## Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - ECE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 4\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt: 1 Total Mark: 20 Marks Obtained: 14

Section 1: MCO

1. In a linked list implementation of a queue, front and rear pointers are tracked. Which of these pointers will change during an insertion into a nonempty queue?

Answer

Both front and rear pointer

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

2. A normal queue, if implemented using an array of size MAX\_SIZE, gets full when

Answer

Rear = MAX\_SIZE - 1

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. The essential condition that is checked before insertion in a queue is?

## Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. In linked list implementation of a queue, the important condition for a queue to be empty is?

Answer

FRONT is null

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. Insertion and deletion operation in the queue is known as

## Answer

**Enqueue and Dequeue** 

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
typedef struct {
  int arr[MAX_SIZE];
  int front;
  int rear;
  int size;
} Queue;
```

void enqueue(Queue\* queue, int data) {

```
if (queue->size == MAX_SIZE) {
    return;
  queue->rear = (queue->rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
  queue->arr[queue->rear] = data;
  queue->size++;
}
int dequeue(Queue* queue) {
  if (queue->size == 0) {
    return -1;
  int data = queue->arr[queue->front];
  queue->front = (queue->front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
queue->size--;
  return data:
int main() {
  Queue queue;
  queue.front = 0;
  queue.rear = -1;
  queue.size = 0;
  enqueue(&queue, 1);
  enqueue(&queue, 2);
  enqueue(&queue, 3);
  printf("%d", dequeue(&queue));
printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
  enqueue(&queue, 4);
  enqueue(&queue, 5);
  printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
  printf("%d ", dequeue(&queue));
  return 0;
}
Answer
1234
Status: Correct
```

7. Which one of the following is an application of Queue Data Structure?

Marks: 1/1

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks

8. What will the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct {
  int* arr;
  int front;
oint rear;
  int size;
} Queue;
Queue* createQueue() {
  Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
  queue->arr = (int*)malloc(5 * sizeof(int));
  queue->front = 0;
  queue->rear = -1;
  queue->size = 0;
  return queue;
int main() {
Queue* queue = createQueue();
  printf("%d", queue->size);
  return 0;
Answer
0
Status: Correct
```

Marks: 1/1

9. What are the applications of dequeue?

Answer

All the mentioned options

Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 10. What is the functionality of the following piece of code? public void function(Object item) Node temp=new Node(item,trail); if(isEmpty()) head.setNext(temp); temp.setNext(trail); else Node cur=head.getNext(); while(cur.getNext()!=trail) cur=cur.getNext(); cur.setNext(temp); } size++; } **Answer** Insert at the rear end of the dequeue Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 11. What will be the output of the following code? #include <stdio.h> #include <stdlib.h> #define MAX\_SIZE 5 typedef struct { int\* arr; int front; int rear;

```
Queue* createQueue() {

Queue* queue - (
      Queue* queue = (Queue*)malloc(sizeof(Queue));
      queue->arr = (int*)malloc(MAX_SIZE * sizeof(int));
      queue->front = -1;
      queue->rear = -1;
      queue->size = 0;
      return queue;
   int isEmpty(Queue* queue) {
      return (queue->size == 0);
   int main() {
      Queue* queue = createQueue();
      printf("Is the queue empty? %d", isEmpty(queue));
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
    Runtime Error
    Status: Wrong
```

12. Which of the following can be used to delete an element from the front end of the queue?

Answer

None of these

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

Marks: 0/1

13. The process of accessing data stored in a serial access memory is similar to manipulating data on a

Answer

Status: Skipped Marks: 0/1

240	14. Which of the following properties is associated with a Answer First In First Out Status: Correct	Marks: 1/1	
	15. Which operations are performed when deleting an elearray-based queue?	ement from an	
	Answer		
	Dequeue	^0	
240	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1	
	16. Front and rear pointers are tracked in the linked list in a queue. Which of these pointers will change during an ins EMPTY queue?	-	
	Answer		
	Only rear pointer		
	Status: Wrong	Marks : 0/1	
	129 <sup>1</sup>	<sup>201</sup>	
240	17. In what order will they be removed If the elements "A" are placed in a queue and are deleted one at a time	', "B", "C" and "D"	
	Answer		
	ABCD		
	Status: Correct	Marks : 1/1	
	18. After performing this set of operations, what does the final list look to contain?		
		1297	
240	InsertFront(10); InsertFront(20);	24080	

InsertRear(30);
DeleteFront();
InsertRear(40);
InsertRear(10);
DeleteRear();
InsertRear(15);
display();

Answer

10 30 10 15

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

19. When new data has to be inserted into a stack or queue, but there is no available space. This is known as

Answer

overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. What does the front pointer in a linked list implementation of a queue contain?

Answer

The address of the first element

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2,40801291

2,40801297

2,40801291

1,4080129