Out[3]:

	game_id	passing_quote	winner
0	11	72.0	No
1	11	91.0	Yes
2	12	82.0	Yes
3	12	86.0	No
4	13	82.0	Yes
301	177	81.0	Yes
302	178	73.0	No
303	178	74.0	No
304	179	74.0	Yes
305	179	89.0	No

306 rows × 3 columns

In []: ▶

In [4]: # This displays the first 5 data points of data.
data.head()

Out[4]:

	game_id	passing_quote	winner
0	11	72.0	No
1	11	91.0	Yes
2	12	82.0	Yes
3	12	86.0	No
4	13	82.0	Yes

In [5]:

This displays the last 5 data points of data.
data.tail()

Out[5]:

	game_id	passing_quote	winner
301	177	81.0	Yes
302	178	73.0	No
303	178	74.0	No
304	179	74.0	Yes
305	179	89.0	No

In [6]:

Here I converts the variable name of dataset.

df = data

In [7]: ► df

Out[7]:

	game_id	passing_quote	winner
0	11	72.0	No
1	11	91.0	Yes
2	12	82.0	Yes
3	12	86.0	No
4	13	82.0	Yes
301	177	81.0	Yes
302	178	73.0	No
303	178	74.0	No
304	179	74.0	Yes
305	179	89.0	No

306 rows × 3 columns

```
    df["winner"].isin(["draw"]).count

    Out[8]: <bound method Series.count of 0
                                                    False
                     False
              1
              2
                     False
              3
                     False
              4
                     False
              301
                     False
              302
                     False
              303
                     False
                     False
              304
              305
                     False
              Name: winner, Length: 306, dtype: bool>
             # Describe the data into rows and columns.
In [9]:
             df.describe()
    Out[9]:
                      game_id passing_quote
              count 306.000000
                                  304.000000
              mean
                     95.000000
                                   79.680921
                     49.138146
                                   6.960058
                std
                min
                     11.000000
                                   53.000000
               25%
                     53.000000
                                   75.000000
               50%
                     95.000000
                                   80.000000
               75% 137.000000
                                   85.000000
                max 179.000000
                                   92.000000
             # Get summary of data.
In [10]:
             df.info()
              <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
              RangeIndex: 306 entries, 0 to 305
              Data columns (total 3 columns):
              #
                   Column
                                  Non-Null Count Dtype
                  -----
                                   -----
              0
                   game id
                                   306 non-null
                                                   int64
              1
                   passing_quote 304 non-null
                                                   float64
              2
                  winner
                                   304 non-null
                                                   object
              dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(1)
              memory usage: 7.3+ KB
In [11]:

    ₩ # Separate data into two groups based on winners & Loosers.

             winners = df[df["winner"]=="Yes"]
             loosers = df[df["winner"]=="No"]
             draw = df[df["winner"]=="Draw"]
```

In [12]: ▶ winners

Out[12]:

	game_id	passing_quote	winner
1	11	91.0	Yes
2	12	82.0	Yes
4	13	82.0	Yes
7	14	77.0	Yes
10	16	87.0	Yes
288	171	90.0	Yes
291	172	77.0	Yes
299	176	91.0	Yes
301	177	81.0	Yes
304	179	74.0	Yes

114 rows × 3 columns

```
In [13]: # total count of winners.
winners.count()
# total numbers of winners in 114 out of 304.
```

Out[13]: game_id

game_id 114
passing_quote 114
winner 114

dtype: int64

```
▶ loosers
In [14]:
```

Out[14]:

	game_id	passing_quote	winner
0	11	72.0	No
3	12	86.0	No
5	13	79.0	No
6	14	79.0	No
8	15	85.0	No
298	176	76.0	No
300	177	78.0	No
302	178	73.0	No
303	178	74.0	No
305	179	89.0	No

190 rows × 3 columns

```
In [18]: ▶ loosers.count()
            # total number of loosers are 190 out of 304.
```

Out[18]: game_id 190 passing_quote 190 winner 190

dtype: int64

There are draw matches data shown.

```
In [19]:
           ▶ draw
    Out[19]:
                game_id passing_quote winner
```

That means total number of winners are less than total number of loosers as per giving dataset.

```
In [ ]:
In [20]: 

# It combines the data of winners and loosers passeing_quote with the help
            games = df.groupby("game_id")["passing_quote"].agg(list).reset_index()
```

```
In [21]: ▶ games
```

Out[21]:

	game_id	passing_quote
0	11	[72.0, 91.0]
1	12	[82.0, 86.0]
2	13	[82.0, 79.0]
3	14	[79.0, 77.0]
4	15	[85.0, 77.0]
148	175	[84.0, 76.0]
149	176	[76.0, 91.0]
150	177	[78.0, 81.0]
151	178	[73.0, 74.0]
152	179	[74.0, 89.0]

153 rows × 2 columns

```
In [22]:
          p games.columns = ["game_id","passing_quotes"]
          ▶ games.columns
In [23]:
   Out[23]: Index(['game_id', 'passing_quotes'], dtype='object')
In [24]: ► df.game_id
   Out[24]: 0
                     11
                     11
             2
                     12
             3
                     12
                     13
             301
                    177
                    178
             302
             303
                    178
             304
                    179
             305
                    179
             Name: game_id, Length: 306, dtype: int64
```

```
In [25]:

    df.passing_quote

    Out[25]: 0
                     72.0
             1
                     91.0
             2
                     82.0
             3
                     86.0
             4
                     82.0
             301
                     81.0
             302
                    73.0
             303
                     74.0
             304
                    74.0
                     89.0
             305
             Name: passing_quote, Length: 306, dtype: float64
 In [ ]:
          # Calculate the Difference between passing rates for each game.
In [26]:
             games["diff"] = games["passing_quotes"].apply(lambda x: abs(x[0] - x[1]) if
In [27]:
          ▶ # Calculated Difference of passing rate.
             games["diff"]
    Out[27]: 0
                     19.0
                      4.0
             2
                      3.0
             3
                      2.0
             4
                      8.0
                     . . .
             148
                      8.0
             149
                     15.0
             150
                      3.0
                      1.0
             151
             152
                     15.0
             Name: diff, Length: 153, dtype: float64
```

In [28]: ▶ games

Out[28]:

	game_id	passing_quotes	diff
0	11	[72.0, 91.0]	19.0
1	12	[82.0, 86.0]	4.0
2	13	[82.0, 79.0]	3.0
3	14	[79.0, 77.0]	2.0
4	15	[85.0, 77.0]	8.0
148	175	[84.0, 76.0]	8.0
149	176	[76.0, 91.0]	15.0
150	177	[78.0, 81.0]	3.0
151	178	[73.0, 74.0]	1.0
152	179	[74.0, 89.0]	15.0

153 rows × 3 columns

The difference is calculated with the help of lamda function.

Compare example with datapoints.

So the difference of 11th game passing rate is of 19 passes.

In []: **M**

So now extract passing rate for winners and loosers.

```
In [30]: ▶ win_rate
   Out[30]: 1
                   91.0
             2
                   82.0
             4
                   82.0
             7
                   77.0
             10
                   87.0
             288
                   90.0
             291
                   77.0
             299
                   91.0
             301
                   81.0
             304
                   74.0
             Name: passing_quote, Length: 114, dtype: float64
In [31]:  win_rate.mean()
   Out[31]: 81.07894736842105
In [32]: | win_rate.median()
   Out[32]: 83.0
In [33]: | win_rate.std()
   Out[33]: 8.064062895748393
In [34]: | wmin = win_rate.min()
          wmax = win_rate.max()
In [35]:
          ₩ winrange_ = wmax-wmin
In [36]:
In [37]: ▶ | winrange_
   Out[37]: 39.0
In [38]: | win_rate.count()
   Out[38]: 114
In [39]: | loss_rate.count()
   Out[39]: 190
In [40]: | loss_rate.mean()
   Out[40]: 78.84210526315789
In [41]: | loss_rate.median()
   Out[41]: 79.0
```

```
In [42]: N loss_rate.std()
Out[42]: 6.074172557969793

In [43]: N lmin = loss_rate.min()

In [44]: N lmax = loss_rate.max()

In [45]: N lossrange_ = lmax - lmin

In [46]: N lossrange_
Out[46]: 31.0
```

Descriptive Statistics

1. Win Stats

```
In [48]:
          Win_stats
   Out[48]: count
                      114.000000
                       81.078947
             mean
             std
                        8.064063
                        53.000000
             min
             25%
                        76.250000
             50%
                        83.000000
             75%
                        87.000000
                        92.000000
             Name: passing_quote, dtype: float64
```

2. Loss Stats

```
In [49]:
          ▶ loss_stats
   Out[49]: count
                      190.000000
                        78.842105
             mean
             std
                        6.074173
                        59.000000
             min
             25%
                        75.000000
             50%
                        79.000000
             75%
                        83.000000
                        90.000000
             max
             Name: passing_quote, dtype: float64
```

3. Stats after Difference

```
In [50]:

▶ diff_stats

   Out[50]: count
                       152.000000
             mean
                         8.046053
             std
                         5.796024
             min
                         0.000000
             25%
                         3.000000
             50%
                         7.000000
             75%
                        11.000000
                        29.000000
             max
             Name: diff, dtype: float64
In [ ]:
```

Visualization

Plot passing rates for Winners and Loosers.

```
In [60]: N plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)

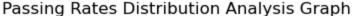
sns.histplot(win_rate, kde=True, color='orange', label='Winners')
sns.histplot(loss_rate, kde=True, color='purple', label='Losers')

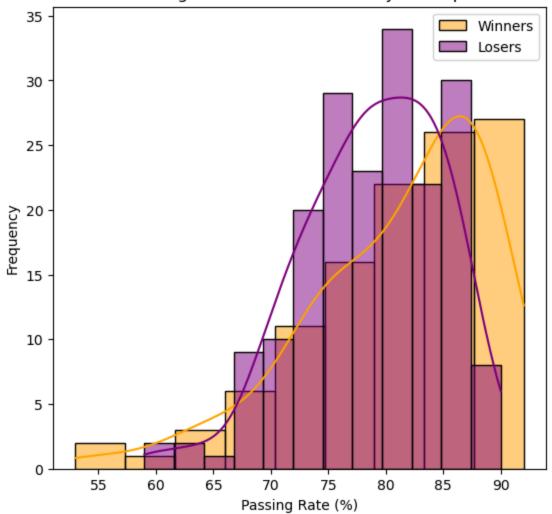
plt.legend()

plt.title('Passing Rates Distribution Analysis Graph')

plt.xlabel('Passing Rate (%)')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
```

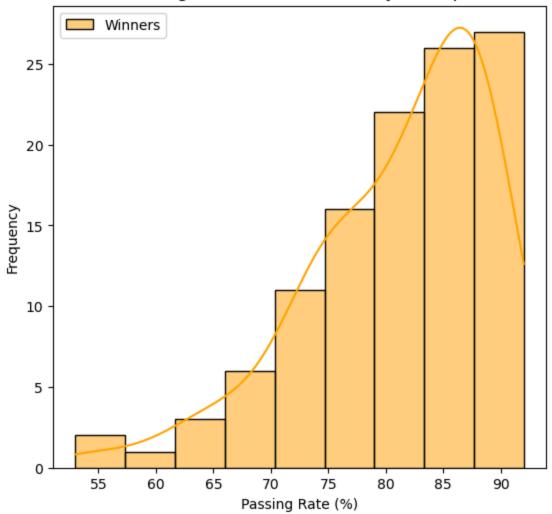
Out[60]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')



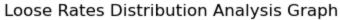


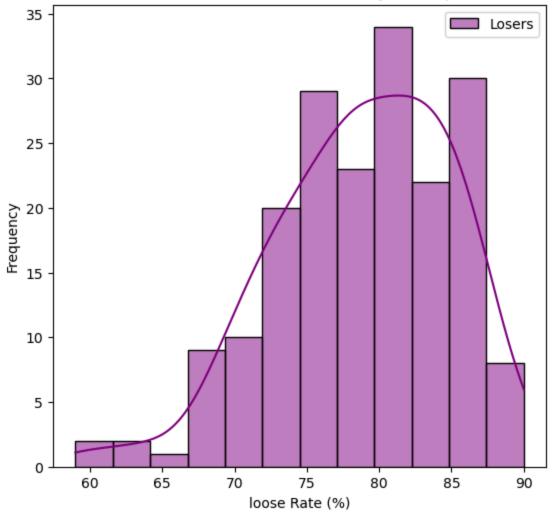
Out[52]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')

Passing Rates Distribution Analysis Graph



Out[53]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')





Boxplot Distribution to show the outliers between the data points.

In []: **M**

Hypothesis Testing

```
In [55]: # Two-sample t-test for passing rates between winners and Losers
    t_stat_rate, p_val_rate = ttest_ind(win_rate, loss_rate, alternative='great
    print(f"t-statistic for passing rates: {t_stat_rate} \n p-value: {p_val_rat}
    t-statistic for passing rates: 2.741802595638678
```

What is T - Statistics?

In statistics, the t-statistic is the ratio of the difference in a number's estimated value from its assumed value to its standard error.

What is p value in statistics?

p-value: 0.0032373825441299096

In statistics, a p-value is defined as a number that indicates how likely you are to obtain a value that is at least equal to or more than the actual observation if the null hypothesis is correct.

```
In [56]:  # Prepare Data for T-tests.

draws = games[games['diff'] == 0]
non_draws = games[games['diff'] != 0]
```

It show the draw passing rate

In [58]: ► non_draws

Out[58]:

	game_id	passing_quotes	diff
0	11	[72.0, 91.0]	19.0
1	12	[82.0, 86.0]	4.0
2	13	[82.0, 79.0]	3.0
3	14	[79.0, 77.0]	2.0
4	15	[85.0, 77.0]	8.0
148	175	[84.0, 76.0]	8.0
149	176	[76.0, 91.0]	15.0
150	177	[78.0, 81.0]	3.0
151	178	[73.0, 74.0]	1.0
152	179	[74.0, 89.0]	15.0

151 rows × 3 columns

Lets check the passing rate difference with retriving the T-test and P-Value.