







HELLO!



"I am **Sanju Debnath**, a data analyst. In my role, I've leveraged SQL queries to analyze **Pizza Sales** data. With **MySQL** as my primary tool, I've addressed various sales-related questions, showcasing my expertise in data analysis and MySQL proficiency."







RELATED QUESTIONS





- 2. Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- 3. Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- 4. Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- 5. List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
- 6. Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- 7. Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- 8. Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- 9. Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- 10.Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
- 11. Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- 12. Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- 13.Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category





DATA MODEL







RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED



SELECT COUNT(ORDER_ID) AS TOTAL_ORDERS
FROM ORDERS;

INPUT













```
SELECT
```

ROUND(SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE))

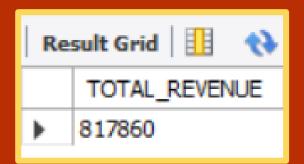
AS TOTAL_REVENUE

FROM ORDER_DETAILS

JOIN PIZZAS

ON ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID;

INPUT







IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA



```
SELECT PIZZA_TYPES.NAME AS PIZZA_NAME,PIZZAS.PRICE
    AS HIGHEST_RATE
FROM PIZZA_TYPES
    JOIN PIZZAS
ON PIZZA_TYPES.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
ORDER BY HIGHEST_RATE DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

INPUT



Re	Result Grid			
	PIZZA_NAME	HIGHEST_RATE		
١	The Greek Pizza	35.95		
	THE GICERTIZZO	55175		





IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED



```
SELECT PIZZAS.SIZE, COUNT (ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY)

AS NUMBER_OF_COMMON_PIZZA

FROM ORDER_DETAILS

JOIN PIZZAS

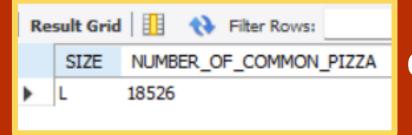
ON ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID

GROUP BY PIZZAS.SIZE

ORDER BY NUMBER_OF_COMMON_PIZZA DESC

LIMIT 1;
```

INPUT











```
SELECT
    PIZZA TYPES.name AS PIZZA NAME,
    SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY) AS QUANTITY
FROM
    PIZZA TYPES
        JOIN
    PIZZAS ON PIZZA TYPES.pizza type id = PIZZAS.pizza type id
        JOIN
    ORDER_DETAILS ON PIZZAS.pizza_id = ORDER_DETAILS.pizza_id
GROUP BY PIZZA NAME
ORDER BY QUANTITY DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid 1		
	PIZZA_NAME	QUANTITY
١	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371







JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED



```
SELECT
   PIZZA TYPES.category AS PIZZA CATEGORY,
   SUM(ORDER DETAILS.quantity) AS QUANTITY
FROM
   PIZZA TYPES
        JOIN
   PIZZAS ON PIZZA TYPES.pizza type id = PIZZAS.pizza type id
        JOIN
   ORDER_DETAILS ON PIZZAS.pizza_id = ORDER_DETAILS.pizza_id
GROUP BY PIZZA CATEGORY
```

Re	Result Grid		
	PIZZA_CATEGORY	QUANTITY	
١	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	

OUTPUT

INPUT





DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY



SELECT

HOUR(ORDERS.time) AS HOUR_OF_THE_DAY,
COUNT(ORDERS.order_id) AS TOTAL_DISTRIBUTION_OF_ORDERS

FROM

ORDERS

GROUP BY HOUR_OF_THE_DAY

ORDER BY TOTAL_DISTRIBUTION_OF_ORDERS DESC;

INPUT



Re	Result Grid Filter Rows: Export:		
	HOUR_OF_THE_DAY	TOTAL_DISTRIBUTION_OF_ORDERS	
•	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	18	2399	
	17	2336	
	19	2009	
	16	1920	





JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS



INPUT

SELECT

CATEGORY, COUNT(PIZZA_TYPE_ID) AS DISTRIBUTION_OF_CATEGORY

FROM

PIZZA_TYPES

GROUP BY CATEGORY;



Re	Result Grid		
	CATEGORY	DISTRIBUTION_OF_CATEGORY	
١	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	





GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY



```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(TOTAL_QUANTITY), 0) AS TOTAL_AVG_ORDERS_BY_DAY
FROM
    (SELECT
        ORDERS.DATE, SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY) AS TOTAL_QUANTITY
    FROM
        ORDERS
    JOIN ORDER_DETAILS ON ORDERS.ORDER_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.ORDER_ID
    GROUP BY ORDERS.DATE) AS TOTAL ORDER;
```

INPUT

Re	sult Grid 📗 Filter Rows:
	TOTAL_AVG_ORDERS_BY_DAY
١	138





DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE



```
SELECT
    PIZZA_TYPES.NAME AS PIZZA_NAME,
    ROUND(SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE),
            AS TOTAL_REVENUE
FROM
    PIZZA_TYPES
        JOTN
    PIZZAS ON PIZZA_TYPES.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_TYPE_ID
        JOIN
    ORDER_DETAILS ON PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY PIZZA_NAME
ORDER BY TOTAL_REVENUE DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid		
	PIZZA_NAME	TOTAL_REVENUE
•	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41410

OUTPUT



INPUT



CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE



```
SELECT
    PIZZA_TYPES.CATEGORY AS PIZZA_CATEGORY,
    ROUND(SUM(ORDER DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE) / (SELECT
                    ROUND(SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE),
                                0)
                FROM
                    ORDER_DETAILS
                        JOIN
                    PIZZAS ON ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID) * 100,
            1) AS TOTAL REVENUE
FROM
    PIZZA TYPES
        JOIN
    PIZZAS ON PIZZA TYPES.PIZZA TYPE ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA TYPE ID
        JOIN
    ORDER_DETAILS ON PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY PIZZA CATEGORY
ORDER BY TOTAL REVENUE DESC;
```

Re	Result Grid		
	PIZZA_CATEGORY	TOTAL_REVENUE	
١	Classic	26.9	
	Supreme	25.5	
	Chicken	24	
	Veggie	23.7	





ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME



```
SELECT DATE,
SUM(REVENUE) OVER(ORDER BY DATE) AS CUM_REVENUE
FROM
(SELECT ORDERS.DATE,
SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE) AS REVENUE
FROM ORDER_DETAILS
JOIN PIZZAS
ON ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID
JOIN ORDERS
ON ORDERS.ORDER_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.ORDER_ID
GROUP BY ORDERS.DATE) AS SALES;
```

Re	Result Grid		
	DATE	CUM_REVENUE	
٠	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	
	2015-01-08	19399.05	

OUTPUT

INPUT





ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME



SELECT CATEGORY, NAME, TOTAL_REVENUE,

RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY CATEGORY ORDER BY TOTAL_REVENUE DESC) AS RN

FROM

(SELECT PIZZA_TYPES.CATEGORY, PIZZA_TYPES.NAME,

SUM(ORDER_DETAILS.QUANTITY * PIZZAS.PRICE) AS TOTAL_REVENUE

FROM PIZZA_TYPES

JOIN PIZZAS ON PIZZA_TYPES.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = PIZZAS.PIZZA_TYPE_ID

JOIN ORDER_DETAILS ON PIZZAS.PIZZA_ID = ORDER_DETAILS.PIZZA_ID

GROUP BY PIZZA_TYPES.CATEGORY, PIZZA_TYPES.NAME) AS A;

INPUT









CONCLUSION





"In conclusion, the Pizza Sales MySQL project has been a rewarding endeavor, showcasing the power of data analysis in uncovering valuable insights. Leveraging MySQL, we've efficiently managed and manipulated large datasets, facilitating informed decision-making for stakeholders. The project highlights the importance of data-driven strategies in optimizing sales performance and enhancing customer satisfaction. Moving forward, the insights gleaned from this project will serve as a foundation for refining marketing strategies, improving operational efficiency, and driving business growth in the competitive pizza industry."









THANK YOU



