

# Programming and Data Structures Project

## -B.tech First Year

# Scientific Calculator

USING C LANGUAGE

- BY L. SANJITH RAO



INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHUBANESHWAR



# 1) The motives behind choosing Scientific Calculator as my project topic are:

## Practical Applications:

1. **Real-world usage:** Scientific calculators are widely used in various fields, such as physics, engineering, mathematics, and finance.
2. **Everyday problem-solving:** A scientific calculator can help solve everyday problems, like calculating interest rates, converting units, or determining statistical values.

## Programming Challenges:

1. **Mathematical operations:** Implementing mathematical operations, such as trigonometry, logarithms, and exponential functions, provides an opportunity to practice programming concepts.
2. **User interface:** Designing an intuitive user interface for a calculator requires careful consideration of input/output handling, error checking, and user experience.

## Learning Opportunities:

1. **Data types and operators:** Working with different data types (e.g., integers, floats) and operators (e.g., arithmetic, comparison) reinforces fundamental programming concepts.
2. **Control structures:** Implementing conditional statements, loops, and functions helps develop problem-solving skills.
3. **Memory management:** Managing memory allocation and deallocation for complex calculations enhances understanding of memory management.

## Project Scope:

1. **Manageable complexity:** A scientific calculator project has a well-defined scope, making it easier to manage and complete.
2. **Extensibility:** Adding features or functionalities, such as graphing or statistical analysis, provides opportunities for expansion.

## **2) Important Highlights of the project are:**

- Implement a scientific calculator using C programming language
- Perform various mathematical operations, including arithmetic, trigonometric, exponential, logarithmic, statistical and algebraic functions

### **Key Features**

#### **1. Basic Arithmetic Operations:**

- Addition
- Subtraction
- Multiplication
- Division
- Modulus
- Factorial
- Power
- Permutations
- Combinations

#### **2. Trigonometric Functions:**

- Sine (sin)
- Cosine (cos)
- Tangent (tan)
- Inverse trigonometric functions (asin, acos, atan)

#### **3. Exponential and Logarithmic Functions:**

- Exponential (exp)
- Natural Logarithm (ln)
- Base-10 Logarithm (log)



#### **4. Statistical Functions:**

- Mean
- Median
- Mode

#### **5. Algebraic Equations Solving:**

- Linear Equation in 1 variable
- Linear Equations in 2 variables
- Linear Equations in 3 variables
- Quadratic Equation

#### **6. Error Handling and Input Validation:**

- Handling invalid inputs
- Error messages for invalid operations

### **Technical Requirements**

1. Programming Language: C
2. Compiler: GCC or compatible
3. Platform: Cross-platform (Windows, Linux, macOS)

### **Project Deliverables**

1. Source code
2. Executable file
3. Documentation (Project Report)
4. Test cases and results (Demo Video)

## **Assumptions and Dependencies**

1. Familiarity with C programming language
2. Access to a C compiler and development environment
3. Mathematical knowledge (algebra, calculus, statistics)

## **3) Skills developed by me from this exercise:**

1. Problem-solving
2. Logical thinking
3. Debugging
4. Code optimization
5. User interface design
6. Mathematical modeling

#### **4) Concepts explored and implemented from outside my comfort zone:**

- 1) New c library (math.h) and its uses
- 2) Different functions in math.h and their applications such as
  - i. `sin()`
  - ii. `cos()`
  - iii. `tan()`
  - iv. `log()`
  - v. `log10()`
  - vi. `exp()`
  - vii. `sqrt()`
  - viii. `cbrt()`
  - ix. `pow(base, exponent)`
  - x. `asin()`
  - xi. `acos()`
  - xii. `atan()`
- 3) Use of data types such as long long and double.



## 5) Areas of improvement:

### Code Improvements

1. **Modularity:** Break down the code into smaller, reusable functions.
2. **Error Handling:** Implement robust error handling mechanisms.
3. **Code Optimization:** Improve performance by optimizing algorithms and reducing unnecessary computations.
4. **Commenting:** Add comments to explain complex code sections.

### Functional Improvements

1. **Additional mathematical functions:**
  - Special functions (e.g., gamma, zeta, Bessel)
  - Elliptical functions
  - Hypergeometric functions
2. **Advanced statistical analysis:**
  - Regression analysis
  - Time-series analysis
  - Hypothesis testing
3. **Graphing capabilities:**
  - 3D graphing
  - Parametric graphing
  - Polar graphing
4. **Complex number calculations:**
  - Advanced operations (e.g., conjugate, magnitude)
  - Complex number graphing

## 5. Unit conversions:

- Expanded unit conversion library
- Custom unit definitions

## User Interface Improvements

1. **Menu-Driven Interface:** Implement a user-friendly menu-driven interface.
2. **Input Validation:** Validate user input to prevent errors.
3. **Output Formatting:** Improve output formatting for better readability.
4. **Help System:** Implement a context-sensitive help system.

## Memory Management Improvements

1. **Dynamic Memory Allocation:** Use dynamic memory allocation for efficient memory usage.

## Documentation Improvements

1. **User Manual:** Create a comprehensive user manual.
2. **Technical Documentation:** Provide technical documentation for developers.
3. **Code Comments:** Add comments to explain complex code sections.

## Platform Compatibility Improvements

1. **Cross-Platform Compatibility:** Ensure compatibility with multiple platforms (Windows, Linux, macOS).
2. **Compiler Compatibility:** Test with various C compilers (GCC, Clang, etc.).

## Security Improvements

1. **Input Validation:** Validate user input to prevent security vulnerabilities.
2. **Secure Coding Practices:** Follow secure coding practices to prevent common vulnerabilities.



## **6) Future Scope:**

### **Academic Purposes**

1. Teaching aid for programming courses
2. Student projects and assignments

### **Personal Projects**

1. Mobile app development
2. Desktop application development
3. Web application development
4. IoT (Internet of Things) projects

### **Research and Development**

1. Numerical analysis and modeling
2. Machine learning and AI
3. Signal processing and analysis
4. Image processing and computer vision

### **Target Audience:**

1. Students (computer science, engineering)
2. Professionals (software developers, engineers)
3. Researchers (academic, industrial)
4. Educators (teachers, professors)
5. Developers (mobile, web, desktop)

## **7) Contributions:**

All the contributions to the project have been made by me (L. Sanjith Rao).