

## Processing Documentation

We have a focal data set consisting of information about demographics of libraries in Howard County. Out of our other two data sets ('Elementary\_school\_Districts' and 'Schools\_Private'), I will be using the 'Schools\_Private' dataset which contains the demographics of private schools in Howard County. On combining these two datasets the new dataset will help us analyze if schools (only private in this context as public schools cannot decide their location independently) consider the presence of libraries in the vicinity while choosing a location for the campus building.

I will follow a step wise descriptive approach as it makes it simpler to understand.

### STEP 1: Choose the columns to process join operation

Since our chosen datasets have consistent data values, we consider all columns except 'geom' in Schools\_Private (because it does not give relevant data with respect to the question we are asking). So we shall consider the columns 'FID' (to help easily identify libraries from schools in the database), 'Name' (give basis of identifying an organization while mentioning it in the analysis report), 'Address' (location reference), 'City' and 'Zipcode' (the parameter which will help us analyze the location intersection between schools and libraries).

### STEP 2: Create a new database with data from relevant columns from both datasets.

There are many methods to do this task. If we use R, the script required is the following:

```
>
>
>
> d=read.csv('C:/Users/sanjn/Downloads/Libraries.csv')
> a=read.csv('C:/Users/sanjn/Downloads/Schools_Private.csv')
> merge(d, a, by = "Zipcode", all = T)
```

	Zipcode	FID.x	Name.x	Address.x	City.x	geom.x
1	20723	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231c	Savage	9525 DURNESSE LN	Laurel POINT (1358731.9977323646 533992.2972172729)	
2	20763	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>
3	20794	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>
4	21029	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>	<NA>
5	21042	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231b	Miller Branch	9421 FREDERICK RD Ellicott City	POINT (1358095.7461026195 584929.8885943966)	
6	21042	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231b	Miller Branch	9421 FREDERICK RD Ellicott City	POINT (1358095.7461026195 584929.8885943966)	
7	21042	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231b	Miller Branch	9421 FREDERICK RD Ellicott City	POINT (1358095.7461026195 584929.8885943966)	
8	21043	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_2318	HC HISTORICAL SOCIETY	3725 PARK AVE Ellicott City	POINT (1369461.6468812667 583291.8479450485)	
9	21043	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_2318	HC HISTORICAL SOCIETY	3725 PARK AVE Ellicott City	POINT (1369461.6468812667 583291.8479450485)	
10	21043	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_2318	HC HISTORICAL SOCIETY	3725 PARK AVE Ellicott City	POINT (1369461.6468812667 583291.8479450485)	
11	21043	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_2318	HC HISTORICAL SOCIETY	3725 PARK AVE Ellicott City	POINT (1369461.6468812667 583291.8479450485)	
12	21044	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231e	Howard County Central	10375 LITTLE PATUXENT PKWY	Columbia POINT (1352482.742419602 562493.6777206546)	

Script (in case you wish to replicate, change the pathname to your local file pathname)

```
> d=read.csv('C:/Users/sanjn/Downloads/Libraries.csv')
> a=read.csv('C:/Users/sanjn/Downloads/Schools_Private.csv')
> merge(d, a, by = "Zipcode", all = T)
```

I noticed that although the task is done, the redundancy of zip codes (which is the basis for our analysis) is not conspicuous.

That's why I chose to use Excel to create the new Dataset. For this task I made a copy of the bigger dataset (Private\_schools) and I concatenated data values from the 'Libraries' dataset to this copy. We can delete the 'geom' column as discussed earlier.

### Step 3: Filter, and alter data to aid in superficial analysis.

We have our new dataset ready for analysis. Initially I color coded the institutions based on type (i.e. in the FID column, I colored the schools to be blue and the libraries to be yellow) this will give us a better visual understanding as soon as we look at the data.

We apply a filter to the 'Zipcode' column by selecting the column and selecting the filter option in the toolbar above. I chose to sort them in ascending order, so now we can easily identify redundancy and by the color code easily identify how many schools have a library in the vicinity.

- Select the latter part of the values under FID which have values from the library dataset and add color, by clicking the background color option. Do the same for school values as well. Choose easily distinguishable colors.
- Select all columns by pressing CTRL+ A (for MAC press command+A) ,then click on the filter option as indicated

USE THIS TO APPLY COLOR

USE THIS TO APPLY FILTER

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	Name	FID	Address	City	Zipcode							
2	Savage	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03a a40_231c	9525 DURNES LN	Laurel	20723							
3	Philips School-Laurel	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03a a40_3b5e	8920 WHISKEY BOTT	Laurel	20723							
4	Bethel Christian Academy - Campus 1	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03a a40_3b61	8455 SAVAGE GUILF	Savage	20763							
5	Bethel Christian Academy - Campus 2	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03a a40_3b51	9001 VOLLMERHAUS	Jessup	20794							
6	St. Louis Elementary	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03a a40_3b55	12500 CLARKSVILLE F	Clarksville	21029							
7	Miller Branch	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03a a40_231b	9421 FREDERICK RD	Ellicott City	21042							

- c) Click on the triangle shape appearing beside each column name and choose the method of filtering. Here we simply choose ascending order(first option)

The screenshot shows an Excel spreadsheet with the following data:

	A	B	C	D	E	F
	Name	FID	Address	City	Zipcode	
1		Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231c	9525 DUR			
2	Savage					
3	Philips School-Laurel	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b5e	8920 WHI			
4	Bethel Christian Academy - Campus 1	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b61	8455 SAV			
5	Bethel Christian Academy - Campus 2	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b51	9001 VOL			
6	St. Louis Elementary	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b55	12500 CLA			
7	Miller Branch	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231b	9421 FRED			
	Crossroads	Schools_Private.fid-				

The context menu for the 'Zipcode' column shows the following options:

- Sort Smallest to Largest (highlighted in green)
- Sort Largest to Smallest
- Sort by Color
- Clear Filter From "Zipcode"
- Filter by Color
- Number Filters

The search results for the filter show the following checked items:

- (Select All)
- 20723
- 20763
- 20794
- 21029
- 21042
- 21043
- 21044
- 21045
- 21046

This is a screenshot of the filtered dataset.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	Name	FID	Address	City	Zipcode			
2	Savage	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231c	9525 DURNES LN	Laurel	20723			
3	Philips School-Laurel	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b5e	8920 WHISKEY BOTT	Laurel	20723			
4	Bethel Christian Academy - Campus 1	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b61	8455 SAVAGE GUILF	Savage	20763			
5	Bethel Christian Academy - Campus 2	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b51	9001 VOLLMERHAUS	Jessup	20794			
6	St. Louis Elementary	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b55	12500 CLARKSVILLE F	Clarksville	21029			
7	Miller Branch	Libraries.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_231b	9421 FREDERICK RD	Ellicott City	21042			
8	Crossroads Adventist School	Schools_Private.fid-e93e948_1508c03aa40_3b54	3291 SAINT JOHNS L	Ellicott City	21042			

For a superficial understanding this dataset gives us a good level of visualization about the library's near schools.