

# Project 1 : Exploring Weather Trends

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## 1. Introduction

In this project, firstly, I used some SQL query to extract Data for analysis. Secondly, I used Python Programming Language using Jupyter Notebook to analyze the data. Finally, I observed some topic from line charts.

Please visit **Github-Sanower Tamjit-#1 Project ExplorerWeatherTreand.** to get all documents of this project

## 2. Outline

### 1. SQL Part:

Extract city(Dhaka) data from the "city\_data" table. My City is Dhaka and my country is Bangladesh. So, My SQL query is:

```
1 select * from city_data
2 where
3 city = 'Dhaka' and
4 country = 'Bangladesh';
5
```

Extract global data from the "global\_data" table. So, My SQL query is:

```
1 select * from global_data;
2
```

After executing both SQL query the resultant value export as csv format respectively city\_data.csv and global\_data.csv.

### 2. Moving Average

- Moving averages are used to smooth out data to make it easier to observe long term trends and not get lost in daily fluctuations.
- Moving average is calculated for every 6 years to every single data - In Python, to calculate moving average there's have two built-in function "rolling()" and "mean()"

In that case my code looks like:

```
1 movAvgDhaka = dhakaTemp[ 'avg_temp' ].rolling(<year>).mean()
2 movAvgGlobal = globalTemp[ 'avg_temp' ].rolling(<year>).mean()
3
```

### 3. Python Code

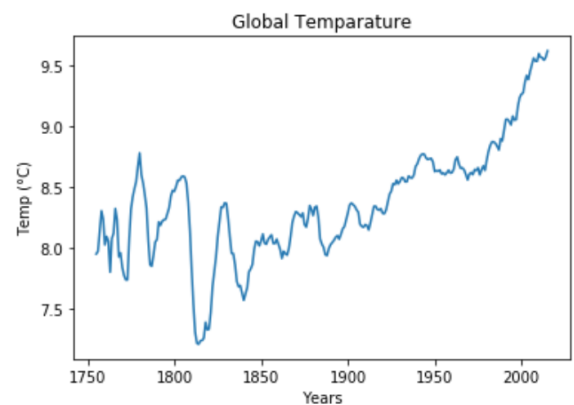
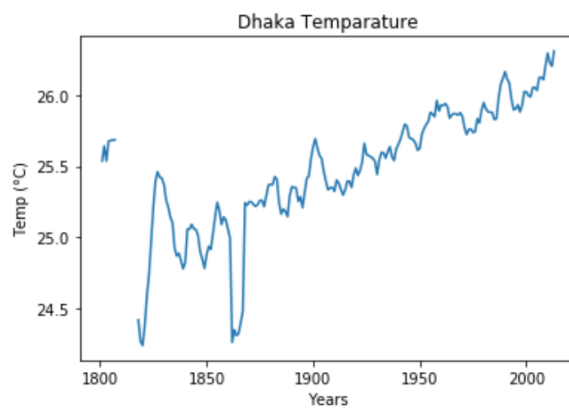
```

1  #importing libraries
2  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #Deal with data visualization
3  import pandas as panda #Deal with data
4
5  #Reading the data
6  dhakaTemp = panda.read_csv('Desktop/UdacityDataAnalyst/city_data.csv').
    #Read Local City Temperature Data File
7  globalTemp = panda.read_csv('Desktop/UdacityDataAnalyst/global_data.csv
    ') #Read Global Temperature Data File
8
9  #Moving Average Calculation (considering 6 years)
10 movAvgDhaka = dhakaTemp['avg_temp'].rolling(6).mean()
11 movAvgGlobal = globalTemp['avg_temp'].rolling(6).mean()
12
13 #Comparison Chart between Dhaka and Global
14 plt.plot(dhakaTemp['year'],movAvgDhaka,label='Dhaka') #Ploting local
    city line chart
15 plt.plot(globalTemp['year'],movAvgGlobal,label='Global') #Ploting
    Global city line chart
16 plt.legend()
17 plt.xlabel("Years")
18 plt.ylabel("Temp ( C )")
19 plt.title("Dhaka vs Global Temperature")
20 plt.show() #Visualizing the chart
21
22

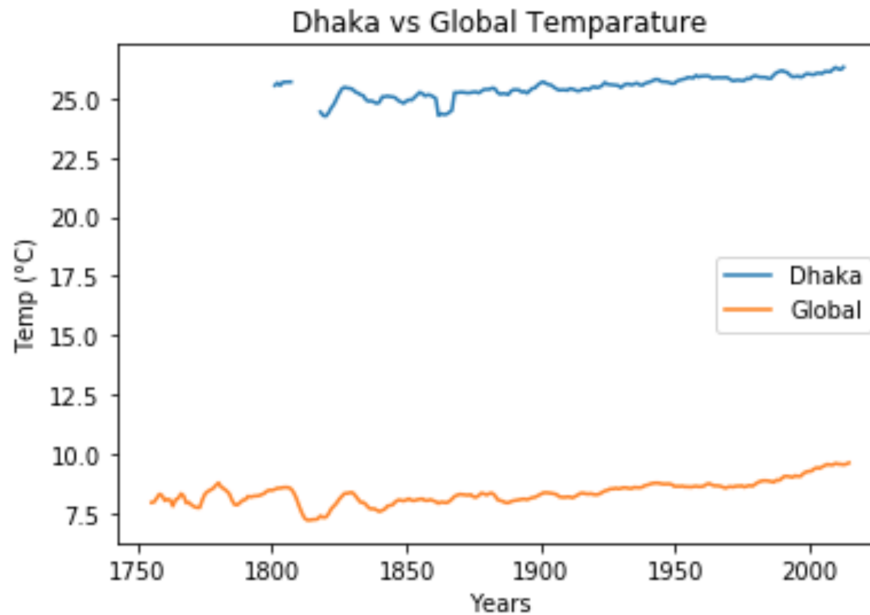
```

### 3. Line Chart

#### 1. Fig: Temperature of Dhaka City and Global



## 2. Fig: Dhaka vs Global Temperature



## 4. Observations

1. My local city's(Dhaka) temperature is very hotter than global average temperature.
2. Since 1860(almost), the Dhaka city's temperature increasing.
3. Since 1810(almost), the global temperature increasing.
4. The climate is slightly changing for both Dhaka City and Global.
5. The average temperature of Dhaka City is almost 25.5°C between 1800 to 2010
6. The average temperature of Global is almost 8°C between 1750 to 2010
7. The Dhaka city's temperature difference is almost 2°C between 1860 to 2013.
8. The Global Avg. temperature difference is almost 2°C between 1810 to 2013.