



CONSUMER GOODS AD-HOC

INSIGHTS



AtliQ Hardwares

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Content Agenda



AtliQ Hardwares



Company Overview

- Atliq Hardware, a leading computer hardware producer in India.
- Global presence with expansions in multiple countries.

Company Problem

- The management noticed that they do not get enough Insights.
- To make quick and smart data informed decisions.

AtliQ Hardwares

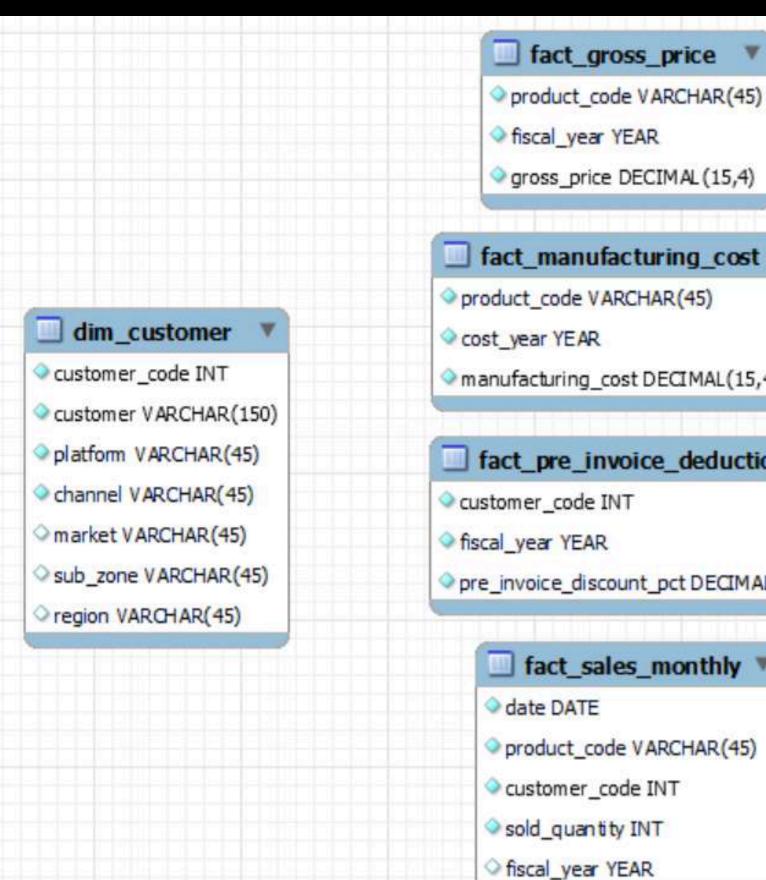


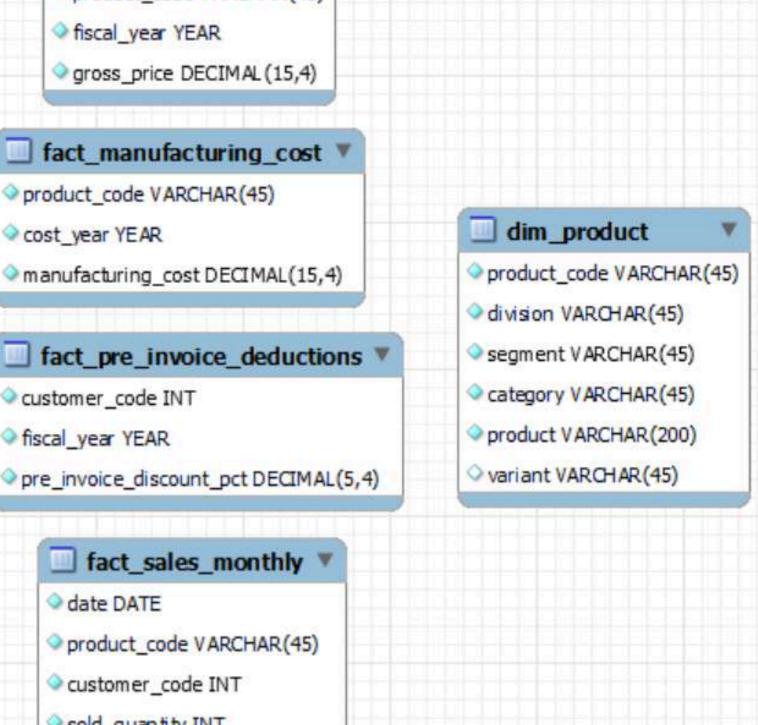
Company Decision/Challenge

- Tony Sharma, their data analytics director wanted to hire someone.
- The person should be good at both tech and soft skills.
- Decision to conduct an SQL challenge for holistic skill assesment

Input Data







Tools Used



10 - Ad-Hoc-Requests



SQL CONSUMER GOODS

10- Ad-hoc-Requests

- Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.
- What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields.
 - unique_products_2020
 - unique_products_2021
 - percentage_chg
- Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields,
 - segment
 - product count
- Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020?
 The final output contains these fields,
 - segment
 - product_count_2020
 - product_count_2021
 - difference
- Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields.
 - product_code
 - product
 - · manufacturing cost
- Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre_invoice_discount_pct for the fiscal year 2021 and in the Indian market. The final output contains these fields,
- customer code
- customer
- average_discount_percentage

7. Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer "Atliq Exclusive" for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions.

The final report contains these columns:

- Month
- Year
- · Gross sales Amount
- 8. In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total_sold_quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total_sold_quantity,
- Quarter
- total_sold_quantity
- 9. Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields,
 - channel
 - gross_sales_mln
 - percentage
- 10. Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total_sold_quantity in the fiscal_year 2021? The final output contains these fields,
- division
- product_code
- product
- total_sold_quantity
- rank_order

Tools Used





1. Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.



```
select
    market from dim_customer
where customer = "Atliq Exclusive" and region = "APAC";
```

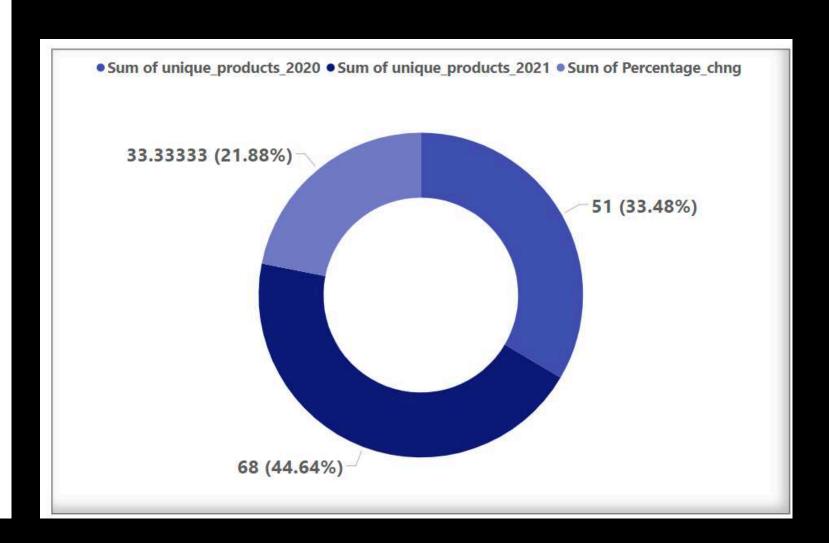


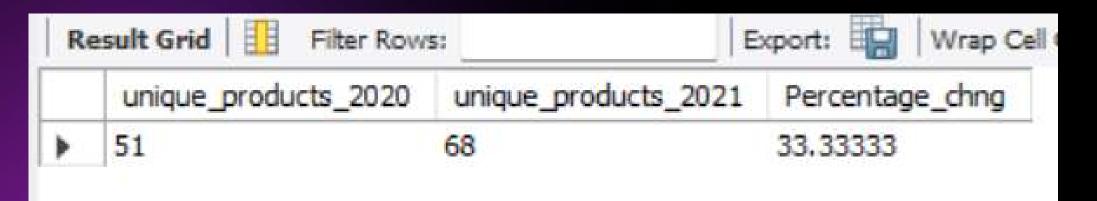


2. What is the percentage of unique product increase in 2021 vs. 2020? The final output contains these fields, unique_products_2020, unique_products_2021, percentage_chg



```
● WITH CTE as(
      Select
           count(distinct dp.product) as unique products,
           get fiscal year(fsm.date) as fiscal year
      from dim product dp
           JOIN fact sales monthly fsm
                ON dp.product code = fsm.product code
      where get_fiscal_year(fsm.date) IN(2020,2021)
      group by get fiscal year(fsm.date)),
 ⊖ CTE1 as(
   select
         MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal year = 2020 THEN unique products END) AS unique products 2020,
         MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal year = 2021 THEN unique products END) AS unique products 2021,
         (MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal year = 2021 THEN unique products END) -
         MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal year = 2020 THEN unique products END))*100.0/
         MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal year = 2020 THEN unique products END) AS Percentage chng from cte)
   select * from CTE1;
```





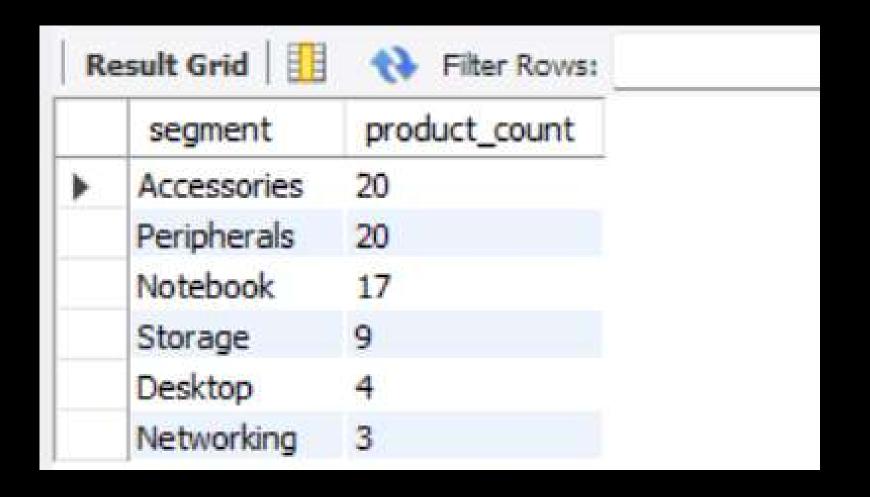


3. Provide a report with all the unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product counts. The final output contains 2 fields, segment product_count



```
select
    segment, count(distinct product) as product_count
from dim_product
group by segment
order by product_count desc;
```

Output



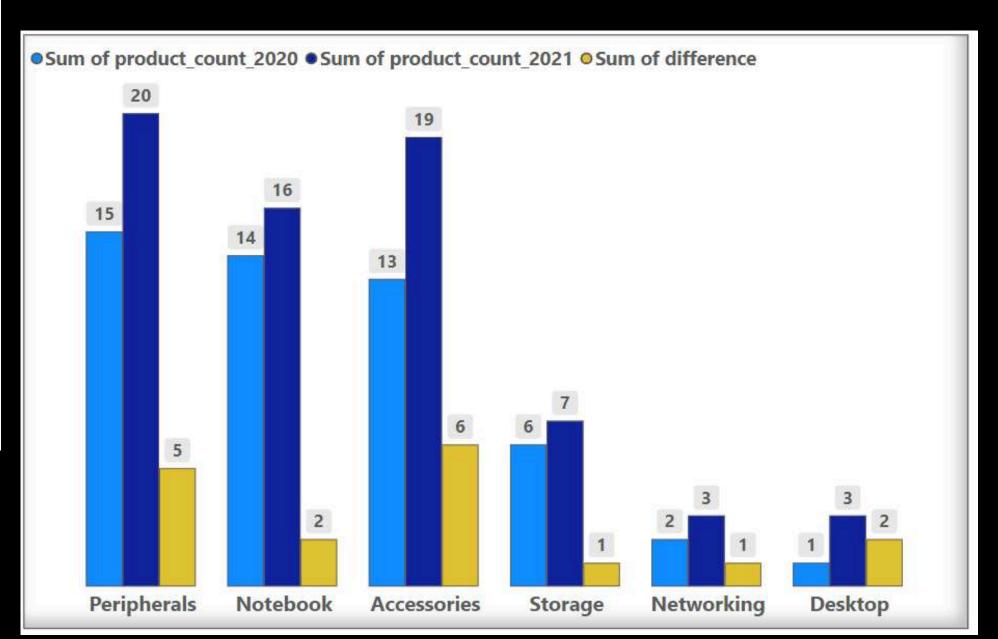
4. Follow-up: Which segment had the most increase in unique products in 2021 vs 2020? The final output contains these fields, segment, product_count_2020, product_count_2021, difference



```
⊖ with CTE AS(
       select
              segment,
             count(distinct product) as product count,
             get_fiscal_year(fsm.date) as fiscal_year
       from dim_product dp
            join fact_sales_monthly fsm
                 ON dp.product_code = fsm.product_code
       where get_fiscal_year(fsm.date) IN (2020,2021)
       group by segment, get_fiscal_year(fsm.date)),
CTE1 AS(
        select segment,
             MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal_year = 2020 THEN product_count END) AS product_count_2020,
             MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal_year = 2021 THEN product_count END) AS product_count_2021,
             (MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal year = 2021 THEN product count END) -
             MAX(CASE WHEN fiscal_year = 2020 THEN product_count END)) AS difference
        from CTE group by segment)
   select * from CTE1;
```

Output

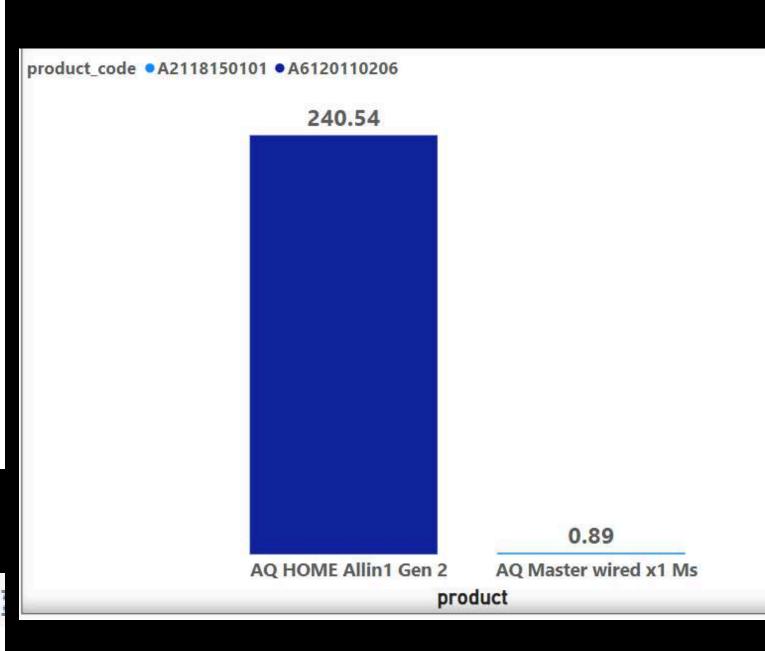
Re	esult Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Conte
	segment	product_count_2020	product_count_2021	difference
•	Accessories	13	19	6
	Desktop	1	3	2
	Networking	2	3	1
	Notebook	14	16	2
	Peripherals	15	20	5
	Storage	6	7	1



5. Get the products that have the highest and lowest manufacturing costs. The final output should contain these fields, product_code, product, manufacturing_cost



R	esult Grid	♦ Filter Rows:	Export: Wrap Cell Content:
	product_code	product	manufacturing_cost
>	A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin 1 Gen 2	240.5364
	A2118150101	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	0.8920





6. Generate a report which contains the top 5 customers who received an average high pre_invoice_discount_pct for the fiscal year 2021 and in the Indian market. The final output contains these fields, customer_code, customer, average_discount_percentage



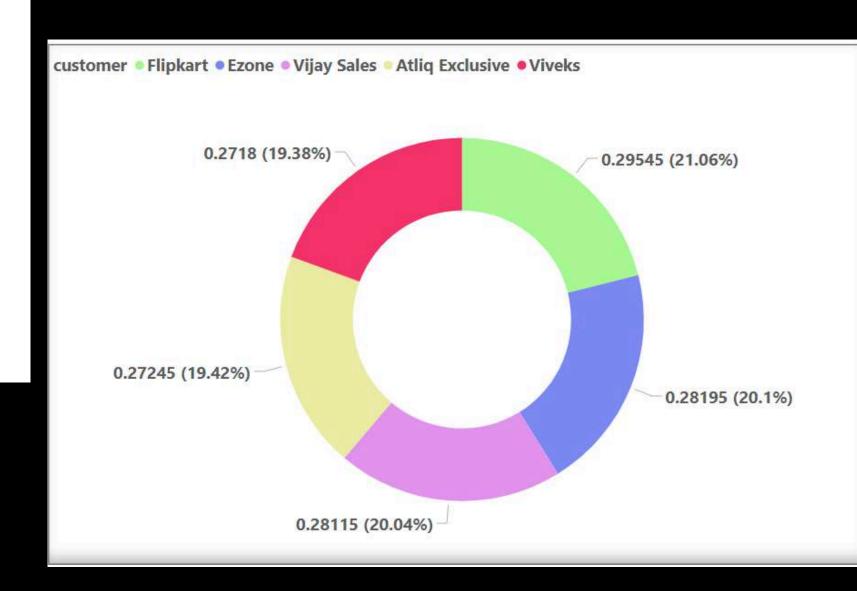
```
dc.customer_code,
    dc.customer,
    AVG(fpc.pre_invoice_discount_pct) as average_discount_percentage
from dim_customer dc

JOIN fact_pre_invoice_deductions fpc
    ON dc.customer_code = fpc.customer_code

JOIN fact_sales_monthly fsm
    ON fpc.customer_code = fsm.customer_code

where get_fiscal_year(fsm.date) = 2021 and dc.market ='India'
group by dc.customer_code, dc.customer
order by average_discount_percentage
desc limit 5;
```

esult Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:
customer_code	customer	average_discount_percentage
90002009	Flipkart	0.29545000
90002003	Ezone	0.28195000
90002004	Vijay Sales	0.28115000
90002011	Atliq Exclusive	0.27245000
90002006	Viveks	0.27180000
	customer_code 90002009 90002003 90002004 90002011	customer_code customer 90002009 Flipkart 90002003 Ezone 90002004 Vijay Sales 90002011 Atliq Exclusive



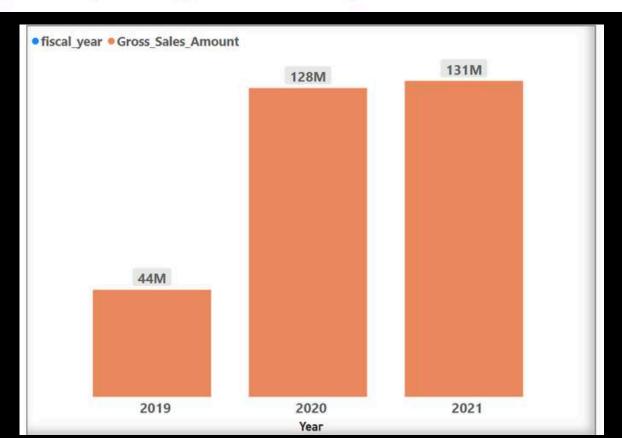


7. Get the complete report of the Gross sales amount for the customer "Atliq Exclusive" for each month. This analysis helps to get an idea of low and high-performing months and take strategic decisions. The final report contains these columns:



```
date(fsm.date) as month,
    get_fiscal_year(fsm.date) as year,
    sum(sold_quantity * gross_price) as Gross_Sales_Amount
from fact_gross_price fgp
    JOIN fact_sales_monthly fsm
        ON fgp.product_code = fsm.product_code
    JOIN dim_customer dc
        ON fsm.customer_code = dc.customer_code
where customer = "Atliq Exclusive"
group by year, fsm.date
order by Gross_Sales_Amount desc;
```

Month, Year, Gross sales Amount



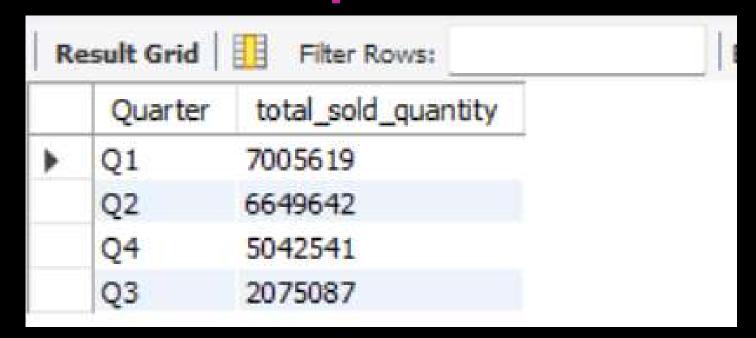
Output

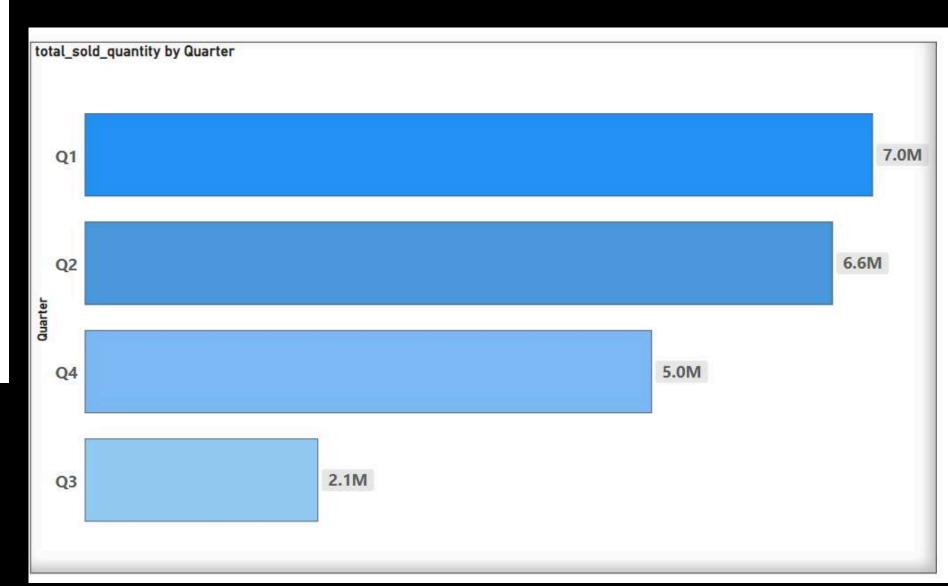
Year •	Month	fiscal_year	Gross_Sales_Amount
2019	September	2020	90,92,670.34
2019	October	2020	1,03,78,637.60
2019	November	2020	1,5 <mark>2,31,894.97</mark>
2019	December	2020	97,55,795.06
2020	January	2020	95,84,951.94
2020	February	2020	80,83,995.55
2020	March	2020	7,66,976.45
2020	April	2020	8,00,071.95
2020	May	2020	15,86,964.48
2020	June	2020	34,29,736.57
2020	July	2020	51,51,815.40
2020	August	2020	56,38,281.83
2020	September	2021	1,95,3 <mark>0,271.30</mark>
2020	October	2021	2,10,16 ,218.21
2020	November	2021	3,22,47,289.79
2020	December	2021	2,04,09,063.18
2021	January	2021	1,95,7 _{0,701.71}
2021	February	2021	1,59,86,603.89
2021	March	2021	1,91,49,624.92
2021	April	2021	1,14,83,530.30
2021	May	2021	1,92,04,309.41
2021	June	2021	1,54,57,579.66
2021	July	2021	1,90,44,968.82
2021	August	2021	1,13,24,548.34
Total		48492	30,39,26,501.67

8. In which quarter of 2020, got the maximum total_sold_quantity? The final output contains these fields sorted by the total_sold_quantity Quarter, total_sold_quantity



Output





9. Which channel helped to bring more gross sales in the fiscal year 2021 and the percentage of contribution? The final output contains these fields, channel, gross_sales_mln, percentage



```
select
                     get_fiscal_quarter(date) as Quarter,
                     sum(sold_quantity) as total_sold_quantity
              from fact_sales_monthly
              where get_fiscal_year(date) = 2020
              group by get_fiscal_quarter(date)
 select
       Quarter,
       total_sold_quantity
 from CTE
 order by total_sold_quantity desc;
```

	channel	gross_sales_mln	percentage
>	Retailer	1924.170	73.217
	Direct	406.687	15.475
	Distributor	297.176	11.308

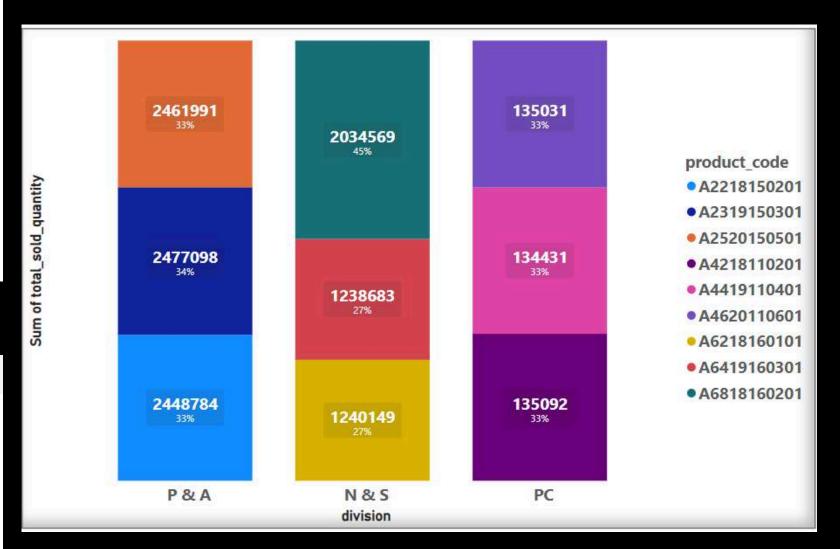
10. Get the Top 3 products in each division that have a high total_sold_quantity in the fiscal_year 2021? The final output contains these fields, division, product_code, product, total_sold_quantity, rank_order



```
    with cte as(
              select
                      dp.division,
                      dp.product code,
                      dp.product,
                     sum(sold quantity) as total sold quantity
              from dim_product dp
                     JOIN fact sales monthly fsm
                           ON dp.product code = fsm.product code
              where get_fiscal_year(fsm.date) = 2021
              group by dp.product
              order by total_sold_quantity desc),
  ctel as(
          select *,
          dense_rank() OVER(PARTITION BY division order by total_sold_quantity desc)as rank_order
          from cte)
  select * from cte1 where rank order <= 3;
```

Output

Re	Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell Content: TA				
	division	product_code	product	total_sold_quantity	rank_order
•	N & S	A6818160201	AQ Pen Drive DRC	2034569	1
	N & S	A6218160101	AQ Digit SSD	1240149	2
	N & S	A6419160301	AQ Clx1	1238683	3
	P&A	A2319150301	AQ Gamers Ms	2477098	1
	P&A	A2520150501	AQ Maxima Ms	2461991	2
	P&A	A2218150201	AQ Master wireless x1 Ms	2448784	3
	PC	A4218110201	AQ Digit	135092	1
	PC	A4620110601	AQ Gen Y	135031	2
	PC	A4419110401	AQ Elite	134431	3







nankyou

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