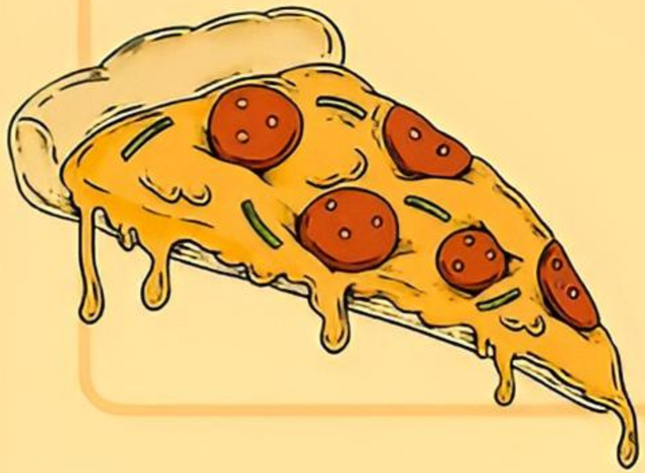
PIZZA

Sales Analysis using SQL

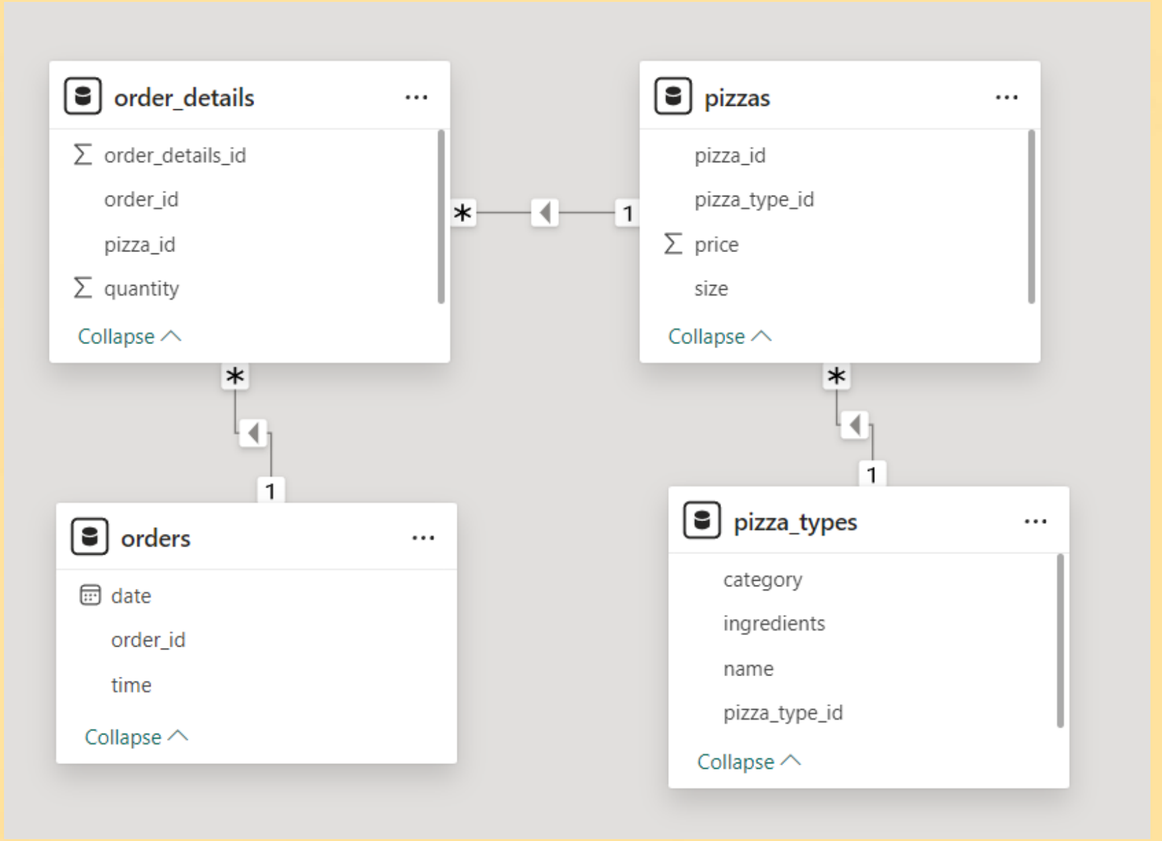
Presented by Sanket Taral

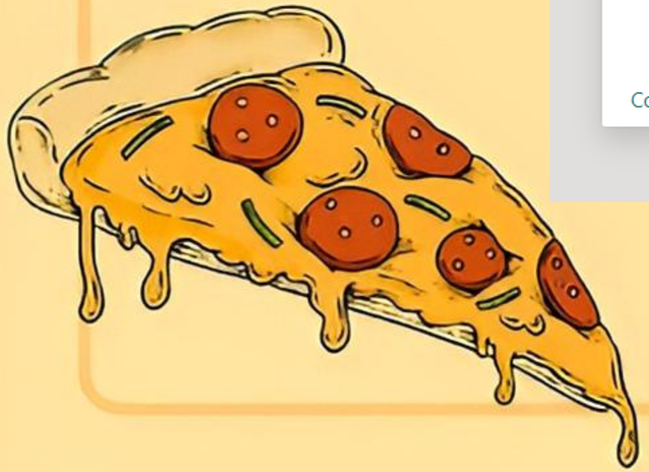
Preface

This project focuses on pizza sales analysis, showcased on a SQL platform. It demonstrates the utilization of aggregate functions, joins, Common Table Expressions (CTEs), and more to extract insights from the pizza database.



Data Model View

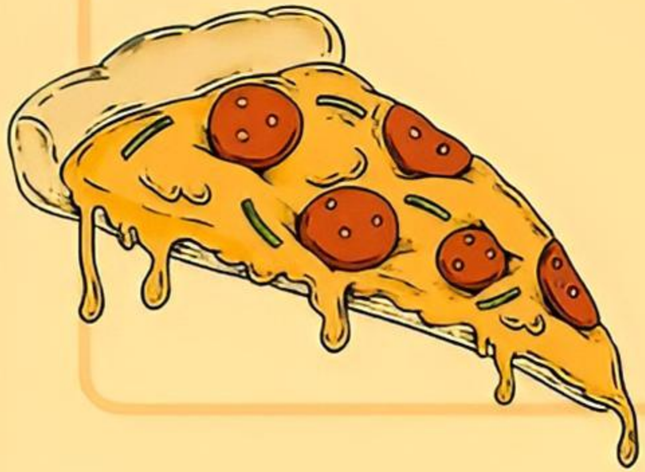




1) Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

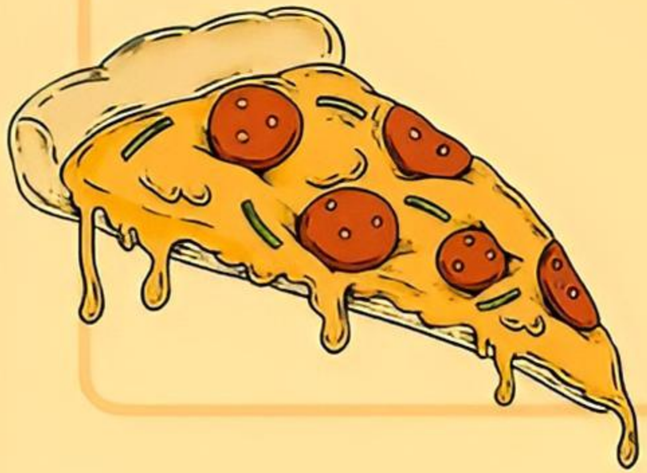
```
SELECT
    COUNT(order_id) AS Total_orders
FROM
    orders;
```

	Total_orders
▶	21350



2) Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.

```sql
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS Total_sales
FROM
    order_details
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

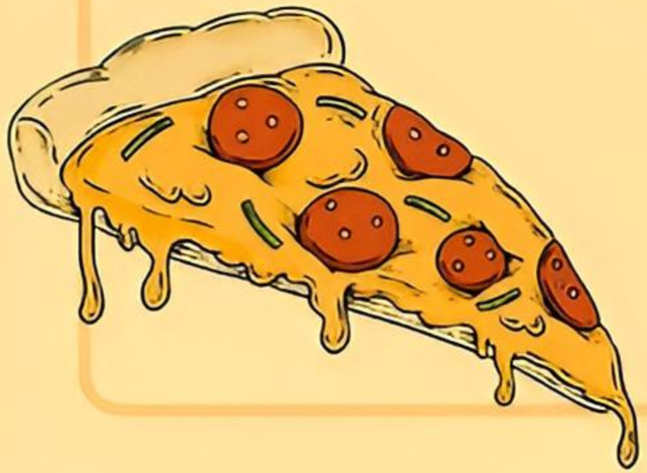


	Total_sales
▶	817860.05

3) Identify the highest-priced pizza.

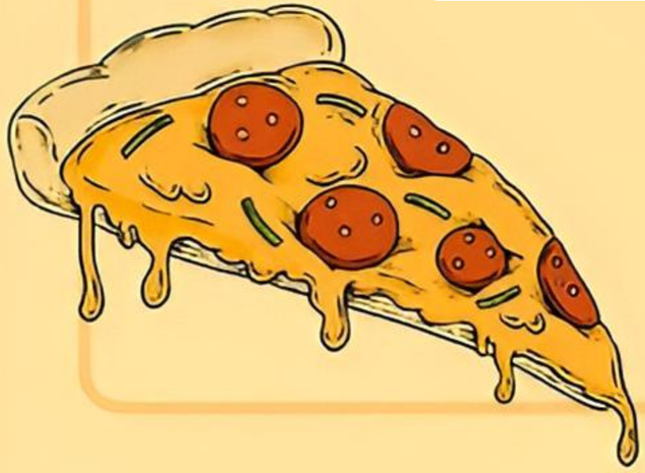
```sql
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95



4) Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

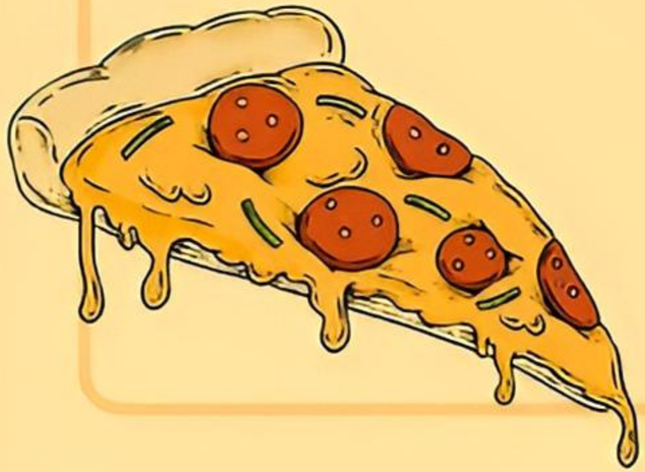
```sql
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```



size	order_count
L	18526
M	15385
S	14137
XL	544
XXL	28

5) List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

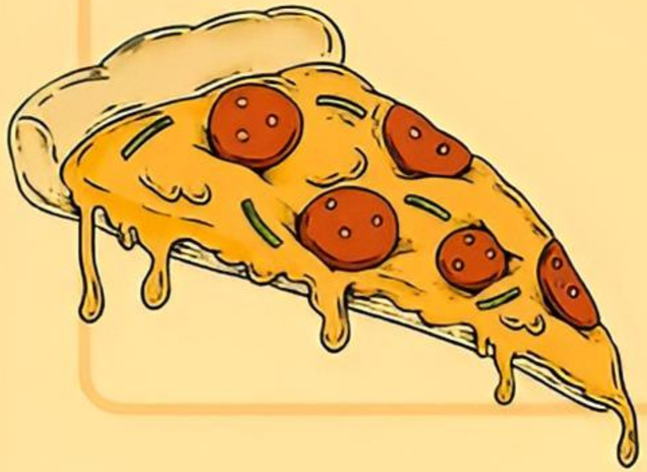
```sql
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS Total_sum
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY Total_sum DESC
LIMIT 5;
```



name	Total_sum
The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

6) Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

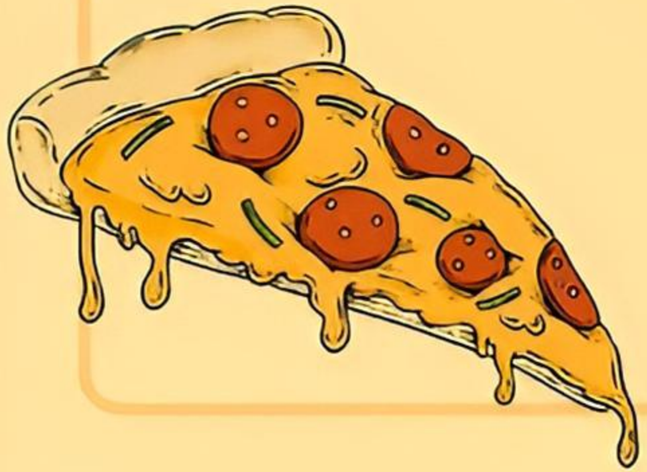
```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity)
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category;
```



category	SUM(order_details.quantity)
Classic	14888
Veggie	11649
Supreme	11987
Chicken	11050

7) Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```sql
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY hour;
```

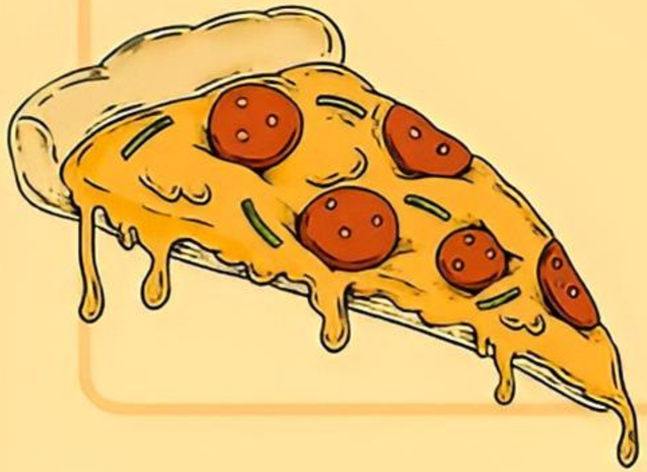


hour	order_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1

8) Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

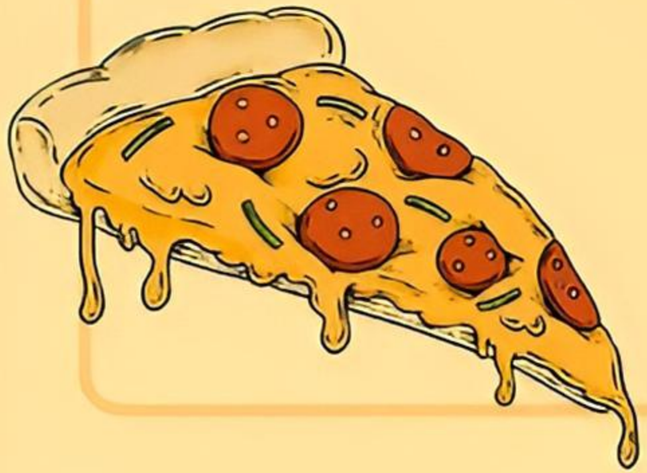
```sql
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

category	COUNT(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9



9) Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

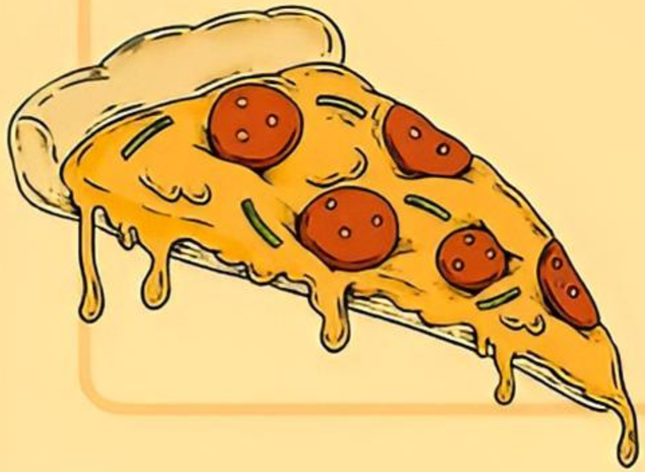
```sql
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_pizza_order_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```



	avg_pizza_order_per_day
▶	138

10) Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

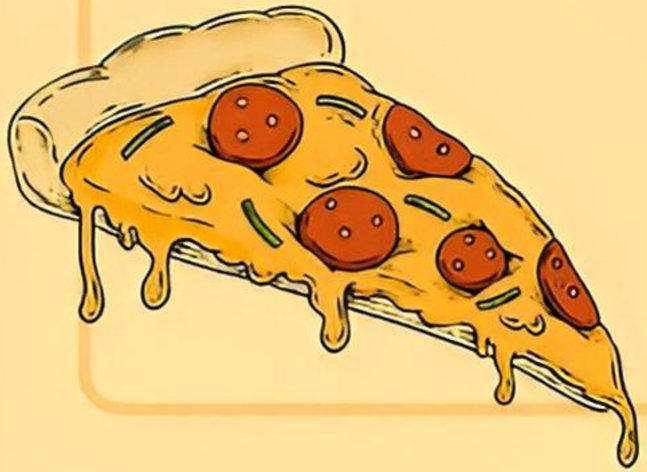
```sql
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```



name	revenue
The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

11) Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
select order_date ,sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue
from
(select orders.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from order_details join pizzas
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
join orders
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```



order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004
2015-01-02	5445.75
2015-01-03	8108.15
2015-01-04	9863.6
2015-01-05	11929.55
2015-01-06	14358.5
2015-01-07	16560.7
2015-01-08	19399.05
2015-01-09	21526.4
2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
2015-01-11	25862.65
2015-01-12	27781.7
2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
2015-01-15	34343.50000000001

Thank You ;)