244

Focus only on the 5 common TFs between Network and the Gene Expression Data: overlapped_nodes_only = True

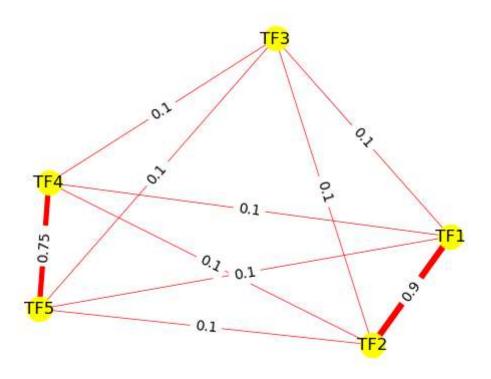
0.043482 -1.734901 -1.169162

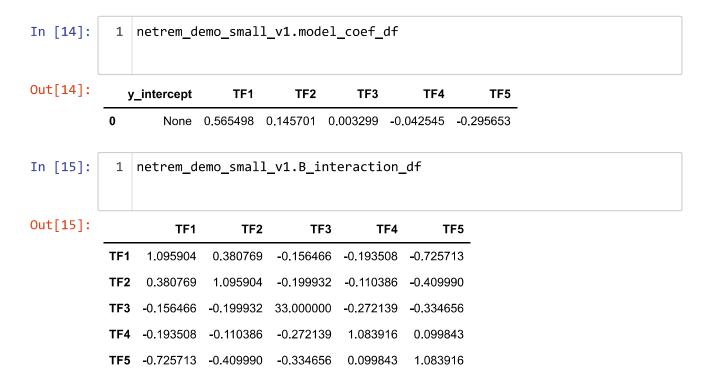
In [46]: 1 X_train_large.head() Out[46]: TF1 TF2 TF3 TF4 TF5 TF6 **0** -0.378744 -0.718500 -1.142852 0.743016 -0.539838 -0.414618 -0.724085 -0.331387 -2.260161 -1.388135 0.051536 2.044948 -1.979727 -0.145575 0.164909 0.554979 2.047608 -0.175427 -0.597911 -0.765671 -1.532276 0.112544 0.448722 1.451416

```
In [13]:
          1 # Building the network regularized regression model:
           2 # Please note: To include nodes found in the gene expression data
           3 # that are not found in the PPI Network
          4 # (e.g. TF6 in our case), we use False for the overlapped_nodes_only
           5 # argument (otherwise, we would only use TFs 1 to 5).
           6 # By default, edges are constructed between all of the nodes;
          7 # nodes with a missing edge are assigned the default_edge_weight.
           8 netrem demo small v1 = netrem(edge list = edge list,
                           beta_net = beta_network_val,
          9
                           model_type = "LassoCV",
          10
                           overlapped_nodes_only = True, # we only use TFs 1 to 5
          11
          12
                                                         # since those are found in
                                                         # gene expression & PPI
          13
                           view network = True)
          14
          15
          16 # Fitting the NetREm model on training data: X_train and y_train:
          17 | netrem_demo_small_v1.fit(X_train_large, y_train)
```

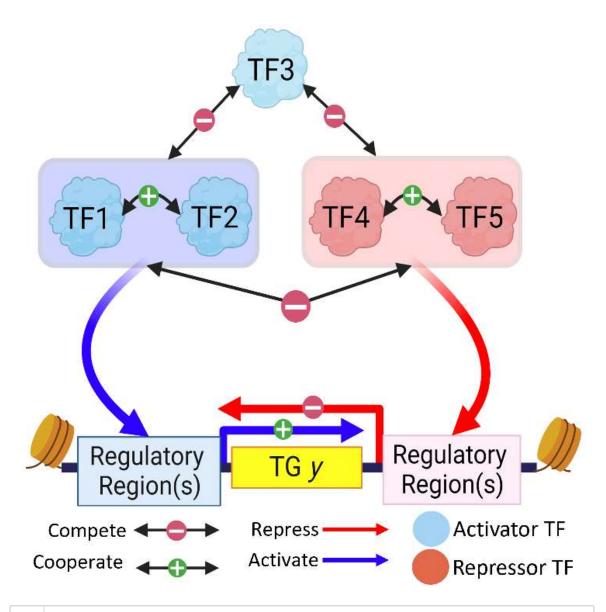
using beta_net default of 1

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.





In the context of gene regulation, our results may thereby be interpreted in the following way:



In [16]:

- 1 # predicted values for y_test:
- pred_y_test = netrem_demo_small_v1.predict(X_test_large)
- 3 mse_test = netrem_demo_small_v1.test_mse(X_test_large, y_test)
- 4 print(f"The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is {mse test}")
- 5 netrem_demo_small_v1.final_corr_vs_coef_df

The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is 0.13896503741769764

Out[16]:

	info	input_data	TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5
0	network regression coeff. with y: y	X_train	0.565498	0.145701	0.003299	-0.042545	-0.295653
0	corr (r) with y: y	X_train	0.900365	0.50225	0.102892	-0.20339	-0.798606
0	Absolute Value NetREm Coefficient Ranking	X_train	1	3	5	4	2

Example 3:

70000 rows × 5 columns

We illustrate that the results for overlapped_nodes_only = False are the same if we use the smaller dataset with 5 TFs

```
In [18]:
               X df small = dummy data large.X df.drop(columns = ["TF6"])
             1
             2 X df small.head()
Out[18]:
                   TF1
                             TF2
                                       TF3
                                                 TF4
                                                           TF5
                                   0.342957 -1.597101 -0.829135
               0.069136
                         1.154505
              -0.020550
                         0.199960
                                   1.378926 -1.080837 -1.329560
              -0.572949
                       -1.228932 -0.579102 -0.155665
                                                       2.412702
               0.638589
                         0.439648
                                   0.758285
                                             1.413038
                                                      -0.739683
              -1.244680 -0.937870
                                   0.827576 -1.245802
                                                       0.536970
In [19]:
                # We remove TF6 from the gene expression data to
                # pretend we did not have TF6 information
             2
             3
               X_train_small = dummy_data_large.view_X_train_df().drop(columns = ["TF6
             4
               X_test_small = dummy_data_large.view_X_test_df().drop(columns = ["TF6"]
In [20]:
             1 X_train_small
Out[20]:
                       TF1
                                 TF2
                                           TF3
                                                     TF4
                                                               TF5
                  -0.378744
                            -0.718500 -1.142852
                                                 0.743016
                                                          -0.539838
                  -0.724085
                            -0.331387
                                      -2.260161
                                                           0.051536
                                                -1.388135
                  -1.979727
                            -0.145575
                                                 0.554979
                                       0.164909
                                                           2.047608
                  -0.597911
                            -0.765671
                                      -1.532276
                                                           0.448722
                                                 0.112544
                   1.943481
                             1.064808
                                       0.075244
                                                 0.043482
                                                          -1.734901
            69995
                  -0.958685
                            -2.424530
                                       0.366898
                                                 0.097193
                                                           0.202771
            69996
                   0.218740
                             0.681286
                                      -1.003983
                                                 0.826079
                                                          -0.049931
            69997
                   0.696532
                            -0.570371
                                      -0.056986
                                                -1.462359
                                                          -1.986719
            69998
                  -0.122729
                             1.336861
                                      -0.249281
                                                -0.452302
                                                           0.484204
            69999
                   0.731626
                             0.054815
                                       0.073979 -0.610930 -0.780004
```

In [21]: | 1 | X_test_small

Out	[21]

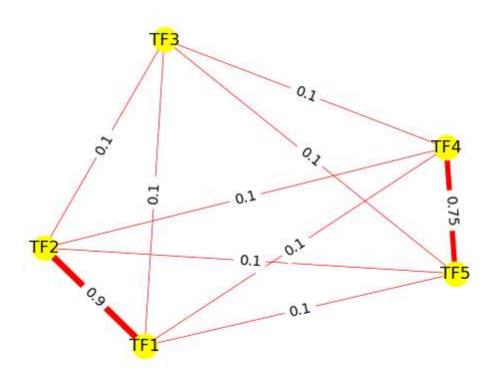
	TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5
0	0.138026	-0.622089	0.158144	0.123349	0.605308
1	1.773068	-0.110095	-0.242438	0.508154	-1.047717
2	-0.641352	-0.734664	-0.592630	0.218673	0.723363
3	1.829922	0.311367	1.729414	-0.052885	-1.052669
4	-0.778609	-0.549280	0.796408	-2.338994	-0.597231
29995	-0.078725	-0.810705	1.036384	-0.544139	0.798243
29996	0.798346	-0.445236	-0.064148	0.204764	-1.557834
29997	-0.836698	-0.960167	-0.585407	0.205325	1.264368
29998	1.385614	0.835561	0.226362	-1.234281	-3.250390
29999	0.905795	0.531985	0.164423	-1.363756	-0.620555

30000 rows × 5 columns

```
In [33]:
           1 # Building the network regularized regression model:
           2 # Please note: To include nodes found in the gene expression data
           3 # that are not found in the PPI Network, we use False for
           4 # the overlapped_nodes_only argument.
           5 # default: overlapped nodes only = False
           6 | # By default, edges are constructed between all of the nodes;
           7 # nodes with a missing edge are assigned the default edge_weight.
             netrem demo small v2 = netrem(edge list = edge list,
           9
                           beta_net = beta_network_val,
                          model_type = "LassoCV",
          10
          11
                           view network = True)
          12
          13 | # Fitting the NetREm model on training data: X_train and y_train:
          14 | netrem demo small v2.fit(X train small, y train)
```

using beta_net default of 1

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.



```
In [34]:
                netrem_demo_small_v2.B_interaction_df
Out[34]:
                      TF1
                                TF2
                                          TF3
                                                    TF4
                                                              TF5
            TF1
                 1.095904
                           0.380769
                                     -0.156466
                                               -0.193508
                                                         -0.725713
            TF2
                 0.380769
                           1.095904
                                     -0.199932
                                               -0.110386
                                                         -0.409990
            TF3 -0.156466
                          -0.199932
                                     33.000000
                                               -0.272139
                                                         -0.334656
            TF4 -0.193508 -0.110386
                                     -0.272139
                                                1.083916
                                                          0.099843
            TF5 -0.725713 -0.409990
                                     -0.334656
                                                0.099843
                                                          1.083916
In [35]:
                # predicted values for y_test
             2
               pred_y_test = netrem_demo_small_v2.predict(X_test_small)
               mse_test = netrem_demo_small_v2.test_mse(X_test_small, y_test)
             3
               print(f"The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is {mse_test}")
               netrem_demo_small_v2.final_corr_vs_coef_df
           The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is 0.13896503741769764
Out[35]:
                                  info
                                      input_data
                                                       TF1
                                                                TF2
                                                                          TF3
                                                                                    TF4
                                                                                              TF5
                 network regression coeff.
            0
                                           X train 0.565498 0.145701 0.003299 -0.042545 -0.295653
                               with y: y
            0
                         corr (r) with y: y
                                           X_train 0.900365
                                                             0.50225 0.102892
                                                                                -0.20339 -0.798606
                  Absolute Value NetREm
                                                                                                2
            0
                                           X train
                                                         1
                                                                  3
                                                                            5
                                                                                      4
                      Coefficient Ranking
In [36]:
                netrem demo small v2.A df
Out[36]:
                      TF1
                                TF2
                                           TF3
                                                     TF4
                                                               TF5
            TF1
                 1.198801
                           -0.899101
                                      -3.160698
                                                -0.099900
                                                          -0.099900
                -0.899101
                           1.198801
                                      -3.160698
                                                -0.099900
                                                          -0.099900
            TF3 -3.160698
                           -3.160698
                                     400.000000 -3.160698
                                                          -3.160698
                -0.099900
                           -0.099900
                                      -3.160698
                                                          -0.749251
                                                 1.048951
            TF5 -0.099900
                          -0.099900
                                      -3.160698 -0.749251
                                                           1.048951
```

In [37]: 1 X_test_small

Out[37]:

	TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5
0	0.138026	-0.622089	0.158144	0.123349	0.605308
1	1.773068	-0.110095	-0.242438	0.508154	-1.047717
2	-0.641352	-0.734664	-0.592630	0.218673	0.723363
3	1.829922	0.311367	1.729414	-0.052885	-1.052669
4	-0.778609	-0.549280	0.796408	-2.338994	-0.597231
29995	-0.078725	-0.810705	1.036384	-0.544139	0.798243
29996	0.798346	-0.445236	-0.064148	0.204764	-1.557834
29997	-0.836698	-0.960167	-0.585407	0.205325	1.264368
29998	1.385614	0.835561	0.226362	-1.234281	-3.250390
29999	0.905795	0.531985	0.164423	-1.363756	-0.620555

30000 rows × 5 columns

Example 4:

We illustrate that the results for overlapped_nodes_only = True are the same as for overlapped_nodes_only = False for datasets where all nodes in the gene expression data are found in the input PPI network.

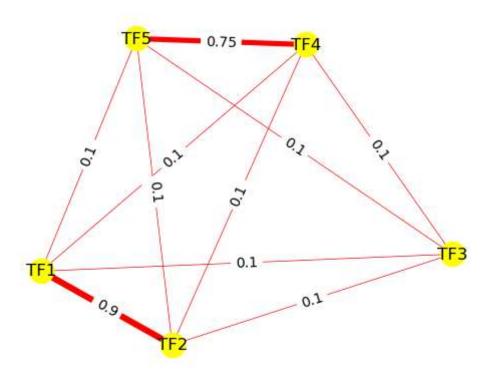
Here, all 5 gene expression nodes (TF_1 , TF_2 , TF_3 , TF_4 , TF_5) are found in the PPI network so the Boolean (True/False) value for <code>overlapped_nodes_only</code> will NOT matter :)

```
In [45]:
          1 # Building the network regularized regression model:
           2 # Please note: To include nodes found in the gene expression data
           3 # that are not found in the PPI Network:
           4 # we use False for the overlapped_nodes_only argument.
           5 # Here, all 5 gene expression nodes are found in the PPI network,
           6 | # so overlapped_nodes_only makes no difference.
           7 # By default, edges are constructed between all of the nodes;
           8 # nodes with a missing edge are assigned the default edge weight.
           9 netrem_demo_small_v3 = netrem(edge_list = edge_list,
                           beta_net = beta_network_val,
          10
          11
                          overlapped nodes only = True,
          12
                         model_type = "LassoCV",
                           view_network = True)
          13
          14
          15 | # Fitting the NetREm model on training data: X_train and y_train:
          16 | netrem_demo_small_v3.fit(X_train_small, y_train)
```

using beta_net default of 1

Out[45]: NetREmModel(verbose=False, overlapped_nodes_only=True, num_cv_folds=5, num _jobs=-1, all_pos_coefs=False, model_type=LassoCV, standardize_X=True, cen ter_y=True, use_network=True, y_intercept=False, max_lasso_iterations=1000 0, view_network=True, tolerance=0.0001, lasso_selection=cyclic, lassocv_ep s=0.001, lassocv_n_alphas=100, lassocv_alphas=None, network=<PriorGraphNet work.PriorGraphNetwork object at 0x0000028640F964D0>, alpha_lasso=LassoCV finds optimal alpha)

In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust the notebook.



```
In [47]: 1 netrem_demo_small_v3.B_interaction_df
```

Out[47]:

		TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5
T	F1	1.095904	0.380769	-0.156466	-0.193508	-0.725713
T	F2	0.380769	1.095904	-0.199932	-0.110386	-0.409990
T	F3	-0.156466	-0.199932	33.000000	-0.272139	-0.334656
T	F4	-0.193508	-0.110386	-0.272139	1.083916	0.099843
Т	F5	-0.725713	-0.409990	-0.334656	0.099843	1.083916

In [48]:

```
# predicted values for y_test
pred_y_test = netrem_demo_small_v3.predict(X_test_small)
mse_test = netrem_demo_small_v3.test_mse(X_test_small, y_test)
print(f"The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is {mse_test}")
netrem_demo_small_v3.final_corr_vs_coef_df
```

The testing Mean Square Error (MSE) is 0.13896503741769764

O	u٦	t	4	8	Т	:
			-		4	

	info	input_data	TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5
0	network regression coeff. with y: y	X_train	0.565498	0.145701	0.003299	-0.042545	-0.295653
0	corr (r) with y: y	X_train	0.900365	0.50225	0.102892	-0.20339	-0.798606
0	Absolute Value NetREm Coefficient Ranking	X_train	1	3	5	4	2

In [49]: 1 netrem_demo_small_v3.A_df

Out[49]:

	TF1	TF2	TF3	TF4	TF5
TF1	1.198801	-0.899101	-3.160698	-0.099900	-0.099900
TF2	-0.899101	1.198801	-3.160698	-0.099900	-0.099900
TF3	-3.160698	-3.160698	400.000000	-3.160698	-3.160698
TF4	-0.099900	-0.099900	-3.160698	1.048951	-0.749251
TF5	-0.099900	-0.099900	-3.160698	-0.749251	1.048951