EH - TASK 2

Vulnerabilities-Netsparker

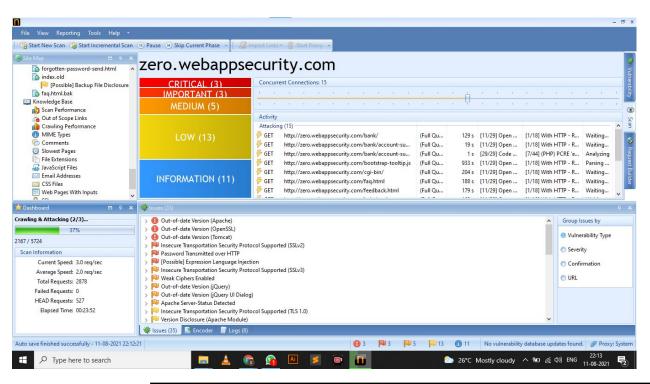
Step 1: open netsparker

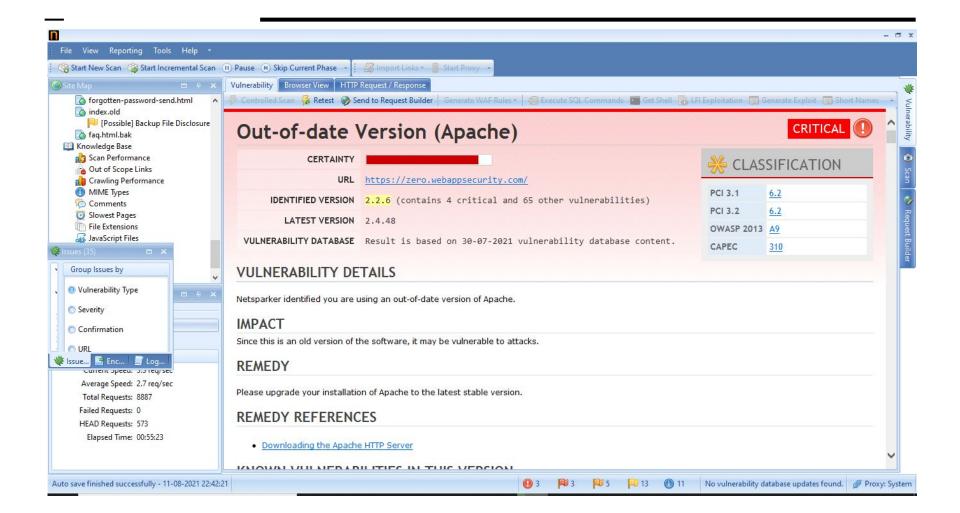
Step 2: Add Website "http://zero.webappsecurity.com/" to the dialogue box.

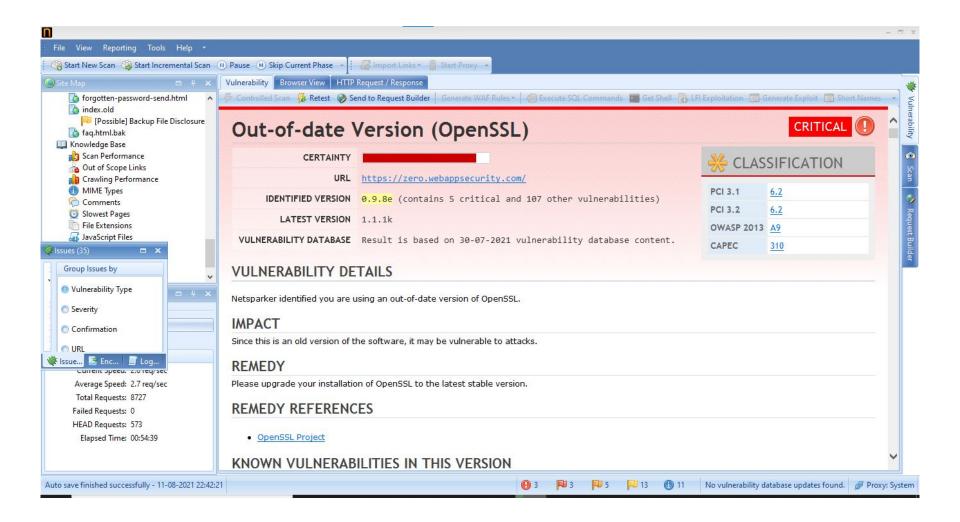
Step 3: Then click on start scan ,then it will start scanning it automatically

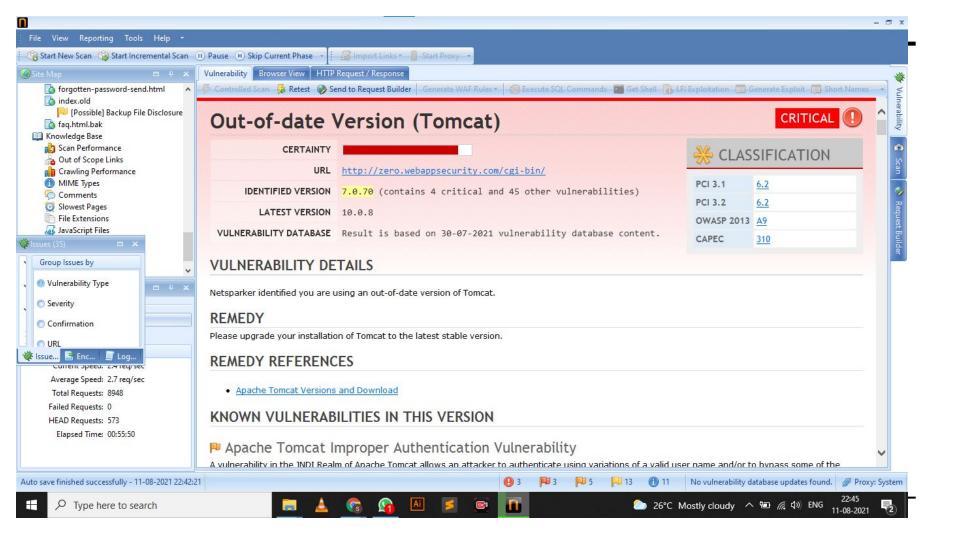
Step 4: Choose any one of the Critical Vulnerabilities.

SCREENSHOTS OF THE PROCESS:

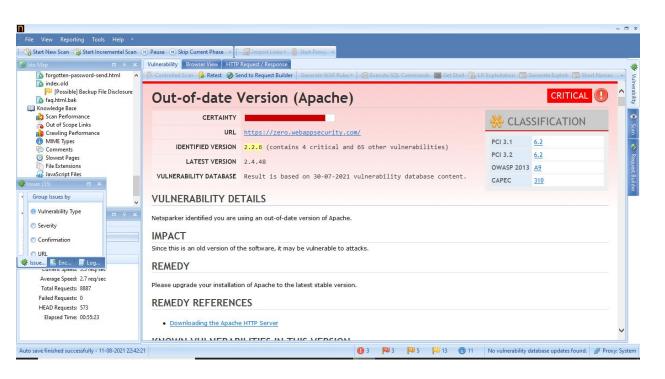








REPORT ON THE VULNERBILITY "Out-of-date Version (Apache)":



- It had found that the vulnerability of this is "critical"
- Identified version: 2.2.6 Latest version: 2.4.48
- To make it better: Upgrade your installation of Apache to the latest stable version.
- It Contains 69 vulnerabilities . out of which 4 of them is critical and 65 other is vulnerable

Four (4) critical vulnerabilities are:

- Apache HTTP Server Resource Management Errors Vulnerability
- Apache HTTP Server Numeric Errors Vulnerability
- Apache HTTP Server Insufficient Information Vulnerability
- Apache HTTP Server Out-of-bounds Read Vulnerability

Apache HTTP Server Resource Management Errors Vulnerability:

Unspecified vulnerability in mod_proxy_balancer for Apache HTTP Server 2.2.x before 2.2.7-dev, when running on Windows, allows remote attackers to trigger memory corruption via an extended URL. NOTE: the seller couldn't reproduce this issue.

Apache HTTP Server Numeric Errors Vulnerability:

The stream_reqbody_cl function in mod_proxy_http.c within the mod_proxy module within the Apache HTTP Server before 2.3.3, when a reverse proxy is configured, doesn't properly handle an amount of streamed data that exceeds the Content-Length value, which allows remote attackers to cause a denial of service (CPU consumption) via crafted requests.

Apache HTTP Server Insufficient Information Vulnerability:

mod_session_dbd.c within the mod_session_dbd module within the Apache HTTP Server before 2.4.5 proceeds with save operations for a session without considering the dirty flag and therefore the requirement for a replacement session ID, which has unspecified impact and remote attack vectors.

Apache HTTP Server Out-of-bounds Read Vulnerability:

A specially crafted HTTP request header could have crashed the Apache HTTP Server before version 2.4.30 thanks to an out of bound read while preparing data to be cached in shared memory. It might be used as a Denial of Service attack against users of mod cache socache. The vulnerability is taken into account as low risk since mod cache socache isn't widely used, mod cache disk isn't concerned by this vulnerability.