

## Lab-9 k-means algorithm

For the given data, compute two clusters using k-means algorithm for clustering centers initial cluster centers  $(1.0, 1.0)$  &  $(5.0, 7.0)$ . Execute two iterations

Record Number	A	B
P <sub>1</sub>	1.0	1.0
P <sub>2</sub>	1.5	2.0
P <sub>3</sub>	3.0	4.0
P <sub>4</sub>	5.0	7.0
P <sub>5</sub>	3.5	5.0
P <sub>6</sub>	4.5	5.0
P <sub>7</sub>	3.5	4.5

$$C_1 = (1.0, 1.0) \quad C_2 = (5.0, 7.0)$$

$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

Record	Point(A,B)	distance $C_1(1.0, 1.0)$	distance $C_2(5.0, 7.0)$	Cluster
P <sub>1</sub>	(1.0, 1.0)	0.0	7.21	C <sub>1</sub>
P <sub>2</sub>	(1.5, 2.0)	1.12	6.10	C <sub>1</sub>
P <sub>3</sub>	(3.0, 4.0)	3.61	4.24	C <sub>1</sub>
P <sub>4</sub>	(5.0, 7.0)	7.21	0.0	C <sub>2</sub>
P <sub>5</sub>	(3.5, 5.0)	5.00	2.50	C <sub>2</sub>
P <sub>6</sub>	(4.5, 5.0)	5.32	2.24	C <sub>2</sub>
P <sub>7</sub>	(3.5, 4.5)	4.30	3.20	C <sub>2</sub>

Cluster C<sub>1</sub>: P<sub>1</sub>, P<sub>2</sub>, P<sub>3</sub>

Cluster C<sub>2</sub>: P<sub>4</sub>, P<sub>5</sub>, P<sub>6</sub>, P<sub>7</sub>



$C_1 = (1.05, 1.0), (1.9, 2.0), (3.0, 4.0)$

$$C_1 = \left( \frac{1.0 + 1.5 + 3.0}{3}, \frac{1.0 + 2.0 + 4.0}{3} \right) = (1.83, 2.33)$$

$C_2 = (5.0, 7.0), (3.5, 5.0), (4.5, 5.0), (3.5, 4.5)$

$$C_2 = \left( \frac{5.0 + 3.5 + 4.5 + 3.5}{4}, \frac{7.0 + 5.0 + 5.0 + 4.5}{4} \right) = (4.125, 5.375)$$

2:

Record	Point (A, B)	Distance (1.83, 2.33)	Distance (4.125, 5.375)	Cluster
R1	(1.0, 1.0)	1.57	5.62	C1
R2	(1.5, 2.0)	0.47	4.52	C1
R3	(3.0, 4.0)	2.12	1.63	C2
R4	(5.0, 7.0)	5.71	1.85	C2
R5	(3.5, 5.0)	3.93	0.72	C2
R6	(4.5, 5.0)	3.92	0.53	C2
R7	(3.5, 4.5)	3.07	1.01	C2

Cluster C1 = R1 (1.0, 1.0) R2 (1.5, 2.0)

Cluster C2 = R3 (3.0, 4.0) R4 (5.0, 7.0) R5 (3.5, 5.0)

R6 (4.5, 5.0) R7 (3.5, 4.5)

Elbow Method For Optimal K

