Tables:

```
User (user_id, username, email, password)
Textbook (book_id, title, author, price, condition)
Transaction (transaction_id, buyer_id, seller_id, book_id, transaction_date)
Course (course_id, course_name, department)
```

Functional dependencies:

1. users Table:

- user_id → username, email, password
- username → user_id, email, password
- email → user_id, username, password

The primary key user_id uniquely identifies a row. Additionally, both username and email are unique constraints.

2. textbooks Table:

• book_id → title, author, price, book_condition

The primary key book_id uniquely identifies each textbook record.

3. courses Table:

• course_id → course_name, department

The primary key course_id uniquely identifies each course.

4. transactions Table:

• transaction_id → buyer_id, seller_id, book_id, transaction_date

The primary key transaction_id uniquely identifies each transaction record.

In this table, the foreign keys (buyer_id, seller_id, and book_id) reference the primary keys from their respective tables, meaning the value in transactions depends on corresponding values in users and textbooks.

5. Combined Functional Dependencies:

- For a user making a transaction (purchase/sale):
 - (buyer_id, seller_id, book_id, transaction_date) → transaction_id

Normalize

They are all in BCNF already