

Ex 1 ADVANCED LINUX COMMANDS

Date: 27.08.20

Aim:

To study and implement the Linux commands

Description:

Sl. No.	Command Name	Meaning	options
1.	ls	List files and/or directories.	-a, --all do not ignore entries starting with. -A, --almost-all do not list implied. and. --author with -l, print the author of each file -b, --escape print C-style escapes for nongraphic characters --block-size=SIZE
2.	Who am i	This command reveals the user who is currently logged in.	-a, --all =same as -b -d - -login -p -r -t -T -u -b, --boot time of last system boot -d, --dead print dead processes -H, --heading print line of column headings -l, --login print system login processes --lookup attempt to canonicalize hostnames via DNS
3.	pwd	prints the absolute path to the current working directory	-L, --logical use PWD from the environment, even if it contains symlinks

			-P, --physical avoid all symlinks
4.	cal	Displays the calendar of the current month	<p>-1, --one Display single month output. (This is the default.)</p> <p>-3, --three Display prev/current/next month output.</p> <p>-s, --Sunday Display Sunday as the first day of the week.</p> <p>-m, --Monday Display Monday as the first day of the week.</p> <p>-j, --Julian Display Julian dates (days one-based, numbered from January 1).</p> <p>-y, --year</p>
5.	echo	This command will echo whatever you provide it.	<p>-n do not output the trailing newline</p> <p>-e enable interpretation of backslash escapes</p> <p>-E disable the interpretation of backslash escapes (default)</p>
6.	date	Displays current time and date.	-d, --date=STRING display time described by STRING, not 'now'

			<code>-f, --file=DATEFILE</code> like <code>--date</code> once for each line of <code>DATAFILE</code>
7.	tty	Displays the current terminal.	
8.	id	This command prints user and groups (UID and GID) of the current user.	<code>-a</code> ignore, for compatibility with other versions <code>-Z, --context</code> print only the security context of the current user <code>-g, --troupe</code> print only the effective group ID <code>-G, --groups</code> print all group IDs <code>-n, --name</code> print a name instead of a number, for <code>-ugG</code>
9.	clear	This command clears the screen.	
10.	man	To show manual page	
11.	cd	Change the current working directory to the directory provided as an argument.	
12.	mkdir	To create a directory, the 'mkdir' command is used.	
13.	touch	For creating an empty file, use the touch command.	
14.	cp	Copy files and directories	

15.	mv	Move files or directories. The 'mv' command works like 'cp' command, except that the original file is removed. But, the mv command can be used to rename the files (or directories).	
16.	rmdir	the command removes any empty directories, but cannot delete a directory if a file is present in it.	
17.	file	The file command determines the file type of a given file.	
18.	cat	The 'cat' command is actually a concatenator but can be used to view the contents of a file.	
19.	head	Displays the first few lines of a file. By default, the 'head' command displays the first 10 lines of a file.	
20.	tail	the 'tail' command shows the last 10 lines by default	-c, --bytes=[-]K print the first K bytes of each file -n, --lines=[-]K print the first K lines instead of the first 10 -q, --quiet, --silent never print headers giving file names
21.	wc	This command counts lines, words, and letters of the input given to it.	
22.	grep	The 'grep' command searches for a pattern in a file (or standard input).	

23.	vi	Visual editor	
24.	alias	The 'alias' is another name for a command.	
25.	history	shows the commands you have entered on your terminal so far.	
26.	passwd	To change your password	
27.	help	With almost every command, '--help' option shows usage summary for that command.	
28.	chmod	The <i>chmod</i> command lets you change access permissions for a file.	
29.	stat	To check the status of a file. This provides more detailed information about a file than 'ls -l' output.	-L, --dereference follow links -f, --file-system display file system status instead of file status -c --format=FORMAT use the specified FORMAT instead of the default; output a newline after each use of FORMAT --printf=FORMAT
30.	ln	The ln command is used in Linux to create links.	

Exercise

1. List the contents of user's home directory including the hidden files

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ls -la
.          a18.c  a41.c      books.txt    ex10b.cpp    ex8b.cpp
..         a19.c  a42.c      borrowed.txt ex10c.cpp    ex91.cpp
\          a1.c  a43.c      b.out        ex10.cpp     .ex91.cpp.swp
10.cpp     a2      a44.c      call.txt     ex11a.cpp    ex97.cpp
123.cpp    a20.c   a45.c      .cexp4.1.swo ex11b.cpp    ex9a.cpp
234.cpp    a21.c   a46.c      .cexp4.1.swp ex3a.cpp     ex9b.cpp
255.cpp    a22.c   a47.c      cexp9.c      ex3b.cpp     ex9c.cpp
256.cpp    a23.c   a49.c      class.cpp    .ex3b.cpp.swp ex9g.cpp
257.cpp    a24.c   a4.c       classroom    ex3.cpp      example10.sh
6a.cpp     a25.c   a5.c       comp4.1      ex4a.cpp     .example10.sh.swp
.6a.cpp.swp a26.c   a6.c       conditional.c ex4.cpp      example11.sh
6b.cpp     a27.c   a7.c       .config      .ex4.cpp.swn example12.sh
7a.cpp     a28.c   a8.c       dir1         .ex4.cpp.swo example13.sh
7b.cpp     a29.c   a9.c       dir2         .ex4.cpp.swp example14.sh
7.cpp      a2.c    ads11.cpp  dis          ex5a.cpp     example15.c
8ex.cpp    a3      ads1.cpp   dis2         .ex5a.cpp.swo example16.c
.8ex.cpp.swp a30.c   ads.cpp    dis3         .ex5a.cpp.swp example17.c
97.cpp     a31.c   a.out      dis4.txt     ex5b.cpp     example1.sh
9.cpp      a32.c   armstrong.c distance.cpp  ex5c.cpp     example2.sh
a1         a33.c   array2.c   done.cpp     ex5d.cpp     example3.sh
a10.c      a34.c   array.c    dooba.cpp    .ex5d.cpp.swp example4.sh
a11.c      a35.c   array.c.save doob.cpp     ex6a.cpp     example5.sh
a12.c      a36.c   .bash_history .emacs       ex6b.cpp     example6.sh
a13.c      a37.c   .bash_logout enum.c        ex6c.cpp     example7.sh
a14.c      a39.c   .bash_profile ex            ex7a.cpp     example8.sh
a16.c      a3.c    .bashrc    ex10a.cpp    ex7b.cpp     example9.sh
a17.c      a40.c   bitwise.c  .ex10a.cpp.swp ex8a.cpp     example.sh
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

2. List the content of /var directory?

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ls /var/log
anaconda      centrifydc-install.log      dmesg.old
audit         centrify_mapper_error.log    dnf.librepo.log
boot.log      centrify_mapper_error.log-20200103.gz dnf.librepo.log-20200802
boot.log-20200226 centrify_mapper_error.log-20200426.gz dnf.librepo.log-20200809
boot.log-20200304 centrify_mapper_error.log-20200819.gz dnf.librepo.log-20200816
boot.log-20200312 chrony                        dnf.librepo.log-20200823
boot.log-20200803 cron                          dnf.log
boot.log-20200804 cron-20200802                dnf.log-20200802
boot.log-20200809 cron-20200809                dnf.log-20200809
boot.log-20200813 cron-20200816                dnf.log-20200816
btmtp         cron-20200823                dnf.log-20200823
btmtp-20200801 dmesg                        dnf.rpm.log
```

3. Create two directories named dir1 & dir2

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ mkdir dir1 dir2
```

4. Create a hidden directory with your name?

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ mkdir .sanjeev
```

5. Display the content of a hidden directory.

```

turk17cs038@code ~]$ cal 2020
                2020

    January                      February                      March
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1  2  3  4              1              1  2  3  4  5  6  7
  5  6  7  8  9 10 11    2  3  4  5  6  7  8    8  9 10 11 12 13 14
12 13 14 15 16 17 18    9 10 11 12 13 14 15    15 16 17 18 19 20 21
19 20 21 22 23 24 25   16 17 18 19 20 21 22    22 23 24 25 26 27 28
26 27 28 29 30 31      23 24 25 26 27 28 29    29 30 31

    April                        May                          June
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1  2  3  4              1  2              1  2  3  4  5  6
  5  6  7  8  9 10 11    3  4  5  6  7  8  9    7  8  9 10 11 12 13
12 13 14 15 16 17 18   10 11 12 13 14 15 16   14 15 16 17 18 19 20
19 20 21 22 23 24 25   17 18 19 20 21 22 23   21 22 23 24 25 26 27
26 27 28 29 30          24 25 26 27 28 29 30   28 29 30
                          31

    July                        August                      September
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1  2  3  4              1              1  2  3  4  5
  5  6  7  8  9 10 11    2  3  4  5  6  7  8    6  7  8  9 10 11 12
12 13 14 15 16 17 18    9 10 11 12 13 14 15   13 14 15 16 17 18 19
19 20 21 22 23 24 25   16 17 18 19 20 21 22   20 21 22 23 24 25 26
26 27 28 29 30 31      23 24 25 26 27 28 29   27 28 29 30
                          30 31

    October                    November                    December
Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa   Su Mo Tu We Th Fr Sa
      1  2  3              1  2  3  4  5  6  7    1  2  3  4  5
  4  5  6  7  8  9 10    8  9 10 11 12 13 14    6  7  8  9 10 11 12
11 12 13 14 15 16 17   15 16 17 18 19 20 21   13 14 15 16 17 18 19
18 19 20 21 22 23 24   22 23 24 25 26 27 28   20 21 22 23 24 25 26
25 26 27 28 29 30 31   29 30                  27 28 29 30 31

```

7

```
cat: sample: No such file or directory
[urk17cs038@code dir1]$ cat /etc/passwd > sample.txt
[urk17cs038@code dir1]$ cat sample.txt
root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
bin:x:1:1:bin:/bin:/sbin/nologin
daemon:x:2:2:daemon:/sbin:/sbin/nologin
adm:x:3:4:adm:/var/adm:/sbin/nologin
lp:x:4:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/sbin/nologin
sync:x:5:0:sync:/sbin:/bin/sync
shutdown:x:6:0:shutdown:/sbin:/sbin/shutdown
halt:x:7:0:halt:/sbin:/sbin/halt
mail:x:8:12:mail:/var/spool/mail:/sbin/nologin
operator:x:11:0:operator:/root:/sbin/nologin
games:x:12:100:games:/usr/games:/sbin/nologin
ftp:x:14:50:FTP User:/var/ftp:/sbin/nologin
nobody:x:99:99:Nobody:/:/sbin/nologin
systemd-network:x:192:192:systemd Network Management:/:/sbin/nologin
dbus:x:81:81:System message bus:/:/sbin/nologin
polkitd:x:999:998:User for polkitd:/:/sbin/nologin
sshd:x:74:74:Privilege-separated SSH:/var/empty/sshd:/sbin/nologin
postfix:x:89:89:/:/var/spool/postfix:/sbin/nologin
chrony:x:998:996:/:/var/lib/chrony:/sbin/nologin
ntp:x:38:38:/:etc/ntp:/sbin/nologin
tss:x:59:59:Account used by the trousers package to sandbox the tcsd daemon:/dev/null:/sbin/nologin
nginx:x:997:995:Nginx web server:/var/lib/nginx:/sbin/nologin
rpc:x:32:32:Rpcbind Daemon:/var/lib/rpcbind:/sbin/nologin
rpcuser:x:29:29:RPC Service User:/var/lib/nfs:/sbin/nologin
nfsnobody:x:65534:65534:Anonymous NFS User:/var/lib/nfs:/sbin/nologin
```

8. Create a file test1.txt using Vim editor with the following contents to it

Name	RegNo	ResearchInterest
Melvin	07af501	GridComputing
Mithin	07af502	ClusterComputing
James	07af503	ImageProcessing
Jane	07af504	Networking
Caroline	07af505	ClusterComputing
Binu	07af506	GridComputing
Aaron	07af507	ImageProcessing
Selvin	07af508	Networking
Jerwin	07af509	WirelessNetworks
Arun	07af510	GridComputing

Answer the following questions

a) Display the student names who are having Research Interest as GridComputing


```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ grep Grid test1.txt | cut -f 1
Melvin
Binu
Arun
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

b) List all the student names & RegNo in the class

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cut -f 1,2 test1.txt
Name      RegNo
Melvin    07af501
Mithin    07af502
James     07af503
Jane      07af504
Caroline  07af505
Binu      07af506
Aaron     07af507
Selvin    07af508
Jerwin    07af509
Arun      07af510
```

c) List the count of students who have an interest as ImageProcessing and store the result in another file.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ grep Image test1.txt | wc -l > test2.txt
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cat test2.txt
2
```

d) Display the first two rows and last two and store them into another file.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ head -3 test1.txt >> dis4.txt | tail -2 test1.txt >> dis4.txt
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cat dis4.txt
Name      RegNo      researchInterest
Melvin    07af501    GridComputing
Mithin    07af502    ClusterComputing
Jerwin    07af509    WirelessNetworks
Arun      07af510    GridComputing
```

9. Display the contents of the file test1.txt without any blank lines

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ grep -v '^$' test1.txt
Name      RegNo      researchInterest
Melvin    07af501    GridComputing
Mithin    07af502    ClusterComputing
James     07af503    ImageProcessing
Jane      07af504    Networking
Caroline  07af505    ClusterComputing
Binu      07af506    GridComputing
Aaron     07af507    ImageProcessing
Selvin    07af508    Networking
Jerwin    07af509    WirelessNetworks
Arun      07af510    GridComputing
```

10. Move the file sample.txt from dir1 directory to dir2 directory

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ mv sample.txt dir2
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cd dir2
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$ ls
sample.txt
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$
```

11. Change directory into dir2 directory

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cd dir2
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$
```

12. Check whether the file sample.txt is present there

```
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$ ls
sample.txt
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$
```

13. Rename the file sample.txt to new.txt and check whether sample.txt is there or not?

```
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$ mv sample.txt new.txt
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$ ls
new.txt
[urk17cs038@code dir2]$
```

14. Remove the directory dir1

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ rm -r dir1
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cd dir1
-bash: cd: dir1: No such file or directory
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

15. Display last 3 lines of the file test1.txt

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ tail -4 test1.txt
Aaron 07af507 ImageProcessing
Selvin 07af508 Networking
Jerwin 07af509 WirelessNetworks
Arun 07af510 GridComputing
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

16. Display all the commands you have executed so far and save the list into a file named todayshistory.txt

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ history > todayhistory.txt
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ cat todayhistory.txt
 45 cat > classroom
 46 cut -f 1,4 -d ":" classroom
 47 head -1 classroom
 48 head -1 classroom
 49 head -2 classroom
 50 head 1-3 classroom
 51 tail -2 classroom
 52 ls -a
 53 cd /var
 54 ls
 55 ls -d
 56 mkdir dir1 dir2
 57 mkdir dir1
 58 cd --
 59 mkdir dir1 dir2
 60 mkdir .hidden
 61
```

17. How many files are present under your home directory?

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ls -A | wc -l
312
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

18. Perform the sorting of three files and store the sorted file in the fourth file.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ sort file1.txt file2.txt file3.txt > file4.txt
```

19. Change the permission of your newly created file such that the group users and others don't access any type of access.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ls -l file5.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 urk17cs038 urk17cs038 6 Aug 27 20:06 file5.txt
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ chmod 700 file5.txt
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ls -l file5.txt
-rwx----- 1 urk17cs038 urk17cs038 6 Aug 27 20:06 file5.txt
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

20. Display the network status on the shell.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ netstat
Active Internet connections (w/o servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:56516  code.karunya.edu:hbc1  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:57242  code.karunya.edu:hbc1  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:nfs    192.168.0.32:ftps-data ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  172.69.134.208:35676   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  162.158.165.191:28204  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:nfs    192.168.0.34:790      ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:57204  code.karunya.edu:hbc1  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  162.158.166.71:51244   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:ssh    192.168.11.208:59177   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  162.158.166.26:54628   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  162.158.165.76:25216   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  172.69.134.133:23322   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:hbc1   code.karunya.edu:57076 ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:hbc1   code.karunya.edu:57302 TIME_WAIT
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:56636  code.karunya.edu:hbc1  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:56464  code.karunya.edu:hbc1  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:hbc1   code.karunya.edu:57296 ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  162.158.166.158:38388  ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:hbc1   code.karunya.edu:56632 ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:hbc1   code.karunya.edu:56464 ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  192.168.11.208:64476   ESTABLISHED
tcp      0      0 code.karunya.edu:https  162.158.165.181:61242  ESTABLISHED
```

21. Compares any two files and search for both common and exclusive features

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ diff co1.txt co2.txt
1c1
< abcdefghijkl
---
> ijklmnopqrstabc
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

22. Display the user ID, process ID, and parent process ID.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ps -f
UID          PID  PPID  C STIME TTY          TIME CMD
urk17cs+    1823  24128  0  20:06 pts/5        00:00:00 cat
urk17cs+    2112  24128  0  20:09 pts/5        00:00:00 cat
urk17cs+    2136  24128  0  20:10 pts/5        00:00:00 cat
urk17cs+    2195  24128  0  20:10 pts/5        00:00:00 ps -f
urk17cs+    24128  24112  0  19:19 pts/5        00:00:00 -bash
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

23. Report disk usages of the file system.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ du -h
0      ./mozilla/plugins
0      ./mozilla/extensions
0      ./mozilla
16K    ./config/neofetch
16K    ./config
0      ./hidden
0      ./sanjeev
0      ./hidden_direct
0      ./hidden_1
0      ./hidden_12
4.0K   ./dir2
0      ./sanjeev
1.6M   .
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

24. Display the statistics of all ports connected to a network.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ netstat -l
Active Internet connections (only servers)
Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address           Foreign Address         State
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:nfs              0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:46053             0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:sunrpc            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:http               0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:mountd                0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:34067                 0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:ssh                 0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:hbc1                  0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 localhost:smtp            0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp        0      0 0.0.0.0:https                 0.0.0.0:*               LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:nfs                  [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:sunrpc                [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:http                  [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:mountd                [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:ssh                   [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:57431                 [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 localhost:smtp            [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:https                 [::]:*                  LISTEN
tcp6       0      0 [::]:39228                 [::]:*                  LISTEN
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:39547              0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:mountd            0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:sunrpc            0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:49440              0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 localhost:323             0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 localhost:863             0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:xact-backup       0.0.0.0:*               *
udp        0      0 0.0.0.0:nfs                0.0.0.0:*               *
```

25. Display the uptime of the system.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ uptime
20:12:27 up 15 days,  8:27, 143 users,  load average: 0.04, 0.03, 0.05
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

26. Julian day.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ date
Thu Aug 27 20:12:54 IST 2020
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ date +%j
240
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

27. IP information.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ ip addr
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: ens32: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:50:56:93:66:93 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.0.29/24 brd 192.168.0.255 scope global noprefixroute ens32
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::1450:18ba:187f:1f02/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

28. Display only the free space in the system.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ df -k
Filesystem            1K-blocks      Used Available Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs               3992636          0   3992636   0% /dev
tmpfs                  4004520          0   4004520   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs                  4004520  427560   3576960  11% /run
tmpfs                  4004520          0   4004520   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/mapper/centos_kitscode-root 68066844 3014212  65052632   5% /
/dev/sda1              1942528    334256   1608272  18% /boot
/dev/mapper/centos_kitscode-home 24404336    32992  24371344   1% /home
/dev/mapper/centos_kitscode-data 97609148 26273980  71335168  27% /data
/dev/mapper/centos_kitscode-var 10004480  9336780    667700  94% /var
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/0
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883125
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010875241
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883025
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883097
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883215
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883775
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883040
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883774
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883058
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010887455
tmpfs                   800908          0    800908   0% /run/user/1010883676
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

29. Linux platform is infected over the network.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ who
root      pts/0          2020-08-25 14:50 (192.168.11.208)
urk18cs237 pts/2          2020-08-27 20:13 (localhost)
urk18cs047 pts/4          2020-08-27 19:56 (localhost)
urk18cs065 pts/7          2020-08-27 20:11 (localhost)
urk18cs132 pts/1          2020-08-27 19:06 (localhost)
urk19ac1063 pts/10         2020-08-27 20:12 (localhost)
urk18cs032 pts/9          2020-08-27 19:24 (localhost)
urk18cs257 pts/12         2020-08-27 19:53 (localhost)
urk18cs222 pts/11         2020-08-27 19:45 (localhost)
urk18cs104 pts/6          2020-08-27 19:25 (localhost)
urk17cs038 pts/5          2020-08-27 19:19 (localhost)
urk18cs072 pts/86         2020-08-25 14:23 (localhost)
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

30. Display the configuration information of your network.

```
[urk17cs038@code ~]$ netstat -nr
Kernel IP routing table
Destination      Gateway          Genmask          Flags      MSS Window  irtt Iface
0.0.0.0          192.168.0.254   0.0.0.0          UG          0 0        0 ens32
192.168.0.0      0.0.0.0         255.255.255.0    U           0 0        0 ens32
[urk17cs038@code ~]$
```

Video link:

<https://youtu.be/UMDL4dlrU9w>

Results:

The Linux commands are studied and executed.