1. Write a Java program to connect to a MySQL database using JDBC.

```
package Assesement day11;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
public class connect mySQL database {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
String dbUser = "root";
String dbPassword = "root";
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl,
dbUser, dbPassword);
Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM students");
while (rs.next()) {
System.out.println(rs.getString(1) + " " + rs.getString(2));
```

```
conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver not found.");
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error connecting to the database or executing query: " + e.getMessage());
}

Output:
1 Dhana
2 Sri
3 Sanjana
4 Penugonda
```

2. Create a Java class to insert student records into a database table.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class insert_student_records {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
            try {
                    Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
                    String url =
"jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
                    String username = "root";
                    String password = "root";
                    Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection(url, username, password);
                    Scanner scanner = new
Scanner(System.in);
                    System.out.print("Enter student ID: ");
                    int id = scanner.nextInt();
                    System.out.print("Enter student name: ");
                    String name = scanner.next();
                    System.out.print("Enter student age: ");
                    int age = scanner.nextInt();
                    String query = "INSERT INTO student (id,
name, age) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
                    PreparedStatement pstmt =
con.prepareStatement(query);
                    pstmt.setInt(1, id);
```

```
pstmt.setString(2, name);
                    pstmt.setInt(3, age);
                    int rowsAffected = pstmt.executeUpdate();
                    if (rowsAffected > 0) {
                         System.out.println("Student record
inserted successfully");
                    } else {
                         System.out.println("Failed to insert
student record");
                    }
                    con.close();
               } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
                    System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver
not found!");
               } catch (SQLException e) {
                    System.out.println("Error: " +
e.getMessage());
               }
          }
     }
Output:
```

Enter student ID: 143

Enter student name: sri

Enter student age: 20

Student record inserted successfully

3. Write a JDBC program to fetch and display all student records from the database.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;
public class Display all students records {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
            try {
                    Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
                    Connection con =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");
                   Statement stmt = con.createStatement();
                    ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT
* FROM student");
                   while (rs.next()) {
```

```
System.out.println(rs.getInt(1) + " " +
rs.getString(2));
                    }
                    rs.close();
                    stmt.close();
                    con.close();
               } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
                    System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver
not found!");
               } catch (SQLException e) {
                    System.out.println("Error: " +
e.getMessage());
          }
     }
     Output:
143 sri
144 sanjana
145 dhana
```

4. Develop a program to search a student by ID using JDBC.

```
package jdbc_connectivity;
```

```
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Search_stuID {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
         String username = "root";
         String password = "root";
         try (Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl, username, password)) {
              Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.print("Enter student ID: ");
              int studentId = scanner.nextInt();
              scanner.close();
              String query = "SELECT * FROM student WHERE
id = ?";
```

```
try (PreparedStatement pstmt =
conn.prepareStatement(query)) {
                    pstmt.setInt(1, studentId);
                    try (ResultSet result =
pstmt.executeQuery()) {
                         if (result.next()) {
       System.out.println("Student found:");
      System.out.println("ID: " + result.getInt("id"));
      System.out.println("Name: " + result.getString("name"));
      System.out.println("Age: " + result.getInt("age"));
    }
else {
  System.out.println("Student not found.");
       }
     }
      } catch (SQLException e) {
     System.out.println("Error: " + e.getMessage());
          }
     }
}
Output:
```

Enter student ID: 143

Student found:

ID: 143

Name: sri

Age: 20

5. Write a Java program to delete a student record from the database using JDBC.

```
package Assesement day11;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class delete_student_record {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String dbUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb";
String dbUser = "root";
String dbPassword = "root";
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(dbUrl,
dbUser, dbPassword);
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the student ID to delete");
int studentId = scanner.nextInt();
String query = "DELETE FROM students WHERE id = ?";
```

```
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setInt(1, studentId);
int rowsAffected = pstmt.executeUpdate();
if (rowsAffected > 0) {
System.out.println("Student record deleted successfully");
} else {
System.out.println("No student record found with the given
ID");
conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver not found.");
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error connecting to the database or
executing query: " + e.getMessage());
}
Output:
Enter the student ID to delete: 143
Student record deleted successfully
```

6.Design a Java application to perform all CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on an **Employee** table using JDBC.

```
package Assesement day11;
import java.sql.*;
public class all CRUD {
public static void main(String[] args) {
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");
createEmployee(conn, 1, "Sanjana", "java developer", 000);
readEmployees(conn);
updateEmployee(conn, 1, 60000);
readEmployees(conn);
deleteEmployee(conn, 1);
conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
```

```
// Create employee
public static void createEmployee(Connection conn, int id,
String name, String position, double salary) throws
SQLException {
String query = "INSERT INTO employees (id, name, position,
salary) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)";
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setInt(1, id);
pstmt.setString(2, name);
pstmt.setString(3, position);
pstmt.setDouble(4, salary);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Employee created successfully");
// Read employees
public static void readEmployees(Connection conn) throws
SQLException {
String query = "SELECT * FROM employees";
Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);
while (rs.next()) {
System.out.println("ID: " + rs.getInt("id"));
System.out.println("Name: " + rs.getString("name"));
System.out.println("Position: " + rs.getString("position"));
System.out.println("Salary: " + rs.getDouble("salary"));
System.out.println();
```

```
// Update employee
public static void updateEmployee(Connection conn, int id,
double salary) throws SQLException {
String query = "UPDATE employees SET salary = ? WHERE id
= ?":
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setDouble(1, salary);
pstmt.setInt(2, id);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Employee updated successfully");
// Delete employee
public static void deleteEmployee(Connection conn, int id)
throws SQLException {
String query = "DELETE FROM employees WHERE id = ?";
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
pstmt.setInt(1, id);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Employee deleted successfully");
Output:
Employee created successfully
ID: 1
Name: Sanjana
Position: java developer
Salary: 25000.0
Employee updated successfully
ID: 1
```

Name: Sanjana

Position: java developer

Salary: 60000.0

Employee deleted successfully

7. Create a JDBC-based program to count the total number of rows in a table.

```
package Assesement day11;
import java.sql.*;
public class count rows {
public static void main(String[] args) {
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");
Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT COUNT(*) FROM
students");
if (rs.next()) {
int rowCount = rs.getInt(1);
System.out.println("Total number of rows: " + rowCount);
```

```
conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
}
Output:
Total number of rows: 3
```

8. Develop a program to sort student data in ascending order by name using SQL in JDBC.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.*;

public class Sort_student_data {

public static void main(String[] args) {
  try {
  Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

  Connection conn =
    DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb", "root", "root");

String query = "SELECT * FROM students ORDER BY name";
  Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
  ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);

while (rs.next()) {
  System.out.println("Name: " + rs.getString("name"));
}
```

```
conn.close();
catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}

Output:
Name: dhana
Name: sanjana
Name: sri
```

9.Use **PreparedStatement** to insert multiple student records into the database.

```
package Assesement_day11;
import java.sql.*;
public class insert_multiple_records {

public static void main(String[] args) {
  try {
  Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

  Connection conn =
    DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/mydb", "root", "root");

String query = "INSERT INTO students (name, grade, age)
  VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
```

```
PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
insertStudent(pstmt, "Sanjana", "A", 20);
insertStudent(pstmt, "Dhana", "B", 21);
insertStudent(pstmt, "Sri", "c", 19);
conn.close();
} catch (ClassNotFoundException | SQLException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
private static void insertStudent(PreparedStatement pstmt,
String name, String grade, int age) throws SQLException {
pstmt.setString(1, name);
pstmt.setString(2, grade);
pstmt.setInt(3, age);
pstmt.executeUpdate();
System.out.println("Student record inserted successfully");
Output:
Student record inserted successfully
Student record inserted successfully
Student record inserted successfully
```

10.Write a JDBC program to handle exceptions (like invalid ID, connection errors) gracefully.

```
package Assesement_day11;
```

```
import java.sql.*;
public class handle expections {
public static void main(String[] args) {
try {
Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
Connection conn =
DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/m
ydb", "root", "root");
Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
try {
ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM students
WHERE id = 143");
if (rs.next()) {
System.out.println("Student ID: " + rs.getInt("id"));
System.out.println("Student Name: " + rs.getString("name"));
} else {
System.out.println("No student record found with the given
ID.");
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error executing query: " + e.getMessage());
} finally {
try {
stmt.close();
} catch (SQLException e) {
```

```
System.out.println("Error closing Statement object: " + e.getMessage());
}
} catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
System.out.println("MySQL JDBC driver not found");
} catch (SQLException e) {
System.out.println("Error connecting to the database: " + e.getMessage());
}
}
Output:
Student ID: 143
```

Student Name: sri