

AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS IN TAMILNADU



Introduction:

- ❖ Air quality analysis in Tamil Nadu is a crucial field of study that assesses and monitors the state of the air in this South Indian state.
- ❖ It involves the collection, measurement, and interpretation of data related to air pollutants, meteorological conditions, and their impacts on public health and the environment.
- ❖ Key aspects of air quality analysis in Tamil Nadu include monitoring air pollutants like PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, NO₂, SO₂, O₃, and CO, as well as assessing factors like industrial emissions, vehicular pollution, weather patterns, and topography.
- ❖ The results of such analysis play a pivotal role in policy making, regulatory decisions, and public awareness campaigns aimed at improving air quality and safeguarding the well-being of the state's residents.

Given data set:

Stn Code	Sampling Date	State	City/Town/Village	Location of Moni Agency	Type of Location	SO2	NO2	RSPM/PM10	PM 2.5
38	01-02-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		11	17	55 NA
38	01-07-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		13	17	45 NA
38	21-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		12	18	50 NA
38	23-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		15	16	46 NA
38	28-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		13	14	42 NA
38	30-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		14	18	43 NA
38	02-04-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		12	17	51 NA
38	02-06-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		13	16	46 NA
38	02-11-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		10	19	50 NA
38	13-02-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		15	14	48 NA
38	18-02-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		14	16	32 NA
38	20-02-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		14	14	29 NA
38	25-02-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		13	17	17 NA
38	27-02-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		15	16	44 NA
38	03-04-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		12	17	25 NA
38	03-06-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		13	16	29 NA
38	03-11-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		11	18	29 NA
38	13-03-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		15	16	41 NA
38	18-03-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Mu	Tamilnadu State Industrial Area		14	17	43 NA

Steps to Follow:

1. Import Necessary Libraries:

```
python
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
```

2. Load the Data set:

Load the data set into a Pandas Data frame, which is a tabular data structure, making it easy to work with for analysis.

```
import pandas as pd
# Replace dataset with the path to dataset file
df = pd.read_excel('dataset.excel')
```

3. Explore the Data set:

Explore the data set to understand its structure and quality.

```
python
```

```
print(dataset.head()) # Display the first few rows of
the dataset
print(dataset.info()) # Get information about the
dataset
print(dataset.describe()) # Get summary statistics
```

4. Handle Missing Values:

Check for missing values in your dataset and decide how to handle them.

```
python
dataset.isna().sum() # Check for missing values
```

5. Data Processing:

It may needs to process the data.

This can include:

- Encoding categorical variables.
- Scaling numerical features.

■ Loading the Data:

PROGRAM:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
df.head()

df=pd.read_excel('/content/cpcb_dly_aq_tamil_nadu-2014 (1).xlsx')
```

df.head()

	Stn Code	Sampling Date	State	City/Town/Village/Area	Location of Monitoring Station	Agency	Type of Location	SO2	NO2	RSPM/PM10	PM 2.5
0	38	41641	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	11.0	17.0	55.0	NaN
1	38	41646	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	13.0	17.0	45.0	NaN
2	38	21-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	12.0	18.0	50.0	NaN
3	38	23-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	15.0	16.0	46.0	NaN
4	38	28-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	13.0	14.0	42.0	NaN


print(dataset.info())

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2879 entries, 0 to 2878
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Stn Code                             2879 non-null   int64
1   Sampling Date                        2879 non-null   object
2   State                               2879 non-null   object
3   City/Town/Village/Area               2879 non-null   object
4   Location of Monitoring Station       2879 non-null   object
5   Agency                              2879 non-null   object
6   Type of Location                    2879 non-null   object
7   SO2                                 2868 non-null   float64
8   NO2                                 2866 non-null   float64
9   RSPM/PM10                           2875 non-null   float64
10  PM 2.5                              0 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(6)
memory usage: 247.5+ KB
None
```

print(dataset.describe())

	Stn Code	SO2	NO2	RSPM/PM10	PM 2.5
count	2879.000000	2868.000000	2866.000000	2875.000000	0.0
mean	475.750261	11.503138	22.136776	62.494261	NaN
std	277.675577	5.051702	7.128694	31.368745	NaN
min	38.000000	2.000000	5.000000	12.000000	NaN
25%	238.000000	8.000000	17.000000	41.000000	NaN
50%	366.000000	12.000000	22.000000	55.000000	NaN
75%	764.000000	15.000000	25.000000	78.000000	NaN
max	773.000000	49.000000	71.000000	269.000000	NaN

✧ HANDLE MISSING VALUES:

1s  dataset.isna().sum()

Stn Code	0
Sampling Date	0
State	0
City/Town/Village/Area	0
Location of Monitoring Station	0
Agency	0
Type of Location	0
SO2	11
NO2	13
RSPM/PM10	4
PM 2.5	2879
dtype:	int64


■ Data Processing:

✧ ONE -HOT SCALING:

i. Load the dataset:

0s [15] import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns

1s [18] dataset=pd.read_excel('/content/cpcb_dly_aq_tamil_nadu-2014 (1) (2).xlsx')

0s  dataset.tail(5)

	Stn Code	Sampling Date	State	City/Town/Village/Area	Location of Monitoring Station	Agency	Type of Location	SO2	NO2	RSPM/PM10	PM 2.5
2874	773	2014-12-03 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	15.0	18.0	102.0	NaN
2875	773	2014-12-10 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	12.0	14.0	91.0	NaN
2876	773	17-12-14	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	19.0	22.0	100.0	NaN
2877	773	24-12-14	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	15.0	17.0	95.0	NaN
2878	773	31-12-14	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	14.0	16.0	94.0	NaN

ii. Perform one-hot encoding for a categorical column:

```
dataset_encoded=pd.get_dummies(dataset,columns=['Location of Monitoring Station'])
```

iii. Display the one-hot encoded data:

```
[26] dataset_encoded=pd.get_dummies(dataset,columns=['Location of Monitoring Station'])

print(dataset_encoded.head())
```

	Stn Code	Sampling Date	State	City/Town/Village/Area	\
0	38	2014-01-02 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
1	38	2014-01-07 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
2	38	21-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
3	38	23-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
4	38	28-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	

	Agency Type of Location	SO2	NO2	\
0	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	11.0	17.0
1	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	13.0	17.0
2	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	12.0	18.0
3	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	15.0	16.0
4	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Industrial Area	13.0	14.0

	RSPM/PM10	PM 2.5	...	\
0	55.0	NAN	...	
1	45.0	NAN	...	
2	50.0	NAN	...	
3	46.0	NAN	...	
4	42.0	NAN	...	

	Location of Monitoring Station_Poniarajapuram, On the top of DEL, Coimbatore	\
0	0	
1	0	
2	0	
3	0	
4	0	

	Location of Monitoring Station_Raja Agencies, Tuticorin	\
0	0	
1	0	
2	0	
3	0	
4	0	

	Location of Monitoring Station_Raman Nagar, Mettur	\
0	0	
1	0	
2	0	
3	0	
4	0	

	Location of Monitoring Station_SIDCO Industrial Complex, Mettur	\
0	0	
1	0	
2	0	
3	0	
4	0	

	Location of Monitoring Station_SIDCO Office, Coimbatore	\
0	0	
1	0	
2	0	
3	0	
4	0	

0s completed at 9:11 PM

✧ MIN-MAX SCALING:

```
dataset=pd.read_excel('/content/cpcb_dly_aq_tamil_nadu-2014 (1) (2).xlsx')
```

```
[37] columns_to_scale=['PM2.5','Temperature']
```

```
[38] scaler=MinMaxScaler()
```

```
[41] columns_to_scale=scaler.fit_transform
```

```
[42] print(dataset.head())
```

	Stn Code	Sampling Date	State	City/Town/Village/Area	\
0	38	2014-01-02 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
1	38	2014-01-07 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
2	38	21-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
3	38	23-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	
4	38	28-01-14	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	

	Location of Monitoring Station	\
0	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	
1	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	
2	Kathivakkam, Municipal Kalyana Mandapam, Chennai	

0s completed at 9:29 PM

■ Data Visualization:

```
[15] import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
```

```
[18] dataset=pd.read_excel('/content/cpcb_dly_aq_tamil_nadu-2014 (1) (2).xlsx')
```

```
dataset.tail(5)
```

	Stn Code	Sampling Date	State	City/Town/Village/Area	Location of Monitoring Station	Agency	Type of Location	SO2	NO2	RSPM/PM10	PM 2.5
2874	773	2014-12-03 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	15.0	18.0	102.0	NaN
2875	773	2014-12-10 00:00:00	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	12.0	14.0	91.0	NaN
2876	773	17-12-14	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	19.0	22.0	100.0	NaN
2877	773	24-12-14	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	15.0	17.0	95.0	NaN
2878	773	31-12-14	Tamil Nadu	Trichy	Central Bus Stand, Trichy	Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board	Residential, Rural and other Areas	14.0	16.0	94.0	NaN

```
dataset.shape
(2879, 11)
```

```
[47] print(dataset.info())
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2879 entries, 0 to 2878
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Stn Code               2879 non-null  int64
1   Sampling Date          2879 non-null  object
2   State                  2879 non-null  object
3   City/Town/Village/Area 2879 non-null  object
4   Location of Monitoring Station 2879 non-null object
5   Agency                 2879 non-null  object
6   Type of Location       2879 non-null  object
7   SO2                    2868 non-null  float64
8   NO2                    2866 non-null  float64
9   RSPM/PM10              2875 non-null  float64
10  PM 2.5                  0 non-null     float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(6)
memory usage: 247.5+ KB
None
```

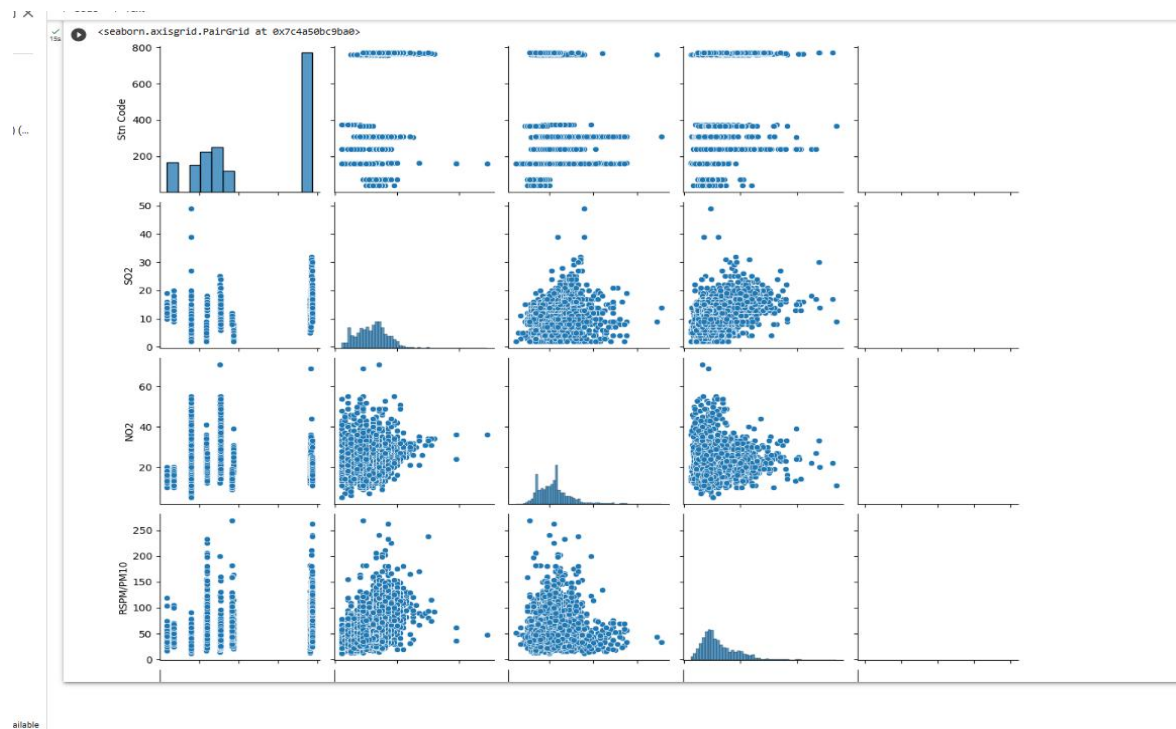
```
dataset.nunique()
```

```
Stn Code          30
Sampling Date     302
State              1
City/Town/Village/Area  8
Location of Monitoring Station 30
Agency            2
Type of Location   2
SO2                33
NO2                53
RSPM/PM10         169
PM 2.5             0
dtype: int64
```

```
dataset.columns
```

```
Index(['Stn Code', 'Sampling Date', 'State', 'City/Town/Village/Area',
      'Location of Monitoring Station', 'Agency', 'Type of Location', 'SO2',
      'NO2', 'RSPM/PM10', 'PM 2.5'],
      dtype='object')
```

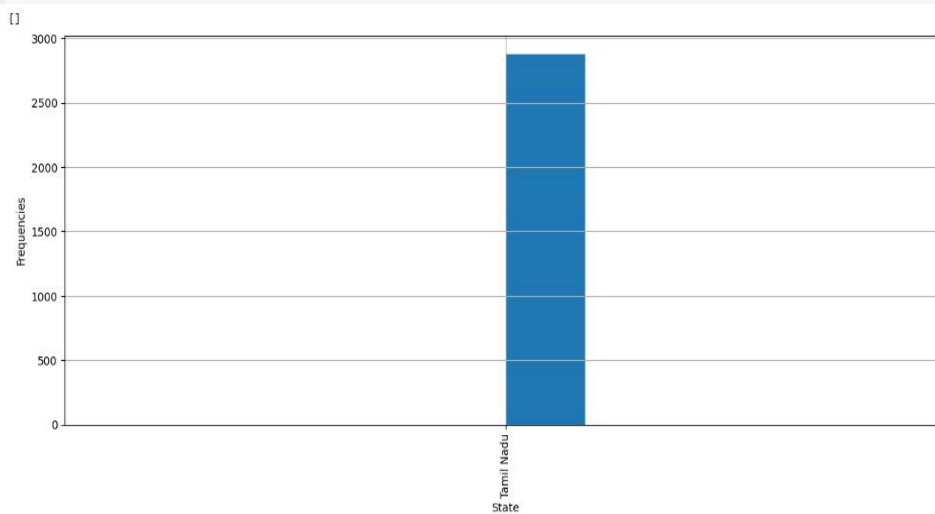
```
sns.pairplot(data=dataset)
```

```
[58] dataset['state'].value_counts()
```

```
Tamil Nadu    2879
Name: state, dtype: int64
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
dataset.state.hist()
plt.xlabel('State')
plt.ylabel('Frequencies')
plt.plot()
```




```
dataset['Type of Location'].value_counts()
```

```
Residential, Rural and other Areas    2008  
Industrial Area                      871  
Name: Type of Location, dtype: int64
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))  
plt.xticks(rotation=90)  
dataset['Type of Location'].hist()  
plt.xlabel('Type of Location')  
plt.ylabel('Frequencies')  
plt.plot()
```



```
dataset['Agency'].value_counts()
```

```
Tamilnadu State Pollution Control Board    2619  
National Environmental Engineering Research Institute    260  
Name: Agency, dtype: int64
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 6))  
plt.xticks(rotation=90)  
dataset.Agency.hist()  
plt.xlabel('Agency')  
plt.ylabel('Frequencies')  
plt.plot()
```



■ Calculating the Air Quality Index:

- It involves a complex formula that considers the concentration of various air pollutants.

```

def calculate_aqi(pm25, pm10):
    # Define AQI breakpoints and corresponding concentrations
    breakpoints = [0, 12, 35.4, 55.4, 150.4, 250.4, 350.4, 500.4]
    concentrations = [0, 12.1, 35.5, 55.5, 150.5, 250.5, 350.5, 500.5]

    # Calculate the AQI for PM2.5 and PM10
    aqi_pm25 = calculate_aqi_subindex(pm25, breakpoints, concentrations)
    aqi_pm10 = calculate_aqi_subindex(pm10, breakpoints, concentrations)

    # Return the higher AQI value
    return max(aqi_pm25, aqi_pm10)

def calculate_aqi_subindex(concentration, breakpoints, concentrations):
    # Find the appropriate AQI subindex
    for i in range(1, len(breakpoints)):
        if concentration <= concentrations[i]:
            aqi_low, aqi_high = breakpoints[i - 1], breakpoints[i]
            conc_low, conc_high = concentrations[i - 1], concentrations[i]
            aqi = ((aqi_high - aqi_low) / (conc_high - conc_low)) * (concentration - conc_low) + aqi_low
            return aqi

if __name__ == "__main__":
    pm25 = float(input("Enter the PM2.5 concentration (µg/m³): "))
    pm10 = float(input("Enter the PM10 concentration (µg/m³): "))

    aqi = calculate_aqi(pm25, pm10)
    print(f"The Air Quality Index (AQI) is {aqi}")
  
```

Enter the PM2.5 concentration (µg/m³): 0.0
 Enter the PM10 concentration (µg/m³): 91.0
 The Air Quality Index (AQI) is 90.9

■ Conclusion:

In conclusion, the loading and preprocessing of data for air quality are fundamental stages in the data analysis pipeline. These steps involve load, explore, check missing values and preprocess of given data. Data visualization and calculating the AQI has been done successfully.