

ABAP SDK Implementation guide for Managed Identities

https://github.com/Microsoft/ABAP-SDK-for-Azure

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What is a Managed Identity?

Managed identity is an identity that allows authentication with Azure AD without having to manage any credentials. It eliminates the need of credentials management by providing an identity for the Azure resource in Azure AD to fetch access tokens and thus securing communication between services. Refer to Microsoft Docs for more insights.

It overcomes the below common challenges such as:

- Management of secrets and credentials.
- Forgetting to renew their credentials resulting in outages.
- Accidently leaking credentials leading to data leaks.

Prerequisites

Make sure you have installed ABAP SDK for Azure in your SAP system. Refer document 'ABAP SDK for Azure – GitHub' for more details, Visit https://github.com/Microsoft/ABAP-SDK-for-Azure

Managed identity types

System-assigned

It has a 1:1 relation with an Azure resource and shares the same life cycle i.e., when you delete the resource, we automatically clean up the identity.

User-assigned

This managed identity is a standalone Azure resource with its own life cycle.

As the lifecycle is not tied to an Azure resource, so once a resource is deleted, this Identity won't be deleted. You can <u>enable a user-assigned managed identity</u> and assign it to one or more Azure resources.

How to create Managed Identities

Create System-assigned Managed Identity(SAMI)

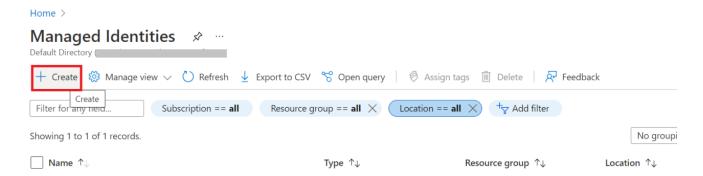
A System-assigned Managed Identity can be assigned to a single Azure service. Please refer to enable SAMI on Virtual machine section to enable this identity on VM. As System-assigned Managed Identity is directly enabled on Virtual machine, you can add this SAMI identity to Azure service by providing the Virtual machine name under Select Identity.

Create User-assigned Managed Identity(UAMI)

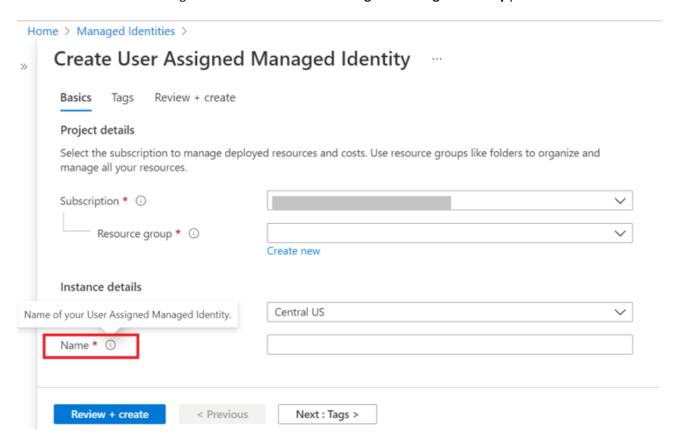
Enabling azure service with a user-assigned identity would require you to create the identity first and then add its resource identifier to your azure service identity management.

- 1. Sign in to the Azure portal to create the user-assigned managed identity.
- 2. In the search box, enter **Managed Identities**. Under **Services**, select **Managed Identities** and then select Create.



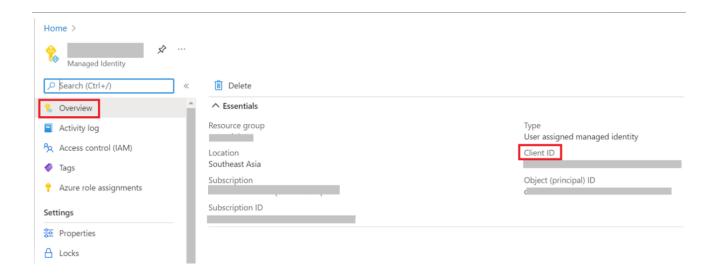


3. Enter values in the following boxes in the Create User Assigned Managed Identity pane:



- **Subscription**: Choose the subscription to create the user-assigned managed identity under
- Resource group: Choose a resource group to create the user-assigned managed identity.
- Name: Enter the name for your user-assigned managed identity.
- 4. Select **Review + create** to create the Managed identity.
- 5. Note down the **Client Id of the UAMI** created. This would be required during UAMI entries configuration in SAP tables.



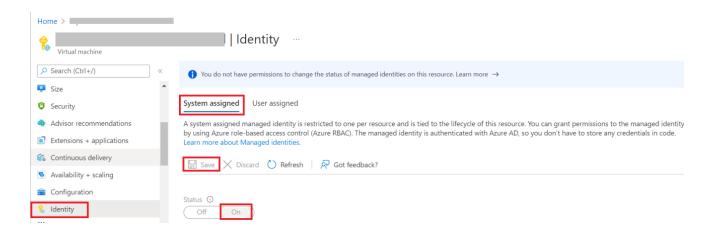


How to enable Managed identity on an existing VM

Enable System-assigned Managed Identity

To enable system-assigned managed identity on a VM that was originally provisioned without it, follow below steps:

- 1. Sign in to the Azure portal.
- 2. Navigate to the desired Virtual Machine and select **Identity**.
- 3. Under System assigned, select Status as On and then click Save:



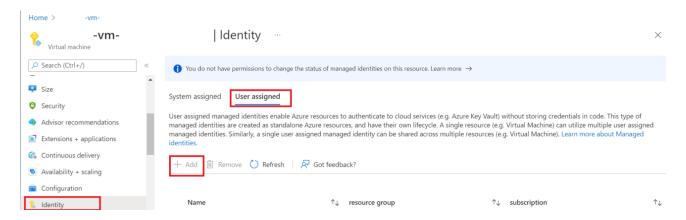
5



Enable User-assigned managed identity

To enable user-assigned managed identity on a VM that was originally provisioned without it, follow below steps:

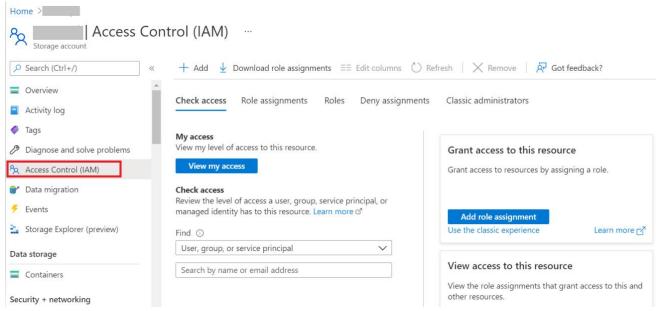
- 1. Sign in to the Azure portal.
- 2. Navigate to the desired VM and click Identity in the left pane. Select User assigned and then +Add



3. Click the user-assigned identity you want to add to the VM and then click Add.

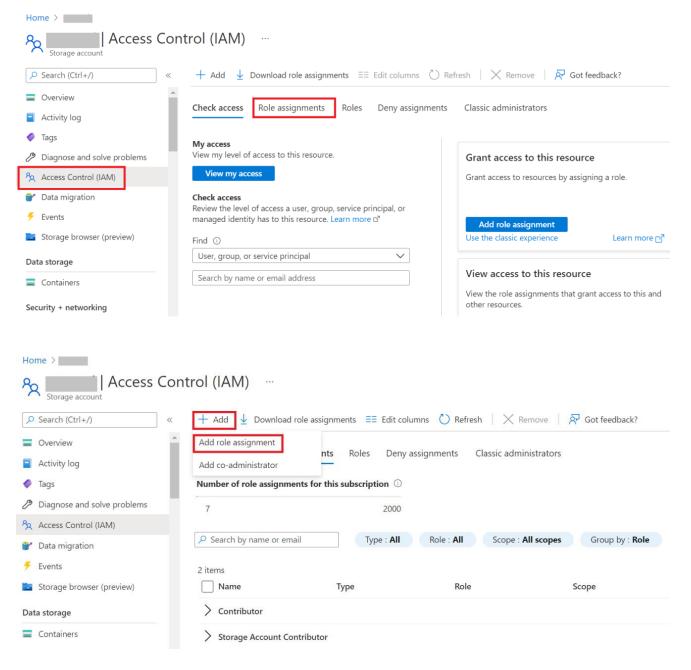
How to assign Managed Identity to an Azure resource?

- 1. Sign in to the Azure portal under which you have configured the managed identity.
- 2. Navigate to the desired resource on which you want to modify access control. For e.g., to give an Azure virtual machine access to a storage account, switch to the Storage container menu.
- 3. In the left pane, click on the Access control (IAM).



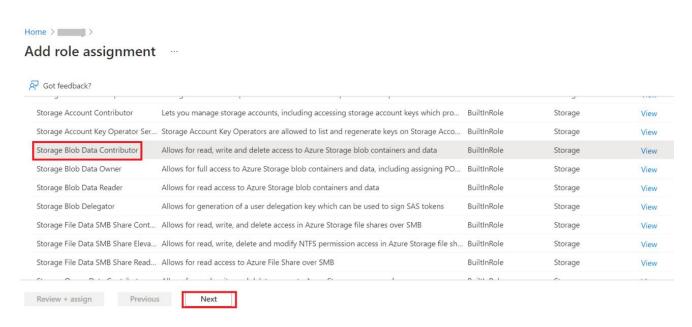


4. Go to the Role Assignments option and click Add to open the Add role assignment page.

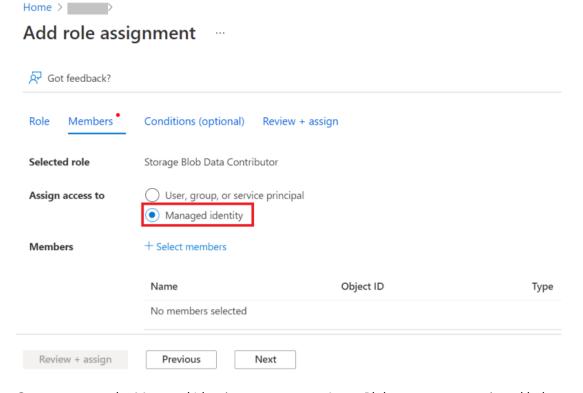


5. Goto your Storage account role assignment Page as shown below. Assign the necessary roles .e.g., storage Blob Data contributor for Azure Blob storage service.





6. Select Managed identity and click Select members under Members Tab.

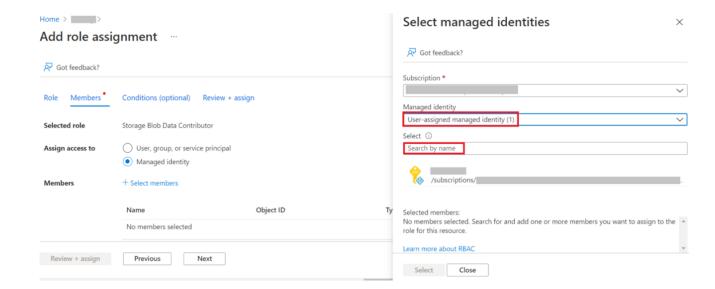


7. Grant access to the Managed Identity to connect to Azure Blob storage as mentioned below: Under select 'Managed identities' choose subscription where MI belongs to, and Managed Identity as shown below.

You can select type as user-assigned managed identity or system-assigned managed identity.

^{*}Note: In case of SAMI, choose system assigned Managed identity as MI type and select SAMI corresponding to the virtual machine.





Steps to use Managed Identity from SAP using ABAP SDK for Azure

Configuration

ABAP SDK has following main configuration tables which needs to be maintained.

- **ZREST_CONFIG**: Master Table for Interface ID Maintenance. You must define a new Interface name and keep the destination as blank.
- **ZREST_CONF_MISC**: This table stores miscellaneous information for interfaces such as information on alerts and re- processing of failed messages automatically.
- **ZADF_CONFIG**: This is an Interface extension table which stores data that is more specific to Azure Services like Interface type, SAS keys, base URI, call type and processing Method.
- **ZADF_MI_CONFIG**: This table stores the information relevant to establishment of connection with Azure service such as Managed Identity Client Id and the resource.

Note: 2 interface IDs need to be maintained in these tables, i.e., 1 interface ID for fetching Managed Identity token and another Interface ID(e.g., Azure Blob Interface Id) for accessing the Azure service using this token.

Maintaining these config tables for MI access token is as shown below:

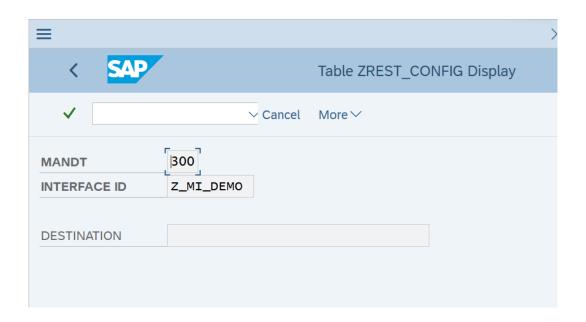
ZREST CONFIG

1. MI Token Configuration:

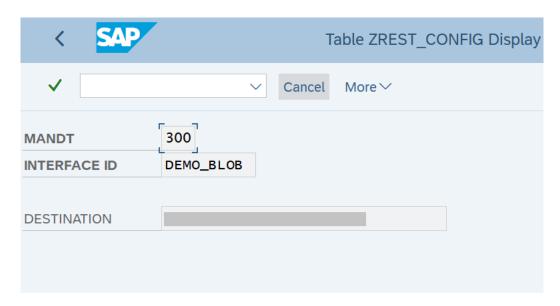
Create a new Interface ID such as 'Z MI DEMO' and keep the RFC destination as blank.

Interface : MI Interface ID Destination — Blank





2. Blob Configuration is as follows:



ZREST_CONF_MISC

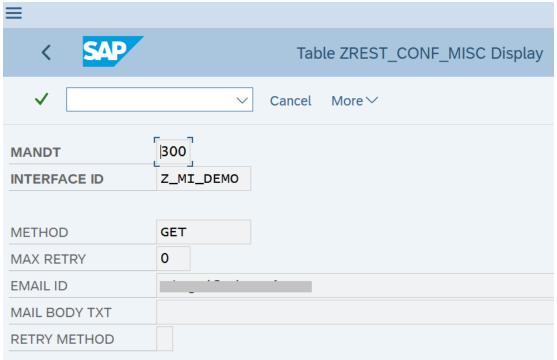
1. MI Token Configuration: Create an entry in table 'ZREST_CONF_MISC' for the interface Id 'Z_MI_DEMO' created.

Table configuration:

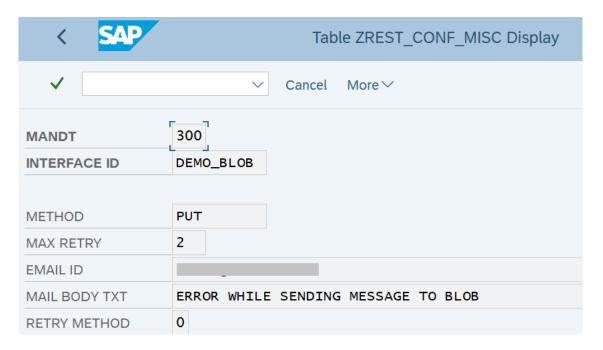
- METHOD 'GET' to fetch the token
- MAX_RETRY : Number of retry in case of service failure.
- EMAIL_ID: Email id to which alerts would be send.



- MAIL_BODY_TXT: Text Id to be maintained for the mail content to be sent.
- RETRY_METHOD : Blank.
- Change Interface ID



2. Blob Configuration is as follows:



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ZADF_CONFIG

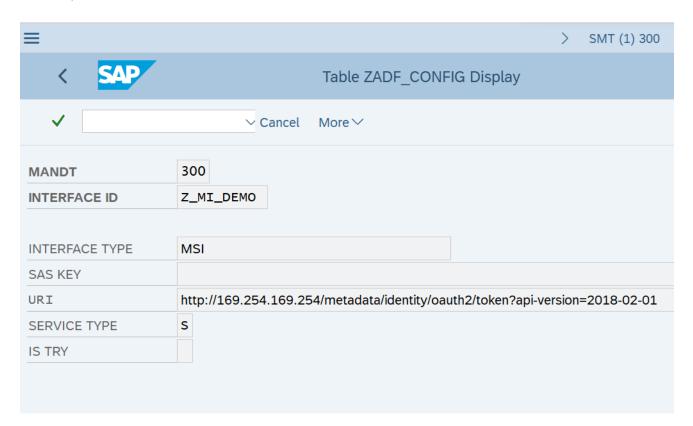
1. MI Token Configuration:

Create an entry in table 'ZADF_CONFIG' for the interface Id 'Z_MI_DEMO' created above.

Table configuration:

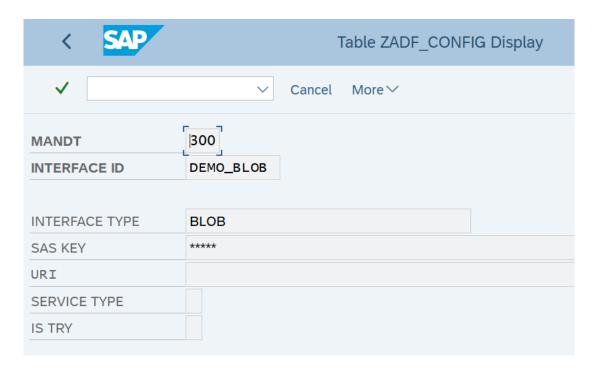
- INTERFACE_TYPE 'Azure Managed Identities'.
- SAS_KEY: Blank.
- URI 'http://169.254.169.254/metadata/identity/oauth2/token?api-version=2018-02-01' to get the token from the Instance Metadata Service.
- SERVICE_TYPE Synchronous(S).
- IS_TRY: Keep reprocessing flag blank.

Note: This field can be utilized in our future release to control the reprocessing based on value of X. Presently it should be enabled as blank.



2. Blob Configuration is as follows:





ZADF MI CONFIG

Create an entry in table 'ZADF_MI_CONFIG' for the above interface Id 'Z_MI_DEMO'.

Table Configuration:

- Interface : MI Interface ID
- **Client ID**: Provide client Id of the user-assigned Managed Identity created in the VM. Refer section for the <u>client id</u>.
- **Resource Id**: Maintain resource url for which needs to be accessed e.g., https://storage.azure.com/to connect to Azure storage service.
- MI Name: Provide service line specific name representing the UAMI configuration.





DEMO Program

Please refer to DEMO program 'ZADF_DEMO_AZURE_MI' in SMT system for fetching access token and establishing connection with Azure Blob service. Code level usage overview is as below:

- Call factory method of the 'ZCL_ADF_SERVICE_FATORY' to create an instance of ZCL_ADF_SERVICE_AAD.
- Now, leverage method '**GET_AAD_TOKEN_MSI**' of this 'ZCL_ADF_SERVICE_AAD' instance to generate MI token for authentication.
- Usage of the method 'ADD_EXPIRY_TIME' of class 'ZCL_ADF_SERVICE_BLOB' is no longer needed for Azure Blob service.
- Pass the header attribute as 'Authorization' with the above MI token to the call the Azure service.

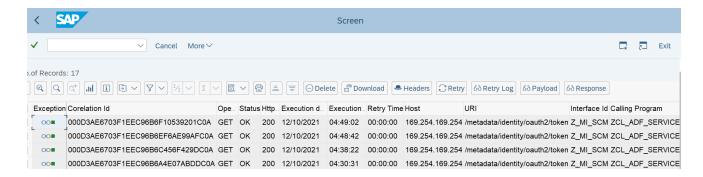


```
Report
                   ZADF_DEMO_AZURE_MI
                                                      Active
   59
   60
          TRY.
               CALL METHOD zcl adf service_factory=>create
   61
    62
                                           = 'MI TEST' " Generate the token
                   iv_interface id
   63
                   iv_business_identifier = 'MI_TEST_TOKEN'
   64
   65
                 RECEIVING
                                           = lo oref.
   66
                   ro service
             CATCH zcx adf service .
    67
             CATCH zcx interace config missing .
    68
   69
             CATCH zcx_http_client_failed .
   70
           ENDTRY.
   71
   72
           lo ref aad ?= lo oref.
   73
           IF lo_ref_aad IS BOUND.
   74
   75
   76
       \Box
             TRY.
    77
                 CALL METHOD lo ref aad->get aad token msi
   78
                   IMPORTING
   79
                     ev aad token = lv aad token
   80
                     ev response = lv response.
   81
               CATCH zcx adf service .
   82
   83
               CATCH zcx interace config missing.
   84
               CATCH zcx http client failed .
```

ABAP SDK Monitor

You can leverage the Interface Monitor (Transaction ZREST_UTIL) provided to monitor history of all the messages posted to Azure Services. You can view the statuses of the messages as well in this monitor in case of scheduled background jobs.

Go to transaction ZREST_UTIL and provide your Interface ID in the selection screen and execute to view all the corresponding messages.



In this monitor, you can view the status of the HTTPs message and its headers, response, payload and so on.