Aggregate your data by category

IMPORTING AND MANAGING FINANCIAL DATA IN PYTHON



Stefan Jansen Instructor



Summarize numeric data by category

- So far: Summarize individual variables
- Compute descriptive statistic like mean, quantiles
- Split data into groups, then summarize groups
- Examples:
 - Largest company by exchange
 - Median market capitalization per IPO year
 - Average market capitalization per sector

Group your data by sector

nasdaq.info()

```
RangeIndex: 3167 entries, 0 to 3166
Data columns (total 7 columns):
Stock Symbol
                      3167 non-null object
Company Name
                      3167 non-null object
           3165 non-null float64
Last Sale
Market Capitalization 3167 non-null float64
IPO Year
            1386 non-null float64
                      2767 non-null object
Sector
Industry
                      2767 non-null object
dtypes: float64(3), object(4)
memory usage: 173.3+ KB
```



Group your data by sector

```
nasdaq['market_cap_m'] = nasdaq['Market Capitalization'].div(1e6)
nasdaq = nasdaq.drop('Market Capitalization', axis=1) # Drop column
nasdaq_by_sector = nasdaq.groupby('Sector') # Create groupby object
for sector, data in nasdaq_by_sector:
    print(sector, data.market_cap_m.mean())
```

```
Basic Industries 724.899933858
Capital Goods 1511.23737278
Consumer Durables 839.802606627
Consumer Non-Durables 3104.05120552
...
Public Utilities 2357.86531507
Technology 10883.4342135
Transportation 2869.66000673
```



Keep it simple and skip the loop

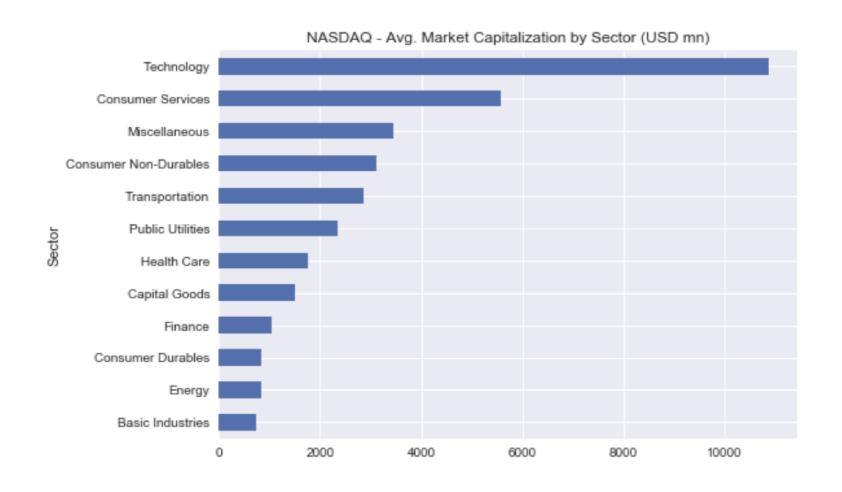
```
mcap_by_sector = nasdaq_by_sector.market_cap_m.mean()
mcap_by_sector
```

```
Sector
Basic Industries
                 724.899934
Capital Goods
                        1511.237373
Consumer Durables
                  839.802607
Consumer Non-Durables
                        3104.051206
Consumer Services
                        5582.344175
                         826.607608
Energy
Finance
                        1044.090205
Health Care
                        1758.709197
```



Visualize category summaries

```
title = 'NASDAQ = Avg. Market Cap by Sector'
mcap_by_sector.plot(kind='barh', title=title)
plt.xlabel('USD mn')
```



Aggregate summary for all numeric columns

nasdaq_by_sector.mean()

	Last Sale	IPO Year	market_cap_m
Sector			
Basic Industries	21.597679	2000.766667	724.899934
Capital Goods	26.188681	2001.324675	1511.237373
Consumer Durables	24.363391	2003.222222	839.802607
Consumer Non-Durables	25.749565	2000.609756	3104.051206
Consumer Services	34.917318	2004.104575	5582.344175
Energy	15.496834	2008.034483	826.607608
Finance	29.644242	2010.321101	1044.090205
Health Care	19.462531	2009.240409	1758.709197
Miscellaneous	46.094369	2004.333333	3445.655935
Public Utilities	18.643705	2006.040000	2357.865315



Let's practice!

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More ways to aggregate your data

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Many ways to aggregate

- Last segment: Group by one variable and aggregate
- More detailed ways to summarize your data:
 - Group by two or more variables
 - Apply multiple aggregations
- Examples
 - Median market cap by sector and IPO year
 - Mean & standard deviation of stock price by year

Several aggregations by category

```
nasdaq['market_cap_m'] = nasdaq['Market Capitalization'].div(1e6)
by_sector = nasdaq.groupby('Sector')
by_sector.market_cap_m.agg(['size', 'mean']).sort_values('size')
```

```
Sector
                       size
                                     mean
Transportation
                         52
                              2869.660007
Energy
                         66
                               826.607608
Public Utilities
                         66
                              2357.865315
Basic Industries
                         78
                               724.899934
Consumer Services
                        348
                              5582.344175
Technology
                        433
                             10883.434214
Finance
                              1044.090205
                        627
Health Care
                        645
                              1758.709197
```



Several aggregations plus new labels

```
by_sector.market_cap_m.agg({'#0bs': 'size', 'Average': 'mean'})
```

```
Sector
                     #0bs
                               Average
Basic Industries
                       78
                             724.899934
               172
Capital Goods
                            1511.237373
Consumer Durables
                            839.802607
Consumer Non-Durables
                      103
                           3104.051206
Consumer Services
                      348
                           5582.344175
Health Care
                      645
                            1758.709197
Miscellaneous
                           3445.655935
Public Utilities
                       66
                           2357.865315
Technology
                     433
                           10883.434214
Transportation
                       52
                           2869.660007
```



Different statistics by column

```
by_sector.agg({'market_cap_m': 'size', 'IPO Year':'median'})
```

```
Sector
                       market_cap_m
                                     IPO Year
Basic Industries
                                 78
                                        1972.0
Capital Goods
                                       1972.0
                                172
Consumer Durables
                                       1983.0
                                 88
Consumer Non-Durables
                                       1972.0
                                103
Consumer Services
                                       1981.0
                                348
Health Care
                                645
                                        1981.0
Miscellaneous
                                       1987.0
                                 89
Public Utilities
                                 66
                                       1981.0
Technology
                                       1972.0
                                433
Transportation
                                        1986.0
                                 52
```



Aggregate by two categories

```
by_sector_year = nasdaq.groupby(['Sector', 'IPO Year'])
by_sector_year.market_cap_m.mean()
```

```
Sector
                  IPO Year
Basic Industries 1972.0
                               877.240005
                  1973.0
                             1445.697371
                  1986.0
                              1396.817381
Transportation
                  1986.0
                             1176.179710
                  1991.0
                              6646.778622
                  1992.0
                                56.074572
                  2009.0
                               552.445919
                  2011.0
                             3711.638317
                  2013.0
                               125.740421
```



Select from MultiIndex

```
mcap_sector_year = by_sector_year.market_cap_m.mean()
mcap_sect_year.loc['Basic Industries']
```

```
IPO Year
1972.0
           877.240005
1973.0
          1445.697371
1986.0
          1396.817381
1988.0
            24.847526
2012.0
           381.796074
2013.0
            22.661533
2015.0
           260.075564
2016.0
            81.288336
Name: market_cap_m, dtype: float64
```



Select from MultiIndex

```
mcap_sect_year.loc[['Basic Industries', 'Transportation']]
```

```
      Sector
      IPO Year

      Basic Industries
      1972.0
      877.240005

      1973.0
      1445.697371

      1986.0
      1396.817381

      ...

      Transportation
      1986.0
      1176.179710

      1991.0
      6646.778622

      1992.0
      56.074572

      ...
```



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Summary statistics by category with seaborn

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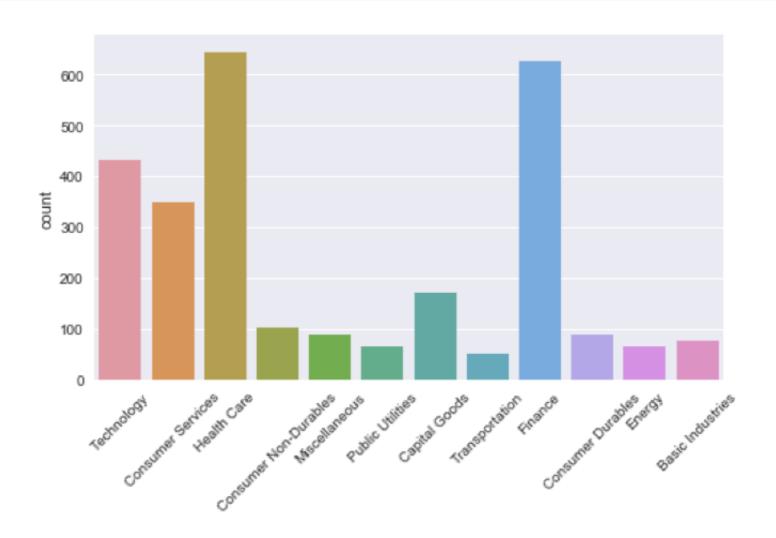


Categorical plots with seaborn

- Specialized ways to plot combinations of categorical and numerical variables
- Visualize estimates of summary statistics per category
- Understand how categories impact numerical variables
- Compare using key metrics of distributional characteristics
- Example: Mean Market Cap per Sector or IPO Year with indication of dispersion

The basics: countplot

```
sns.countplot(x='Sector', data=nasdaq)
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
```





countplot, sorted

```
sector_size = nasdaq.groupby('Sector').size()
order = sector_size.sort_values(ascending=False)
order.head()
```

```
Sector
Health Care 645
Finance 627
Technology 433
```

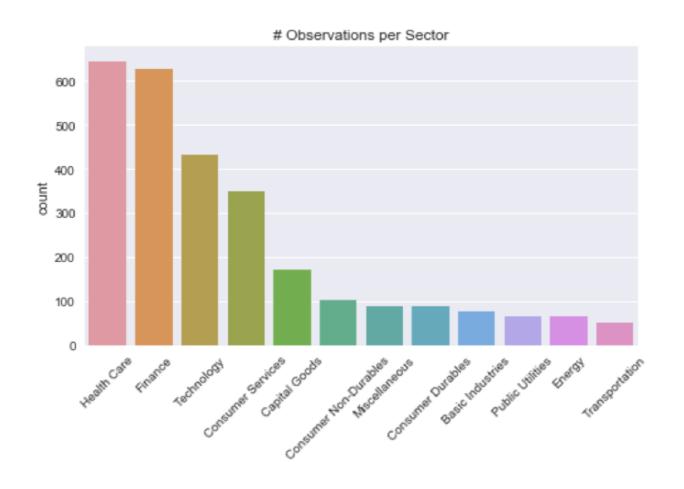
```
order = order.index.tolist()
```

```
['Health Care', 'Finance', ..., 'Energy', 'Transportation']
```



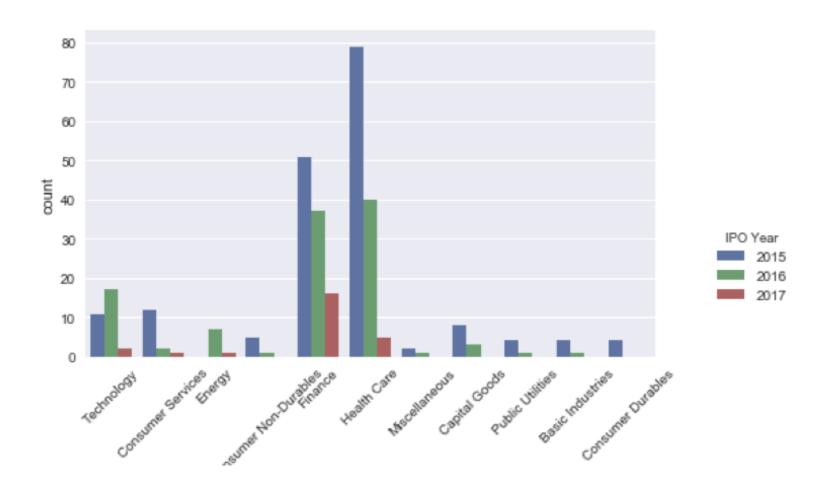
countplot, sorted

```
sns.countplot(x='Sector', data=nasdaq, order=order)
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.title('# Observations per Sector')
```



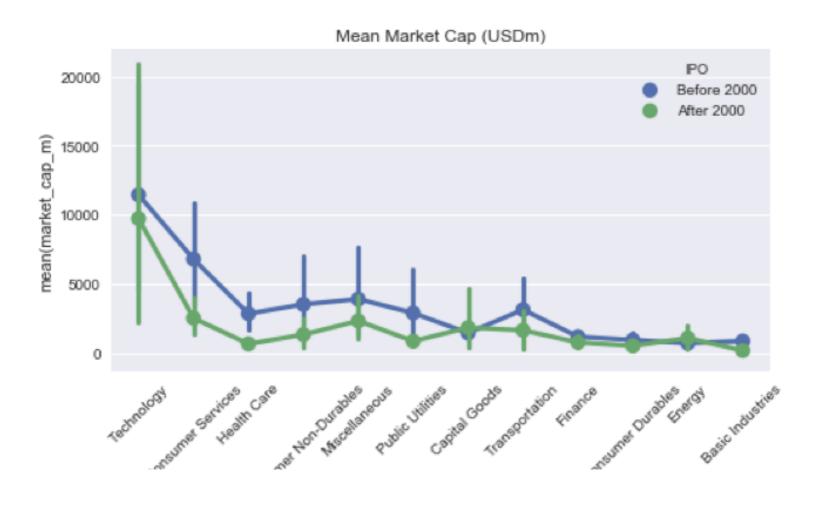
countplot, multiple categories

```
recent_ipos = nasdaq[nasdaq['IPO Year'] > 2014]
recent_ipos['IPO Year'] = recent_ipos['IPO Year'].astype(int)
sns.countplot(x='Sector', hue='IPO Year', data=recent_ipos)
```



Compare stats with PointPlot

```
nasdaq['IPO'] = nasdaq['IPO Year'].apply(lambda x: 'After 2000' if x > 2000 else 'Before 2000')
sns.pointplot(x='Sector', y='market_cap_m', hue='IPO', data=nasdaq)
plt.xticks(rotation=45); plt.title('Mean Market Cap')
```



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Distributions by category with seaborn

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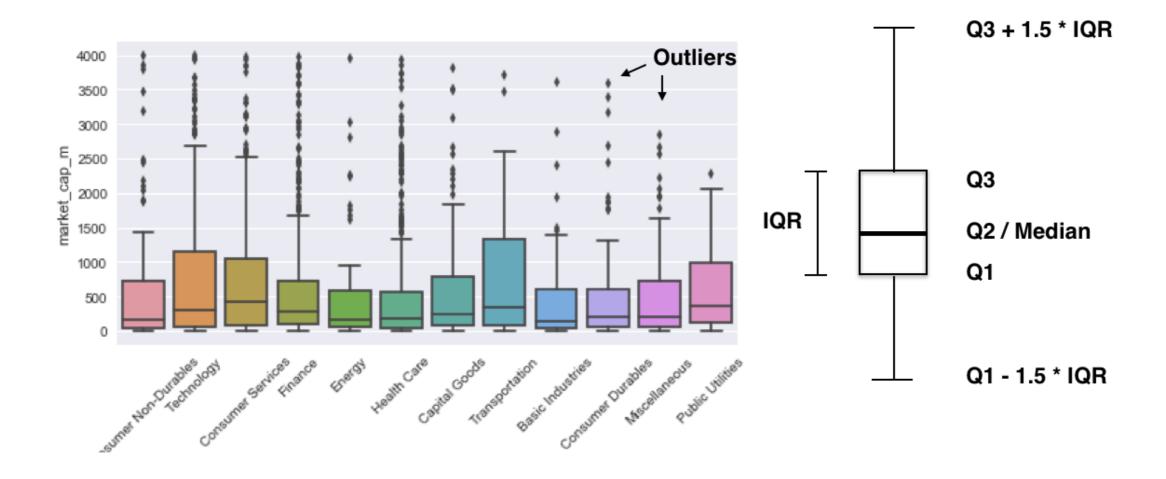
Distributions by category

- Last segment: Summary statistics
- Number of observations, mean per category
- Now: Visualize distribution of a variable by levels of a categorical variable to facilitate comparison
- Example: Distribution of Market Cap by Sector or IPO Year
- More detail than summary stats

Clean data: removing outliers

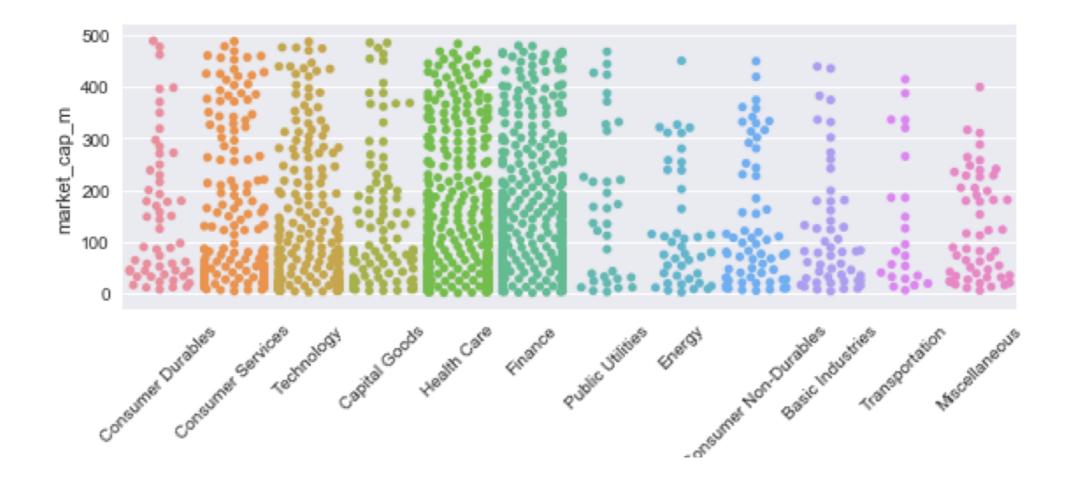
Boxplot: quartiles and outliers

```
import seaborn as sns
sns.boxplot(x='Sector', y='market_cap_m', data=nasdaq)
plt.xticks(rotation=75);
```



A variation: SwarmPlot

```
sns.swarmplot(x='Sector', y='market_cap_m', data=nasdaq)
plt.xticks(rotation=75)
plt.show()
```



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Congratulations!

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What you learned

- Import data from Excel and online sources
- Combine datasets
- Summarize and aggregate data



Keep learning!

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