## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 17

Section 1 : MCO

1. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
push(5);

Answer

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Elements are Added on \_\_\_\_\_ of the Stack.

Answer

Top

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

Last node

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

4. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
   if (top == -1) {
     printf("Stack is empty\n");
   } else {
     printf("Stack elements: ");
     for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
       printf("%d ", stack[i]);
     printf("\n");
  }
void push(int value) {
if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
     printf("Stack Overflow\n");
```

```
} else {
    stack[++top] = value;
int main() {
  display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
display();
  return 0;
```

## Answer

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct

6. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

None of the mentioned options

Marks : 0/1 Status: Wrong

7. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10.5 + 60.6 / \*8 - is

Answer

142

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

**Answer** 

Peek

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    int stack[MAX_SIZE];
    int top = -1;
    int isEmpty() {
       return (top == -1);
    int isFull() {
       return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
    void push(int item) {
       if (isFull())
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
       else
         stack[++top] = item;
    int main() {
       printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
بادر (10);
push(20);
push(20)
       push(10);
```

```
printf("%d\n", isFull());
return 0;

Answer

10

Status: Correct
```

10. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Marks: 1/1

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
   if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
      printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      return;
   }
   stack[++(*top)] = item;
}
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
```

```
if (*top == -1) {
    printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    return -1;
  return stack[(*top)--];
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
  push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0;
}
Answer
302010Stack Underflow-1
Status: Correct
```

13. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

## **Answer**

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Marks: 1/1

14. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer Given the following sequence of operations: push(10);pop();push(5);top(); The top element in the stack is 5 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 15. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow? Answer Pushing an element onto the stack Marks: 0/1 Status: Wrong 16. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack? push(1); pop(); push(2);push(3); pop(); push(2); pop(); pop();

Answer

push(4);pop(); pop(); push(5);

**Underflow Occurs** 

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct

17. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack? Answer Linked lists can dynamically resize Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 18. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top? Answer Pop Status: Correct Marks: 19. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations? **Answer** Last In First Out Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 20. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - \*? **Answer** -18

2408

Status: Correct

7,080,129,

Marks: 1/1