Algorithm Mini Project

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1.Merge Sort

Aim:-Write a Python program to implement Merge-Sort

FileName:-mergesort.py (Github-link)

Code:-

Python program for implementation of MergeSort

Merges two subarrays of arr[].

First subarray is arr[l..m]

Second subarray is arr[m+1..r]

def merge(arr, I, m, r):

$$n1 = m - l + 1$$

$$n2 = r - m$$

create temp arrays

$$L = [0] * (n1)$$

$$R = [0] * (n2)$$

Copy data to temp arrays L[] and R[]

for i in range(0, n1):

$$L[i] = arr[l + i]$$

for j in range(0, n2):

$$R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j]$$

Merge the temp arrays back into arr[l..r]

```
i = 0 # Initial index of first subarray
```

while i < n1 and j < n2:

if
$$L[i] \leq R[j]$$
:

$$arr[k] = L[i]$$

else:

$$arr[k] = R[j]$$

Copy the remaining elements of L[], if there

are any

while i < n1:

$$arr[k] = L[i]$$

Copy the remaining elements of R[], if there

are any

while j < n2:

$$arr[k] = R[j]$$

$$k += 1$$

I is for left index and r is right index of the

```
def mergeSort(arr, I, r):
      if I < r:
             # Same as (I+r)//2, but avoids overflow for
             # large I and h
             m = l + (r-l)//2
             # Sort first and second halves
             mergeSort(arr, I, m)
             mergeSort(arr, m+1, r)
             merge(arr, I, m, r)
# Driver code to test above
arr = [12, 11, 13, 5, 6, 7]
n = len(arr)
print("Given array is")
for i in range(n):
      print("%d" % arr[i]),
mergeSort(arr, 0, n-1)
print("\n\nSorted array is")
for i in range(n):
      print("%d" % arr[i]),
```

output:-

2. Maximum SubArray Problem

Aim:- Write a Python program to implement the maximum subarray problem.

FileName:-MaxSubArray.py (Github-link)

Code:-

Function to find the maximum sum of a subarray
in a given integer array
def kadane(A):

stores the maximum sum sublist found so far max_so_far = 0

stores the maximum sum of sublist ending at the current position max ending here = 0

traverse the given list

for i in A:

update the maximum sum of sublist "ending" at index `i` (by adding the
current element to maximum sum ending at previous index `i-1`)
max_ending_here = max_ending_here + i

if the maximum sum is negative, set it to 0 (which represents
an empty sublist)
max ending here = max(max ending here, 0)

update the result if the current sublist sum is found to be greater max so far = max(max so far, max ending here)

return max_so_far

```
if __name__ == '__main__':

A = [-2, 1, -3, 4, -1, 2, 1, -5, 4]

print("The sum of subarray with the largest sum is",
    kadane(A))
```

Output:-

