

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Priyadharshan S  
Email: 240801254@rajalakshmi.edu.in  
Roll no: 240801254  
Phone: 8124397424  
Branch: REC  
Department: I ECE AF  
Batch: 2028  
Degree: B.E - ECE

Scan to verify results



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

### REC\_DS using C\_Week 4\_PAH

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 50  
Marks Obtained : 0

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

You are tasked with developing a simple ticket management system for a customer support department. In this system, customers submit support tickets, which are processed in a First-In-First-Out (FIFO) order. The system needs to handle the following operations:

**Ticket Submission (Enqueue Operation):** New tickets are submitted by customers. Each ticket is assigned a unique identifier (represented by an integer). When a new ticket arrives, it should be added to the end of the queue.

**Ticket Processing (Dequeue Operation):** The support team processes tickets in the order they are received. The ticket at the front of the queue is processed first. After processing, the ticket is removed from the queue.

Display Ticket Queue: The system should be able to display the current state of the ticket queue, showing the sequence of ticket identifiers from front to rear.

### ***Input Format***

The first input line contains an integer n, the number of tickets submitted by customers.

The second line consists of a single integer, representing the unique identifier of each submitted ticket, separated by a space.

### ***Output Format***

The first line displays the "Queue: " followed by the ticket identifiers in the queue after all tickets have been submitted.

The second line displays the "Queue After Dequeue: " followed by the ticket identifiers in the queue after processing (removing) the ticket at the front.

Refer to the sample output for the exact text and format.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 6

14 52 63 95 68 49

Output: Queue: 14 52 63 95 68 49

Queue After Dequeue: 52 63 95 68 49

### ***Answer***

-

**Status :** Skipped

**Marks :** 0/10

## **2. Problem Statement**

Guide Harish in developing a simple queue system for a customer service center. The customer service center can handle up to 25 customers at a time. The queue needs to support basic operations such as adding a

customer to the queue, serving a customer (removing them from the queue), and displaying the current queue of customers.

Use an array for implementation.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of the input consists of an integer N, the number of customers arriving at the service center.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, representing the customer IDs in the order they arrive.

### ***Output Format***

After serving the first customer in the queue, display the remaining customers in the queue.

If a dequeue operation is attempted on an empty queue, display "Underflow".

If the queue is empty, display "Queue is empty".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 5

101 102 103 104 105

Output: 102 103 104 105

### ***Answer***

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/10

## **3. Problem Statement**

You've been assigned the challenge of developing a queue data structure using a linked list.

The program should allow users to interact with the queue by enqueueing positive integers and subsequently dequeuing and displaying elements.

### ***Input Format***

The input consists of a series of integers, one per line. Enter positive integers into the queue.

Enter -1 to terminate input.

### ***Output Format***

The output prints the space-separated dequeued elements.

Refer to the sample output for the exact text and format.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

2

3

4

-1

Output: Dequeued elements: 1 2 3 4

### ***Answer***

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/10

## **4. Problem Statement**

Amar is working on a project where he needs to implement a special type of queue that allows selective dequeuing based on a given multiple. He wants to efficiently manage a queue of integers such that only elements not divisible by a given multiple are retained in the queue after a selective dequeue operation.

Implement a program to assist Amar in managing his selective queue.

### Example

Input:

5

10 2 30 4 50

5

Output:

Original Queue: 10 2 30 4 50

Queue after selective dequeue: 2 4

Explanation:

After selective dequeue with a multiple of 5, the elements that are multiples of 5 should be removed. Therefore, only 10, 30, and 50 should be removed from the queue. The updated Queue is 2 4.

### ***Input Format***

The first line contains an integer n, representing the number of elements initially present in the queue.

The second line contains n space-separated integers, representing the elements of the queue.

The third line contains an integer multiple, representing the divisor for selective dequeue operation.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output prints "Original Queue: " followed by the space-separated elements in the queue before the dequeue operation.

The second line prints "Queue after selective dequeue: " followed by the remaining space-separated elements in the queue, after deleting elements that are the multiples of the specified number.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 5

10 2 30 4 50

5

Output: Original Queue: 10 2 30 4 50

Queue after selective dequeue: 2 4

### **Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks :** 0/10

### **5. Problem Statement**

Sharon is developing a queue using an array. She wants to provide the functionality to find the Kth largest element. The queue should support the addition and retrieval of the Kth largest element effectively. The maximum capacity of the queue is 10.

Assist her in the program.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements in the queue.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers.

The third line consists of an integer K.

### **Output Format**

For each enqueued element, print a message: "Enqueued: " followed by the element.

The last line prints "The [K]th largest element: " followed by the Kth largest element.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 5

23 45 93 87 25

4

Output: Enqueued: 23

Enqueued: 45

Enqueued: 93

Enqueued: 87

Enqueued: 25

The 4th largest element: 25

**Answer**

-

**Status :** -

**Marks : 0/10**