

ipmr

- Vital rate modelling left outside the package
- Designed to reflect mathematical notation
- Reduces required time and coding knowledge for building IPMs

init_ipm()

define_kernel()

define_impl()

define_domains()

define_pop_state()

make_ipm()

ipmr structure

- Start-up ipmr

init_ipm()

define_kernel()

define_impl()

define_domains()

define_pop_state()

make_ipm()

```
example_proto_ipm <- init_ipm(sim_gen = "simple",  
                               di_dd   = "di",  
                               det_stoch = "det")
```

ipmr structure

```
example_proto_ipm <- define_kernel(  
  example_proto_ipm,  
  name          = "P",  
  formula       = surv * Grow,  
  surv          = plogis(s_i + s_z * z_1),  
  Grow          = dnorm(z_2, mu_G, sd_G),  
  mu_G          = G_i + G_z * z_1,  
  data_list     = data_list,  
  states        = list(c("z"))  
)
```

```
init_ipm()  
define_kernel()  
define_impl()  
define_domains()  
define_pop_state()  
make_ipm()
```

ipmr structure

- Eviction correction

```
init_ipm()  
define_kernel()  
define_impl()  
define_domains()  
define_pop_state()  
make_ipm()
```

Math formula	R formula	ipmr
$\mu_G = \alpha_G + \beta_G * Z$	size_2 ~ size_1, family =gaussian()	mu_G = G_int + G_slope * z
$G(z', z) = f_G(z', \mu_G, \sigma_G)$	G = dnorm(z_2, mu_G, sd_G)	G = dnorm(z_2, mu_G, sd_G)
$\text{logit}(s(z)) = \alpha_s + \beta_s * Z$	surv ~size_1, family = binomial()	s = plogis(s_int + s_slope * z)
$\log(r_n(z)) = \alpha_{r_n} + \beta_{r_n} * Z$	fec ~size_1, family = poisson()	r_n = exp(r_n_int + r_n_slope * z)
$\text{logit}(r_p(z)) = \alpha_{r_p} + \beta_{r_p} * Z$	repr ~ size_1, family = binomial()	r_p = plogis(r_p_int + r_p_slope * z)
$r_d(z') = f_{r_d}(z', \mu_{r_d}, \sigma_{r_d})$	dnorm(z_2, mu_f_d, sigma_f_d)	r_d = dnorm(z_2, f_d_mu, f_d_sigma)

ipmr structure

init_ipm()

define_kernel()

define_impl()

define_domains()

define_pop_state()

make_ipm()

```
example_proto_ipm <- define_impl(  
  example_proto_ipm,  
  list(  
    P = list(int_rule = "midpoint", state_start = "z", state_end = "z"),  
    F = list(int_rule = "midpoint", state_start = "z", state_end = "z")  
  )  
)
```

ipmr structure

init_ipm()
define_kernel()
define_impl()
define_domains()
define_pop_state()
make_ipm()

```
example_proto_ipm <- define_domains(  
  example_proto_ipm,  
  z = c(-2.65, 4.5, 250) # format: c(L, U, m), m is number of meshpoints  
)
```

ipmr structure

```
example_proto_ipm <- define_pop_state(  
  example_proto_ipm,  
  n_z = rep(1/250, 250)  
)
```

```
init_ipm()  
define_kernel()  
define_impl()  
define_domains()  
define_pop_state()  
make_ipm()
```

ipmr structure

```
example_ipm <- make_ipm(example_proto_ipm)
```

```
init_ipm()  
define_kernel()  
define_impl()  
define_domains()  
define_pop_state()  
make_ipm()
```