



1. How can we create an empty table with the same structure as another table?

Query- CREATE TABLE new table LIKE old! table;

2. What can be used to add a row in a database using SQL?

ADD AUGMENT INSERT CREATE

Ans: C

3. What command will you use to remove rows from a table 'AGE'?

REMOVE FROM AGE
DROP FROM AGE
DELETE FROM AGE WHERE
UPDATE FROM AGE

Ans: C

4. What does the SQL WHERE clause do?

Limits the column data that are returned Limits the row data that are returned Both a and b None of the above

Ans: B

5. What is the purpose of SQL?

To define data structures



To specify the syntax of DDL To specify the syntax of DML All of the above Ans: D
6. The wildcard in a WHERE clause is used when
A right match is required in a SELECT statement A right match is possible in a CREATE statement A right match is not possible in a SELECT statement None of the above Ans: C
7. Define a view?
A virtual table that can be accessed with SQL commands A base table that can be accessed with SQL commands Both a and b None of the above Ans: a
8. What command will you use to eliminate a table from a database?
ELIMINATE TABLE CUSTOMER; DROP TABLE CUSTOMER; DELETE TABLE CUSTOMER; APPRISE TABLE CUSTOMER; Ans: b



9. What does an ON UPDATE CASCADE ensure?

Standardization **Data Integrity** Both a and b None of the above Ans: B 10. What does SQL data definition commands make up? DDL **DML** DQL **DCL** Ans: A 11. Choose the valid SQL for an Index?

CREATE INDEX ID; ALTER INDEX ID; ADD INDEX ID; **DELETE INDEX ID;** Ans: A

12. Which SQL keyword(s) is used with wildcards?

IN and NOT IN **NOT IN only** LIKE only IN only

Ans: C



13. Choose the correct order of keywords for SQL SELECT statements

WHERE, SELECT, FROM SELECT, FROM, WHERE SELECT, WHERE, FROM FROM, WHERE, SELECT Ans: b

14. What is a subquery in an SQL SELECT statement enclosed in?

brackets []
braces {}
parenthesis ()
none of the above
Ans: C

15. What is the result of a SQL SELECT statement?

report form table file Ans: c