Forget ODBC! Here's a New Db2 Connector



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Agenda



- Mapepire Overview
- Architecture and Core Tenets
- Comparisons versus JDBC and ODBC
- Deep dive into Node.js client SDK
- Demo

What is Mapepire?



Welcome to Mapepire

A cloud-friendly IBM i database access layer, built with simplicity and performance in-mind.

Find out more →

Pick your client language (i)

Super easy to use way to access Db2 for i from any application













Mapepire Origin Story...



January 2020

VSCode
 "Code for
 IBM i"
 extension
 includes
 basic Db2
 support



February 2022

 Work begins on Server component to power Db2 features in VSCode

March 2022

 First release of VSCode Db2 for i extension



July 2023

VSCode Db2
 for i
 extension
 publishes
 v0.3.0, the
 first release
 leveraging
 server
 component
 (v0.3.0)

August 2024

Mapepire is born!



Mapepire Components



Server Component

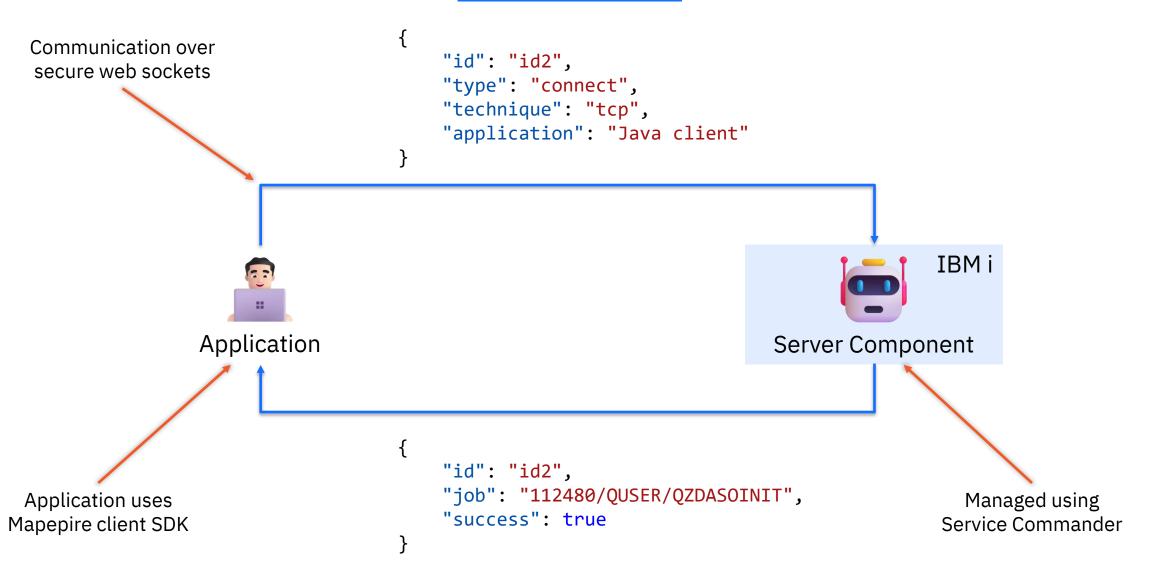
SDK architecture

Python Java TypeScript C# PHP FUTURE

How does it work?



Connect to Database



How does it work?



Query the Database

Request

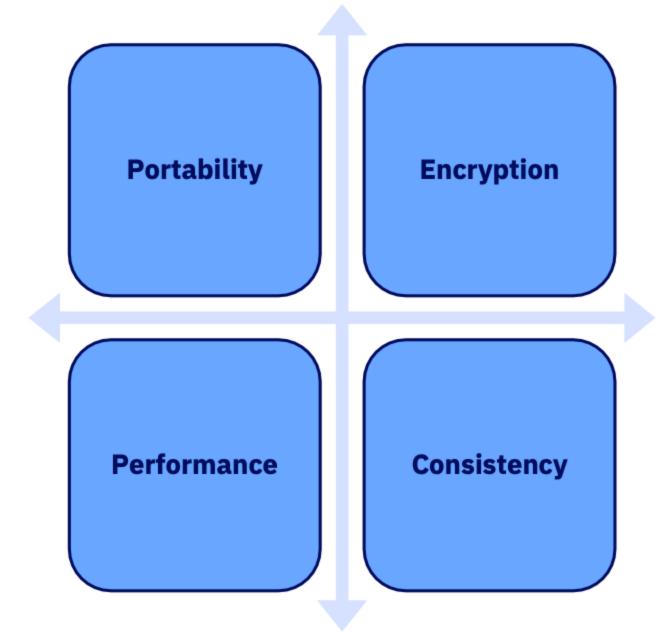
```
{
    "id": "query3",
    "type": "sql",
    "sql": "SELECT DEPTNO FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT
WHERE DEPTNO = 'A00'",
    "terse": false,
    "rows": 100
}
```

Response

```
"id": "query3",
"has results": true,
"update_count": -1,
"metadata": {
    "column count": 1,
    "job": "112480/QUSER/QZDASOINIT",
    "columns": [
            "name": "DEPTNO",
            "type": "CHAR",
            "display_size": 3,
            "label": "DEPTNO",
            "precision": 3,
            "scale": 0
"data": [
        "DEPTNO": "A00"
"is done": true,
"success": true
```

Core Tenets





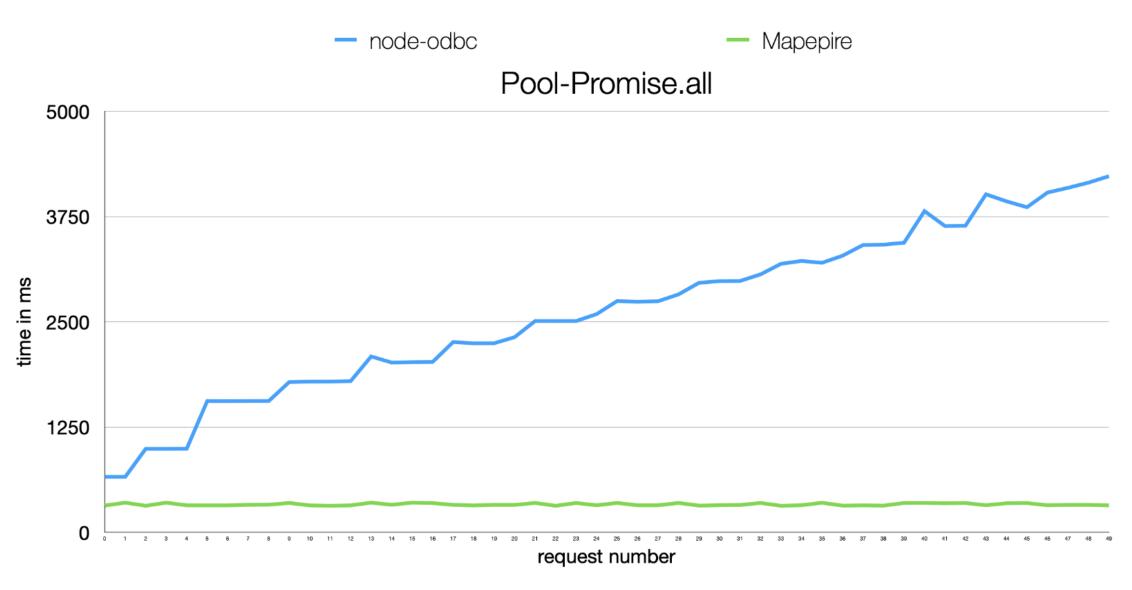
The biggest benefit of Mapepire.... Portability!!



	JDBC	ODBC	Mapepire
Runs in WatsonX.ai Jupyter notebooks	×	×	V
Runs in Rocket AI Hub programmer portal	×	×	V
Runs in Rocket Cognitive Environment	√ *	×	V
Runs in Alpine Linux containers	V	×	V
Runs in Raspberry Pi	V	×	V
Runs in Arduino	×	×	V

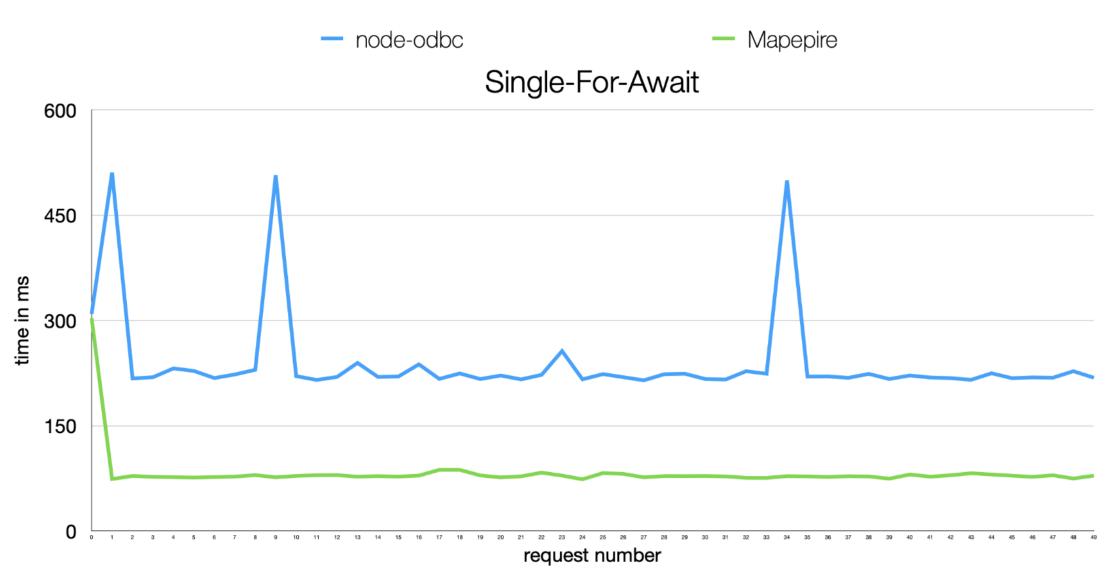
Some performance comparisons





Some performance comparisons





How to encrypt data with JDBC/ODBC



- 1. Log into DCM
- 2. Create a local certificate authority (CA) store
- 3. Create a local CA certificate
- 4. Record the value of the auto created CA label
- 5. Create the *SYSTEM certificate store (if needed)
- 6. Create a new server certificate
- 7. Sign the server certificate with your local CA
- 8. Assign new server certificate to host server applications
- 9. Restart Host Servers
- 10. On client, download the server's certificate authority to a local trust store (or configure TLS to ignore completely)

How to encrypt data with Mapepire?



How does Mapepire make it so easy?



Option 1: Custom certificate

- Admin explicitly defined a custom certificate by configuring a certificate store:
 - File name: /QOpenSys/etc/mapepire/cert/server.jks
 - Format: JKS
 - Store Password: mapepire
 - Key Password: mapepire
 - Certificate Alias: mapepire
- Check out documentation for full instructions: https://mapepire-ibmi.github.io/guides/sysadmin/

Option 2: Let's Encrypt

- Use Let's Encrypt (ex. generated by CertBot)
- Mapepire server will automatically use it as the server certificate
- Certificate must exist in the following location used by CertBot:

/etc/letsencrypt/live/<hostname>

Option 3: Self-signed certificate

• If no certificate, the server automatically generates its own self-signed certificate

What does TLS provide?



Encryption

Authentication

Data isn't sent "in the clear"

- Client ensures the server certificate is valid
- Client ensures the server certificate is signed by a trusted authority
- Client checks that the hostname matches that of the certificate

User profile and IP filtering



/QOpenSys/etc/mapepire/iprules.conf can be used govern which user profiles and IP addresses are able to connect

Mapepire's back-end is JDBC



- Mapepire is an interface in front of JTOpen and JDBC
- Mapepire utilizes QZDASOINIT or, more likely, QZDASSINIT (S = "secure") jobs
- All considerations for ODBC/JDBC server job scalability and security still apply
 - Object authority still applies
 - Any ODBC/JDBC exit points will still work to control traffic and access

How to manage the JDBC workload?



- By default, all QZDASOINIT/ QZDASSINIT jobs run in QUSRWRK
- Questions:
 - How to control out-of-control queries from query tools?
 - How to know which application is using up resources?
 - How to let critical users get the resources they need while not letting long queries take over the system?
 - How to manage your JDBC jobs more effectively?

Separate jobs by application, user, etc.



- Configure your QZDASSINIT jobs to run in separate subsystems, based on your criteria
 - JDBCSHOP
 - JDBCADHOC
 - JDBCNODE
- Then performance "waits" can be aggregated by subsystem and you can configure memory, etc. per subsystem
- Easier troubleshooting as JDBC jobs from different applications will not interact
- Also limit with these techniques https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/setting-limitations-resources-used-qzdasoinit-prestart-jobs
- Details: https://www.seidengroup.com/2022/05/04/simplify-with-subsystems/

Configure JDBC Prestart jobs



- Configure the right number of prestart jobs
 - ODBC/JDBC prestart jobs are QZDASO(S)INIT in QUSRWRK
- Check out your current configuration:
 - DSPSBSD SBSD(QUSRWRK)
 - Choose 10, Prestart job entries
 - Type 5 next to QZDASOINIT

	Display Prestart	Job Entry	
Subsystem description	: QUSRWRK	Status:	System: SV12 ACTIVE
Library User profile			: QSYS : QUSER : QZDASOINIT : QDFTSVR
Initial number of job Threshold Additional number of Maximum number or job Maximum number of use Wait for job Pool identifier	jobs		: 1 : 1 : 2 : *NUMAX : 200 : *YES

Default ODBC/JDBC prestart job settings



Low defaults

- Initial jobs = 1, threshold = 1, additional jobs = 2
- Change as needed:

```
CHGPJE SBSD(QSYS/QUSRWRK) PGM(QSYS/QZDASOINIT) STRJOBS(*YES) INLJOBS(xx) THRESHOLD(xx) ADLJOBS(xx)
```

How to determine optimal values? DSPACTPJ (coming up)

```
Display Prestart Job Entry Detail
                                                               System:
                                                                          SV12
Subsystem description:
                          OUSRWRK
                                          Status:
                                                    ACTIVE
                                                        QZDASOINIT
                                                          OSYS
                                                        QUSER
                                                       OZDASOINIT
                                                        QDFTSVR
                                                          QGP L
                                                        VEC
Initial number of jobs . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                        *NUMAX
Maximum number of uses . . . . . . . . . .
                                                        200
                                                        *YES
```

How many jobs are needed?



- DSPACTPJ SBS(QUSRWRK) PGM(QZDASOINIT)
- More details: https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/i/7.4?topic=jobs-tuning-prestart-job-entries

JDBC vs ODBC vs Mapepire



	JDBC	ODBC	Mapepire
Needs only a single port			
Data is always encrypted			
Manageable via system exit points	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Enhanced CCSID support	$\overline{\checkmark}$		
Runs in WatsonX.ai Jupyter notebooks			
Runs in lightweight containers (for instance Alpine Linux)	V		
Directly supports multiple client languages			

Single port? Big deal!



TCP distance to first database operation

JDBC/ODBC



Mapepire



Distinct TCP flows for a JDBC program!!



```
try (AS400 hi = new AS400("myhostname", "uid".toCharArray(), "password".toCharArray())) {
    AS400JDBCDataSource ds = new AS400JDBCDataSource(hi);
    Connection conn = ds.getConnection();
    Statement s = conn.createStatement();
    s.executeQuery("select * from QIWS.QCUSTCDT");

    ResultSet rs = s.getResultSet();
    while (rs.next()) {
        System.out.println(rs.getString(1));
    }
    System.out.println("done");
}
```

```
Host Server
          1::S - 7003 - Exchange Client/Server Attributes
          1::R - F003 - Exchange Client/Server Attributes Reply
          1::S - 7004 - Retrieve Signon Information
          1::R - F004 - Retrieve Signon Information Reply
          1::S - 7006 - End Job Request
          2::S - 7001 - Exchange Random Seeds
          2::R - F001 - Exchange Random Seeds Reply
          2::S - 7002 - Start Server
          2::R - F002 - Start Server Reply
          2::S - 1F80 - Set Attributes
          2::R - 2800 - SQL Requested Data Returned
          2::S - 1D00 - Create and init RPB with no based-on RPB
          2::S - 1803 - Prepare/Describe
          2::R - 2800 - SQL Requested Data Returned
          2::S - 180E - Open/Describe/Fetch
          2::R - 2800 - SQL Requested Data Returned
```

Meanwhile....

- → Mapepire only needs 2 TCP flows
- 1. Connect and allocate a job
- 2. Run a query

Mapepire server setup



- Install the Mapepire server component: yum install mapepire-server
- Install Service Commander: yum install service-commander
- Launch mapepire: sc start mapepire

```
## Start
sc start mapepire
## Check it's running
sc check mapepire
## Stop
sc stop mapepire
## Check it's stopped
sc check mapepire
```

-bash-5.2\$ sc start mapepire
Performing operation 'START' on service 'mapepire'
Service 'Mapepire Server' successfully started

Mapepire-java client setup



Requirements

Java 8 or later

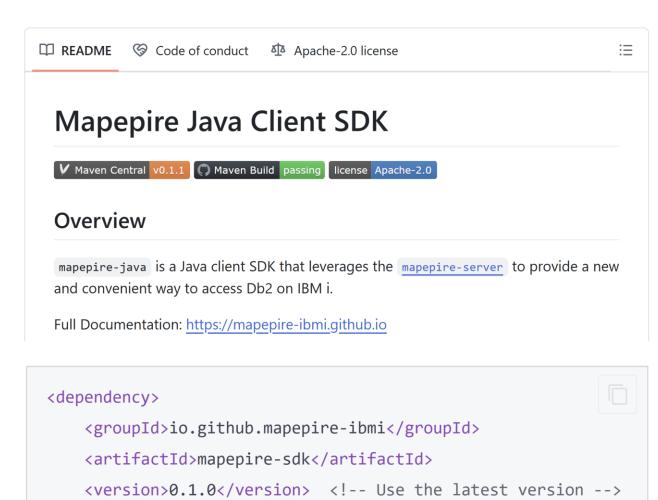
Installation

 Add mapepire-sdk as a dependency (check for latest version on <u>Maven</u> <u>Central Repository</u>)

Links

- Usage Docs:
 <u>https://mapepire-ibmi.github.io/guides/usage/java/</u>
- GitHub Repository:
 <u>https://github.com/Mapepire-</u>

 IBMi/mapepire-java



</dependency>

Setup credentials



Create a config.properties file with your IBM i connection

```
IBMI_HOST=host.somewhere.come
IBMI_USER=JIMBOB
IBMI_PASSWORD=letMeInNow
IBMI_PORT=8076
```

Create a helper function to construct a DaemonServer object

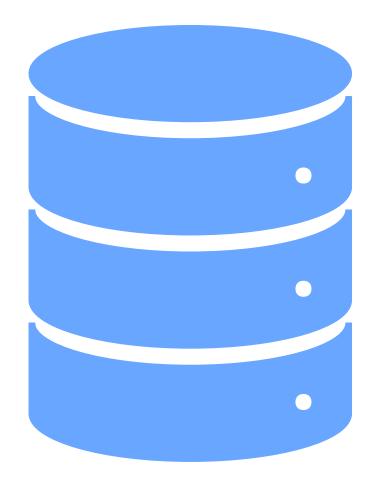
```
private static DaemonServer getDaemonServer() throws IOException {
   // Load config properties
   Properties properties = new Properties();
   try (InputStream input = App.class.getClassLoader().getResourceAsStream("config.properties")) {
        if (input == null) {
            throw new FileNotFoundException("Unable to find config.properties");
        properties.load(input);
   // Retrieve credentials
   String host = properties.getProperty("IBMI_HOST");
   String user = properties.getProperty("IBMI USER");
   String password = properties.getProperty("IBMI_PASSWORD");
   int port = Integer.parseInt(properties.getProperty("IBMI_PORT"));
   return new DaemonServer(host, port, user, password, false, "");
```

Now it's time to write some queries!



Here is some of the functionality:

- Connect to the database
- Run SQL statements
- Paginate results
- Run prepared statements
- Run a batch of statements
- Create and execute procedures
- Run CL commands
- Run SQL statements via a pool
- Leverage JDBC options
- Manage the server and JTOpen trace data
- Get Mapepire version
- Close a connection



... and much more!

Connecting to the database



```
// Create a single job and connect
DaemonServer creds = getDaemonServer();
SqlJob job = new SqlJob();
job.connect(creds).get();
```

Certificate configuration



Allow all certificates

```
DaemonServer creds = new DaemonServer("HOST", 8076, "USER", "PASSWORD", false);
```

Validate self-signed certificate

```
DaemonServer creds = new DaemonServer("HOST", 8076, "USER", "PASSWORD");
String ca = Tls.getCertificate(creds).get();
creds.setCa(ca);
```

Validate certificate signed by a recognized CA

```
DaemonServer creds = new DaemonServer("HOST", 8076, "USER", "PASSWORD");
```

Executing a query



```
// Create a single job and connect
DaemonServer creds = getDaemonServer();
SqlJob job = new SqlJob();
job.connect(creds).get();
// Initialize and execute query
Query query = job.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT");
QueryResult<Object> result = query.execute(3).get();
// Close query and job
query.close().get();
job.close();
// Convert to JSON string and output
ObjectMapper mapper = new ObjectMapper();
mapper.enable(SerializationFeature.INDENT_OUTPUT);
String jsonString = mapper.writeValueAsString(result);
System.out.println(jsonString);
```

Query result structure



```
"id" : "query3",
"success" : true,
"error" : null,
"sql_rc" : 0,
"sql_state" : null,
"execution time" : 174,
"metadata" : {
 "column count" : 5,
 "columns" : [
   { "display_size" : 3, "label" : "DEPTNO", "name" : "DEPTNO", "type" : "CHAR", "precision" : 3, "scale" : 0 },
   { "display size" : 36, "label" : "DEPTNAME", "name" : "DEPTNAME", "type" : "VARCHAR", "precision" : 36, "scale" : 0 },
   { "display size" : 6, "label" : "MGRNO", "name" : "MGRNO", "type" : "CHAR", "precision" : 6, "scale" : 0 },
   { "display_size" : 3, "label" : "ADMRDEPT", "name" : "ADMRDEPT", "type" : "CHAR", "precision" : 3, "scale" : 0 },
   { "display size" : 16, "label" : "LOCATION", "name" : "LOCATION", "type" : "CHAR", "precision" : 16, "scale" : 0 }
 ],
  "job" : "058971/QUSER/QZDASOINIT",
 "parameters" : null
"is done" : false,
"has results" : true,
"update_count" : -1,
"data" : [
 { "DEPTNO": "A00", "DEPTNAME": "SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV.", "MGRNO": "000010", "ADMRDEPT": "A00", "LOCATION": null },
 { "DEPTNO" : "B01", "DEPTNAME" : "PLANNING", "MGRNO" : "000020", "ADMRDEPT" : "A00", "LOCATION" : null },
 { "DEPTNO" : "C01", "DEPTNAME" : "INFORMATION CENTER", "MGRNO" : "000030", "ADMRDEPT" : "A00", "LOCATION" : null }
"parameter count": 0,
"output parms" : null
```

Paginating results



```
// Execute query and fetch 10 rows
Query query = job.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.EMPLOYEE");
QueryResult<Object> result = query.execute(10).get();
// Continuously fetch 10 more rows until all all rows have been returned
while (!result.getIsDone()) {
    result = query.fetchMore(10).get();
```

Executing a prepared statement



```
// Prepare and execute query with parameters
QueryOptions options = new QueryOptions(false, false, Arrays.asList("A00"));
Query query = job.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT WHERE ADMRDEPT = ?", options);
QueryResult<Object> result = query.execute().get();
```

Executing a batch of statements



```
QueryOptions options = new QueryOptions(false, false, Arrays.asList(
   Arrays.asList("SAM", "416 345 0879"),
   Arrays.asList("BOB", "647 821 7261"),
   Arrays.asList("JOHN", "289 726 1823"),
   Arrays.asList("JANE", "416 345 0879")
));
Query query = job.query("INSERT INTO SAMPLE.EMPLOYEE VALUES (?, ?)", options);
QueryResult<Object> result = query.execute().get();
```

Creating and executing a procedure



```
// Create a procedure
String testProc = String.join("\n", Arrays.asList(
        "CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE SAMPLE.PROCEDURE TEST("
               + " IN P1 INTEGER,"
               + " INOUT P2 INTEGER,"
               + " OUT P3 INTEGER"
               + "BEGIN"
               + " SET P3 = P1 + P2;"
               + " SET P2 = 0;"
               + "END"));
Query queryA = job.query(testProc);
queryA.execute().get();
// Call the procedure with parameters
QueryOptions options = new QueryOptions(false, false, Arrays.asList(6, 4, 0));
Query queryB = job.query("CALL SAMPLE.PROCEDURE_TEST(?, ?, ?)", options);
QueryResult<Object> result = queryB.execute().get();
```

Leverage JDBC options



```
// Set JDBC options
JDBCOptions jdbcOptions = new JDBCOptions();
idbcOptions.setNaming(Naming.SQL);
jdbcOptions.setLibraries(Arrays.asList("MYLIB1", "MYLIB2"));
// Create a single job with JDBC options
SqlJob job = new SqlJob(jdbcOptions);
// Create a pool with JDBC options
PoolOptions poolOptions = new PoolOptions(creds, jdbcOptions, 5, 3);
Pool pool = new Pool(poolOptions);
```

Executing a CL command



```
// Initialize and execute a CL command
Query query = job.clCommand("WRKACTJOB");
QueryResult<Object> result = query.execute().get();
```

```
"data": [
   "SUMMARY": "CPD4090 [DIAG ]: Printer device PRT01 not found. Output queue changed to QPRINT in library QGP
   "SEVERITY": 10,
   "MESSAGE_SECOND_LEVEL_TEXT": "&N Cause . . . . : The printer device PRT01 not found. The output queue
   "MESSAGE_ID": "CPD4090",
    "MESSAGE_TYPE": "DIAGNOSTIC",
   "MESSAGE_SUBTYPE": null,
   "MESSAGE TIMESTAMP": "2025-03-31 21:04:47.437938",
   "FROM_LIBRARY": "QSYS",
   "FROM PROGRAM": "QDMCOPEN",
   "FROM_MODULE": null,
   "FROM PROCEDURE": null,
   "FROM INSTRUCTION": "17CB",
```

Executing statements using a pool



```
// Create a pool with a max size of 5 and starting size of 3
DaemonServer creds = getDaemonServer();
PoolOptions poolOptions = new PoolOptions(creds, 5, 3);
Pool pool = new Pool(poolOptions);
pool.init().get();
// Initialize and execute query
Query query = pool.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT");
QueryResult<Object> result = query.execute().get();
// Close query and pool
query.close().get();
pool.end();
```

Retrieve the status of an SQL job

```
continuous innovation continuous integration
```

```
// Get the status of a job
SqlJob job = new SqlJob();
JobStatus status = job.getStatus();
```

```
* The job has not started yet.
NotStarted(value: "notStarted"),
* The job is currently connecting to the server.
Connecting(value:"connecting"),
* The job is ready to process queries.
 */
Ready(value: "ready"),
* The job is currently processing requests.
Busy(value: "busy"),
* The job has ended.
Ended(value: "ended");
```

Retrieve the state of a query

```
continuous innovation continuous integration
```

```
// Get the state of a query
Query query = job.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT");
QueryState state = query.getState();
```

```
/**
 * Indicates that the query has not yet been
 run.
NOT YET RUN(value:1),
 * Indicates that the query has been
 executed, and more data is available for
 * retrieval.
RUN MORE DATA AVAILABLE(value: 2),
/**
 * Indicates that the query has been
 successfully executed and all data has been
 * retrieved.
RUN_DONE(value:3),
 * Indicates that an error occurred during
 the query execution.
ERROR(value:4);
```

Set trace configuration and retrieve trace data



```
// Send server trace data to a file and use the most verbose trace level
job.setTraceDest(ServerTraceDest.FILE).get();
job.setTraceLevel(ServerTraceLevel.DATASTREAM).get();
// Send JTOpen trace data to a file and use the most verbose trace level
job.setJtOpenTraceDest(ServerTraceDest.FILE).get();
job.setJtOpenTraceLevel(ServerTraceLevel.DATASTREAM).get();
// Get the trace file path and trace data
String traceFilePath = job.getTraceFilePath();
GetTraceDataResult result = job.getTraceData().get();
```

Server trace data



[INFO]: 2025-03-31.16.27.49.196

Tracing enabled to file '/opt/mapepire/release/lib/mapepire/vsc-2025-03-31.16.27.49.191-99587952695951.html'

[ERR]: 2025-03-31.16.27.49.196

```
com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCSQLSyntaxErrorException: [SQL0601] MAPEPIRE_TEST in *LIBL type *LIB already exists.
    at com.ibm.as400.access.JDError.createSQLExceptionSubClass(JDError.java:941)
    at com.ibm.as400.access.JDError.throwSQLException(JDError.java:738)
    at com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCStatement.commonPrepare(AS400JDBCStatement.java:1634)
    at com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCStatement.execute(AS400JDBCStatement.java:2148)
    at com.github.ibm.mapepire.requests.RunSql.go(RunSql.java:22)
    at com.github.ibm.mapepire.ClientRequest.run(ClientRequest.java:87)
    at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:825)
```

[ERR]: 2025-03-31.16.28.12.240

```
com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCSQLSyntaxErrorException: [SQL5016] Qualified object name DEPARTMENT not valid.
    at com.ibm.as400.access.JDError.createSQLExceptionSubClass(JDError.java:941)
    at com.ibm.as400.access.JDError.throwSQLException(JDError.java:738)
    at com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCStatement.commonPrepare(AS400JDBCStatement.java:1840)
    at com.ibm.as400.access.AS400JDBCStatement.execute(AS400JDBCStatement.java:2148)
    at com.github.ibm.mapepire.requests.RunSql.go(RunSql.java:22)
    at com.github.ibm.mapepire.ClientRequest.run(ClientRequest.java:87)
    at java.lang.Thread.run(Thread.java:825)
```

Retrieve the Mapepire server version



```
// Get the Mapepire server version
VersionCheckResult result = job.getVersion().get();
```

Consistent SDK behavior access languages



- Guided by a unified reference architecture
 - https://mapepire-ibmi.github.io/reference/maintenance/referencearchitecture/
- Similar experiences
 - Class names
 - Method names
 - Throwable types
 - Input parameters
 - Configuration options

Node.js vs Java Implementation



Node.js

```
// Initialize credentials
const creds: DaemonServer = { host: "HOST", port: 8076, user:
"USER", password: "PASSWORD", rejectUnauthorized: true, ca:
"CA" }
// Establish connection
const job = new SQLJob();
await job.connect(creds);
// Initialize and execute query
const query = job.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT");
const result = await query.execute(3);
// Convert to JSON string and output
console.log(JSON.stringify(result));
```

Java

```
// Initialize credentials
DaemonServer creds = new DaemonServer("HOST", 8085, "USER",
"PASSWORD", true, "CA");
// Establish connection
SqlJob job = new SqlJob();
job.connect(creds).get();
// Initialize and execute query
Query query = job.query("SELECT * FROM SAMPLE.DEPARTMENT");
OueryResult<Object> result = query.execute(3).get();
// Convert to JSON string and output
ObjectMapper mapper = new ObjectMapper();
mapper.enable(SerializationFeature.INDENT OUTPUT);
String jsonString = mapper.writeValueAsString(result);
System.out.println(jsonString);
```



Demo

Takeaways



Config

Great performance

Always encrypted

Flexibility

Any Hardware

Any Language





Any Questions?

Important Links



Mapepire

Documentation https://mapepire-ibmi.github.io/

Server Component https://github.com/Mapepire-IBMi/mapepire-server

Node.js Client

GitHub Repository https://github.com/Mapepire-IBMi/mapepire-js

NPM https://www.npmjs.com/package/@ibm/mapepire-js

Java Client

GitHub Repository https://github.com/Mapepire-IBMi/mapepire-java

Maven Central https://central.sonatype.com/artifact/io.github.mapepire-ibmi/mapepire-sdk

Python Client

GitHub Repository https://github.com/Mapepire-IBMi/mapepire-python

PyPi https://pypi.org/project/mapepire-python/

Service Commander

GitHub Repository https://github.com/ThePrez/ServiceCommander-IBMi

