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In [1]: import numpy as np
        from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
        from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        import random
```

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In [2]: df = load_breast_cancer()
        X, y = df.data, df.target
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In [3]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
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In [4]: # Parameters
        population_size = 10
        generations = 20
        clone_factor = 3
        mutation_rate = 0.1
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In [5]: # Generate initial population of classifiers
        def create_population(size):
            return [DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=random.randint(1, 5)) for _ in range(size)]
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In [6]: # Train and evaluate models to get fitness (affinity)
        def evaluate_population(pop):
            affinities = []
            for model in pop:
                model.fit(X_train, y_train)
                pred = model.predict(X_test)
                affinities.append(accuracy_score(y_test, pred))
            return affinities
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In [7]: # Clone best models
        def clone(pop, affinities):
            clones = []
            for i, model in enumerate(pop):
                n_clones = int(affinities[i] * clone_factor * population_size)
                for _ in range(n_clones):
                    clones.append(model)
            return clones
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In [8]: # Apply random mutation (change hyperparameter)
        def mutate(clones):
            mutated = []
            for model in clones:
                # Mutate max_depth randomly
                new_depth = max(1, model.get_params()["max_depth"] + random.choice([-1, 1]))
                mutated_model = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=new_depth)
                mutated.append(mutated_model)
            return mutated
```

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In [9]: # Select top models for the next generation
def select_best(pop, affinities, size):
    sorted_pop = [x for _, x in sorted(zip(affinities, pop), key=lambda x: x[0])]
    return sorted_pop[:size]
```

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In [10]: # Main algorithm
population = create_population(population_size)

for gen in range(generations):
    affinities = evaluate_population(population)
    print(f"Generation {gen+1} - Best Affinity: {max(affinities):.4f}")
    clones = clone(population, affinities)
    mutated_clones = mutate(clones)
    all_candidates = population + mutated_clones
    all_affinities = evaluate_population(all_candidates)
    population = select_best(all_candidates, all_affinities, population_size)
```

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Generation 1 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 2 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 3 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 4 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 5 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 6 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 7 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 8 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 9 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 10 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 11 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 12 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 13 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 14 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 15 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 16 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 17 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 18 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 19 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
Generation 20 - Best Affinity: 0.9474
```

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In [11]: # Final evaluation
final_model = population[0]
final_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = final_model.predict(X_test)
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)

print(f"\nFinal Test Accuracy: {accuracy * 100:.2f}%")
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Final Test Accuracy: 94.74%

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In [ ]:
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