Topic	Catapult and the Rubber Band	
Class Description	Students will add the catapult and the rubber band in the game.	
Class	C29	
Class time	45 mins	
Goal	 Place the images of the catapult in the game Use a color picker to pick colors for the rubber Draw the rubber band for the catapult 	
Resources Required	 Teacher Resources Laptop with internet connectivity Earphones with mic Notebook and pen Student Resources Laptop with internet connectivity Earphones with mic Notebook and pen 	
Class structure	Warm Up Teacher-led Activity Student-led Activity Wrap up	5 mins 15 min 15 min 5 mins

CONTEXT

• Review the concept of constrained bodies and mouse trigger events from the previous classes.

Class Steps	Teacher Action	Student Action
Step 1: Warm Up (5 mins)	Today, we will be making the catapult for our game - which means the catapult body and the rubber bands.	
	Any ideas on how we can do that?	ESR: varied

Okay these seem to be great ideas. We will see in this class one of the different ways of doing it. But before we go ahead, like The student reads through everytime let's review the code from the different portions of the the previous class. previous class code. ESR: Before moving forward I have an Yes exciting quiz question for you! Are you ready to answer this question? Teacher click on the button on the bottom right corner of your screen to start the In-Class Quiz. A quiz will be visible to both you and the student. Encourage the student to answer the quiz question. The student may choose the wrong option, help the student to think correctly about the question and then answer again. After the student selects the correct **End Quiz** option, the button will start appearing on your screen. Click the End quiz to close the quiz pop-up and continue the class. **Teacher Initiates Screen Share**

CHALLENGE

- Load and add the catapult image in the game.
- Use color picker to give correct r, g, b values to the rubber band line.

Step 2: Teacher-led Activity (15 min)

Alright, now that we are warmed up, we want to start with making the catapult.

Student opens the code from the previous class or clones the repo from Student Activity 1 using git clone.

Teacher helps the student to open the code from the previous class or clone the repo from Student Activity 1 using git clone.

The student opens the code in VS Code.

Teacher opens the link shared by the student and starts live collaboration.

Student clicks on live share and copies the link and shares it with the teacher.

\$ git clone https://github.com/whitehatjr/AngryBirdsStage4

We see that there are three images added to the sprites directory - sling1.png, sling2.png and sling3.png.

Student observes.

We will be needing to use these images to create our catapult.

Since, the catapult itself doesn't interact with any object in the game, we can keep it as a static image - we need not create a body for this.

We can load and place the image in the game using image() function in p5.js.

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Let's look at the documentation (Teacher Activity 2) to understand how to use image(). Teacher looks through the p5	Student reads through the
documentation for the image() function.	documentation.
Ok, so we will load the images inside the constructor for slingshot class and	The student observes and learns.
position it inside the display() function.	icarris.
Teacher writes code to load the	* Lids
images in the constructor of slingshot.	O tol
Teacher writes code to position the	.0
images in the game using image() function.	dins
Use trial and error to position the image.	
Teacher runs the code and shows the output.	

```
JS Slingshot.js x
AngryBirdsStage3 🕨 Js Slingshot.js 🕨 🍖 SlingShot 🕨 😭 display
        class SlingShot{
             constructor(bodyA, pointB){
                  var options - {
                       bodyA: bodyA,
                       pointB: pointB,
                      stiffness: 0.04.
length: 10
                 this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png');
this.sling2 = loadImage('sprites/sling2.png');
this.sling3 = loadImage('sprites/sling3.png');
                  this.pointB = pointB
                  this.sling = Constraint.create(options);
                 World.add(world, this.sling):
             fly(){
                  this.sling.bodyA - null:
            display(){
                  if(this.sling.bodyA){
                       var pointA = this.sling.bodyA.position;
                       var pointB = this.pointB:
                       strokeWeight(4):
                      line(pointA.x, pointA.y, pointB.x, pointB.y);
```

```
AngryBirdsStage3 > Js Slingshot.js > % SlingShot > 🕅 display
      class SlingShot{
          constructor(bodyA, pointB){
              var options - (
                  bodyA: bodyA,
                  pointB: pointB,
                  stiffness: 0.04.
                  length: 10
              this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png');
              this.sling2 = loadImage('sprites/sling2.png');
              this.sling3 - loadImage('sprites/sling3.png');
              this.pointB = pointB
              this.sling = Constraint.create(options);
              World.add(world, this.sling):
          fly(){
              this.sling.bodyA - null:
          display(){
             image(this.sling1,200,20);
             image(this.sling2,170,20);
              if(this.sling.bodyA){
                  var pointA - this.sling.bodyA.position:
                  var pointB - this.pointB;
                  strokeWeight(4);
                  line(pointA.x, pointA.y, pointB.x, pointB.y)
                                                                        The student observes and
                       Ok, we seem to have the catapult in
                       the right position. Our bird needs to
                                                                        learns.
                       be higher.
```

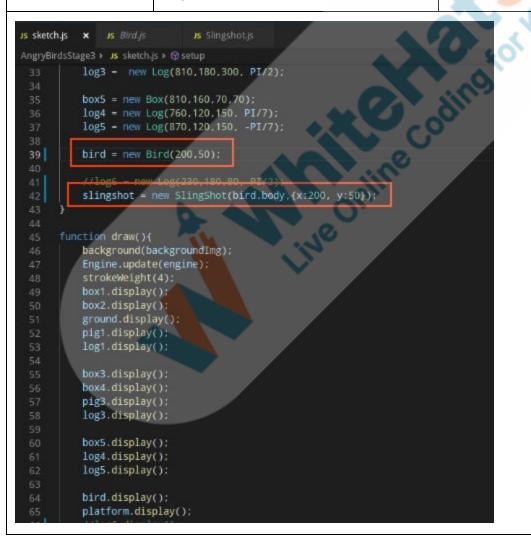
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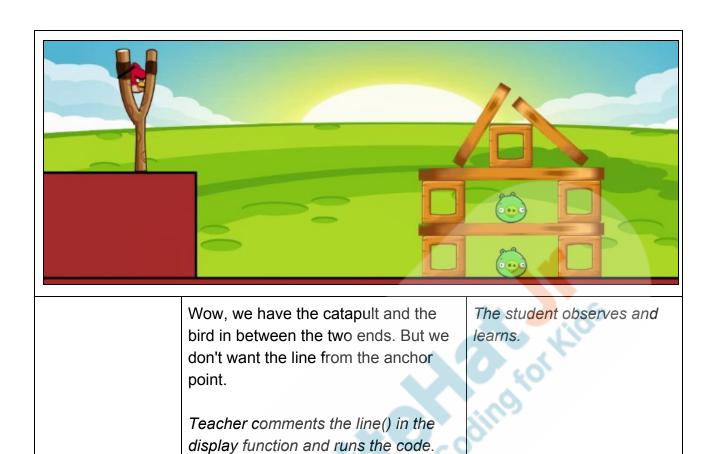
We will have to change the position for both the bird and the point to which it is anchored.

Teacher modifies script.js to change the position of the bird and the point to which it is anchored.

Teacher uses trial and error to find the positions.

Teacher runs the code and shows the output.



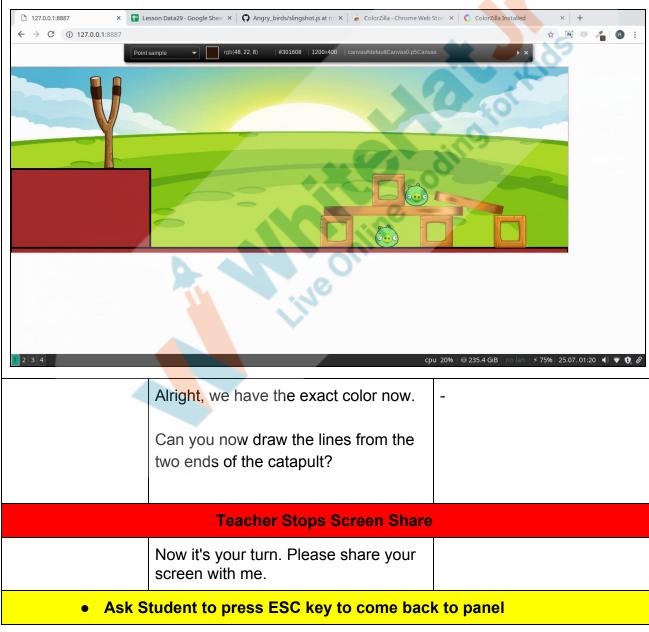


```
AngryBirdsStage3 ► JS Slingshot.js ► % SlingShot ► ۞ display
             var options - {
                bodyA: bodyA.
                 pointB: pointB,
                 stiffness: 0.04,
                 length: 10
             this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png');
             this.sling2 = loadImage('sprites/sling2.png');
             this.sling3 = loadImage('sprites/sling3.png');
             this.pointB - pointB
             this.sling = Constraint.create(options);
             World.add(world, this.sling):
         fly(){
             this.sling.bodyA - null:
         display(){
             image(this.sling1,200,20);
             image(this.sling2,170,20);
             if(this.sling.bodyA){
                 var pointA = this.sling.bodyA.position:
                var pointB - this pointB:
                strokeWeight(4):
                                 pointA.y, pointB.
                     But we do want two rubber bands
                                                                  ESR:
                     from either end of the catapult. How
                                                                  We can draw two lines from
                     will we get that?
                                                                  the two ends of the catapult
                                                                  behind the bird.
                                                                  ESR:
                     What color would be these rubber
                                                                  The same as the rubber
                     bands / lines?
                                                                  color on the catapult image.
                     Any ideas on how we can identify the
                                                                  Student installs the Chrome
                     exact color and draw the line using
                                                                  Plugin (Student Activity 3).
                     the same color?
                     All colors are made up of red, green
                     and blue. There are thousands of
                     colors by combining different amounts
                     of red, green and blue. Fortunately,
```

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we have color pickers which can pick up the color from the screen and tell us the right amount of red, green and blue needed to make the color.

Teacher guides the student on how to install and use the ColorZilla chrome extension (Student Activity 3) and use it to identify the color of the rubber band.



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- Guide Student to start Screen Share
- Teacher gets into Fullscreen

ACTIVITY

- Draw the lines of the rubber band from the two ends of the catapult.
- Use conditional programming to give different strokes and position for the rubber band when the ball is ahead and behind the catapult.

Step 3: Student-Led Activity (15 min)

Guide the student to use a color picker from the rubber band in the image.

The student chooses the color of the rubber band using the ColorZilla chrome plugin's color picker tool.

The stu<mark>dent</mark> uses the color as the stroke color.

```
AngryBirdsStage3 🕨 🅦 Slingshot.js 🕨 🍖 SlingShot 🕨 😭 display
       class SlingShot{
           constructor(bodyA, pointB){
                var options - {
                    bodyA: bodyA,
                     pointB: pointB,
                     stiffness: 0.04.
                     length: 10
                this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png'
                this.sling2 - loadImage('sprites/sling2.png
this.sling3 - loadImage('sprites/sling3.png
                this.pointB = pointB
                 this.sling = Constraint.create(options)
                World.add(world, this.sling):
            fly(){
                this.sling.bodyA - null:
            display(){
                image(this.sling1,200,20);
                image(this.sling2,170,20);
                 if(this.sling.bodyA){
                     var pointA - this.sling.bodyA.position:
var pointB - this.pointB;
                     strokeWeight(4);
                    stroke(rgb(48,22,8));
                     line(pointA.x - 25, pointA.y, pointB.x, pointB.y);
                     pop();
```

Guide the student to draw the lines.

Student draws line 1 from one end of the catapult to behind the bird.

Student runs code and checks the output.

```
AngryBirdsStage3 > Js Slingshot.js > % SlingShot > ۞ display
       class SlingShot{
           constructor(bodyA, pointB){
                var options - {
                    bodyA: bodyA,
                    pointB: pointB,
                    stiffness: 0.04.
                    length: 10
                this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png');
                this.sling2 - loadImage('sprites/sling2.png'):
                this.sling3 - loadImage('sprites/sling3.png');
                this.pointB = pointB
                this.sling = Constraint.create(options);
                World.add(world, this.sling):
           fly(){
                this.sling.bodyA - null:
           display(){
                image(this.sling1,200,20);
image(this.sling2,170,20);
if(this.sling.bodyA){
                    var pointA - this.sling.bodyA.positio
                    var pointB - this pointB;
                    strokeWeight(4):
                    stroke(rgb(48,22,8));
                    line(pointA.x - 25, pointA.y, pointB.x, pointB.y);
                    pop();
```

Guide the student to draw the lines.

Student draws line 2 from the other end of the catapult to behind the bird.

Student runs code and checks the output.

```
AngryBirdsStage3 > JS Slingshot.js > 愧 SlingShot > 🕥 display
      class SlingShot{
          constructor(bodyA, pointB){
              var options - {
                 bodyA: bodyA,
                  pointB: pointB,
                  stiffness: 0.04.
                  length: 10
              this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png');
              this.sling2 = loadImage('sprites/sling2.png');
              this.sling3 = loadImage('sprites/sling3.png');
              this.pointB = pointB
              this.sling = Constraint.create(options);
              World.add(world, this.sling):
          fly(){
              this.sling.bodyA - null;
          display(){
              image(this.sling1,200,20);
              image(this.sling2,170,20);
              if(this.sling.bodyA){
                  var pointA - this.sling.bodyA.position:
                  var pointB - this.pointB;
                  push():
                  strokeWeight(10):
                  stroke(48,22,8):
                  line(pointA.x - 20, pointA.v. pointB.x
                  line(pointA.x - 20, pointA.y, pointB.x + 30, pointB.y
                  pop();
                       Guide the student to load and position
                                                                        The student loads -
                       the image.
                                                                        sling3.png - and positions it
                                                                        behind the bird as the base
                                                                        of the rubber band.
                                                                        Student runs code and
```

checks the output.

```
kngryBirdsStage3 🕨 JS Slingshot.js 🕨 🍖 SlingShot 🕨 😭 display
      class SlingShot{
          constructor(bodyA, pointB){
              var options - {
                  bodyA: bodyA,
                  pointB: pointB.
                  stiffness: 0.04.
                  length: 10
              this.sling1 = loadImage('sprites/sling1.png');
              this.sling2 - loadImage('sprites/sling2.png');
              this.sling3 - loadImage('sprites/sling3.png');
              this.pointB = pointB
              this.sling = Constraint.create(options);
              World.add(world, this.sling):
          fly(){
              this.sling.bodyA - null:
          display(){
              image(this.sling1,200,20);
              image(this.sling2,170,20);
              if(this.sling.bodyA){
                  var pointA - this.sling.bodyA.position:
                  var pointB - this pointB:
                  push();
                  strokeWeight(5):
                  stroke(48,22,8):
                  line(pointA.x - 20, pointA.y, pointB.x -10, pointB.y)
                  line(pointA.x - 20, pointA.y, pointB.x + 30, pointB.y - 3);
                image(this.sling3.pointA.x -30, pointA.y -10.15.30);
                  pop();
```

Great! We have the rubber band effect of the catapult ready. Now, there is only one small problem. Observe what happens when the rubber band is pulled ahead of the catapult.

What can we do about this?

Student observes how the base of the rubber band is still behind the bird even when the bird is pulled forward to the catapult.

ESR:

We can use conditional programming to draw different lines at different end points depending on the position of the bird with respect to the catapult.

Student runs code and checks the output.



Awesome. Let's do this. We can also adjust the strokeWeights so that the rubber band appears thinner when the bird is pulled forward.

Guide the student to write the conditional code.

The student writes the code to draw the lines at different end points.

Student runs the code to see the output.

```
AngryBirdsStage3 🔻 🕦 Slingshot.js 🕨 🍖 SlingShot 🕨 😭 display
            TIY(){
                 this.sling.bodyA - null;
            display(){
                 image(this.sling1,200,20);
                 image(this.sling2,170,20);
                 if(this.sling.bodyA){
                      var pointA = this.sling.bodyA.position;
                      var pointB = this.pointB;
                      push():
                      stroke(48,22,8);
                      if(pointA.x < 220) {
                           strokeWeight(7):
                           line(pointA.x - 20, pointA.y, pointB.x -10, pointB.y);
                           line(pointA.x - 20, pointA.y, pointB.x + 30, pointB.y - 3);
                           image(this.sling3.pointA.x -30. pointA.y -10.15.30);
                           strokeWeight(3):
                           line(pointA.x + 25, pointA.y, pointB.x -10, pointB.y);
line(pointA.x + 25, pointA.y, pointB.x + 30, pointB.y
image(this.sling3,pointA.x + 25, pointA.y -10,15,30);
                      pop():
```

Wow! Great job. Our grand catapult is ready to fire at the pigs.

It was<mark>n't as</mark> hard as we thought, was it?

ESR: varied

Teacher Guides Student to Stop Screen Share

FEEDBACK

- Encourage the student to make reflection notes in markdown format.
- Complement the student for her/his effort in the class.
- Review the content of the lesson.

Step 4:	Let's wrap up today's class.	ESR:
Wrap-Up		- How to place and position
(5 mins)	Can you capture all that we learned today?	images in the game.

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		- How to create a rubber band effect in the game.
	Great! There are still a few things left in our game.	Make sure you have given at least 2 Hats Off during the class for:
	We want a way to make the pig disappear from the game after it has been hit.	Creatively Solved Activities
	We might want to add the score and other small things which we will cover in our next class.	Great Question C+10
	You get a hats off.	Concentration
	See you in the next class then.	0
Project Overview	TOWER SIEGE - 1	Student engages engages
	Goal of the Project:	with the teacher over the project.
	Today, you have learnt the concept of adding rubber bands and adjusting the points for the slingshot using the concept of constraints.	
	In this project, you will have to practice and apply what you have learnt in the class and create a Tower Siege Game using Constrained Bodies.	
	Story:	
	In the game design competition in your school, you are asked to make a game related to knocking down objects.	
	Create a Tower Siege Game where your friends can throw a rock at a	

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group of stacked objects and crash them. I am very excited to see your project solution and I know you will do really well. Bye Bye! **x** End Class **Teacher Clicks** Additional Student uses the markdown Encourage the student to write Activities reflection notes in their reflection editor to write her/his reflection as a reflection journal using markdown. journal. Use these as guiding questions: What happened today? - Describe what happened - Code I wrote How did I feel after the class? What have I learned about programming and developing games? What aspects of the class helped me? What did I find difficult?

Activity	Activity Name	Links
Teacher Activity 1	Angry Birds Stage 4	https://github.com/whitehatjr/AngryBirdsStage4
Teacher Activity 2	image() p5.js documentation	https://p5js.org/reference/#/p5/imag e
Teacher Activity 3	Color picker extension	https://chrome.google.com/webstore /detail/colorzilla/bhlhnicpbhignbdhed gjhgdocnmhomnp?hl=en
Teacher Activity 4	Reference Link	https://github.com/whitehatjr/AngryBirdsStage5
Student Activity 1	Angry Birds Stage 4	https://github.com/whitehatjr/AngryBirdsStage4
Student Activity 2	image() p5.js documentation	https://p5js.org/reference/#/p5/imag
Student Activity 3	Color picker extension	https://chrome.google.com/webstore /detail/colorzilla/bhlhnicpbhignbdhed gjhgdocnmhomnp?hl=en