ECE113, Winter 2023

Quiz #11
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Monday, 22 Feb 2023 10 points total.

Name:	
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1. (10 points) Determine a N-point **DFT** of the following sequence where N=8.

$$x[n] = \cos\left(2\pi \frac{3}{8}n\right), \ n = 0, 1, ..., N - 1.$$

Solution:

The long way is by computing the **DFT** in a brute force manner:

$$X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n]e^{-j2\pi \frac{k}{N}n}$$
 (1)

However, after computing a couple k values, you will find that X[k] = 0 for most values. If you take the 'basis view' of the **DFT**, it is apparent that x[n] is a linear combination of 2 basis vectors:

$$x[n] = \cos\left(2\pi \frac{3}{8}n\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(e^{j2\pi \frac{3}{8}n} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{3}{8}n}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(e^{j2\pi \frac{3}{8}n} + e^{j2\pi \frac{5}{8}n}\right) \tag{2}$$

Now, if we plugin Equation 2 into Equation 1, the calculation becomes much simpler. If k equals 3 or 5, then X[k] = 4, otherwise X[k] = 0. Then your solution is:

$$X[k] = \begin{cases} 4, & k = 3, 5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
 (3)