



# ① Hypothesis testing revision

Maggi  $\leftarrow$  Nesle  
Lead  $\approx 2.5$  ppm

$2.6 \text{ ppm} \rightarrow 100 \text{ maggi}$

Criminal

$H_0$  : innocent

$H_a$  : guilty

Ex: 2021

travel time  $\approx 40 \text{ min}$

2022 :  $\uparrow$

$H_0$  : Avg commute time  $\approx 40 \text{ min}$

$H_0 : \mu = 40 \text{ min}$   
 $H_A : \mu \neq 40 \text{ min}$

Criminal

$H_0 : \text{innocent}$

$H_A : \text{guilty}$

If Guilty

Reject Null Hypo

Not Guilty

Failed to reject Null Hypothesis

Ex: Air conditioner : 2021

Avg demand of AC units / store / month  
= 350 AC pm

2022 : Heat increased

$H_0 : \mu = 350$

$H_A : \mu \neq 350$

Rule

$H_0 : = \leq \geq$   
 $H_A : \neq > <$

"at least"  
"at most"

"less than"  
(greater than)

Amazon : Claimed that total revenue in  
Dec 2021 was at least \$14 billion

$$H_0: \geq 14 \text{ \$ Billion}$$

$$H_A: < 14 \text{ \$ B}$$

Amazon : Claimed that total revenue in Dec  
2021 was greater than \$14 B

$$H_0: > \$14 \text{ B}$$

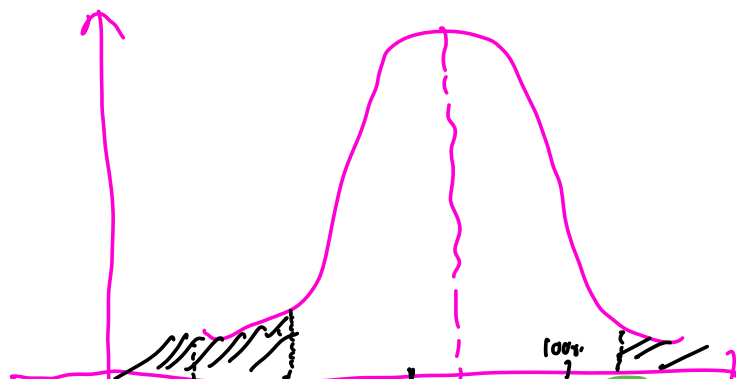
$$H_A: \leq \$14 \text{ B}$$

$\Rightarrow$  Avg score = 70 runs

over 5 games:

If Avg score  $\Rightarrow$  20 runs  $\rightarrow$  less likely

$\Rightarrow$  60 runs  $\rightarrow$  more likely



$$H_0 = 70 \text{ runs}$$

$$H_A \neq 70 \text{ runs}$$

208 unit | 304 unit | 658 unit | 1107 unit  
 LCV | 70 mg | UCV

$H_A \Rightarrow \neq 70 \text{ mg}$

Two tailed test

$\neq$

Medicine (Paracetamol)

$\Downarrow$

Optimal quantity  $> 500 \text{ mg}$

if less: no cure

if higher: side effect

If  $H_A$  " $<$ "  $\rightarrow$  lower tailed test  
 $H_A$  " $>$ "  $\rightarrow$  right tailed test

### Critical value Method

store  $\Rightarrow$  350 Ac unit / store

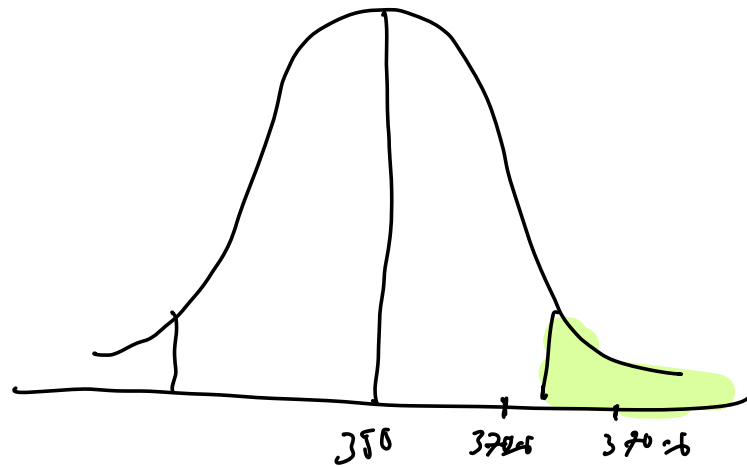
sample from 36 stores

$$\mu = 370.6$$

$$H_0: \mu = 350$$

$$H_A: \mu \neq 350$$

$H_0$

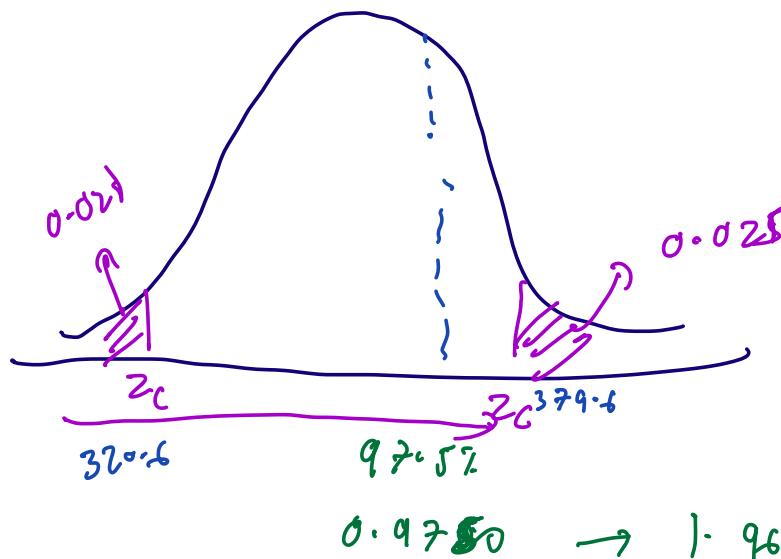


Population sd ( $\sigma$ ) = 90

36 stores  $\mu_1 = 370.6$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Std error} &= \frac{sd}{\sqrt{\text{# of samples}}} \\ &= \frac{90}{\sqrt{36}} = 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 0.08$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 UCV &= \mu + (Z_c * \sigma_{\bar{x}}) \\
 &= 350 + (1.96 * 15) \\
 &\approx 379.4
 \end{aligned}$$

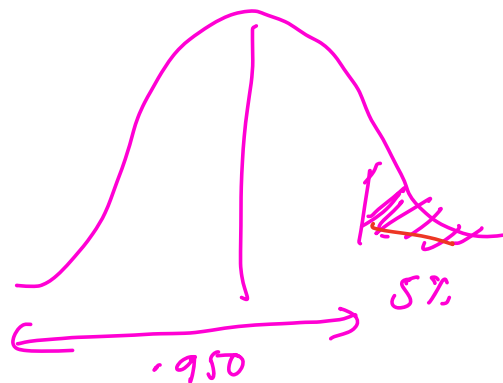
$$\begin{aligned}
 LCV &= \mu - (Z_c * \sigma_{\bar{x}}) \\
 &= 350 - 1.96 * 15 \\
 &\approx 320.6
 \end{aligned}$$

$$320.6 - 379.4$$

Break: 10:41 pm

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow H_0: & \mu \leq 350 \\
 H_A: & \mu > 350
 \end{aligned}$$

$$z\text{-score} \Rightarrow 1.645$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow \text{Max} &= 2.8 \text{ ppm} \\
 \text{Sample} &= 100 \\
 \bar{x} &= 2.6 \text{ ppm}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 0.05$$

galei Example

$$\mu_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \Rightarrow \frac{90}{\sqrt{36}} = 15$$

$$\mu = 350$$

$$\bar{x} = 370.6$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{score} &= \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\sigma_{\bar{x}}} \\ &= \frac{370.6 - 350}{15} = 1.34 \end{aligned}$$

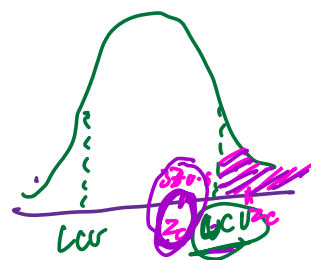
check in Z table  $\Rightarrow 0.9099$

$$\begin{aligned} p\text{-value} &\Rightarrow 1 - 0.9099 \\ &= 0.0901 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z\text{-tailed} &\Rightarrow 2 \times 0.0901 \\ &\Rightarrow 0.1802 \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha \Rightarrow 0.05$$

Fail to reject



t-test

other distributions

gg & cly

AB test

-When