

CS & IT ENGINEERING



Computer Network

Error Control

Lecture No. - 04

By - Abhishek Sir





Recap of Previous Lecture



Topic

CRC





Topics to be Covered



Topic

CRC



ABOUT ME



Hello, I'm **Abhishek**

- GATE CS AIR - 96
- M.Tech (CS) - IIT Kharagpur
- 12 years of GATE CS teaching experience

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Topic : CRC



Example 2 :

$$G(X) = \boxed{X^3 + X + 1} \text{ Divisor}$$

$$M(X) = \underbrace{X^7 + X^4 + X^3 + X^2 + 1}$$

$$\underbrace{M(X) * X^3} = \boxed{X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3} \text{ Divident}$$

$$\underbrace{[M(X) * X^3]} \quad \underbrace{\text{[Modulo-2 Division]}} \quad \underbrace{[G(X)]}$$



Topic : CRC



$$X^3 + X + 1$$

Modulo 2 division
[bit-wise X-OR]

$$X^7 + X^5 + 1$$

$$X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

$$X^{10} + X^8 + X^7$$

$$X^8 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

$$X^8 + X^6 + X^5$$

$$X^3$$

$$X^3 + X + 1$$

$$X + 1$$



Topic : CRC



Example 2 :

$$G(X) = X^3 + X + 1$$

$$M(X) = X^7 + X^4 + X^3 + X^2 + 1$$

$$M(X) * X^3 = X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

$$[M(X) * X^3] \text{ [Modulo-2 Division] } [G(X)]$$

$$R(X) = 0 * X^2 + 1 * X^1 + 1 * X^0 = X + 1$$



Topic : CRC



Example 2 :

$$M(X) * X^3 = X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

$$R(X) = X + 1$$

Transmitter transmit :

$$M(X) * X^3 + R(X)$$

$$X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3 + X + 1$$





Topic : CRC



Example 2 :

$$G(X) = X^3 + X + 1$$

$$M(X) = X^7 + X^4 + X^3 + X^2 + 1$$

$$M(X) * X^3 = X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

$$\text{DIVISOR} = 1011$$

$$\text{DATA} = 10011101$$

Divident = 10011101000

DATA (under 10011101) and *zero* (under 000)

[$M(X) * X^3$] [Modulo-2 Division] [$G(X)$]



Topic : CRC



Modulo 2 division
[bit-wise X-OR]

$$\begin{array}{r} 1011 \overline{) 100111010000} \\ \underline{1011} \\ 1011 \\ \underline{1011} \\ 1000 \\ \underline{1011} \\ 011 \end{array}$$

CRC



Topic : CRC



Example 2 :

$$G(X) = X^3 + X + 1$$

$$\text{DIVISOR} = 1011$$

$$M(X) = X^7 + X^4 + X^3 + X^2 + 1$$

$$\text{DATA} = 10011101$$

$$M(X) * X^3 = X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

$$10011101000$$

[$M(X) * X^3$] [Modulo-2 Division] [$G(X)$]

$$R(X) = 0 * X^2 + 1 * X^1 + 1 * X^0$$

$$\text{CRC} = 011$$



Topic : CRC

$$(37/10) \rightarrow (\text{Remainder} : 7)$$



Example 2 :

$$M(X) * X^3 = X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3$$

1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0

$$R(X) = 0 * X^2 + 1 * X + 1 * X^0$$

CRC = 0 1 1

Transmitter transmit :

$$(M(X) * X^3) + R(X)$$

$$X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3 + X + 1$$

1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1

MSb

LSb



Topic : CRC



Receiver protocol :

$$[M(X) * X^n + R(X)] \text{ [Modulo-2 Division] } [G(X)]$$

$R'(X)$: Remainder at receiver (of above equation)

if $R'(X) == \text{ZERO}$:

then Receiver concluded “No any error detected”

else

Receiver concluded “Error detected”



Topic : CRC



Example 2 :

Transmitter transmitted :

$$X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3 + X + 1$$

1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1

Receiver received :

$$X^{10} + X^7 + X^6 + X^5 + X^3 + X + 1$$

1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1

$$G(X) = X^3 + X + 1$$

$$\text{DIVISOR} = 1011$$



Topic : CRC



Modulo 2 division
[bit-wise X-OR]

$$\begin{array}{r} 1011 \overline{) 10011101011} \\ \underline{1011} \\ 1011 \\ \underline{1011} \\ 1011 \\ \underline{1011} \\ 000 \end{array}$$

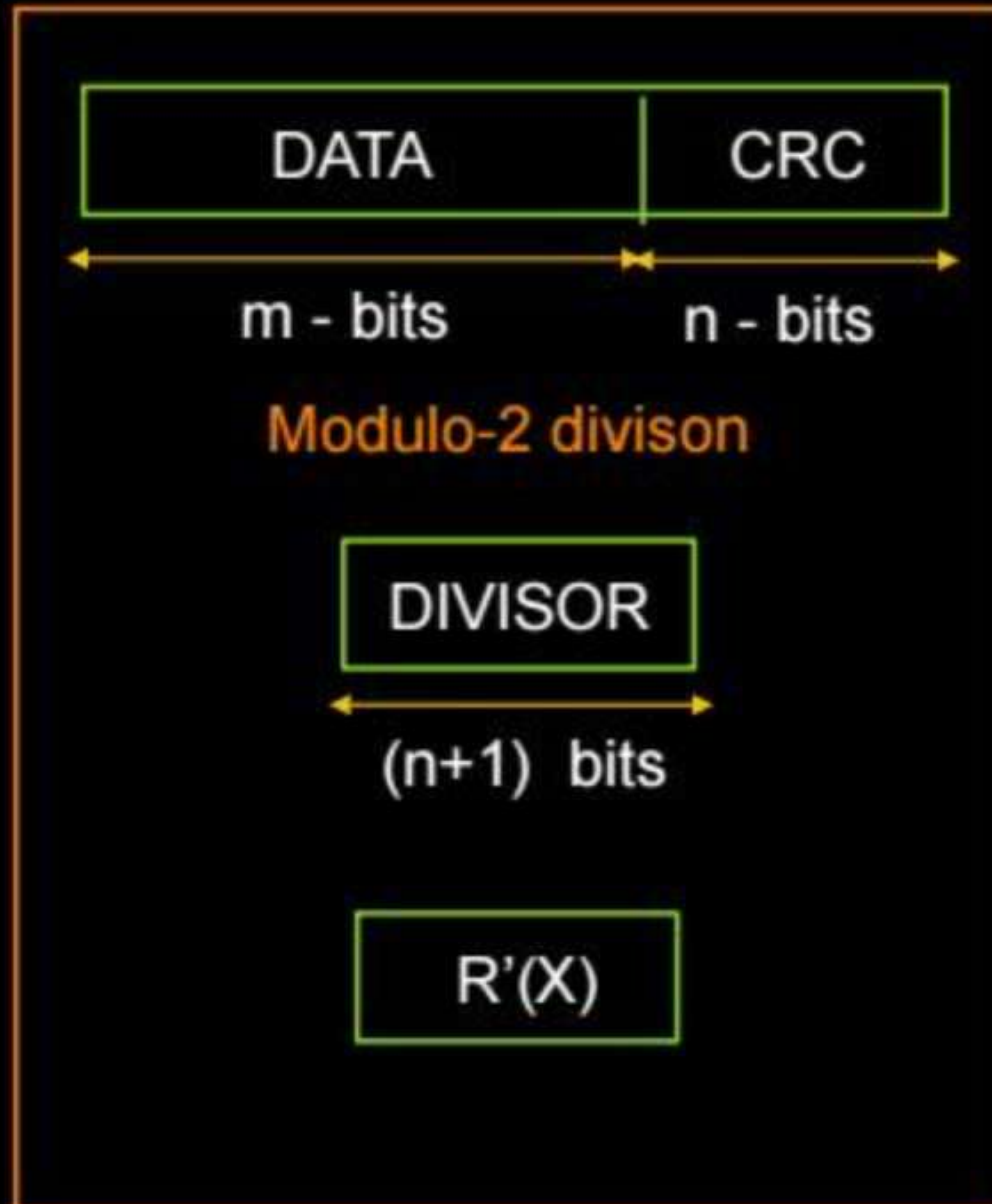


Topic : CRC

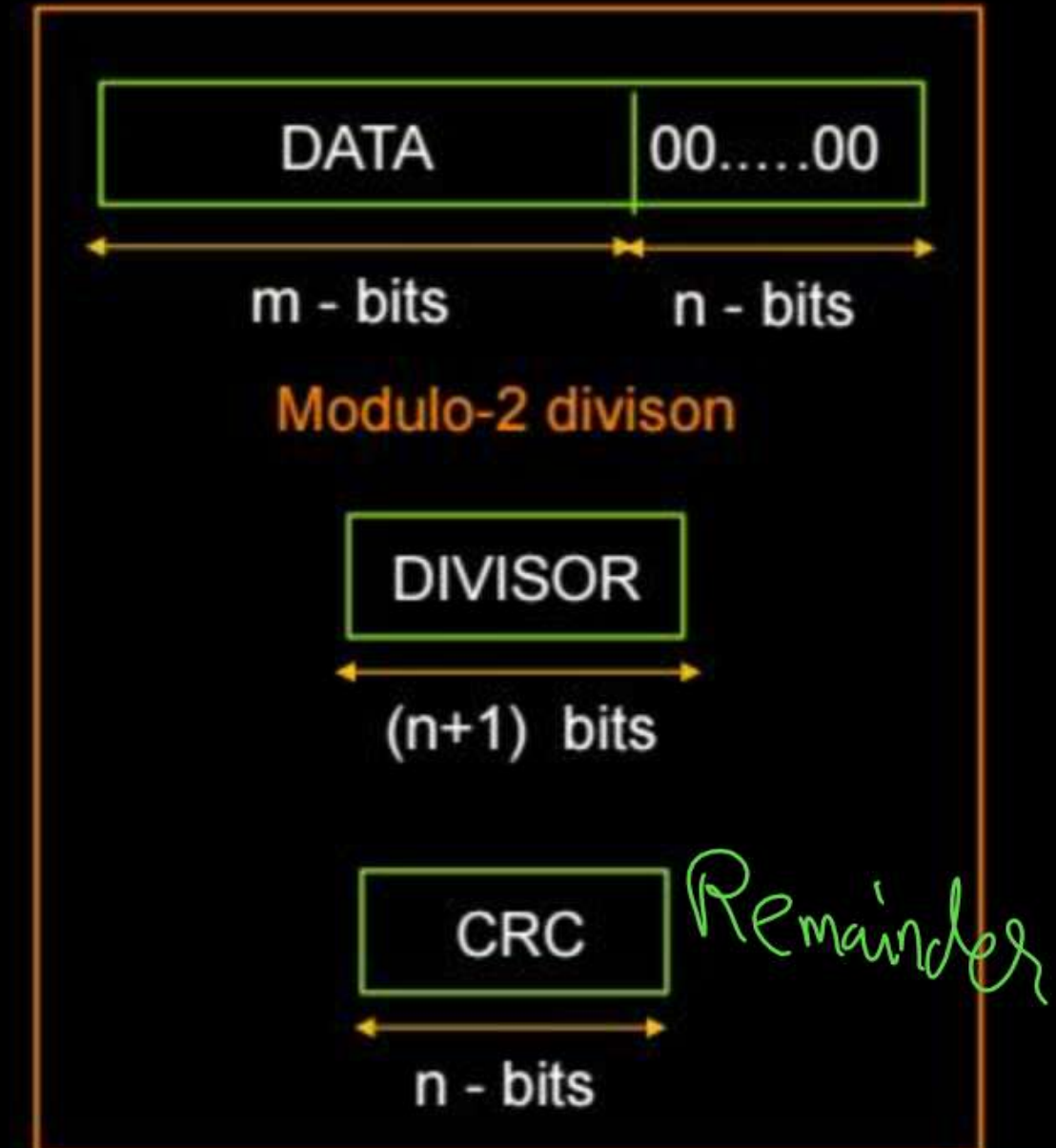


$$G(X) = X^n + \dots + 1 \quad \text{where } n > 0$$

Receiver



Sender (Transmitter)



#Q. Consider the message $M = 1010001101$. The cyclic redundancy check (CRC) for this message using the divisor polynomial $x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + 1$ is

[GATE 2005]

$$G(x) = x^5 + x^4 + x^2 + 1$$

$$\text{Divisor} = 110101$$

6 bit

✓ (A) 01110


(B) 01011

(C) 10101

(D) 10110

Ans: A

$$\begin{array}{r}
 110101 \big) 10100001101000000 \\
 \underline{110101} \\
 1110011 \\
 \underline{110101} \\
 1110100 \\
 \underline{110101} \\
 1111100 \\
 \underline{110101} \\
 1011000 \\
 \underline{110101} \\
 1100100 \\
 \underline{110101} \\
 011100
 \end{array}$$


 CRC

#Q. The message 11001001 is to be transmitted using the CRC polynomial $x^3 + 1$ to protect it from errors. The message that should be transmitted is :

[GATE 2007]

$$G(x) = x^3 + 1$$

$$\text{Divisor} = 1001$$

(A) 11001001000

✓ (B) 11001001011

~~(C) 11001010~~

~~(D) 110010010011~~

← bit

Ans: B



[illegible]

#Q. A computer network uses polynomials over $\text{GF}(2)$ for error checking with 8 bits as information bits and uses $x^3 + x + 1$ as the generator polynomial to generate the check bits. In this network, the message 01011011 is transmitted as :

$$G(x) = x^3 + x + 1$$

[GATE 2017]

$$\text{Divisor} = 1011$$

(A) 01011011010

(B) 01011011011

✓ (C) 01011011101

(D) 01011011100

Ans: C

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1011 \overline{) 010110110000} \\
 \underline{1011} \\
 1100 \\
 \underline{1011} \\
 1110 \\
 \underline{1011} \\
 101 \\
 \underbrace{}_{\text{CRC}}
 \end{array}$$

#Q. Consider the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) based error detecting scheme having the generator polynomial X^3+X+1 . Suppose the message $m_4m_3m_2m_1m_0 = 11000$ is to be transmitted. Check bits $c_2c_1c_0$ are appended at the end of the message by the transmitter using the above CRC scheme. The transmitted bit string is denoted by $m_4m_3m_2m_1m_0c_2c_1c_0$. The value of the checkbit sequence $c_2c_1c_0$ is :

$G(x) = x^3 + x + 1$, Divisor = 1011 [GATE 2021, Set-2, 2-Mark]

(A) 101

(B) 110

✓ (C) 100

(D) 111

Ans: C

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1011 \overline{) 1100000000} \\
 \underline{1011} \\
 1110 \\
 \underline{1011} \\
 1010 \\
 \underline{1011} \\
 1000 \\
 \underline{1000} \\
 000
 \end{array}$$

CRC



Topic : CRC



Example 2:

$$G(X) = X^3 + X + 1$$

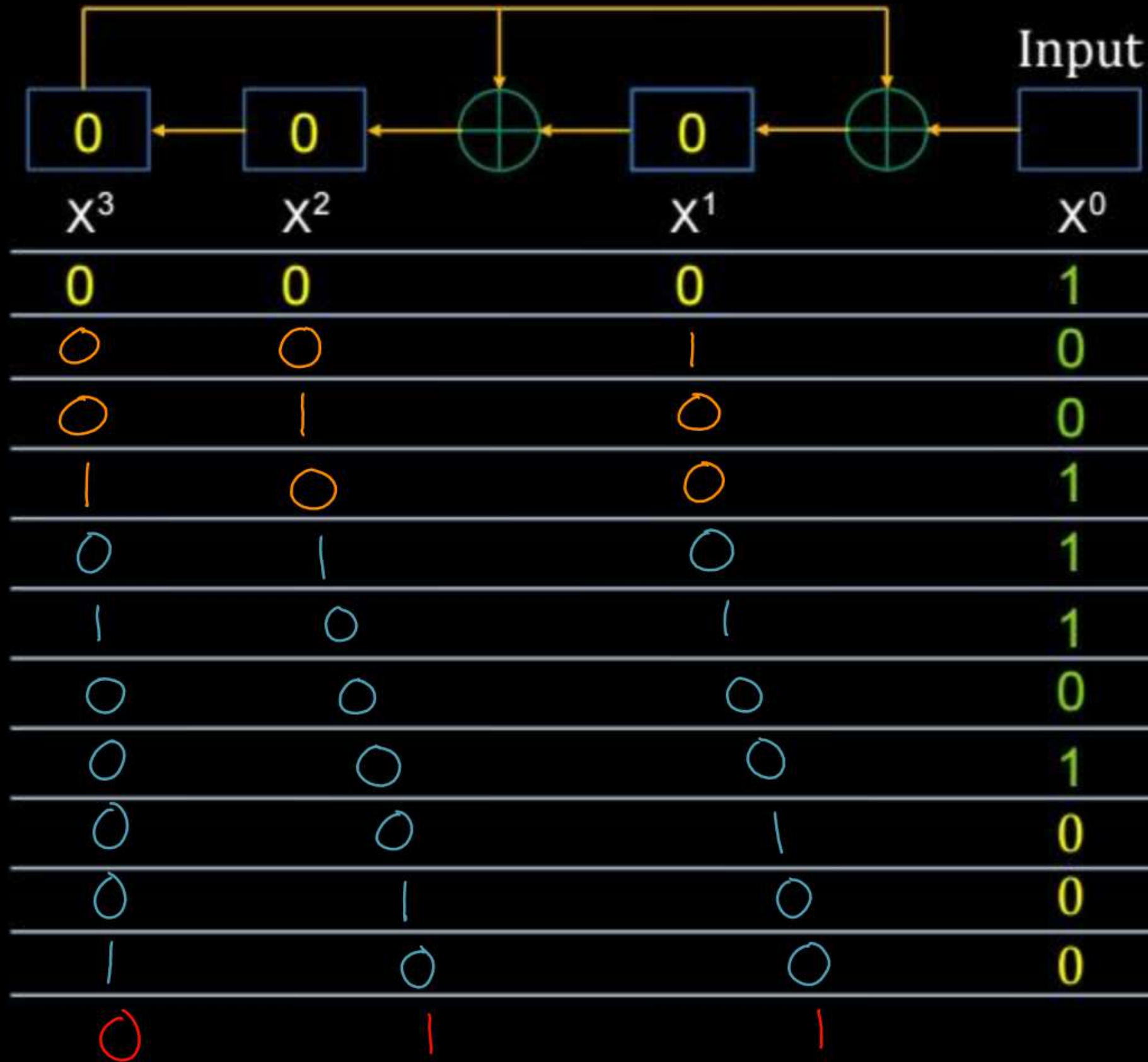
$$\text{Message (DATA)} = 10011101$$

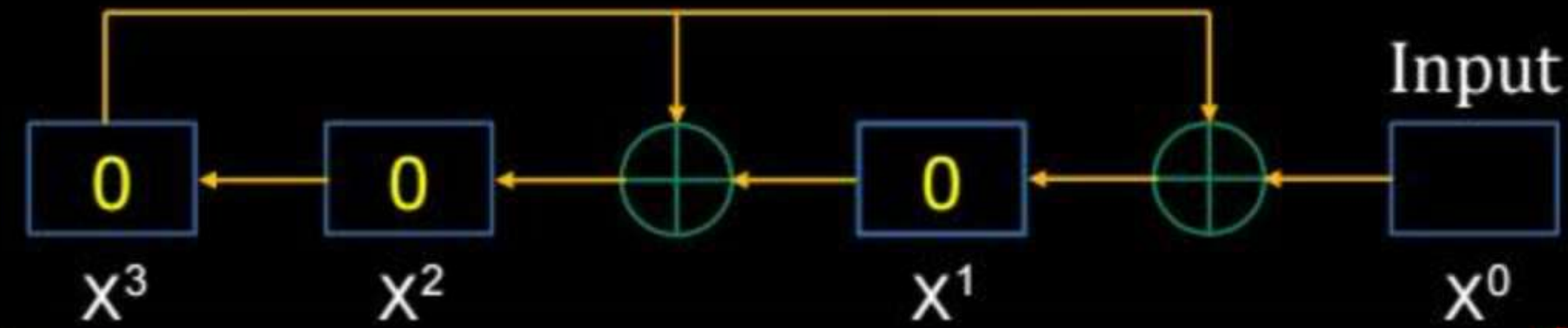
$$\text{CRC} = 011$$

AT Sender (Transmitter)

Input = 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0

Data *zero*





AT Receiver

Input = 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1

Data *CRC*

x^3	x^2	x^1	x^0
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
1	0	1	1

Data

CRC

if $R'(X) == \text{ZERO}$:
 then Receiver concluded
 "No any error detected"
 else
 Receiver concluded
 "Error detected"

$R'(X) = 0$



Topic : CRC



CASE I : **No any error** ✓

Transmitter transmit : $[M(X) * X^n] + [R(X)]$

Receiver received : $[M(X) * X^n] + [R(X)]$

Receiver protocol :

$[M(X) * X^n + R(X)]$ [Modulo-2 Division] $[G(X)]$ ✓

Above equation will definitely lead “zero remainder” ✓

Receiver conclude : “No any error detected” ✓



Topic : CRC



CASE II : Error Included

Transmitter transmit : $[M(X) * X^n] + [R(X)]$

Receiver received : $\underbrace{[M(X) * X^n] + [R(X)]}_{\text{Transmitted Data}} + \underbrace{[E(X)]}_{\text{Error}}$



Topic : Error Polynomial



$E(X)$: Error Polynomial Function

→ Coefficient are either Zero or One

Data : m bits CRC : n bits

Codeword : $(m + n)$ bits

$\text{Degree}(E(X)) < (m + n)$



2 mins Summary



Topic

CRC



THANK - YOU