ROS Programming (C/C++)

Ivan Marković   Matko Orsag   Damjan Miklić

Automation and Robotics
Robot Programming and Simulation

2020

UNIVERSITY OF ZAGREB

Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Computing

Before we begin

- You have all the required packages already installed for this class
- We will go through the process of creating and building a C/C++ ROS package
- We will write a C/C++ publisher and a subscriber that will work with the turtlesim simulator

Creating the package

- Navigate in your /src catkin workspace folder
- Create turtle_lawnmower package that we will use in this class

```
$ catkin_create_pkg turtle_lawnmower turtlesim roscpp \
geometry_msgs
```

- Refresh the package list and roscd into the project

```
$ rospack profile
$ roscd turtle_lawnmower
```

Writing the subscriber in C/C++

- Create a `turtle_lawnmower_node.cpp` file in the `/src` folder of your `turtle_lawnmower` package

- Program a node that will subscibe to the turtle's `turtlesim/Pose` message and write it into the console (use `ROS_INFO`)

```cpp
// Required headers for the node
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Twist.h" // turtle's cmd_vel
#include "turtlesim/Pose.h" // reading turtle's position
```

```cpp
int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
// Initialize the node and an object that will process data
ros::init(argc, argv, "turtle_lawnmower_node");

TurtleLawnmower TtMower;

ros::spin();

return 0;
}
```

Writing the subscriber in C/C++

- Object will consist of a NodeHandle that will handle communication in the ROS system, a subscriber and the callback function named turtleCallback

```
class TurtleLawnmower
{
  ros::NodeHandle nh_;

  ros::Subscriber sub_
public:
  TurtleLawnmower(); // Class constructor
  ~TurtleLawnmower(); // Class destructor

  void turtleCallback
  (const turtlesim::Pose::ConstPtr& msg);
};
```

- Define the class constructor and destructor

```
TurtleLawnmower::TurtleLawnmower()
{
  sub_ = nh_.subscribe("turtle1/pose", 1,
        &TurtleLawnmower::turtleCallback, this);
}

TurtleLawnmower::~TurtleLawnmower()
{}
```

- In the constructor we are initializing the subscriber and telling it to call turtleCallback which is method in the TurtleLawnmower class

- The destructor is empty

Writing the subscriber in C/C++

- Write the callback function turtleCallback that will be called each
  time a message is published on the turtle1/pose topic

```
void TurtleLawnmower::turtleCallback
(const turtlesim::Pose::ConstPtr& msg)
{
  ROS_INFO("Turtle lawnmower@[%f, %f, %f]",
  msg->x, msg->y, msg->theta);
}
```

- The message has been passed in a boost_shared_ptr and member
  of the class being pointed to can be accessed using the dereferencing
  operator '->'

Building the project

- Open the CMakeLists.txt
- Check that find_package looks for all dependencies
- This will create variables needed in the linking stage (including headers and linking libraries)
- Add your node as an executable (uncomment add_executable)
- Link with the required libraries (uncomment target_link_libraries)

- In the end your `CMakeLists.txt` should look like this

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8.3)
project(turtle_lawnmower)
## Find catkin macros and libraries
find_package(catkin REQUIRED COMPONENTS
roscpp
geometry_msgs
turtlesim
)
catkin_package()
# include_directories(include)
include_directories(
${catkin_INCLUDE_DIRS}
)
```

Building the project

- CMakeLists.txt continued ...
  ```
  ## Declare a cpp executable
  add_executable(
    turtle_lawnmower_node src/turtle_lawnmower_node.cpp
  )
  ## Specify libraries to link a library or
  ## executable target against
  target_link_libraries(turtle_lawnmower_node
    ${catkin_LIBRARIES}
  )
  ```
- Call catkin_make from the workspace root folder and build the turtle_lawnmower project

Testing the node

- Run the turtlesim and then your node to see if the callback is running

```
$ roscore
$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
$ rosrun turtle_lawnmower turtle_lawnmower_node
```

- In the terminal your program should be outputting the turtle's pose (position + orientation)

Publishing velocity commands

- Now we need to add a publisher to our node
- Since we already have a subsciber, and we want to publish in the callback function, we will need to declare a publisher as member in the `TurtleLawnmower` class

  `ros::Publisher pub_;`
- Now setup the publisher in the class constructor

  ```
  pub_ = nh_.advertise<geometry_msgs::Twist>
         ("turtle1/cmd_vel", 1);
  ```

Publishing velocity commands

- In the `turtleCallback` method define the command velocities and publish them
  ```
  geometry_msgs::Twist turtle_cmd_vel;

  turtle_cmd_vel.linear.x = 1;
  pub_.publish(turtle_cmd_vel);
  ```
- The turtle will be moving forward with the designated velocity