

1. Write a Java program to connect to a MySQL database using JDBC.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;

public class connect_mySQL_database {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
        String dbUser = "root";
        String dbPassword = "root";

        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl,
                dbUser, dbPassword);

            Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();

            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM students");

            while (rs.next()) {
                System.out.println(rs.getString(1) + " " + rs.getString(2));
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver not found.");
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error connecting to the database or
executing query: " + e.getMessage());
}

}

}
```

Output:

```
1 Dhana
2 Sri
3 Sanjana
4 Penugonda
```

2. Create a Java class to insert student records into a database table.

```
package Assesement_day11;

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class insert_student_records {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    try {  
  
        Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");  
  
        String url =  
"jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";  
        String username = "root";  
        String password = "root";  
  
        Connection con =  
DriverManager.getConnection(url, username, password);  
        Scanner scanner = new  
Scanner(System.in);  
  
        System.out.print("Enter student ID: ");  
        int id = scanner.nextInt();  
        System.out.print("Enter student name: ");  
        String name = scanner.next();  
        System.out.print("Enter student age: ");  
        int age = scanner.nextInt();  
    }  
}
```

```
        String query = "INSERT INTO student (id,
name, age) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";

        PreparedStatement pstmt =
con.prepareStatement(query);

        pstmt.setInt(1, id);
        pstmt.setString(2, name);
        pstmt.setInt(3, age);
        int rowsAffected = pstmt.executeUpdate();
        if (rowsAffected > 0) {
            System.out.println("Student record
inserted successfully");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Failed to insert
student record");
        }
        con.close();
    } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
        System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver
not found!");
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        System.out.println("Error: " +
e.getMessage());
    }
}
```

```
    }  
}
```

Output:

Enter student ID: 143

Enter student name: sri

Enter student age: 20

Student record inserted successfully

3. Write a JDBC program to fetch and display all student records from the database.

```
package Assesement_day11;  
  
import java.sql.Connection;  
import java.sql.DriverManager;  
import java.sql.ResultSet;  
import java.sql.SQLException;  
import java.sql.Statement;  
  
public class Display_all_students_records {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        try {  
  
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");  
  
            Connection con =  
            DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m  
ydb", "root", "root");
```

```

        Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
        ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT
* FROM student");
        while (rs.next()) {
            System.out.println(rs.getInt(1) + " " +
rs.getString(2));
        }

        rs.close();
        stmt.close();
        con.close();
    } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
        System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver
not found!");
    } catch (SQLException e) {
        System.out.println("Error: " +
e.getMessage());
    }
}
}

```

Output:

```

143 sri
144 sanjana
145 dhana

```

4. Develop a program to search a student by ID using JDBC.

```
package jdbc_connectivity;

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Search_stuID {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
        String username = "root";
        String password = "root";

        try (Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl, username, password)) {

            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.print("Enter student ID: ");
            int studentId = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
scanner.close();
```

```
String query = "SELECT * FROM student WHERE id = ?";

try (PreparedStatement pstmt =
conn.prepareStatement(query)) {

    pstmt.setInt(1, studentId);

    try (ResultSet result =
pstmt.executeQuery()) {

        if (result.next()) {

            System.out.println("Student found:");

            System.out.println("ID: " + result.getInt("id"));

            System.out.println("Name: " + result.getString("name"));

            System.out.println("Age: " + result.getInt("age"));

        } else

        {

            System.out.println("Student not found.");

        }

    }

} catch (SQLException e) {

    System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());

}
```



```
    }  
}
```

Output:

Enter student ID: 143

Student found:

ID: 143

Name: sri

Age: 20

5. Write a Java program to delete a student record from the database using JDBC.

```
package Assesement_day11;  
import java.sql.Connection;  
import java.sql.DriverManager;  
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;  
import java.sql.SQLException;  
import java.util.Scanner;  
public class delete_student_record {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";  
        String dbUser = "root";  
        String dbPassword = "root";  
  
        try {  
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");  
  
            Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl,  
                dbUser, dbPassword);
```

```
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the student ID to delete ");
int studentId = scanner.nextInt();
String query = "DELETE FROM students WHERE id = ?";
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setInt(1, studentId);

int rowsAffected = pstmt.executeUpdate();

if (rowsAffected > 0) {
    System.out.println("Student record deleted successfully");
} else {
    System.out.println("No student record found with the given ID");
}

conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
    System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver not found.");
} catch (SQLException e) {
    System.out.println("Error connecting to the database or executing query: " + e.getMessage());
}

}
```

Output:

```
Enter the student ID to delete: 143
Student record deleted successfully
```

6.Design a Java application to perform all CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on an **Employee** table using JDBC.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.*;
public class all_CRUD {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection conn =
                DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");

            createEmployee(conn, 1, "Sanjana", "java developer", 20000);

            readEmployees(conn);

            updateEmployee(conn, 1, 60000);

            readEmployees(conn);

            deleteEmployee(conn, 1);

            conn.close();
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
// Create employee
```

```
public static void createEmployee(Connection conn, int id,  
String name, String position, double salary) throws  
SQLException {  
String query = "INSERT INTO employees (id, name, position,  
salary) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)";  
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);  
pstmt.setInt(1, id);  
pstmt.setString(2, name);  
pstmt.setString(3, position);  
pstmt.setDouble(4, salary);  
pstmt.executeUpdate();  
System.out.println("Employee created successfully");  
}
```

```
// Read employees
```

```
public static void readEmployees(Connection conn) throws  
SQLException {  
String query = "SELECT * FROM employees";  
Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();  
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);  
while (rs.next()) {  
System.out.println("ID: " + rs.getInt("id"));  
System.out.println("Name: " + rs.getString("name"));  
System.out.println("Position: " + rs.getString("position"));  
System.out.println("Salary: " + rs.getDouble("salary"));  
System.out.println();  
}  
}
```

```
// Update employee
public static void updateEmployee(Connection conn, int id,
double salary) throws SQLException {
String query = "UPDATE employees SET salary = ? WHERE id
= ?";
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setDouble(1, salary);
pstmt.setInt(2, id);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Employee updated successfully");
}
```

```
// Delete employee
public static void deleteEmployee(Connection conn, int id)
throws SQLException {
String query = "DELETE FROM employees WHERE id = ?";
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setInt(1, id);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Employee deleted successfully");
}
}
```

7. Create a JDBC-based program to count the total number of rows in a table.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.*;
public class count_rows {
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");

Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();

ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT COUNT(*) FROM
students");

if (rs.next()) {
int rowCount = rs.getInt(1);
System.out.println("Total number of rows: " + rowCount);
}

conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}

```

Output:

Total number of rows: 3

8. Develop a program to sort student data in ascending order by name using SQL in JDBC.

```

package Assesement_day11;

```

```
import java.sql.*;

public class Sort_student_data {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection conn =
                DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
                ydb", "root", "root");

            String query = "SELECT * FROM students ORDER BY name";
            Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);

            while (rs.next()) {
                System.out.println("Name: " + rs.getString("name"));
            }
            conn.close();
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

Name: dhana

Name: sanjana

Name: sri

9. Use **PreparedStatement** to insert multiple student records into the database.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.*;

public class insert_multiple_records {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection conn =
                DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");

            String query = "INSERT INTO students (name, grade, age)
VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
            PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);

            insertStudent(pstmt, "Sanjana", "A", 20);
            insertStudent(pstmt, "Sri", "B", 21);
            insertStudent(pstmt, "Penugonda", "C", 19);

            conn.close();
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }

    private static void insertStudent(PreparedStatement pstmt,
String name, String grade, int age) throws SQLException {
```



```

pstmt.setString(1, name);
pstmt.setString(2, grade);
pstmt.setInt(3, age);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Student record inserted successfully");
}

}

```

10. Write a JDBC program to handle exceptions (like invalid ID, connection errors) gracefully.

```

package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.*;
public class handle_exceptions {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

            Connection conn =
                DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
                    ydb", "root", "root");

            Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();

            try {
                ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM students
                    WHERE id = 143");

                if (rs.next()) {

```

```
System.out.println("Student ID: " + rs.getInt("id"));
System.out.println("Student Name: " + rs.getString("name"));
} else {
System.out.println("No student record found in the given ID.");
}
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error executing query: " + e.getMessage());
} finally {
try {
stmt.close();
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error closing Statement object: " +
e.getMessage());
}
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver not found");
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error connecting to the database: " +
e.getMessage());
}

}

}
```

Output:

Student ID: 143

Student Name: sri