

DBMS

one - one

many - one

many - many

ACID

Customer

id	f-name	m-name	l-name		
1	Sudhish	Ku			

2 → int
"Sudhish" → string

Customer	
id	int
f-name	varchar
m-name	varchar
l-name	varchar
Created-at	datetime

product	
product-id	→
name	→
size	→
category-id	→

product - category	
product - category-id	→
name	→

qtx-fyhe

ER diagram

SQL

⇒

DBMS

laqz

ORACLE → create table ti

Mift → rhu ka laka
boom boom
takh

Mysql → table bang do

DDL : create , drop , Alter , truncate

DML : Insert , update , delete

DCL

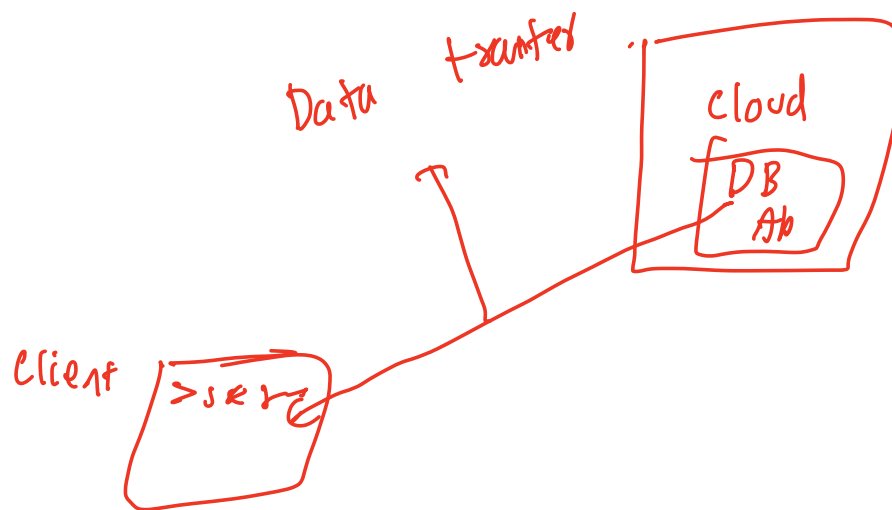
TCL

DQL

```

select [
from [
where [
order By [
LIMIT [

```



t1

```

select * from t1;
    ↓
c1, c2, c3, c4

```

c1	c2	c3	c4	c5

select *
from t1;

select * from t1;