COURT CASES DATABASE

ER DIAGRAM:-

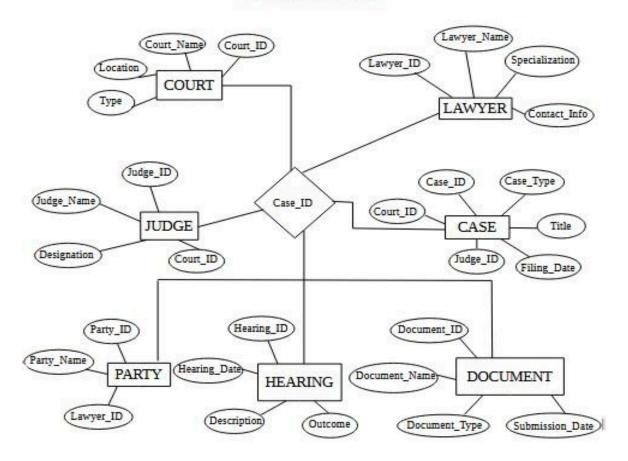


TABLE NAME:CASE

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
CASE_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for case
TITLE	VARCHAR		Case Title
CASE_TYPE	VARCHAR		Type of the case(Civil, Criminal, Family, etc.)
FILING_DATE	DATE		Date when the case was filed
COURT_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Court(Court_ID)
JUDGE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Judge(Judge_ID)

TABLE NAME: COURT

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
COURT_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for each court
COURT_NAME	VARCHAR		Name of the court
LOCATION	VARCHAR		Location of the court
TYPE	VARCHAR		Type of the court
CASE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Case(Case_ID)

TABLE NAME: JUDGE

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
JUDGE_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for each judge
JUDGE_NAME	VARCHAR		Name of the court
DESIGNATION	VARCHAR		Designation of judge
COURT_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Judge(Judge_id)
CASE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Case(Case_id)

TABLE NAME: LAWYER

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
LAWYER_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for each lawyer
LAWYER_NAME	VARCHAR		Name of the lawyer
SPECIALIZATION	VARCHAR		Area of specialization (Criminal, Civil, etc.)
CONTACT_INFO	VARCHAR		Email/phone contact
CASE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Case(Case_ID)

TABLE NAME: PARTY

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
PARTY_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for each party
PARTY_NAME	VARCHAR		Name of the party
ROLE	VARCHAR		Role of the party in the case
LAWYER_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Lawyer(Lawyer_ID)
CASE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Case(Case_ID)

TABLE NAME: HEARING

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
HEARING_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for each hearing
HEARING_DATE	DATE		Date of hearing
DESCRIPTION	VARCHER		Detailed description of proceedings during the hearing
OUTCOME	VARCHER		Result/decision of the hearing (e.g., Adjourned, Evidence Accepted, Judgment Reserved)
CASE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Case(Case_ID)

TABLE NAME: DOCUMENT

COLUMN NAME	DATA TYPE	INDEX	DESCRIPTION
DOCUMENT_ID	INT	PRIMARY KEY	Unique identifier for each document
DOCUMENT_NAME	VARCHAR		Name of the document
DOCUMENT_TYPE	VARCHAR		Type of document (FIR, Petition, Evidence, etc.)
SUBMISSION_DATE	DATE		Date document was submitted
CASE_ID	INT	FOREIGN KEY	References Case(Case_ID)

Table Creation and Insertion:-

CREATE TABLE Case (Case_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, Title VARCHAR(200), Case_Type VARCHAR(50), Filing_Date DATE, Court_ID INT, Judge_ID INT);

Table created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES (301, 'Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu', 'Criminal', '10-jan-2020', 201, 401);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(302, 'Priya vs ABC Corporation', 'Civil', '21-FEB-2021', 202, 402);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(303, 'State of Maharashtra vs Suresh', 'Criminal', '18-MAR-2021', 203, 403);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(304, 'Sunil vs Anjali', 'Family', '05-APR-2022', 204, 404);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(305, 'Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd', 'Commercial', '20-MAY-2022', 205, 405);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(306, 'Meena vs Sun Pharma', 'Labor', '11-JUN-2023', 206, 406);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(307, 'Ali vs Fatima', 'Divorce', '01-JUL-2023', 207, 407);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(308, 'XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept.', 'Tax', '15-AUG-2024', 208, 408);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(309, 'State of Odisha vs Ramesh', 'Criminal', '07-SEP-2024', 209, 409);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Case VALUES(310, 'Kumar vs Kanchalna', 'Family', '22-OCT-2025', 210, 410);

1 row created.

CREATE TABLE Court (Court_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, Court_Name VARCHAR(100), Location VARCHAR(100), Type VARCHAR(50), Case ID INT);

Table created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (201, 'Madras High Court', 'Chennai', 'High Court', 301);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (202, 'Chennai Civil Court', 'Chennai', 'Civil Court', 302);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (203, 'Mumbai Sessions Court', 'Mumbai', 'Sessions Court', 303);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (204, 'Delhi Family Court', 'Delhi', 'Family Court', 304);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (205, 'Ahmedabad Commercial Court', 'Ahmedabad', 'Commercial Court', 305);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (206, 'Pune Labor Court', 'Pune', 'Labor Court', 306);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (207, 'Hyderabad Family Court', 'Hyderabad', 'Family Court', 307);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (208, 'Kolkata Tax Court', 'Kolkata', 'Tax Court', 308);

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (209, 'Bhubaneswar Criminal Court', 'Bhubaneswar', 'Criminal Court', 309);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Court VALUES (210, 'Coimbatore Family Court', 'Coimbatore', 'Family Court', 310);

1 row created.

CREATE TABLE Judge (Judge_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,Judge_Name VARCHAR(100),Designation VARCHAR(50),Court_ID INT,Case_ID INT);

Table created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (401, 'Justice R. Subramanian', 'High Court Judge', 201, 301);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (402, 'Justice Priya Menon', 'Civil Judge', 202, 302);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (403, 'Justice Dinesh Patil', 'Sessions Judge', 203, 303);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (404, 'Justice Anita Sharma', 'Family Judge', 204, 304);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (405, 'Justice K. Suresh', 'Commercial Judge', 205, 305);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (406, 'Justice Ramesh Iyer', 'Labor Judge', 206, 306);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (407, 'Justice Leela Devi', 'Family Judge', 207, 307);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (408, 'Justice Aslam Khan', 'Tax Judge', 208, 308);

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (409, 'Justice Binod Das', 'Criminal Judge', 209, 309);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Judge VALUES (410, 'Justice Kanchana Rao', 'Family Judge', 210, 310);

1 row created.

CREATE TABLE Lawyer (Lawyer_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,Lawyer_Name VARCHAR(100), Specialization VARCHAR(100), Contact_Info VARCHAR(100), Case_ID INT);

Table created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (501, 'Adv. Arjun Mehta', 'Criminal Law', 'arjunmehta@gmail.com', 301);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (502, 'Adv. Sneha Nair', 'Civil Litigation', 'snehanair@lawfirm.com', 302);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (503, 'Adv. Ravi Deshmukh', 'Criminal Law', 'ravideshmukh@courtmail.com', 303);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (504, 'Adv. Neha Kapoor', 'Family Law', 'nehakapoor@lawchambers.com', 304);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (505, 'Adv. Rohit Jain', 'Commercial Law', 'rohitjain@firm.co.in', 305);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (506, 'Adv. Deepika Rao', 'Labor Law', 'deepikarao@legal.org', 306);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (507, 'Adv. Imran Siddiqui', 'Family Law', 'imransiddiqui@law.co', 307);

```
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (508, 'Adv. Swati Joshi', 'Tax Law', 'swatijoshi@taxfirm.com',
308);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (509, 'Adv. Raghav Patnaik', 'Criminal Law',
'raghavp@justice.org', 309);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Lawyer VALUES (510, 'Adv. Kiran Bedi', 'Family Law',
'kiranbedi@familylaw.in', 310);
1 row created.
CREATE TABLE Party ( Party ID INT PRIMARY KEY, Party Name VARCHAR(100), Role
VARCHAR(50), Lawyer_ID INT, Case_ID INT);
Table create
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (601, 'Rajiv', 'Plaintiff', 501, 301);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (602, 'State of Tamil Nadu', 'Defendant', 501, 301);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (603, 'Priya', 'Plaintiff', 502, 302);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (604, 'ABC Corporation', 'Defendant', 502, 302);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (605, 'Sunil', 'Petitioner', 504, 304);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (606, 'Anjali', 'Respondent', 504, 304);
1 row created.
INSERT INTO Party VALUES (607, 'Ali', 'Petitioner', 507, 307);
```

INSERT INTO Party VALUES (608, 'Fatima', 'Respondent', 507, 307);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Party VALUES (609, 'Kumar', 'Petitioner', 510, 310);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Party VALUES (610, 'Kanchana', 'Respondent', 510, 310);

1 row created.

CREATE TABLE Hearing (Hearing_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, Hearing_Date DATE, Description VARCHAR2(200), Outcome VARCHAR(200), Case_ID INT);

Table created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (701, TO_DATE('15-JAN-2020', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'First hearing - charges framed', 'Adjourned', 301);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (702, TO_DATE('20-FEB-2021', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Initial arguments presented', 'Pending', 302);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (703, TO_DATE('25-MAR-2021', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Witness statements recorded', 'In Progress', 303);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (704, TO_DATE('10-APR-2022', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Counseling session', 'Reconciliation Failed', 304);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (705, TO_DATE('18-MAY-2022', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Cross-examination', 'Ongoing', 305);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (706, TO_DATE('15-JUN-2023', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Labor dispute negotiation', 'Partial Settlement', 306);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (707, TO_DATE('05-JUL-2023', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Final arguments heard', 'Reserved for Judgment', 307);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (708, TO_DATE('20-AUG-2024', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Tax documents reviewed', 'Further Hearing Scheduled', 308);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (709, TO_DATE('12-SEP-2024', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Evidence submitted by prosecution', 'Adjourned', 309);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (710, TO_DATE('30-OCT-2025', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Final order pronounced', 'Judgment Passed', 310);

1 row created.

CREATE TABLE Document (Document_ID INT PRIMARY KEY, Document_Name VARCHAR(100), Document_Type VARCHAR(50), Submission_Date DATE, Case_ID INT);

Table created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (801, 'FIR Report', 'Evidence', TO_DATE('12-JAN-2020', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 301);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (802, 'Contract Agreement', 'Legal', TO_DATE('22-FEB-2021', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 302);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (803, 'Witness Statement', 'Evidence', TO_DATE('26-MAR-2021', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 303);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (804, 'Marriage Certificate', 'Personal', TO DATE('12-APR-2022', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 304);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (805, 'Business License', 'Commercial', TO DATE('20-MAY-2022', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 305);

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (806, 'Employment Record', 'Labor', TO DATE('17-JUN-2023', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 306);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (807, 'Divorce Petition', 'Legal', TO_DATE('07-JUL-2023', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 307);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (808, 'Audit Report', 'Financial', TO DATE('23-AUG-2024', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 308);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (809, 'Forensic Report', 'Evidence', TO_DATE('14-SEP-2024', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 309);

1 row created.

INSERT INTO Document VALUES (810, 'Custody Agreement', 'Family', TO_DATE('01-NOV-2025', 'DD-MON-YYYY'), 310);

★ CONSTRAINTS COMMANDS:-

Add FOREIGN KEY:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Case ADD CONSTRAINT fk_case_court FOREIGN KEY (Court_ID) REFERENCES Court(Court_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Case ADD CONSTRAINT fk_case_judge FOREIGN KEY (Judge_ID) REFERENCES Judge(Judge_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Court ADD CONSTRAINT fk_court_case FOREIGN KEY (Case_ID) REFERENCES Case(Case_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Judge ADD CONSTRAINT fk_judge_court FOREIGN KEY (Court_ID) REFERENCES Court(Court_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Judge ADD CONSTRAINT fk_judge_case FOREIGN KEY (Case_ID) REFERENCES Case(Case_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Lawyer ADD CONSTRAINT fk_lawyer_case FOREIGN KEY (Case_ID) REFERENCES Case(Case_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Party ADD CONSTRAINT fk_party_lawyer FOREIGN KEY (Lawyer_ID) REFERENCES Lawyer(Lawyer_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Party ADD CONSTRAINT fk_party_case FOREIGN KEY (Case_ID) REFERENCES Case(Case_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Hearing ADD CONSTRAINT fk_hearing_case FOREIGN KEY (Case_ID) REFERENCES Case(Case_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

SQL> ALTER TABLE Document ADD CONSTRAINT fk_document_case FOREIGN KEY (Case_ID) REFERENCES Case(Case_ID);

TABLE ALTERED

NOT NULL:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Judge MODIFY Judge_Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL;

TABLE ALTERED

UNIQUE:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Lawyer ADD CONSTRAINT unique_contact UNIQUE (Contact_Info);

TABLE ALTERED

CHECK:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Case ADD CONSTRAINT chk_case_type CHECK (Case_Type IN ('Civil', 'Criminal', 'Family', 'Labor', 'Tax', 'Commercial', 'Divorce'));

TABLE ALTERED

TCL COMMAND:-

SQL> commit:

★ DDL COMMANDS - Data Definition Language

Add a New Column to a Table:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Lawyer ADD Bar_Registration_No VARCHAR(20);

TABLE ALTERED

Rename an Existing Column:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Case RENAME COLUMN Case_Type TO Case_Category;

TABLE ALTERED

Modify a Column Data Type:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Court MODIFY Location VARCHAR(150);

TABLE ALTERED

Set a Default Value for a Column:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Judge MODIFY Designation VARCHAR(50) DEFAULT 'Judge';

TABLE ALTERED

Drop a Column from a Table:

SQL> ALTER TABLE Party DROP COLUMN Role;

TABLE DROPPED

Drop a Table:

SQL> DROP TABLE Hearing;

TABLE DROPPED

Rename a Table:

SQL> RENAME Document TO Case_Documents;

Table renamed.

Truncate Table:

SQL> TRUNCATE Table Court;

Table truncated.

★ DML COMMANDS - Data Manipulation Language

Change judge designation:

SQL> UPDATE Judge SET Designation = 'Senior Civil Judge' WHERE Judge_ID = 402;

1 row updated.

Update hearing outcome:

SQL> UPDATE Hearing SET Outcome = 'Judgment Reserved' WHERE Hearing_ID = 702; 1 row updated.

Correct case title:

SQL> UPDATE Case SET Title = 'Priya vs ABC Ltd' WHERE Case_ID = 302;

1 row updated.

Change court location:

SQL> UPDATE Court SET Location = 'New Chennai' WHERE Court_ID = 202;

1 row updated.

Delete a document:

SQL> DELETE FROM CASE_DOCUMENTS WHERE Document_ID = 810;

1 row deleted.

View all judges:

SQL> SELECT * FROM Judge;

JUDGE_ID	JUDGE_NAME	DESIGNATION	COURT_ID	CASE_ID
401	Justice R. Subramanian	High Court Judge	201	301
402	Justice Priya Menon	Senior Civil Judge	202	302
403	Justice Dinesh Patil	Sessions Judge	203	303
404	Justice Anita Sharma	Family Judge	204	304
405	Justice K. Suresh	Commercial Judge	205	305
406	Justice Ramesh Iyer	Labor Judge	206	306
407	Justice Leela Devi	Family Judge	207	307
408	Justice Aslam Khan	Tax Judge	208	308
409	Justice Binod Das	Criminal Judge	209	309
410	Justice Kanchana Rao	Family Judge	210	310

View case details of 'Criminal' type:

SQL>SELECT * FROM Case WHERE Case_Category= 'Criminal';

CASE_ID	TITLE	CASE_CATEGORY	FILING_DATE	COURT_ID	JUDGE_ID
301	Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu	Criminal	10-JAN-20	201	401
303	State of Maharashtra vs Suresh	Criminal	18-MAR-21	203	403
309	State of Odisha vs Ramesh	Criminal	07-SEP-24	209	409

***** AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS AND SORTING:-

COUNT – Total Number of Cases
 SQL> SELECT COUNT(*) AS Total_Cases FROM Case;

2. MIN / MAX – Earliest and Latest Case Filing Dates

SQL>SELECT MIN(Filing_Date) AS Earliest_Case,MAX(Filing_Date) AS Latest_Case FROM Case;

EARLIEST_ LATEST_CA ------10-JAN-20 22-OCT-25

3.ORDER BY – List Lawyers Alphabetically

SQL> SELECT Lawyer_ID, Lawyer_Name, Specialization FROM Lawyer ORDER BY Lawyer_Name ASC;

LAWYER_ID LAWYER_NAME SPECIALIZATION

501 Adv. Arjun Mehta Criminal Law

506 Adv. Deepika Rao Labor Law

507 Adv. Imran Siddiqui Family Law

510 Adv. Kiran Bedi Family Law

504 Adv. Neha Kapoor Family Law

509 Adv. Raghav Patnaik Criminal Law

503 Adv. Ravi Deshmukh Criminal Law

505 Adv. Rohit Jain Commercial Law

502 Adv. Sneha Nair Civil Litigation

508 Adv. Swati Joshi Tax Law

10 rows selected.

4. SUM/COUNT + GROUP BY - Total Hearings per Case

SQL> SELECT Case_ID, COUNT(*) AS Total_Hearings FROM Hearing GROUP BY Case_ID ORDER BY Total_Hearings DESC;

CASE_ID TOTAL_HEARINGS

301	1
302	1
303	1
304	1
310	1
306	1

307	1
308	1
309	1
305	1

10 rows selected.

5.AVG of Case_IDs by Category

SQL> SELECT Case_Category, AVG(Case_ID) AS Avg_CaseID FROM Case GROUP BY Case_Category;

CASE_CATEGORY	AVG_CASEID
Criminal	304.333333
Civil	302
Family	307
Commercial	305
Labor	306
Divorce	307
Tax	308

7 rows selected.

6.DESCRIBE THE TABLE STRUCTURE

SQL>DESC JUDGE;

Name	Null? Type
JUDGE_ID JUDGE NAME	NOT NULL NUMBER(38) NOT NULL
VARCHAR2(100)	

COURT ID NUMBER(38) CASE_ID NUMBER(38) 7.COUNT - Total number of cases SQL>SELECT COUNT(CASE_ID) "TOTAL CASES" FROM CASE: **TOTAL CASES** 10 8. Absolute Value SQL>SELECT ABS(20) "ABSOLUTE VALUE" FROM DUAL; ABSOLUTE VALUE 20 9.ROUND SQL>SELECT round (2678.96) "round" FROM Dual; round 2679 10.POWER SQL>SELECT power (3,2) "power" FROM Dual; power 9

VARCHAR2(50)

11.SQUARE ROOT

DESIGNATION

```
SQL> SELECT sqrt (25) "square root" FROM Dual;
square root
     5
12.EXPONENT
SQL>SELECT exp (5) "exponent" FROM Dual;
exponent
148.413159
13.GREATEST
SQL> SELECT greatest (45643,10458739,235870) "number"
FROM Dual;
  number
 10458739
14.LEAST
SQL>SELECT least (45643,10458739,235870) "number"
FROM Dual;
number
 45643
15.MODULOUS
SQL>SELECT mod (15,8) "number" FROM Dual;
  number
    7
```

```
16.TRUNC
SQL>SELECT trunc (138.356,1) "number" FROM Dual;
  number
  138.3
17.FLOOR
SQL>SELECT floor (28.6) "number" FROM Dual;
  number
    28
18.CEIL
SQL>SELECT ceil (38.6) "number" FROM Dual;
  number
    39
19.LOWERCASE
SQL> SELECT LOWER(JUDGE_NAME) FROM JUDGE;
LOWER(JUDGE_NAME)
justice r. subramanian
justice priya menon
justice dinesh patil
justice anita sharma
justice k. suresh
justice ramesh iyer
justice leela devi
justice aslam khan
justice binod das
```

instice	kanchana	ran
Justice	ranchana	ıau

10 rows selected.

20.INITCAP

SQL> SELECT INITCAP(JUDGE_NAME) FROM JUDGE;

INITCAP(JUDGE_NAME)

Justice R. Subramanian

Justice Priya Menon

Justice Dinesh Patil

Justice Anita Sharma

Justice K. Suresh

Justice Ramesh lyer

Justice Leela Devi

Justice Aslam Khan

Justice Binod Das

Justice Kanchana Rao

10 rows selected.

21.UPPERCASE

SQL> SELECT UPPER(JUDGE_NAME) FROM JUDGE;

UPPER(JUDGE_NAME)

JUSTICE R. SUBRAMANIAN

JUSTICE PRIYA MENON

JUSTICE DINESH PATIL

JUSTICE ANITA SHARMA

JUSTICE K. SURESH

JUSTICE RAMESH IYER

```
JUSTICE LEELA DEVI
JUSTICE ASLAM KHAN
JUSTICE BINOD DAS
JUSTICE KANCHANA RAO
10 rows selected.
22.ASCII
SQL> SELECT ascii ('a') FROM Dual;
ASCII('A')
    97
23.LENGTH
SQL> SELECT LENGTH('LOCATION') FROM DUAL;
LENGTH('LOCATION')
         8
24.LTRIM
SQL> SELECT Itrim ('table name', 'd') FROM Dual;
LTRIM
table name
25.RTRIM
SQL> SELECT rtrim ('table name', 'a') FROM Dual;
RTRIM
```

table name

★ SET OPERATORS:-

UNION:

SQL>SELECT Case_ID FROM Case UNION SELECT Case_ID FROM Lawyer;

CASE_ID)			
301				
302				
303				
304				
305				
306				
307				
308				
309				
310				

10 rows selected.

UNION ALL:

SQL>SELECT Judge_ID FROM Judge UNION ALL SELECT Judge_ID FROM Case;

```
JUDGE_ID
  401
  402
  403
  404
  405
  406
  407
  408
  409
  410
  401
JUDGE_ID
  402
  403
  404
  405
  406
```

407

408

409

410

20 rows selected.

INTERSECT:

SQL>SELECT Case_ID FROM Hearing INTERSECT SELECT Case_ID FROM Document;

CASE_ID
301
302
303
304
305
306
307
308
309

9 rows selected.

★ JOINS:-

1. INNER JOIN: List all case titles with their court names and judges

SQL>SELECT c.Case_ID, c.Title, ct.Court_Name, j.Judge_Name FROM Case c INNER JOIN Court ct ON c.Court_ID = ct.Court_ID INNER JOIN Judge j ON c.Judge_ID = j.Judge_ID;

CASE	_ID TITLE	COURT_NAME	JUDGE_NAME
301	Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu	Madras High Court	Justice R. Subramanian
302	Priya vs ABC Corporation	Chennai Civil Court	Justice Priya Menon
303	State of Maharashtra vs Suresh	Mumbai Sessions Court	Justice Dinesh Patil
304	Sunil vs Anjali	Delhi Family Court	Justice Anita Sharma
305	Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd	Ahmedabad Commercial C	ourt Justice K. Suresh
306	Meena vs Sun Pharma	Pune Labor Court	Justice Ramesh Iyer

307	Ali vs Fatima	Hyderabad Family Court	Justice Leela Devi
308	XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept.	Kolkata Tax Court	Justice Aslam Khan
309	State of Odisha vs Ramesh	Bhubaneswar Criminal Court	Justice Binod Das
310	Kumar vs Kanchana	Coimbatore Family Court	Justice Kanchana Rao

10 rows selected.

2. LEFT JOIN:

SQL>SELECT Case.Case_ID, Case.Title, Judge.Judge_Name, Judge.Designation FROM Case LEFT JOIN Judge ON Case.Judge_ID = Judge.Judge_ID;

CASE	E_ID TITLE	JUDGE_NAME	DESIGNATION
301	Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu	Justice R. Subramanian	High Court Judge
302	Priya vs ABC Corporation	Justice Priya Menon	Senior Civil Judge
303	State of Maharashtra vs Sure	sh Justice Dinesh Patil	Sessions Judge
304	Sunil vs Anjali	Justice Anita Sharma Fa	mily Judge
305	Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd	Justice K. Suresh	Commercial Judge
306	Meena vs Sun Pharma	Justice Ramesh Iyer	Labor Judge
307	Ali vs Fatima	Justice Leela Devi Fam	nily Judge
308	XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept.	Justice Aslam Khan	Tax Judge
309	State of Odisha vs Ramesh	Justice Binod Das	Criminal Judge
310	Kumar vs Kanchana	Justice Kanchana Rao	Family Judge

10 rows selected.

3. RIGHT JOIN:

SQL>SELECT I.Lawyer_Name, I.Specialization, c.Title FROM Lawyer I RIGHT JOIN Case c ON I.Case_ID = c.Case_ID;

LAWYER_NAME	SPECIALIZA	ATION TITLE
Adv. Arjun Mehta Adv. Sneha Nair Adv. Ravi Deshmu Adv. Neha Kapoor Adv. Rohit Jain Adv. Deepika Rao Adv. Imran Siddiqu Adv. Swati Joshi Adv. Raghav Patna	Criminal Law Civil Litigation kh Criminal Law Family Law Commercial Law Labor Law ii Family Law	Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu Priya vs ABC Corporation
Adv. Kiran Bedi		Kumar vs Kanchana

10 rows selected.

4. FULL OUTER JOIN:

SQL> SELECT Case.Case_ID, Case.Title, Hearing.Hearing_Date, Hearing.Outcome FROM Case FULL OUTER JOIN Hearing ON Case.Case_ID = Hearing.Case_ID;

CASE_ID TITLE	HEARING_DATE	OUTCOME
301 Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu	 15-JAN-20	Adjourned
302 Priya vs ABC Corporation	20-FEB-21	Judgment Reserved
303 State of Maharashtra vs Sures	sh 25-MAR-21	In Progress
304 Sunil vs Anjali	10-APR-22	Reconciliation Failed
305 Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd	18-MAY-22	Ongoing
306 Meena vs Sun Pharma	15-JUN-23	Partial Settlement
307 Ali vs Fatima	05-JUL-23 F	Reserved for Judgment
308 XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept.	20-AUG-24	Further Hearing Scheduled
309 State of Odisha vs Ramesh	12-SEP-24	Adjourned
310 Kumar vs Kanchana	30-OCT-25	Judgment Passed

¹⁰ rows selected.

5. SELF JOIN: Find pairs of cases handled by the same judge

SELECT c1.Case_ID AS Case1, c2.Case_ID AS Case2, j.Judge_Name FROM Case c1 JOIN Case c2 ON c1.Judge_ID = c2.Judge_ID AND c1.Case_ID < c2.Case_ID JOIN Judge j ON c1.Judge_ID = j.Judge_ID;

NO ROWS SELECTED.

6. CROSS JOIN: All combinations of lawyers and judges

SQL>SELECT CASE.CASE_ID,LAWYER.LAWYER_NAME FROM CASE CROSS JOIN LAWYER WHERE CASE.CASE_ID=LAWYER.CASE_ID;

CASE_ID	LAWYER_NAME
301	Adv. Arjun Mehta
302	Adv. Sneha Nair
303	Adv. Ravi Deshmukh
304	Adv. Neha Kapoor
305	Adv. Rohit Jain
306	Adv. Deepika Rao
307	Adv. Imran Siddiqui
308	Adv. Swati Joshi
309	Adv. Raghav Patnaik

7. JOIN with WHERE:

SQL> SELECT Lawyer_Name, Case.Title, Case.Case_Category FROM Lawyer, Case WHERE Lawyer.Case_ID = Case.Case_ID;

LAWYER_NAME	TITLE	CASE_CATEGORY
•	Rajiv vs State of Tar Priya vs ABC Corpo	
Adv. Ravi Deshmu	ıkh State of Maharas	htra vs Suresh Criminal
Adv. Neha Kapoor	Sunil vs Anjali	Family
Adv. Rohit Jain	Bharat Traders vs Es	na Ltd Commercial
Adv. Deepika Rao	Meena vs Sun Pha	rma Labor
Adv. Imran Siddiqu	ui Ali vs Fatima	Divorce
Adv. Swati Joshi	XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept	. Tax
Adv. Raghav Patna	aik State of Odisha vs	Ramesh Criminal
Adv. Kiran Bedi	Kumar vs Kanchana	Family

¹⁰ rows selected.

★ INTEGRITY CONSTRAINTS:-

SQL>	SQL>SELECT * FROM Case;						
CASE	E_ID TITLE	CASE_TYPE	FILING_DA	COURT_ID	JUDGE_ID		
301	Rajiv vs State of Tamil N	ladu Criminal	10-JAN-20	201	401		
302	Priya vs ABC Corporation	on Civil	21-FEB-21	202	402		
303	State of Maharashtra vs Su	resh Criminal	18-MAR-21	203	403		
304	Sunil vs Anjali	Family	05-APR-22	204	404		
305	Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd	d Commercial	20-MAY-22	205	405		
306	Meena vs Sun Pharma	Labor	11-JUN-23	206	406		
307	Ali vs Fatima	Divorce	01-JUL-23	207	407		
308	XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept.	Tax	15-AUG-24	208	408		
309	State of Odisha vs Ramesh	Criminal	07-SEP-24	209	409		
310	Kumar vs Kanchana	Family	22-OCT-25	210	410		
310	Numai vs Nanchana	raillily	22-061-23	210	410		

¹⁰ rows selected.

SQL> SELECT * FROM LAWYER;

LAWYER_ID LAWYER_NAME SPECIALIZATION CONTACT_INFO CASE_ID							
501	Adv. Arjun Mehta	Criminal Law	arjunmehta@gmail.com	301			
502	Adv. Sneha Nair	Civil Litigation	snehanair@lawfirm.com	302			
503	Adv. Ravi Deshmukh	Criminal Law	ravideshmukh@courtmail.com	303			
504	Adv. Neha Kapoor	Family Law	nehakapoor@lawchambers.com	า 304			
505	Adv. Rohit Jain	Commercial Law	rohitjain@firm.co.in	305			
506	Adv. Deepika Rao	Labor Law	deepikarao@legal.org	306			
507	Adv. Imran Siddiqui	Family Law	imransiddiqui@law.co	307			
508	Adv. Swati Joshi	Tax Law	swatijoshi@taxfirm.com	308			
509	Adv. Raghav Patnaik	Criminal Law	raghavp@justice.org	309			
510	Adv. Kiran Bedi	Family Law	kiranbedi@familylaw.in	310			

¹⁰ rows selected.

SQL> SELECT

Lawyer_ID,Lawyer_Name,Specialization,Contact_Info,Case.Case_ID,Title,Case_Category FROM Lawyer,Case
WHERE Lawyer.Case_ID = Case.Case_ID;

LAWYER_ID LAWYER_NAME	SPECIALIZ	ATION
CONTACT_INFO	CASE_ID TITLE	CASE_TYPE
501 Adv. Arjun Mehta	Criminal Law	arjunmehta@gmail.com
301 Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu	Criminal	
502 Adv. Sneha Nair	Civil Litigation	snehanair@lawfirm.com
302 Priya vs ABC Corporation	Civil	
503 Adv. Ravi Deshmukh	Criminal Law	
ravideshmukh@courtmail.com	303 State of Maharashtra vs Suresh	
Criminal		
504 Adv. Neha Kapoor	Family Law	
nehakapoor@lawchambers.com	304 Sunil	vs Anjali Family
505 Adv. Rohit Jain	Commercial Law	rohitjain@firm.co.in
305 Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd	Commercial	
506 Adv. Deepika Rao	Labor Law	deepikarao@legal.org
306 Meena vs Sun Pharma	Labor	
507 Adv. Imran Siddiqui	Family Law	imransiddiqui@law.co
	orce	
508 Adv. Swati Joshi	Tax Law	swatijoshi@taxfirm.com
308 XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept.	Tax	

509 Adv. Raghav Patnaik 309 State of Odisha vs Ramesh 510 Adv. Kiran Bedi 310 Kumar vs Kanchana Criminal Law
Criminal
Family Law
Family

raghavp@justice.org kiranbedi@familylaw.in

10 rows selected.

★ VIEW:-

CREATE VIEW:

SQL> CREATE VIEW DOC_DETAIL AS SELECT DOCUMENT_ID,DOCUMENT_NAME,DOCUMENT_TYPE,CASE_ID FROM DOCUMENTS WHERE CASE_ID=304;

View created.

SQL> CREATE VIEW Case_Judge_View AS SELECT case.Case_ID, Title, judge.Judge_Name, Designation FROM Case JOIN Judge ON case.Judge_ID = judge.Judge_ID;

View created.

SQL> SELECT * FROM Case_Judge_View;

Case ID Case Title		Judge Name	Designation	
301	Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu	Justice R. Subramanian	High Court Judge	
302	Priya vs ABC Corporation	Justice Priya Menon	Senior Civil Judge	
303	State of Maharashtra vs Sures	sh Justice Dinesh Patil	Sessions Judge	
304	Sunil vs Anjali	Justice Anita Sharma	Family Judge	
305	Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd	Justice K. Suresh	Commercial Judge	
306	Meena vs Sun Pharma	Justice Ramesh Iyer	Labor Judge	
307	Ali vs Fatima	Justice Leela Devi	Family Judge	

308 XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept. Justice Aslam Khan Tax Judge

310 Kumar vs Kanchana Justice Kanchana Rao Family Judge

10 rows selected

CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW:

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW Case_Judge_View AS SELECT CASE.Case_ID,Title ,JUDGE.JUDGE_ID,Judge_Name,Designation, FROM Case JOIN Judge ON CASE.Judge_ID = JUDGE.Judge_ID;

View created.

SQL> SELECT * FROM Case_Judge_View;

CASE_ID TITLE JUDGE_ID JUDGE_NAME DESIGNATION

Court Judge

302 Priya vs ABC Corporation 402 Justice Priya Menon Senior Civil

301 Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu 401 Justice R. Subramanian High

Judge

303 State of Maharashtra vs Suresh 403 Justice Dinesh Patil Sessions

Judge

304 Sunil vs Anjali 404 Justice Anita Sharma Family Judge

305 Bharat Traders vs Esha Ltd 405 Justice K. Suresh Commercial

Judge

306 Meena vs Sun Pharma 406 Justice Ramesh Iyer Labor

Judge

307 Ali vs Fatima 407 Justice Leela Devi Family Judge

308 XYZ Ltd vs Tax Dept. 408 Justice Aslam Khan Tax Judge

309 State of Odisha vs Ramesh 409 Justice Binod Das Criminal Judge

310 Kumar vs Kanchana 410 Justice Kanchana Rao Family Judge

10 rows selected.

UPDATE VALUES IN VIEW:

SQL> UPDATE Case_Judge_View SET JUDGE_NAME='Justice R. Subramanian' WHERE CASE_ID=303;

1 row updated.

DROP VIEW:

SQL> DROP VIEW Case Judge View;

View dropped.

★ TABLE AND RECORD:-

1. Hearing Table

```
SQL> DECLARE
   hearing_rec Hearing%ROWTYPE;
 3 BEGIN
    SELECT * INTO hearing_rec
 5
    FROM Hearing
    WHERE Hearing_ID = 701;
 7
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Hearing ID : ' || hearing_rec.Hearing_ID);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Date
                                      : ' || TO_CHAR(hearing_rec.Hearing_Date,
'DD-MON-YYYY'));
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Description : ' || hearing_rec.Description);
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Outcome : ' || hearing_rec.Outcome);
11
12
     DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Case ID
                                        : ' || hearing_rec.Case_ID);
```

```
13 END;
14 /
```

OUTPUT:

Hearing ID : 701

Date : 15-JAN-2020

Description : First hearing - charges framed

Outcome : Adjourned

Case ID : 301

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

2.Two Case table

```
SQL> DECLARE
     TYPE lawyer rec type IS RECORD (
 3
       lawyer id
                   INT,
 4
       name
                  VARCHAR2(100),
 5
       specialization VARCHAR2(100),
 6
       case id
                   INT
 7
     );
 8
 9
     lawyer1 lawyer rec type;
10
     lawyer2 lawyer_rec_type;
11 BEGIN
12
13
     lawyer1.lawyer id := 501;
14
     lawyer1.name
                         := 'Adv. Arjun Mehta';
15
     lawyer1.specialization := 'Criminal Law';
16
     lawyer1.case id
                         := 301;
17
18
     lawyer2.lawyer id := 502;
19
                         := 'Adv. Sneha Nair';
     lawyer2.name
20
     lawyer2.specialization := 'Civil Litigation';
21
     lawyer2.case id
                         := 302;
22
23
     -- Display
24
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Lawyer1: ' || lawyer1.name || ', Spec: ' ||
lawyer1.specialization | ', Case ID: ' | lawyer1.case id);
     DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Lawyer2: ' || lawyer2.name || ', Spec: ' ||
lawyer2.specialization | ', Case ID: ' | lawyer2.case id);
26 END;
27 /
```

OUTPUT:

Lawyer1: Adv. Arjun Mehta, Spec: Criminal Law, Case ID: 301 Lawyer2: Adv. Sneha Nair, Spec: Civil Litigation, Case ID: 302

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

★ FUNCTIONS:-

1.Get Judge Name by Case ID

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Get Judge Name(p case id IN
NUMBER)
2 RETURN VARCHAR2
 3 IS
4
    v judge name VARCHAR2(100);
 5 BEGIN
6
    SELECT Judge Name
 7
     INTO v_judge_name
8
     FROM Judge
     WHERE Case_ID = p_case_id;
9
10
11
     RETURN v judge name;
12 EXCEPTION
13
     WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
14
        RETURN 'No Judge Assigned';
15 END;
16 /
Function created.
SQL> DECLARE
2
     input_case_id NUMBER;
     result VARCHAR2(100);
4 BEGIN
5
     input case id := &enter case id;
6
     result := Get_Judge_Name(input_case_id);
7
8
     DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('The Judge for Case ID ' || input_case_id || ' is: ' ||
result);
9 END;
10 /
OUTPUT:
Enter value for enter case id: 305
        input case id := &enter case id;
         input_case_id := 305;
new 5:
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

2.Get Lawyer Specialization using Lawyer_ID

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
Get Lawyer Specialization(p lawyer id IN NUMBER)
 2 RETURN VARCHAR2
 3 IS
 4
     v spec VARCHAR2(100);
 5 BEGIN
     SELECT Specialization
 7
     INTO v_spec
     FROM Lawyer
 8
 9
     WHERE Lawyer_ID = p_lawyer_id;
10
11
     RETURN v spec;
12 EXCEPTION
     WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
13
14
        RETURN 'No Lawyer Found';
15 END;
16 /
Function created.
SQL> DECLARE
 2
     input lawyer id NUMBER;
 3
     result VARCHAR2(100);
 4 BEGIN
 5
     input lawyer id := &enter lawyer id;
     result := Get Lawyer Specialization(input lawyer id);
 6
 7
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('The Specialization of Lawyer ID' ||
input lawyer id || 'is: ' || result);
 9 END;
10 /
OUTPUT:
Enter value for enter lawyer_id: 505
        input lawyer id := &enter lawyer id;
old 5:
new 5:
         input lawyer id := 505;
```

The Specialization of Lawyer ID 505 is: Commercial Law

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```
3.Get Case Title using Judge_ID
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION
Get_Case_Title_By_Judge(p_judge_id IN NUMBER)
 2 RETURN VARCHAR2
 3 IS
 4
     v title VARCHAR2(200);
 5 BEGIN
 6
     SELECT c.Title
 7
     INTO v title
     FROM Case c
 8
     JOIN Judge | ON c.Case ID = j.Case ID
10 WHERE j.Judge_ID = p_judge_id;
11
12
      RETURN v title;
13 EXCEPTION
14
     WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
15
        RETURN 'No Case Found for this Judge';
16 END;
17 /
Function created.
SQL> DECLARE
     input_judge_id NUMBER;
 3
     result VARCHAR2(200);
 4 BEGIN
 5
     input judge id := &enter judge id;
     result := Get Case Title By Judge(input judge id);
 6
 7
     DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('The Case handled by Judge ID' ||
input judge id || 'is: ' || result);
 9 END;
10 /
OUTPUT:
Enter value for enter judge id: 401
```

input_judge_id := &enter_judge_id;

old 5:

new 5: input_judge_id := 401; The Case handled by Judge ID 401 is: Rajiv vs State of Tamil Nadu

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

★PACKAGES:-

1. Package to Get Hearing Outcome and Court Info

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE Case_Hearing_Pkg AS

- 2 FUNCTION Get_Latest_Hearing_Outcome(p_case_id IN NUMBER) RETURN VARCHAR2:
 - 3 FUNCTION Get Court Name(p case id IN NUMBER) RETURN VARCHAR2;
 - 4 END Case Hearing Pkg;

5 /

19

20

21

FROM Court

RETURN v court;

WHERE Case ID = p case id;

Package created.

```
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY Case Hearing Pkg AS
2
 3 FUNCTION Get Latest Hearing Outcome(p case id IN NUMBER) RETURN
VARCHAR2 IS
   v outcome VARCHAR2(200);
5 BEGIN
    SELECT Outcome INTO v outcome
7
    FROM (SELECT Outcome FROM Hearing WHERE Case ID = p case id
ORDER BY Hearing_Date DESC)
    WHERE ROWNUM = 1;
9
    RETURN v outcome;
10 EXCEPTION
    WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
11
12
     RETURN 'No Hearing Found';
13 END Get_Latest_Hearing_Outcome;
14
15 FUNCTION Get_Court_Name(p_case_id IN NUMBER) RETURN VARCHAR2
IS
16
    v court VARCHAR2(100);
17 BEGIN
18
     SELECT Court Name INTO v court
```

```
22 EXCEPTION
23
     WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
24
      RETURN 'No Court Found';
25 END Get Court Name;
26
27 END Case Hearing Pkg;
28 /
Package body created.
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON:
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
2 v outcome VARCHAR2(200);
 3 v court VARCHAR2(100);
4 input id NUMBER := &enter case id;
 5 BEGIN
   v outcome := Case Hearing Pkg.Get Latest Hearing Outcome(input id);
   v_court := Case_Hearing_Pkg.Get_Court_Name(input_id);
8
   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Court Name: ' | v_court);
10 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Latest Hearing Outcome: ' || v outcome);
11 END;
12 /
OUTPUT:
Enter value for enter case id: 302
old 4: input id NUMBER := &enter case id;
new 4: input id NUMBER := 302;
Court Name: Chennai Civil Court
Latest Hearing Outcome: Judgment Reserved
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
2. Case and Lawyer Info
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE Small Case Pkg AS
2 FUNCTION Get Case Lawyer Info(p case id IN NUMBER) RETURN
VARCHAR2:
3 END Small Case Pkg;
4 /
Package created.
```

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY Small Case Pkg AS

```
2
 3
   FUNCTION Get Case Lawyer Info(p case id IN NUMBER) RETURN
VARCHAR2 IS
    v title VARCHAR2(200);
     v_lawyer VARCHAR2(100);
6 BEGIN
    SELECT Title, Lawyer_Name
     INTO v_title, v_lawyer
9
     FROM Case c
10
    JOIN Lawyer I ON c.Case_ID = I.Case_ID
11
     WHERE c.Case ID = p case id;
12
13
    RETURN 'Case: ' || v title || ', Lawyer: ' || v lawyer;
14 EXCEPTION
15 WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
16
       RETURN 'No Case or Lawyer Found';
17
    END Get_Case_Lawyer_Info;
18
19 END Small_Case_Pkg;
20 /
Package body created.
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL>
SQL> DECLARE
2 v info VARCHAR2(300);
 3 input_id NUMBER := &enter_case_id;
4 BEGIN
5 v info := Small Case Pkg.Get Case Lawyer Info(input id);
6 DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE(v info);
7 END;
8 /
OUTPUT:
Enter value for enter case id: 309
old 3: input id NUMBER := &enter case id;
new 3: input id NUMBER := 309;
Case: State of Odisha vs Ramesh, Lawyer: Adv. Raghav Patnaik
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.



1.List All Judges

```
SQL> DECLARE
 2
     CURSOR judge cur IS
      SELECT judge id, judge name, designation
 3
 4
      FROM judge;
 5
      DECLARE
     v id judge.judge id%TYPE;
 6
 7
     v name judge judge name%TYPE;
 8
     v desg judge.designation%TYPE;
 9 BEGIN
10
     OPEN judge cur;
11
     LOOP
12
       FETCH judge cur INTO v id, v name, v desg;
13
       EXIT WHEN judge cur%NOTFOUND;
14
15
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Judge ID: ' || v id ||
16
                   ', Name: ' || v name ||
17
                   ', Designation: ' | v desg);
18
     END LOOP;
19
     CLOSE judge cur;
20 END;
21 /
Judge ID: 401, Name: Justice R. Subramanian, Designation: High Court Judge
Judge ID: 402, Name: Justice Priya Menon, Designation: Senior Civil Judge
Judge ID: 403, Name: Justice Dinesh Patil, Designation: Sessions Judge
Judge ID: 404, Name: Justice Anita Sharma, Designation: Family Judge
Judge ID: 405, Name: Justice K. Suresh, Designation: Commercial Judge
Judge ID: 406, Name: Justice Ramesh Iyer, Designation: Labor Judge
Judge ID: 407, Name: Justice Leela Devi, Designation: Family Judge
Judge ID: 408, Name: Justice Aslam Khan, Designation: Tax Judge
Judge ID: 409, Name: Justice Binod Das, Designation: Criminal Judge
Judge ID: 410, Name: Justice Kanchana Rao, Designation: Family Judge
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

2. Cursor with JOIN – Lawyers and Parties

```
SQL> DECLARE
2   CURSOR party_lawyer_cur IS
3   SELECT p.party_name, p.party_id, l.lawyer_name, l.specialization
4   FROM party p
5   JOIN lawyer I ON p.lawyer_id = l.lawyer_id;
6
7 BEGIN
```

```
8
     FOR rec IN party lawyer cur LOOP
 9
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Party: ' || rec.party name ||
10
                     '| Lawyer: '|| rec.lawyer name ||
11
                    '(' || rec.specialization || ')');
12
      END LOOP;
13 END;
14 /
Party: Rajiv | Lawyer: Adv. Arjun Mehta (Criminal Law)
Party: State of Tamil Nadu | Lawyer: Adv. Arjun Mehta (Criminal Law)
Party: Priya | Lawyer: Adv. Sneha Nair (Civil Litigation)
Party: ABC Corporation | Lawyer: Adv. Sneha Nair (Civil Litigation)
Party: Sunil | Lawyer: Adv. Neha Kapoor (Family Law)
Party: Anjali | Lawyer: Adv. Neha Kapoor (Family Law)
Party: Ali | Lawyer: Adv. Imran Siddiqui (Family Law)
Party: Fatima | Lawyer: Adv. Imran Siddigui (Family Law)
Party: Kumar | Lawyer: Adv. Kiran Bedi (Family Law)
Party: Kanchana | Lawyer: Adv. Kiran Bedi (Family Law)
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

3. Cursor with Court Details

```
SQL> DECLARE
     CURSOR court cur IS
 2
 3
       SELECT court id, court name, location, type
 4
       FROM court;
 5
 6 BEGIN
 7
     FOR rec IN court cur LOOP
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Court: ' || rec.court_name ||
 8
 9
                   ' | Location: ' | rec.location |
10
                    ' | Type: ' || rec.type);
11
     END LOOP;
12 END;
13 /
Court: Madras High Court | Location: Chennai | Type: High Court
Court: Chennai Civil Court | Location: Chennai | Type: Civil Court
Court: Mumbai Sessions Court | Location: Mumbai | Type: Sessions Court
Court: Delhi Family Court | Location: Delhi | Type: Family Court
Court: Ahmedabad Commercial Court | Location: Ahmedabad | Type: Commercial
Court
Court: Pune Labor Court | Location: Pune | Type: Labor Court
Court: Hyderabad Family Court | Location: Hyderabad | Type: Family Court
Court: Kolkata Tax Court | Location: Kolkata | Type: Tax Court
```

Court: Bhubaneswar Criminal Court | Location: Bhubaneswar | Type: Criminal Court Court: Coimbatore Family Court | Location: Coimbatore | Type: Family Court

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

4.Count Hearings Fetched

```
SQL> DECLARE
 2
    CURSOR hearing cur IS
 3
      SELECT hearing id, hearing date, outcome FROM hearing;
 4
 5
           hearing.hearing id%TYPE;
   v id
 6
    v date hearing.hearing date%TYPE;
    v out hearing.outcome%TYPE;
 8 BEGIN
 9
    OPEN hearing cur;
10
    LOOP
11
       FETCH hearing cur INTO v id, v date, v out;
12
       EXIT WHEN hearing cur%NOTFOUND;
13
14
       DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Fetched Hearing' ||
hearing cur%ROWCOUNT ||
15
                   ': ID=' || v_id || ', Outcome=' || v_out);
16
     END LOOP:
     CLOSE hearing cur;
17
18 END;
19 /
Fetched Hearing 1: ID=701, Outcome=Adjourned
Fetched Hearing 2: ID=702, Outcome=Judgment Reserved
Fetched Hearing 3: ID=703, Outcome=In Progress
Fetched Hearing 4: ID=704, Outcome=Reconciliation Failed
Fetched Hearing 5: ID=705, Outcome=Ongoing
Fetched Hearing 6: ID=706, Outcome=Partial Settlement
Fetched Hearing 7: ID=707, Outcome=Reserved for Judgment
Fetched Hearing 8: ID=708, Outcome=Further Hearing Scheduled
Fetched Hearing 9: ID=709, Outcome=Adjourned
Fetched Hearing 10: ID=710, Outcome=Judgment Passed
Fetched Hearing 11: ID=711, Outcome=Pending
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.



```
1.Trigger – Log Hearing Insertions
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg hearing log
 2 AFTER INSERT ON Hearing
 3 FOR EACH ROW
 4 BEGIN
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('New Hearing Added: ' || :NEW.Hearing_ID ||
               on ' || TO CHAR(:NEW.Hearing Date, 'DD-MON-YYYY') ||
6
               'for Case '||:NEW.Case ID);
 7
8 END;
9 /
Trigger created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Hearing VALUES (711,
TO DATE('12-DEC-2025','DD-MON-YYYY'), 'Additional arguments', 'Pending', 301);
New Hearing Added: 711 on 12-DEC-2025 for Case 301
1 row created.
2.Document Trigger – Auto Date if NULL
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg doc auto date
 2 BEFORE INSERT ON DOCUMENTS
 3 FOR EACH ROW
4 BEGIN
 5 IF: NEW. Submission Date IS NULL THEN
      :NEW.Submission Date := SYSDATE;
6
      DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Auto Date Set for Document ID: ' ||
:NEW.Document ID);
    END IF:
9 END;
10 /
```

Trigger created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Documents VALUES (811, 'Court Notice', 'Legal', NULL, 302); Auto Date Set for Document ID: 811

1 row created.

3. Prevent deleting a case if hearings exist

```
QL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_no_case_delete

2 BEFORE DELETE ON case

3 FOR EACH ROW

4 DECLARE

5 v_count NUMBER;

6 BEGIN

7 SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count FROM hearing WHERE case_id = :OLD.case_id;

8 IF v_count > 0 THEN

9 RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Cannot delete case with hearings.');

10 END IF;

11 END;

12 /
```

Trigger created.

Case with hearings:

SQL> DELETE FROM case WHERE case_id = 301; DELETE FROM case WHERE case_id = 301

OUTPUT:

ORA-20001: Cannot delete case with hearings.

Case without hearings:

SQL>DELETE FROM case WHERE case id = 302;

Output:

1 row deleted

★EXCEPTION HANDLING

1.Handle "No Data Found" (Case not available)

SQL> DECLARE

2 v_title VARCHAR2(200);

```
3 BEGIN
   SELECT title
5
   INTO v_title
6
    FROM case -- no quotes needed
7
   WHERE case_id = 999; 8
9
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Case Title: ' || v title);
10
11 EXCEPTION
12
    WHEN NO DATA FOUND THEN
13
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No Case found with given ID.');
14
   WHEN OTHERS THEN
15
      DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Error: ' | SQLERRM);
16 END;
```

OUTPUT:

17 /

No Case found with given ID.

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

2. Handle Duplicate Insert into Judge Table

SQL> DECLARE

- 2 BEGIN
- 3 INSERT INTO judge (judge id, judge name, designation, court id, case id)
- 4 VALUES (401, 'Justice Kumar', 'High Court Judge', 201, 301);

```
6
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('Judge Inserted Successfully');
7
8 EXCEPTION
9
    WHEN DUP_VAL_ON_INDEX THEN
10
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(' Duplicate Judge ID not allowed.');
11
    WHEN OTHERS THEN
12
      DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Error: ' | SQLERRM);
13 END;
14 /
OUTPUT:
Duplicate Judge ID not allowed.
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
3. Custom Exception: Prevent Lawyer Without Case
SQL> DECLARE
2 e no case EXCEPTION;
    v case id NUMBER := NULL; -- Example missing case
4 BEGIN
    IF v_case_id IS NULL THEN
6
      RAISE e no case;
```

9 INSERT INTO lawyer (lawyer_id, lawyer_name, specialization, contact_info, case_id, bar_registration_no)

7

8

END IF;

```
VALUES (601, 'Adv. Sharma', 'Criminal Law', '9876543210', v_case_id,
'TN12345');
11
12
     DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE(' Lawyer Inserted Successfully');
13
14 EXCEPTION
     WHEN e no case THEN
15
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Lawyer must be assigned to a case.');
16
17
     WHEN OTHERS THEN
      DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(' Error: ' || SQLERRM);
18
19 END;
20 /
```

OUTPUT:

Lawyer must be assigned to a case.

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.